THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

VOLUME 8, NUMBER 42. BRAINERD, MINNESOTA FRIDAY. SEPTEMBER 13, 1889. INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHERS

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD

THE DIRECT LINE BETWEEN

SAINT PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS, Or DULUTH.

And all Points in

Minnesota, Dakota Montana Idaho, Washington Territory OREGON, British Columbia, Puget Sound And Alaska.

Express Trains Daily, to which are attached

PULLMAN PALACE SLEEPER AND ELEGANT DINING CARS.

NO CHANGE OF CARS BETWEEN

ST PAUL AND PORTLAND On any class of Ticket.

Emigrant Sleepers Free

The only All Rail Line to the YELLOWSTONE PARK.

For Full information as to Time, Rates, &c Address,

CHAS. S. FEE Yellowstone Park in October.

Wisconsin Central Line.

The Finest Sleeping and Palace Car Route to Chicago.

Departing trains from	Minneapolis.	St. Paul
Chicago Day express.	A.10.10 a. m.	10.45 p. m.
Chicago night express.	A7.30 p. m.	8.15 p. m.
Brookes and Ashland ...	A7.30 p. m.	8.15 p. m.
Ashland ...	Minneapolis	St. Paul
Chicago last express.	A7.05 a. m.	7.15 a. m.
Pinelier and Ashland ...	A4.00 p. m.	5.00 p. m.
Chicago Day express.	A4.00 p. m.	5.00 p. m.

A Daily except Sunday.

Connects for Ashland.

All trains carry elegant day coaches, superb sleepers and luxurious Dining cars without change between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago. For tickets, rates, baggage checks, sleepers, and all detailed information apply to any

OFFICES

Minneapolis—No. 19, Nicollet House Block. Depot of Nicollet and Washington Avenues. C. A. Haven, Northwestern Passenger Agent.

St. Paul—No. 159, east Third street, Merchant's Hotel block. C. E. Robb, City Ticket Agent.

W. S. MELLEN, General Manager. JAMES BARKER, Gen'l Pass'r & Tk't Ag't Milwaukee.

Bargains in Real Estate.

A. P. RIGGS,

Room 11, Bank Block.

BRAINERD. MINNESOTA.

Minneapolis and St. Louis RAILWAY

AND THE FAMOUS

ALBERT LEA ROUTE

TWO THROUGH TRAINS DAILY.

from St. Paul and Minneapolis

To Chicago,

without Change, connecting with the fast train of all lines for the

East and Southeast.

Also direct and only line running through Cars between St. Paul, Minneapolis and

DES MOINES, IOWA

Via Albert Lea and Fort Dodge. Also one Line to Watertown S. T.

SOLID THROUGH TRAINS BETWEEN MINNEAPOLIS and ST. LOUIS

and the principal Cities of the Mississippi Valley, connecting in Union Depot for all points south and Southwest.

FAST HOURS SAVED and the only line run along the twin cities to Kansas City. Leaves south and Atchinson, making connections with the Union Pacific and Atchinson, Topeka and Santa Fe Railways.

Close connections made in Union Depot with all trains of the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba; Northern Pacific St. Paul & Duluth Railways, from and to all points north and North west.

REMEMBER the trains of the Minneapolis & St. Louis Railway are composed of new first-class day coaches, magnificent Pullman sleeping cars. Horton reclining chair cars, and the justly celebrated PALACE DINING CARS.

$150 LBS. of Baggage Checked Free. Fare always as low as the lowest. Ask for Time Tables Through Tickets, etc., call upon the nearest ticket agent or write to

C. H. GOLDRIDGE. Gen'l Tk't & Pass. Agt. Minneapolis, Minn.

Professional Cards.

A. E. VEON,

NOTARY PUBLIC and PENSION ATTORNEY.

No. 15, 5th Street.

Will attend to any business in either line.

L. M. ROBERTS,

Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon.

Office and Residence—Room No. 3, Hartley Block, Front street, over W. A. Smith's Store.

J. E. HIBBEL,

DENTIST

Rooms 8 and 4 over Bank Block

BRAINERD, MINN.

H. A. WHITELY,

CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,

Office, Room 11, Bank Block.

BRAINERD, MINN.

M. McFADDEN, INSURANCE AGENT.

Represents some but first-class companies.

OFFICE—ROOM 10 BANK BLOCK.

BRAINERD, - - MINN.

G. A. FERNALD,

(Successor to Foster & Fernald.)

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Rooms 1 and 2 - - Bank Block

W. A. FLEMING, ATTORNEY AT LAW

Office Room 8.

SLEEPER BLOCK, - - - BRAINERD

Werner Hemstead, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon,

Cor. Front and 7th Streets, Brainerd.

Gov. HOARD, of Wisconsin, appears to have put a quietus on prize fighting in that state also. This, if nothing more, should entitle him to another term.

AND now John L. Sullivan wants to go to congress. With a prison cell staring a man in the face, most any one would prefer a seat in the legislative halls of the nation.

IF we remember rightly the gilded palaces of sin were allowed to remain in this city if they would move off Laurel street to a certain locality. They haven't moved to any great extent.

THE Crookston Times bewails the fact that its fire department is so effete and chimes that if it were otherwise brick blocks would adorn the spots where tumble-down wooden buildings now stand.

IT is now claimed that Steve Brodie did not go over Niagara Falls but sent a dummie over in his place and that he was dropped in the water below the whirlpool. There are some notorious frauds in the country inclending the late lamented Grover.

FREE trade would do away with labor strikes and all trouble between employer and employe—sing what some people claimed during a recent campaign. In the home of free trade two hundred thousand laborers have been out on a strike during the past week.—Northfield News.

THE prison physician at Stillwater makes the statement to the effect that Bob. Younger is not dying and that the announcement published has not the shightest foundation. Some overzealous friend has been instrumental in getting these articles published to work up a sentiment for his release. When either of the Youngers leave Stillwater it should be when death has claimed them and not before.

IF the government will not see that the Indians are kept on the reservation the residents of the surrounding country should take the matter in hand themselves. The white men in this country have stood the nuisance long enough. Indians can leave their reservation, kill and drive the game all out of the country, raise disturbances, cause the arrest of white men for selling them liquor and raise h—l generally and go South free themselves. The people of Northern Minnesota have stood the nuisance and held their patience as long as possible and further submission will cease to be a virtue. Do you suppose if a white man had raised the racket that the red skinned Wadena did, that he would have been allowed to go without a heavy fine?—well hardly.

How is This, Bro. Stivers?

England, the champion free trade country, is plastered all over with trusts. In this country they have totally independent of the trust and can hardly be said to have succeeded at all. for they have not yet been long enough established to become fixed, and the popular sentiment against them is so strong that the weaker ones are falling to pieces of their own accord and stringent legislation is being evoked against the more powerful. We do not include in this category the Standard Oil Trust, which is more exactly a monopoly than a trust. That is to say, its owners control all the natural sources of supply, and certainly its control is nearly independent of and can not be changed by any alterations of the tariff. The great wool, cotton, and steel manufacturing interests, which are supposed to be especially favored by the high tariff, have always bitterly opposed any plan of a trust, believing that, with reasonable tariff protection, competition at home would be best for the country at large and therefore for individual producers.—Boston Advertiser.

Around the State.

All but two of the Cass lake band of Chippewa Indians have signed the treaty.

J. W. Reynolds, editor of The Herman Enterprise, has sued County Auditor Sanford for libel, laying his damages at $10,000. The suit is the outcome of a bitter newspaper controversy which has been going on for some time between the parties.

John Thies, a prominent farmer of Cold Springs, while threshing was caught in the machine and had his leg so badly mutilated as to necessitate amputation. He may die.

Hastings new linen mill will begin operations the coming week.

Burglars have been making good baths at Stillwater.

Lambert Lenz of Melrose was examined in the probate court at St. Cloud and committed to the insane asylum.

Burglars went through several stores at Kasson and stole between $200 and $300 worth in goods and money.

A strolling crank visited Elk River last week seeking signatures asking congress not to pass stringent Sunday laws.

John Donnelly, of Morris, a brother of Hon. Ignatius Donnelly, of Hastings, died of cholera morbus.

The Indian Goes Free.

A special from Princeton brings the news that the case of the State vs. Wadena was given to the jury at 11.20 a. m., Tuesday, and a verdict of not guilty was rendered at 3:40 p. m. The verdict is a surprise to the people of the county, the preponderence of evidence, such as it was, was in favor of Wadena. Three straightforward, intelligent, honest white men gave testimony that was true beyond a doubt or cavil, but the testimony of four worthless gamblers of the Mille Lacs tribe was considered as superior, and Wadena was discharged.

Sees One Side Only.

The national debt increased more than seven million dollars during the month of August. We begin to see why the republicans were so anxious for high tariff. That surplus in the treasury is vanishing with startling rapidity.—Brainerd Journal.

The above item in the Journal of yesterday shows how eagerly its editor watches for a chance to vent his democratic doctrines upon the public, and how totally ignorant he actually is upon the subject he has tackled. Bro. Stivers saw that item in some democratic paper and made the above editorial mention, but failed to see the denial that followed by Secretary Windom; to the effect that the public debt was decreased during that time to the extent of $20,910,180 instead of increased $7,000,000, which is quite a difference. The conclusion, erroneous as it was, that the debt had been increased, arose from the form of the monthly statement issued by the department, and Mr. Windom explains the matter as follows:

"By this form any increase of the cash in the treasury shows an apparent decrease of the debt, and disbursements for any purpose, other than the purchase of bonds at par value, show an apparent increase of the public debt, equal to the amount of such disbursements. The facts during the last two months exactly correspond to this, and though the actual reduction of the debt was $20,910,180, the 'debt statement' showed an average increase of $7,094,003. The largely increased purchases of bonds for the sinking fund during the last two months over the corresponding months of last year show an increase in the premium paid of $2,575,926. All these things figure in the last debt statement as an increase in the public debt, while in reality they have nothing to do with it. I can readily see how an honest misapprehension may arise from the form of the monthly statement and therefore have taken the trouble to make this explanation."

Bro. Stivers could have found this statement in any of the daily papers, but his ideas on the tariff have so blinded his vision that he can see but one side of national affairs. It is peculiar with what "startling rapidity" that surplus is vanishing.

A Prominent Figure.

The Globe pays the following tribute to the memory of S. S. Cox:

For more than thirty years Mr. Cox had been a prominent figure in national affairs, and yet during that entire time the breath of scandal never touched his fair name. God never made a more honest man, nor one more unselfish. He was the friend of humanity, and he was one of the few men who attain public station to adorn it with their generous deeds. Although one of the most brilliant orators in congress, and a man of superior culture and acquirements, Mr. Cox did not seek to win fame for himself by his oratory or by an exhibition of his learning. He preferred to devote his time and his talents to things that would be of public utility and have a permanent value. Among the many proud monuments of his public life that he has left behind him, there will be none to reflect more luster on his memory than the life-saving service, of which he was the originator and the consistent champion. He was authority on all nautical matters, and any suggestion that he made in regard to the preparation of a census bill was accepted by congress without any word of question. He believed ardently in the expansive principle of the republic, and was always numbered among the foremost advocates of the admission of new states. By his individual efforts more than all other influences, the four new stars from the Northwest were added to the nationalsphere. This was the last and crowning achievement of his long and useful public life. He was looking forward to the next extension of our domain, affording him an opportunity to secure more liberal appropriations for the improvement of the national park in the Yellowstone basin. He had been one of the earliest advocates of setting apart this territory for park purposes, and always gave a warm support to every measure calculated for its improvement. During the recent summer he passed through this city on a splendid visit to the park and to the region beyond, and went back home bubbling with enthusiasm over the glories of the great Northwest. But death has intervened to take our friend from us. His eloquent lips are closed, and the warmest heart that ever beat in the breast of mortal is stilled forever.

A Marvelous Calf.

Adam Sell, a farmer of Schuyler county, Ill., is the possessor of a curiosity in the way of a newly born calf of marvelous form and figure. The animal is only half the ordinary size and its hide is entirely destitute of hair, the skin being of a pink color and smooth as the back of a Mexican dog. Instead of having hoofs like other animals of its kind its feet are formed of five distinct toes that have claws at the end like a those of a cat. The creature's ears are exceedingly small, in fact hardly visible. It has a resemble that of a monkey, and from the lower jaw project two fangs. The animal is exceedingly intelligent, and follows its owner about the lot, and gives every evidence of affection. Unable to believe his own ordinary calf, yet it is able to make a noise similar to that of a dumb person endeavoring to speak. Some people who have examined the animal are of the opinion that in time it will be able to talk at least as well as a parrot. Mr. Sell has already been offered a big sum for the animal, but refuses to part with it at any price.

POSTAGE stamps will soon be changed both in size and color. The one cent stamps will be ultra-marine blue; four cent, chocolate; light brown; six cents, vermillion; ten cents, melon green; fifteen cents, steel blue; thirty cents, black; ninety cents, orange; and the old two cent will be cut down about one third smaller and be of a metalic red or carmine color.

Match Game of Cricket Between Brainerd and Como.

The return match game between the N. P. C. C. of Brainerd and the N. P. C. C. of Como was played on Saturday last on the ground of the latter at Hamline, and, after a very pleasant game, resulted in a victory for Brainerd by 21 runs. The captain of the Como team won the toss and put Brainerd to bat, and N. W. Wheatley and J. Gardiner commenced the batting to the bowling of Nicholson and Coverdale, but were not very long together, Gardiner being bowled by Nicholson, and the 2 following wickets fell in quick succession, 4 wickets for the cost of 13 runs, which looked very cloudy for Brainerd. At this moment Peter Foy severed the center of the game, compiling a brilliant 21 before he succumbed to Nicholson. From this to the close of the innings it was very quiet, although J. Clark and C. Crust gave the Como boys a little trouble before they were disposed of, and the innings eventually closed for 39. Then came the time for the Brainerd boys to do their work with the bat, but the bowling of the Brainerd team was too good for them, especially W. D. McKay, he alone taking 6 wickets, and the first innings of Como closed for 29, or 30 runs behind the Brainerd score. In the second innings the Brainerd team were not quite so successful with bat, their innings closing for the total of 39, but the Comoes, as will be seen by the score, improved in their batting and made a much better score. Thus the game ended, as stated above.

After the game dinner was served and an elegant spread was prepared, twenty-eight setting down and doing ample justice to the good things provided. The cricketers again returned to the cricket ground, and with great coolness, but Como got tired and dressstumps. N. W. Wheatley deserves special mention for the admirable way in which he made the handsome score of 35 and not out. Thus ended a very pleasant game, and also a pleasant day, that will long be remembered by the Brainerd C. C. for the kind manner in which they were intertained by the Como C. C. The following is the full score:

BRAINERD C. C.

	First Innings.		Runs
Wheatley,	c. Forestwood,	b. Coverdale,	1
Gardiner, (Capt.)	c. Nicholson,	b. Nicholson,	0
Bailey,	c. Nicholson,	b. Nicholson,	0
Bardsley,	c. Nicholson,	b. Nicholson,	0
Newby,	c. Nicholson,	b. Coverdale,	0
Moody,	c. Child,	b. Nicholson,	2
Parker,	c. Nicholson,	b. Coverdale,	0
Dutton,	c. Child,	b. Coverdale,	1
Crust,	c. Coverdale,	b. Child,	0
Runs Extras			4
Total			39

COMO C. C.

	First Innings.		Runs
McCallum,	c. Wheatley,	b. McKay	1
Brown,	c. Parker,	b. McKay	0
Child, Capt.,	run out		0
Coverdale,		b. Gardiner,	4
Forestwood,		b. McKay	0
Gray,		b. Gardiner	0
Nicholson,		b. McKay	0
Bernhart,		b.	0
Parker,	c. McKay,	b.	0
Steward,	not out.		0
Runs			4
Extras			29
Total			39

BRAINERD.

	Second Innings.		Runs
Bondy,		b. Nicholson	0
Clark,		b. Child	0
Crust,			0
Foy,	run out,		21
Phelps,	run out,		0
Wheatley,	c. Brown.	b. Nicholson	0
Bardsley,		b. Childs	0
Wheatley,		b. Nicholson	0
Childs,		b.	0
Gardiner,	not out.		0
Runs			0
Extras			18
Total			39

COMO.

	Second Innings.		Runs
McCallum,		b. McKay	1
Woodward,	c. Christie,	b. Gardiner	1
Forestwood,		b. Bondy.	0
Coverdale,		b. McKay	0
Childs,		b. Gardner	0
Bonshart,		b.	0
Davis,		run out.	0
Parker,	c. Bardsley	b. Gardiner	1
Gray,	c. Christie,	b. Gardiner	1
Nicholson,	not out.		0
Brown,		b. McKay	0
Runs			4
Extras			11
Total			39

SUPPERNATURY GAME.

COMO C. C. Runs

McCallum,		b. Gardiner	3
Woodward,	c. Gardiner,	b.	0
Forestwood,		run out.	0
Coverdale,		b. McKay	0
Childs,	c. Crust.		0
Bonshart,		b. Gardiner	0
Davis,		run out.	0
Parker,	c. Bardsley	b. Gardiner	0
Gray,		b. McKay	0
Brown,	run out.		0
Runs			4
Extras			11
Total			39

Total Como C. C. 39

BRAINERD C. C.

Wheatley,	Gardiner,	not out.	35
Gardiner,	Childs.	b. Coverdale	0
Runs			4
Extras			11
Total			50

Total Brainerd C. C. 50

Notice to Fire Department.

A mass meeting of the Fire Department of the city of Brainerd will be held at the Central Hose house on Monday evening, Sept. 16, at 7:30 o'clock, to consider the matter of their attending the annual parade of the Fire Department of Little Falls in that city on the 26th inst. All members of the department are requested to be present.

D. MCINTOSH, Chief.

Love Alone.

The wedding of Emmons Blaine on the 26th, is credited as a "genuine love match." It is said that the bride's wedding present from her family will be a check for $2,000,000. Such incidents are calculated to inspire a young man with courage in breasting the conubial waves.—Globe.

The Cronin murder trial will cost Cook county $75,000. Those luxuries come high.

After Breakfast.

You may take the most elegant and complete Vestibule Train ever constructed, leaving Chicago daily at 10.35 A. M. via the Chicago and Atlantic Railway. These magnificent trains offer unsurpassed accommodations for all classes of travel to New York, Boston and eastern cities. Pullman Dining Cars are a feature of this new departure and run through, in ether direction between Chicago and New York. Instead of exacting extra charges for fast time and the peerless accommodations offered, the Chicago and Atlantic through its own agencies and those of connecting lines quotes fares to eastern cities from $1.50 to $3.00 less than is charged by other routes.

Consult your local ticket agent on this important item, or for maps, folders and time cards giving full information of the Chicago and Atlantic, New York and Chicago Vestibuled Limited carrying all classes of Passengers,

Address for prompt reply,

F. C. DONALD,
General Passenger Agent,
Chicago.

Inclose two green stamps for an amusing, novel and paradoxically ingenuous toy. A harmless, fearless, powderless, everlasting Fire Cracker.

SPECIAL EXCURSION RATES ---

Minneapolis Exposition and Minnesota State Fair via Northern Pacific R. R.

Excursion tickets will be sold to Minneapolis and return for the exposition on the following dates at one fare for the round trip, tickets good to return to destination until Monday following date of sale, viz:

Sept. 24th, 27th, 28th, 30th and 31st, and Sept. 3rd, 5th, 17th, 21st, 24th, 26th, and 28th, every day from Sept. 6th to 14th, inclusive, tickets will be sold to either St. Paul or Minneapolis at one fare for the round trip, good to return to destination one day after being stamped at St. Paul or Minneapolis but not later than Sept. 16th.

On account of the Minneapolis State Fair, tickets will be sold to either St. Paul or Minneapolis and return, every day on Sept 6th to 14th, inclusive, good to return one day after being stamped at St. Paul or Minneapolis, but not later than Sept 16th.

All exposition and State Fair tickets will include admission coupons at twenty five cents each for the exposition and fifty cents each for the State Fair, which will be added to the railroad rates. For rates inquire of ticket agents N. P. R. R.

We have a nice line of new goods. Call in if you would save money.

BRAINERD BOOT & SHOE CO.
Parker building, Front street.

NORTHWESTERN COLLEGE of COMMERCE

NOW OPEN.

Gardner Block, Sixth Street South.

The branches taught are

Book-Keeping, Electric Shorthand, Penmanship, Commercial Law, Type Writing, Etc.

Hours of instruction 9 a. m. to 12, and 1 to 4 p. m. Evening class, 7:30 p. m. Pupils admitted at any time.

H. L. RUCKER, President.

No Cramping of the Foot

In Burt & Mears' shoes. Allow us to fit you properly with such shape as the anatomy of Four feet requires, and we warrant in a little time to free you of suffering. Sold only by SNYDER, 6th Street, Bank Block.

Carbolisalve

The Great Skin Remedy

Relieves and Cures

Itchings and Irritations of the Skin and Scalp,

PILES,

Either Itching or Bleeding,

ULCERATIONS, CUTS, WOUNDS, BRUISES, PIMPLES, BITES OF INSECTS, CATARRH, INFLAMED EYES AND EYELIDS, CHILBLAINS, CHAPS AND CHAFES.

It instantly relieves the pain of Burns and Scalds, and cures the worst case without a scar.

Small boxes 25c. Large boxes 50c.

Cole's Carbolisalve prevents pimples, blackheads, chapped and oily skin, and preserves freshness and beautifies the complexion. It is unequaled for use in Bad Weather, and its absolute purity and delicate perfume makes it a positive luxury for the teeth and nursery.

Counters: The labels on the genuine are *Black and the letters Green.* Prepared only by J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis. Sold by Druggists and Dealers in Medicine.

PEERLESS DYES Are the BEST. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

DENIS BROS.,

PROPRIETORS—

BRAINERD Machine Shops.

WE DO

Blacksmithing and Wagon Work,

On short notice and in a satisfactory manner.

Seventh St., Between Front & Laurel

EAMES BROS.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

FRESH and SALT MEATS,

Fish, Oysters, Etc.

We keep on hand all kinds of fresh and salt meats, poultry, fish and game in season, choice salt fish, fresh sausage, etc., etc.

Call and See us at the Old City Meat Market.

SIXTH STREET - - BETWEEN FRONT AND LAUREL.

COME AT ONCE,

And Examine the large line of

Piece Goods

—FOR—

Merchant Tailor SUITS.

Don't be fooled by sample books but look at our goods in the piece---800 different styles from the import mills.

Pants to Order from $5 to $9.

Suits from $20 to $30.

Call At

LEOPOLD BROS.

Speers Bros.

(Late of Winnipeg.)

Having bought out H. C Estby's Union Meat Market we are now prepared to supply all classes of trade with choicest cuts at reduced figures.

Porter House Steak -	12½c. per pound
Sirloin Steak - -	11c. per pound
Round Steak - - -	9c. per pound
Shoulder Steak - -	7c. per pound
Best Roasts, -	7 to 1 0 c per pound

BOILED MEAT AT VERY LOW FIGURES.

We guarantee Satisfaction. Special attention will be given to all orders that they be promptly delivered on time. Respectfully Yours,

SPEERS BROS,

UNION MEAT MARKET, No. 20, 5th Street, Brainerd, Minn.

CHARLES DICKENS' WORKS.

IS HANDSOME VOLUMES AND

THE ST. PAUL WEEKLY GLOBE ONE YEAR FOR $2

The great price for the cheapest set of Dickens' Works has heretofore been $15. Owing to the great increase in the circulation of the St. Paul Weekly Globe, and consequent reduction in the price of paper and other materials, we are enabled to offer our readers the most extraordinary bargain in good literature ever heard of.

OVER 5,200 PAGES OF READING MATTER

Arranged in Two Handsome Volumes.

FIFTEEN HANDSOMELY MADE, CONVENIENT-SIZED BOOKS,

ONLY $2.00,

Including a year's subscription to the valuable ST. PAUL WEEKLY GLOBE. Dickens' Works are the most widely read and universally admired of any in the English language, and every person should own a full set of his works.

The Entire 15 Volumes will be sent Free of Express or Delivery Charges for Only $2.00, which includes a Year's Subscription to The St. Paul Weekly Globe.

Oliver Twist.	Hard Times.
American Notes,	Barnaby Rudge.
Dombey & Son.	Sunshine Nickleby,
Martin Chuzzlewit.	Old Curiosity Shop.
Our Mutual Friend.	Reprinted Pieces,
Christmas Stories.	Great Expectations.
Tale of Two Cities.	Black Houses.
	Sketches by Boz.
	Little Dorrit.
	Uncommercial Traveler.
	Pickwick Papers.
	Mystery of Edwin Drood.
	David Copperfield.

THE ONLY WAY TO GET THIS SET

All this low price is to subscribe to the GLOBE. It can be obtained in no other way. It is not for sale by booksellers or newsdealers. All who subscribe to the GLOBE in connection with the set of 15 volumes of Dickens will receive them free of charge. This is quite an important item.

NOT CHEAP, TRASHY BOOKS.

These 15 volumes are each about 5½ inches in size and of uniform thickness. The printing is clear and perhaps of a readable size. They are printed from plates made for this edition. Not condensed or abridged.

DO YOU WANT THIS SET?

Send in your Order at Once.

If you delay and get left don't blame anyone but yourself.

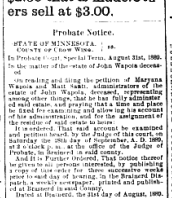
It is the greatest bargain ever offered.

THE ST. PAUL WEEKLY GLOBE One Year and Dickens' Complete Works (15 Vols of 3,200 pages) for $2.00
THE ST. PAUL WEEKLY GLOBE One Year and Walter Scott's Works (12 Vols. of 5,500 pages) for $2.00
Or Both Sets of Books (27 Vols. of nearly 11,000 pages) and THE ST. PAUL WEEKLY GLOBE 2 yrs. for $3.00
THE ST. PAUL DAILY GLOBE One Year and Either Set of Books, - - - - $2.50

The Cash in Full must accompany every order. Address

THE GLOBE, ST. PAUL, MINN.

PEERLESS DYES Are the BEST. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.



Snyder has the finest Kid Shoe for Ladies at $2.50 that is made. Others sell at $3.00.

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
County of Crow Wing. }

In Probate Court, Special Term, August 31st, 1889.

In the matter of the estate of John Wapota deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Maryann Wapota and Mary Ann Wapota, administratrix of the estate of John Wapota, deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing his account of his administration, and for the assignment of his residue to the persons entitled thereto.

It is ordered, that said petition be examined, and petition heard by the Judge of this court, on the 30th day of September, A. D. 1889, at 10 o'clock a. m. at the office of the Judge of Probate in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested in said estate, by publishing a copy of this order in three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the Brainerd Dispatch a weekly newspaper printed and published at Brainerd in said county.

Dated at Brainerd, the 31st day of August, 1889.

By the Court,
W. P. SPALDING,
Judge of Probate.

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
County of Crow Wing. }

In Probate Court, Special Term, August 31st, 1889.

In the matter of the estate of Florian Roth, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased having been granted to Herman Roth of said county.

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons interested in said estate be presented to this court for examination and hearing, at the Probate Office, in Brainerd, in said county, on the first Monday in each month or six months from and after this date, viz: Dec. 7th, 1889.

It is further ordered that six months from Oct. 7th, 1889, be allowed for creditors to present their claims against said estate for examination, adjustment and allowance, at which time all claims not presented to said Court or not proved and allowed within said time, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that said Herman Roth as administrator of said estate, give notice to the persons interested in said estate to appear before said Court at the time and place of hearing said petition, by publishing a notice thereof for four weeks successively, in the Brainerd Dispatch a newspaper printed and published at Brainerd in said county.

Dated at Brainerd, the 10th day of September, A. D. 1889.

By the Court,
W. P. SPALDING,
Judge of Probate.

Probate Notice

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
County of Crow Wing. } ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term.

In the matter of the estate of James Meagher, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of H. J. Spencer, administrator of the estate of James Meagher, deceased, representing among other things that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing his account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to heirs.

It is ordered, that said account be examined and petition heard by the Judge of this Court, on the 30th day of September A. D. 1889, at 10 o'clock a. m. at the office of the Judge of Probate in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested in said estate, by publishing a copy of this order in three successive issues prior to said day of hearing in the Brainerd Dispatch a weekly newspaper printed and published at Brainerd in said county.

By the Court,
W. P. SPALDING,
Judge of Probate

Chance For a Bargain.

Have ninety acres of land in good locality, within a quarter of a mile of two railroad stations, to trade for lots in this city. Land partly timbered and partly cultivated. For particulars address DISPATCH Office.

HEALTH IS WEALTH!

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and ending in decay, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion, self-abuse or over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six boxes for $5.00, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price.

WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES

To cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with $5.00, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by JOHNSON & BAIN, Druggists, Sole Agents, Brainerd, Minn.

PEERLESS DYES Are the BEST. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

"ALWAYS ON TIME,"

There is no line so handsomely equipped for Through Passenger Service as "The Northwestern Line" between St. Paul, Minneapolis and Chicago. Its two splendid Fast Mail trains leave each city at 7:30 p. m. daily, arriving at destination next morning at an hour earlier than those of any other line in the country.

THE

NORTHWESTERN LIMITED

Pullman sleepers are also run through between Duluth, Superior and Chicago. Local through trains are also run between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Kansas City, and between the Northwestern Pullman sleepers St. Paul to Omaha and Kansas City. Dining cars are run on all through trains over this line between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago, and between Omaha and Kansas City. Doubles being the best

LINE

between these principal cities, the Chicago & Northwestern system of lines composed of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railway & Northwestern and Fremont, Elkhorn & Missouri Valley Railroads, and the Northwestern Union Line, it traverses a rich and populous country, reaching the principal cities and towns in the States of Illinois, Iowa, Minnesota, Nebraska and Dakota. Before selecting a route, travelers should get a folder, map or time card of this line, and they will quickly see the advantages offered. All particulars cheerfully given by any agent, or may be obtained at any station, or write Gen'l

T. W. TEASDALE,
Gen'l Pass. Agent, St. Paul.

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage deed executed and delivered by Jas. Bowie and wife of Bowie, his wife, mortgagors, to Robert H. Carr, mortgagee, dated the 31st day of August, A. D. 1882, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Crow Wing County, of Crow Wing in the State of Minnesota, on the 31st day of August, A. D. 1882, at 11 o'clock A. M., in book C of Mortgages, on page 25, on which mortgage deed there is claimed to be due at the date hereof the sum of $97.00 and no action or proceeding has been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage with the statutory rights of redemption therein described, at public auction at the front door of the Court House in the City of Brainerd, in the County of Crow Wing, and State aforesaid, on Saturday, the 26th day of October, A. D. eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, at 10 o'clock A. M. of that day, to satisfy the amount due and then unpaid on said mortgage, with interest thereon, and the costs and expenses of sale, and a reasonable attorney's fee, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in said mortgage, and are to be sold, are the lands, tenements, or parcels of land situated in the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, described in said mortgage as follows, to wit:

A certain part of Lots numbered Thirteen (13), Fourteen (14), and Fifteen (15), of Block number Seventy-one (71), in the First Addition to the town now City of Brainerd, shall be the part of said Lots to be conveyed, to commence at a point Eighty (80) feet East from the Northwest corner of Block aforesaid; thence running South parallel with the West line of Lot Fifteen (15), Sixty (60) feet, on the line of Lot 14; thence West parallel with the North line of Lot 14, Forty (40) feet; thence North on the line of Laurel street Thirty feet (30), to the place of beginning, containing Twenty-four hundred feet (2400) square feet, more or less.

JOHN PHILLIPS,
Mortgagee.

W. S. MCLENAHAN,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Dated Brainerd, Minn., September 13th, 1889.

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
County of Crow Wing. }

In Probate Court.

In the matter of the Estate of Florian Roth, deceased

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased having been granted to Herman Roth of said county.

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons interested in said estate be presented to this court for examination and hearing, at the Probate Office, in Brainerd, in said county, on the first Monday in each month or six months from and after this date, viz: Dec. 7th, 1889.

It is further ordered that six months from Oct. 7th, 1889, be allowed for creditors to present their claims against said estate for examination, adjustment and allowance, at which time all claims not presented to said Court or not proved and allowed within said time, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that said Herman Roth as administrator of said estate, give notice to the persons interested in said estate to appear before said Court at the time and place of hearing said petition, by publishing a notice thereof for four weeks successively, in the Brainerd Dispatch a newspaper printed and published at Brainerd in said county.

Dated at Brainerd, the 10th day of September, A. D. 1889.

By the Court,
W. P. SPALDING,
Judge of Probate.

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage deed executed and delivered by Jas. Bowie and wife of Bowie, his wife, mortgagors, to Robert H. Carr, mortgagee, dated the 31st day of August, A. D. 1882, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Crow Wing County of Crow Wing in the State of Minnesota, on the 31st day of August, A. D. 1882, at 11 o'clock A. M., in book C of Mortgages, on page 25, on which mortgage deed there is claimed to be due at the date hereof the sum of $97.00 and no action or proceeding has been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage with the statutory rights of redemption therein described, at public auction at the front door of the Court House in the City of Brainerd, in the County of Crow Wing, and State aforesaid, on Saturday, the 26th day of October, A. D. eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, at 10 o'clock A. M. of that day, to satisfy the amount due and then unpaid on said mortgage, with interest thereon, and the costs and expenses of sale, and a reasonable attorney's fee, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in said mortgage, and are to be sold, are the lots, pieces or parcels of land situated in the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, described in said mortgage as follows, to wit: Lots numbered sixteen (16) seventeen (17)

Brainerd Dispatch.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Publishers.

BRAINERD, - MINNESOTA.

THE total weight of the great 36-inch telescope at the Lick observatory. Is forty tons.

A LONDONER advertises that he is "porous plaster manufacturer to her majesty the queen."

A STEUBENVILLE (O.) man suggests that a day like Arbor Day be set apart annually for the destruction of the English.

THE production of anthracite coal this year to date is about 19,000,000 tons, leaving 17,500,000 yet to be produced to satisfy the demand.

BECAUSE the shah threw his asparagus ends over his left shoulder at a banquet in England, the prince of Wales and suite were obliged to follow his example.

A YOUNG girl at Schuylkill Haven was seized on the street by two Italians, who cut off her hair and fled. It was of a beautiful golden color and very luxuriant.

A BEE farm, near Becton, in Canada, covers four acres, and the owner in a favorable year secures not less than 75,000 pounds of honey from his 19,000,000 little workers.

JAPAN will shortly become entirely independent of other countries as regards its coal supply, since vast coal fields have recently been discovered in the islands of Kiusiu and Yesso.

IF THE reported prevalence of cattle disease in southern Kansas be true, then there is really a situation in which a carefully drawn meat and cattle inspection law would be beneficial.

THE average annual death rate in this country from cholera, yellow fever, smallpox, typhoid fever, diphtheria and scarlet fever, all combined, does not reach the enormous total of deaths from consumption.

THE number of foreign emigrants coming to this country will be much smaller this year than it was last year. The number fell off 70,000 during the first seven months of this year.

MR. TUKIO, a Japanese student at Ann Arbor, is inspecting the Michigan state prison and will write a paper on American penal institutions for the benefit of the Japanese government.

THE drowning of female children in China has become so common that the viceroy of Fukien and Chakang has issued a proclamation prohibiting it under penalty of 60 blows of the bamboo and one year's banishment.

A COLUMBUS, O., barber tried to evade the Sunday closing law by shaving his customers on the back porch, but the other barbers caught him at it, had him brought before the mayor, and that official fined him $10.

A JERSEY girl was bitten by one of that state's old line mosquitoes the other day, and her arm began to swell fearfully. The physician who was called in said that the insect had left his bill in the arm. When he extracted it the swelling went down.

A FORTUNE awaits the man who can invent or discover a substitute for leather. For every other article of dress substitutes are in regular use; but the tanned skins of animals, as a covering for the foot, and for harness, belting, etc., is without a substitute. For flexibility and durability, "there's nothing like leather."

As a girl Mrs. Maybrick spent a good deal of her time in New York with her mother. They generally stayed at the New York hotel. In those days the condemned woman was a handsome, light-hearted maiden, who fascinated all who met her. Her former friends can hardly realize that she is now the central figure in a dark tragedy.

A NEW ENGLAND manufacturer says that street musicians are a serious expense to the manufacturing companies in country towns. A gypsie girl playing on a tambourine recently passed his establishment, and, he says, cost the company about two hundred dollars. Every employee in the big factory ran to a window, and work was suspended for fully a quarter of an hour. Every circus parade costs them hundreds of dollars, and when a minstrel brass band marches by it costs from $25 to $50.

WHILE Mrs. Rindesbacker, of Stockton, Ill., was visiting friends in Mankato, Minn., she was sitting talking with a friend one evening, when she was startled to see her sister's face at the window. She made a sudden outcry and her companion also saw and recognized the apparation. The next morning she received a telegram from Stocktown stating that her sister had died the very hour and minute that she had seen the face at the window.

AN average of five feet of water is estimated to fall annually over the whole earth, and, assuming that condensation takes place at an average height of 3000 feet, scientists conclude that the force of evaporation to supply such rainfall must equal the lifting of 322,000,000 pounds of water 3000 feet in every minute, or about 300,000,000,000-horse power constantly exerted. Of this prodigious amount of energy thus created a very small proportion is transferred to the waters that run back through rivers to the sea and a still smaller fraction is utilized by man; the remainder is dissipated in space.

PITH OF THE NEWS.

Being a Short Concise Collection of the Latest Associated Press Telegrams.

At the National Capital.

The president has appointed ex-Gov. Henry C. Warmoth collector of customs for the district of New Orleans.

There will be no extra session of congress this year. This was settled after a long discussion at the last cabinet meeting. The only reason of any weight advanced why there should be any extra session was the argument of those who wanted to revise the tariff, but it was shown that a month's work would be almost thrown away and public policy indicated that it would be better for congress to convene at the regular time. The question of finance was disposed of by Secretary Windom's bond purchases, and there was no apparent necessity for an extra session. Secretaries Windom and Tracy were both opposed to convening congress before the regular session.

Casualties.

The steamer Theodore Weems was partly burned in Baltimore. Loss, $30,000.

Christopher Gaatz and wife were killed while attempting to cross the railroad at Moundsville, W. Va.

Frank Cowell and Frank Bluwell got drunk and went to sleep on the Alton railroad track at Marshall, Mo., and a train ran over and killed them.

Through the carelessness of a telegraph operator at Millersburg, Ind., two freight trains on the Lake Shore road came in collision, completely wrecking them and causing a loss of $175,000.

Rev. Salmon Gleason, aged eighty-three years, was struck and killed by the Montreal express train at Warren, N. H. He was located there as a minister fifty years ago. Some years ago he went in the lumber business in Minnesota, but had spent the last six years of his life at Warren.

A vestibuled train on the New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio from Chicago to New York was wrecked near Greenville, Pa., by coming in collision with a freight train on a siding, a green brakeman opening the wrong switch. The baggagemaster of the limited was killed and the engineer badly hurt. No passengers were injured.

The fire which started in the cartridge factory at Antwerp, Belgium, has at last been extinguished. Several more corpses have been found, and the number of the dead will certainly reach 200. King Leopold and the cabinet ministers visited the hospitals where the sufferers by the fire are being cared for. The arrest of M. Corvillan, the proprietor of the cartridge factory, has been ordered.

A fire broke out today in the mammoth sugar plant of Dick & Meyer Sugar Refining company, Williamsburg, near New York. The fire started with an explosion, the exact cause of which is not known. It is supposed to have been caused by the explosive nature of finely powdered particles of sugar which had permeated the air in the mills where the granulated sugar was reduced to the powdered product. The entire establishment was reduced to ruins. The loss on the buildings and machinery is estimated at about $1,500,000. Within the building were 1,700 barrels of sugar valued at about $500,000, making a total loss of $2,000,000.

At the mills of the Combined Locks Paper company at Combined Locks, five miles below Appleton Wis., from some unknown cause there was an upheaval of rock upon which the mills are located, throwing the mill walls out of plumb, cracking a great wall of stone and cement twenty feet thick and making a saddle-back several hundred feet long and six inches high in the bed rock beneath the mill. An artesian well 200 feet away on the bluff has dried up. The damage to the mill and machinery will probably amount to several thousand dollars. The upheaval is thought to have resulted from some hydraulic pressure between the seams of rock beneath. A panic occurred among the mill operatives at the time of the shake-up, but nobody was hurt in the stampede from the mill.

The World of Criminals.

Wadena, the Indian on trial at Princeton, Minn., for shooting at Magnussen, the affair which caused the Mille Lacs scare some time ago, is acquitted.

2 Eleven men have been arrested at Marion, Ind., charged with complicity in White Cap outrages. The prisoners are mostly influential men and heads of families.

Nurse Donnelly, who was stabbed by Mrs. Robert Ray Hamilton at Atlantic City, N. J. was able to get up and walk about her room and then to go down stairs.

Annie E. Laconey was found dead in her room at Merchantville, N. J., with her throat cut. The terrible crime was committed by a burglar. He had tried to ravish the girl, and robbed the house.

At San Pedro, Cal., John McGuffieshot and killed his divorced wife, who had refused to return to him, and then shot himself in the breast, inflicting a fatal wound.

A mob of armed white men surrounded the jail at Columbia, Mo., overpowered the sheriff and took from his cell George Bush, a negro seventeen years old, charged with outraging a little white girl of five years, and hanged him.

Hon. W. A. Huff, the would-be duelist, and his friend, Capt. Roff Sims of Macon, were arrested at Selma, Alabama. The two were taken to Opelika and carried before a judge. Huff was placed under $10,000 bonds to keep the peace and Sims under $2,500 bonds. Both are still in the custody of officers. Patterson, the other duelist, is still in hiding.

Eben Dale, aged forty-five, a Boston manufacturer, committed suicide at Fresh Water Cove, Mass., by shooting himself in the head with a pistol. Mr. Dale was one of the best known men in Boston. In addition to his other business interests, he was treasurer of the Dexter woolen mills and selling agent for William Trumbull & Co., New York. The directors of the Dexter mills, who were in session, state that the business is prosperous; that there are no complications and that they know no reason for Mr. Dale's deed.

For the last fifteen months Rudolph Schnaubelt, the Chicago anarchist, who is supposed to have thrown the fatal bomb in the Haymarket riot, has been living in London under the protection of an archist named Penkert. The utmost secrecy has been observed with regard to Schnaubelt's presence in London, but recently his identity was discovered and his patron changed his quarters. It is now learned that Schnaubelt has fled the city, fearing that he would be arrested and extradited to Chicago. It is thought that he has gone to Copenhagen.

Eugene Clark, shipping clerk in Henry Stewart's wholesale drug store, Tacoma was seen by his employer to fall insensible. It was discovered that he had swallowed a dose of atropia. In his room a woman named Florence was found on the bed with the back of her head shot off. A coroner's inquest was held, at which it was shown that the woman had taken a man with whom she had been drinking to Clark's room; that Clark quarreled with this man, and finally shot the woman dead, and he then went off and poisoned himself. Clark came from St. Paul.

Twenty-two negroes, and possibly more, who were working on a cotton plantation now rest beneath the sod in Leflore county, Miss., riddled with bullets. They were killed for resisting arrest. The leaders of the insurrection, George Allen and Oliver Cromwell, have both escaped, though it is thought that Allen was captured. Cromwell was caught in Jackson, but for some reason was turned loose. The negroes are in a frightful state of fear, and two have gone crazy over the excitement. The negroes have threatened to burn every house in Leflore county, and every house is being closely guarded. More than a thousand laborers have quit the fields, and the cotton and corn needs gathering badly.

C. S. Walters, who kept a grocery store at Sewell's Point, Virginia, was found murdered in his bed room. It is supposed that parties called at the store and woke up Mr. Walters, and as he opened the door he was struck senseless with a club and then beaten to death, the broken skull and mangled face plainly showing the manner of death. The murderers then robbed the store of $180 and a lot of merchandise, after which the body of Walters was placed between two cotton mattresses, which were set on fire. The fire burned slowly, and when the body was found, by members of the family one arm and a portion of the face only were burnt off. The authorities were notified, and two negroes who acted suspiciously in a boat near Sewell's Point were arrested, brought to Norfolk and lodged in jail. Both had spots of blood on their clothing, and are believed to have concealed the plunder.

A man was found yesterday on the prairie about five miles from Canby, Minn., having, as near as can be ascertained, been murdered. At the coroner's inquest it was learned that he came from Michigan, going out to Dakota. Not being satisfied with the country he came back, and had been working around a threshing machine for about two weeks, when he was taken sick. Then he hired to work for one Andrew Swenson husking corn and other light work, and left the machine crew on Aug. 23. He stopped at August Sawtell's to inquire the way, which was the last seen of him until found in the opposite direction to that which he should have gone. Nothing could be found on his person except a small memorandum book marked P. Strand. As several deep gashes were found on his neck and skull, with the appearance of having been done with a sharp instrument, and as he had told several that he did not necessarily have to work so hard, as he had some money left yet, and as there was only $4 found on his person, and being found in a place where he would not be discovered for a long time, led to the supposition that he had been murdered.

Foreign Mention.

Confirmatory advices have been received in Vienna concerning the reported massing of large forces of Russian troops in Armenia on the Russo-Turkish frontier.

The Society of California Pioneers of New England celebrated the forty-first anniversary of the discovery of gold in California by a banquet in Boston.

M. Guillemain, a French government engineer, has been made chairman of the committee appointed to inquire into the affairs of the Panama Canal Company.

The Socialists attempted to hold an open air meeting at Hamburg, Germany. The police broke up the meeting and arrested thirteen persons who had taken an active part in the proceedings.

The entire bench of judges of the district court in the department of Riga, Russia, have been arrested by order of the government for using the German language on the bench after they had received orders from St. Petersburg to use the Russian only.

People in Print.

Charles Joseph Savary, a Frenchman with a history, to whose writings the Riel rebellion was in great measure ascribed, died at Ottawa, Ont.

General News Notes.

Fifteen hundred miners are out on a strike at Punxsutawney, Pa., for an increase in wages.

The drivers, pushers and day hands in the mines have struck at Braidwood, Ill., for nine and one-half hours per day.

The Aurora Watch company assigned at Aurora, Ill., with liabilities amounting to nearly $250,000. The assets are supposed to be double that amount.

At the session of the trades unions congress at Dundee, Scotland, a vote was taken upon the adoption of the "eight-hours day," and it was rejected—88 to 63.

Subscriptions at Johnstown to push the suit against the South Fork Fishing club have reached $1,500 when only $1,000 was required.

Judge Colt of Boston sustains the demurrer of the Bell Telephone company, and the government case will now be tried on the ground of fraud only. Drawbaugh's evidence cannot be admitted.

In response to public appeals from many quarters for the postponement of the time of closing, the directors announced that the Paris exposition must close Oct. 31, the date originally set.

Taylor's bustle manufactory at Bridgeport, Conn., has shut down. The suspension is likely to be indefinite from the fact, it is said, that the bustle has gone so largely out of fashion that comparatively no demand for it remains.

Agent McLaughlin has just returned from the bedside of Chief John Grass, who has been at the point of death for some time, and reports the great chief convalescent. He states authoritatively that Grass was overcome by the heat, and as one of the effects a swelling has formed in his throat. To reduce the swelling he used a gargle of kerosine oil freely and the strain was so great that it caused hemorrhage, which came near sending the most politic and diplomatic Indian of the Sioux nation to the happy hunting grounds. He is now resting well, and in the opinion of Agent McLaughlin will recover.

The Northern Pacific, as is well known, is heading—through the Manitoba & Northwestern, of which one or two hundred miles are built from Winnipeg—for the Saskatchewan river, and expects to reach there next year. The Canadian Pacific will take immediate steps to head it off, and has let a contract, which is not yet made public, to build about seven hundred miles of new road. It will build this fall from Regina to Prince Albert, on the Saskatchewan river, to which place the Northern Pacific is also headed under the charter lately granted to the Regina & Long Lake. Next spring the line will be extended from Prince Albert westward through Edmonton and the Yellowhead pass of the Rocky mountains to Vancouver. The Yellowhead pass is said to be the best and easiest of all the Rocky mountain passes. Thirty thousand tons of steel rails are now on the way from England for the new line.

A letter from reliable stockman in Big Horn basin, northern Wyoming, dated Sept. 1 says: For three days we have been fighting fire. The Big Horn mountains are ablaze. The flames have swept down the mountain side, carrying destruction before them. As there have been thousands of head of stock feeding on the mountains the loss will necessarily be heavy. The ranch occupied by D. Hale was consumed together with its contents. A neighboring ranch occupied by Houston, who entered the land a year ago, was burned, the owner losing everything and just saving his life, as he fought the fire with the energy of desperation. Every ranch located on the mountain from north to south is burned. Two lives are said to have been lost. One of these is a man named Robinson, who camped on the north fork of Powder river with a man whose name I cannot learn. Fire is now burning along Powder river, Clear creak and at the head of Tensleep creek. Hunters who have been over the ground say that fully $600,000 worth of timber has gone up in smoke.

Steve Brodie accomplished the perilous feat of going over the Niagara Falls in a rubber suit. His injuries are confined to many bruises and a sprained back and ankle. In describing his experience, Brodie says that after he entered the river he weakened and would have given anything in the world if he could have reached terra firma once more. He attempted to get ashore by using his paddle, when the swift current swept him back and turned his feet towards the brink of the cataract. When he saw that it was impossible to get out he felt the same as a man that was to meet death and prayed for dear life. Just as he came to the brink of the falls he became unconscious through fright, and remained so until he struck the water, churned into foam, at the base of the falls, when he was temporarily brought to by the force with which he struck the water. Then he again lost consciousness, and he knew no more until he found himself lying on his rubber suit at the water's edge. There is no doubt that Brodie successfully went over the falls.

The Markets.

NEW YORK.

Wheat, No. 2 red, 83¼@83⅝c.; No. 3 red 80½c.; ungraded, red, 77@85¼c.; corn, No. 2, 42⅝c. No. 2 white, 42½@43½c.; ungraded mixed, 42@48½c.; Oats, No. 2 white 27¾c.; mixed Western, 25@28c.; white do, 28@38c.; Eggs, Western, 17@18¾c.; Butter, western dairy, 9@12½c.; do creamery, 11@19c.; cheese, Western, 6¾@7¾c.;

CHICAGO.

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour dull and steady. No. 2 spring wheat, 75¾c; No. 3 spring, 67@69c; No. 2 red, 75¾c; No. 2 corn, 33¾c; No. 2 oats, 19c; No. 2 rye, 41¾c; No. 2 barley nominal; No. 1 flax seed, $1.28½c; prime timothy seed, $1.31@1.32; mess pork, per bbl, $11.40@11.50; lard, per 100 lbs, $6.02½@6.05; short rib sides (loose), $5.05@5.10; dry-salted shoulders (boxed), unchanged; short clear sides (boxed), unchanged; whisky, distillers' finished goods, per gal. $1.02; sugars unchanged. Butter, creamery, 18½@19½c; fair to good, 12@15c; finest dairies, 13@14c; fair to good, 9@10c; Eggs, 15c.

MINNEAPOLIS.

Wheat, No. 1 hard, 78½@79; No. 1 Northern, 75@77½; No. 2 Northern, 72½@74c. Flour, Patents in sacks to local dealers, $4.70@4.90; patents to ship, sacks car lots, $4.50@4.70; in barrels, $4.70@4.90; delivered at New England points, $5.35@5.50; New York points, $5.25@5.65, delivered at Philadelphia and Baltimore, $5.20@5.60; bakers' here, $3.20@3.50; superfine, $1.90@2.65; red dog, sacks, $1.10@1.35; red dog, barrels, $1.35@1.60. Bran, $6.50@7.25; Shorts, $7.25@8.50; Corn, 31@33c; Oats, 18@22c. Hay, $5.00@6.50; Feed, $12@13.50. Flax, $1.22.

ST. PAUL.

Prices on incoming trains only: Wheat, No. 1 hard, 78@79c; No. 1 Northern, 75@76c; No. 2 Northern, 73@74c. Corn, No. 3, 31@33c. Oats, No. 2 mixed, 18@20c. No. 3 mixed, 17@19c. No. 2 white, 21@23c; No. 3, 17@19c. Rye, No. 2, 35c. bid; No. 3, 40@45c; No. 4, 30@32c. Ground Feed, $13.50. Corn Meal, Unbolted, $13.50. Bran, $7.75. Malt, 70@75c. Hay, No. 1, upland, $6@7; No. 1, $5.50@6.50; timothy, $9. Timothy seed, $1.60; Eggs, $4.50@4.80 per case. Flour, Patents, $5@5.25; straight, $4.40@4.60; bakers', $3.25; rye, 2.75@3.20; buckwheat, $3. Butter, creameries, 12@17c.; extra dairy, 14@16c.; medium, 10@14c.; packing stock, 7@7½c.; grease 3@5c.

Death of Sunset Cox.

Congressman Sunset Cox died at his home in New York on Tuesday Sept., 10. The end was quiet, and the dying man breathed his last as peacefully as if falling into a sleep. Mrs. Cox, who had been scarcely away from her husband's bed side for the past two days and nights, held his left hand, while his old friend Douglass Taylor held the other. He had been conscious all day until about a quarter of an hour before the end. Dr. Lockwood was in attendance at the time. Nicholas Kearney, William Hirschfield, two nurses and two servants were in the room. All knelt about his bed. Mr. Cox' last conversation was about the four territories, whose statehood he hoped to father. He mentioned New Mexico and Arizona, and said something about making a great effort in their

-S.S. COX-

behalf at the coming session. Two hours before he died his colored servant, who had just come on from Washington, went to the bed, and Mrs. Cox asked her husband if he recognized him. He looked at him patted him on the shoulder. The colored man's eyes filled with tears, while all were deeply affected. In the afternoon while Dr. Lockwood was talking to him Mr. Cox made some witty remark, which completely upset the doctor's dignity. Late in the afternoon telegrams were sent to Mr. Cox's three sisters, two of whom live in Janesville, Ohio, and the other in St. Louis. Mr. Cox's nephew, who is the superintendent of the Smithsonian institute, was also telegraphed for. Dr. Lockwook said that the immediate cause of death was heart failure, and the cause peritonitis.

Another London Horror.

Early Tuesday morning a policeman found the body of a fallen woman lying at the corner of a railway arch on Cable street, Whitechapel, London. The head and arms had been cut off and carried away and the stomach ripped open, the intestines lying on the ground. Police pass the spot every fifteen minutes. Those on duty at night say they saw nothing suspicious. The physicians who examined the body state that in their opinion the murder and mutilation occupied nearly an hour. It is surmised that the murderer carried off the head and arms in a bag. The murder is the worst of the whole series of Whitechapel murders. The manner in which the limbs had been severed from the body shows that the murderer was possessed of some surgical skill. The woman was about thirty years old. Her clothing was shabby, and she was evidently a spirit drinker. The remains have not be identified. The most intense excitement again prevails in Whitechapel. There was no blood on the ground where the body was found, neither was there any blood on the body. From this it is evident that the murder was committed in some other place, and that the body was subsequently deposited under the railway arch. The trunk was nude. A rent and bloody chemise was found lying near the body. The arms were intact, but the legs were missing. It is believed that the woman has been dead for two days.

Although the murder is generally spoken of as the mysterious "Jack the Ripper," a close examination of all the facts leads to the conclusion that this murder is not by the "Ripper." The police and the medical men familiar with the details of the recent London horrors of this class say that this last murder must be classified with those known as the "embankment" murders, of which there have now been four in all, including the one in which the headless body of the victim was recently discovered in Chelsea, and of which the head has never been found.

Terrific Storm Along the Atlantic.

Incoming vessels are anxiously awaited at New York for news of the great storm at sea which has been raging for the past few days. That it has been the worst storm of recent years is made evident by the high tides and storm waves, which have done such great damage along the Atlantic coast.

In New York city the cellars and first floors of buildings along the water front are all flooded and the ferryboats are having difficulty in getting into their slips. Reports of great damage done by the storm at high tide all along the coast are coming in and as the tide was higher than ever known it is evident that an enormous amount of property has been destroyed. Along the New Jersey coasts the low beaches were submerged and the railroad tracks were injured. Thousands of spectators watched the surf, which was the wildest and highest known in years.

Atlantic City was completely cut off from the main land. Much of the board walk and many bathing houses have been ground up into kindling wood. Several pavilions have been lifted bodily from their pilings and destroyed.

Reports from Coney Island show that the storm was the worst ever known there, and all night long the waves dashed over the breakwater at Manhattan and Brighton Beach with a tremendous roar. The marine railway between the two places was entirely swept away. Tuesday morning not a vestige of the esplande was visible in front of the Manhattan hotel, and the tide flows in and out of the basement of the building. The communication between the east and west ends is entirely cut off.

Bamboozled by his Wife.

An attorney was visited at San Francisco by Jacob Wilson, Jr., of Brooklyn, N. Y., who said he wanted legal assistance in recovering his share of a valuable estate, out of which he said he had been defrauded. His father, he said, was Jacob Wilson, a real estate dealer, who died in May, 1885, leaving an estate valued at $1,000,000. Half of this amount was to go to his widow, the remainder to be divided between his two sons, one of whom was Jacob. He said a conspiracy was formed against him and he was defrauded by his wife of his share of the estate and then she shipped him to Melbourne. It was learned from New York that Wilson had exaggerated his story, but the main facts were correct, and that a fortune amounting to $150,000 was left by Jacob Wilson of Brooklyn, who was a capitalist and real estate dealer. Young Wilson gave his father much trouble. To get rid of him, the old gentleman agreed to his marriage with a daughter of one of his tenants. The girl objected because she would not be provided for. This objection the old man said he would do away with by settling $1,500 a year on them for life and giving her a bonus of $15,000 to take her off his hands. This was agreed to, but after the elder Wilson's death in 1885, the woman got her hands on the estate, secured a divorce and sent her husband to Australia. A conspiracy is alleged, and the fight will be made to regain Wilson's share of the estate.

Fighting Over Cronin's Blood.

Lawyer Forrest, who is defending ex-Detective Coughlin in the Cronin trial at Chicago, with the aid of three large and heavy built men, raided the Carlson cottage, and succeeded in getting away with pieces of the flooring and walls covered with the spots of Cronin's Blood. Since the cottage has become famous it has been arranged for the inspection of visitors by the building of a railing across the corner of the room. When the attorney commenced digging up the flooring with a pocket knife Carlson and his son-in-law, Mr. Lindgren, attempted to stop him, Carlson presenting a revolver to Forrest's head. The three men accompanying Forrest jumped over the railing and overpowered Carlson and Lindgren and held them down on the floor until the lawyer had completed his work. They also took Carlson's revolver away from him. Having secured the specimens Forrest and his three accomplices jumped into a carriage and drove away. When they had safely seated themselves and the horses had been whipped up, one of them threw Carlson's revolver back into the yard. Several officers were sent out to hunt Forrest, but they were unable to find him. The lawyer's three accomplices are unknown and Carlson and Lindgren can give but a vague description of them.

Argument was begun in the United States circuit court in San Francisco on the question of federal jurisdiction in the Nagle case.

Elison Hatfield, who confessed to the murder of Miss Alfaro McCoy in Logan county, W. Va., has been sentenced to hang Dec. 3 next.

The industrial exhibition of Toronto was formally opened by Sir John MacDonald in the presence of an immense concourse of people.

The hardware dealers of the United States held a secret meeting in Pittsburg. It is said that they considered the advisability of forming a trust.

A Dresden bank has contracted to provide the Mexican government with capital to construct a railroad across the isthmus of Tehuantepec. The Krupps are to furnish the iron and steel material for the road.

A Bogus Lord Arrested.

A stirring sensation was caused by the arrest of a young man who, for two weeks or more has been supposed to be a younger brother of the duke of Durham. On his arrival he registered at the leading hotel as plain Robert Morris of London, but soon gave it out that he had noble blood pulsing in his veins. He stated that on account of a difficulty he had with an older brother in one of the aristocratic clubs of the English metropolis he had left the country with the intention of making a tour of the world. He first appeared at Mayville, where it is said he exhibited letters of introduction to the Dalrymples and Grandins from Cornelius Vanderbilt and other prominent Eastern gentlemen. With these credentials he had no difficulty in procuring an introduction in good society. He reported that he had an income of $50,000 a year. He was often seen with large sums of money, and those who knew of the reckless extravagance with which he spent it had no doubt as to the truth of the statements. He seldom sat down to a meal without a number of guests and always ordered the costliest wines. This fast living he continued until a week ago, when he departed for the West, much to the regret of all who had enjoyed his prodigality. It was understood that he was going direct to the Pacific coast and from there to Japan; but instead he stopped at Jameston and remained several days. One night he returned to Fargo and next day, as he was about to board the west-bound Northern train, he was arrested by Inspector Mitchell, of the city of London police force, who had just arrived from St. Paul. His arrest has been the talk of the town, but as he had gone to Jamestown, where he claimed to have left his money, no facts in relation to the matter could be learned until the return. Inspector Mitchell was accompanied by a Pinkerton detective and a Mr. Woodall of London. From the English official it was learned that the young man is wanted for a forgery amounting to £1,500. His real name is Oswal Riddel Miles. Until July 12 he had been employed as clerk by Woodall & Co.; stockbrokers in London, and while in their service forged their name to a draft. He disappeared immediately after the forgery was discovered, but for some reason the officers did not start to America until Aug. 15. From New York they traced him to Minneapolis and thence to Fargo, and although they have at last captured him his victims will recover but a small portion of their stolen money. He had less than $200 of it left. The officer stated that he is not even remotely connected with any noble family, and that his father is now serving a sentence for forgery. The bogus lord protested his innocence to the last, and assured his acquaintances that he would be back in a few weeks. He is apparently about twenty-three years of age, but little over four feet high, quite intelligent and well educated.

A Determined Attempt at Suicide.

One of the most determined attempts at suicide ever heard of was made last night by Lena Hertzog, seventeen years old, who resides with her parents in Williamsburg near New York. The girl is a comely brunette, plump of form and of pleasant appearance. She was a passenger on the ferry boat from Brooklyn to New York city. When the boat reached the Grand street ferry Miss Hertzog came ashore, but immediately returned and paid her fare, and once more took a seat in the cabin. The boat had not yet cleared the slip when one of the deck hands saw the girl walk rapidly out of the cabin toward the stern of the boat. For a moment she stood still and then suddenly swung herself clear of the east rail and disappeared. The deck hand gave the alarm and the boat was immediately stopped. Inside of a few seconds life preservers, ladders and ropes were called into requisition. The electric light made things as clear as day. The first life preserver thrown fell close to the girl, but she pushed it away, with an angry gesture. The noise and shouts attracted the ticket chopper, James Kelly, who is an expert swimmer, and has already saved thirteen people from drowning. He jumped into the river, seized the girl by the waist and lifted her bodily up so that she might breathe. The girl turned upon him and struggled to free herself from his grasp. Kelly held on, however, and made for the slip. A desperate struggle followed, the half-drowned girl seemed to gain new strength and she fought like a tigress. When near the slip ropes were thrown Kelly, who caught one and wound it around the body of his charge, but it was quickly thrown off. This the girl repeated three times, and then seizing her rescuer by the arm savagely bit him. Kelly was becoming exhausted, and saw that if the girl's life was to be saved violence would have to be used, so he was compelled to beat her into submission. The blows had the desired effect for a time, but when an attempt was made to lift her upon the ladder she broke out afresh, but was finally landed, wet, limp and exhausted. This water battle lasted fully fifteen minutes. When stimulants were offered the girl, later on, she threw the glass from her and smashed it. Finally the reckless creature was placed under arrest and afterwards sent to a hospital in an ambulance, where she was doing nicely. Her parents say that the whole adventure arose from a love affair.

Disastrous Fire in Antwerp.

Dynamite exploded in the Corvileran cartridge factory in Antwerp Belgium, killing and injuring hundreds of persons and doing much damage to property. Portions of the bourse were struck by burning fragments and set on fire, causing a panic in the building, which at the time was crowded. The cartridge factory was situated behind the docks upon which millions of cartridges were being loaded. It was adjacent to the petroleum stores and two large Russian petroleum warehouses were set on fire and are now burning.

The flames shoot up to an immense height. Amid the roar of the flames there was a continuous succession of loud reports, supposed to be from the ignition and explosion of packets of cartridges.

The latest estimate is that there are 300 dead and 1,000 injured. The explosions continue. At the American docks all the ships have been saved owing to the favorable direction of the wind. The stained windows of the cathedral are smashed, and it is feared that the steeple will collapse. The whole vicinity is strewn with debris. The dock sheds and hydraulic crane are greatly damaged.

The factory has been condemned by the communal council, but the deputation permanent had allowed work to continue. The victims are mostly factory girls. Windows three miles distant were shattered by the explosion. The scenes at the hospitals are heart-rending. King Leopold has sent a telegram expressing sympathy and asking for particulars. The people are incensed at the deputation permanente for allowing work to continue in the factory.

Many men and women were in the shop, and they were actively engaged in breaking up the old cartridges. There were fully 25,000,000 of these in and about the premises, a part of them already broken up. The flames covered two acres of ground and run to an immense height. Amid the fierce roar of the flames were heard from time to time the loud reports of explosions. These explosions were supposed to be of packages of cartridges stored in the building, which seemed to remain intact until the hot tongues of flame were actually upon them.

A Remarkable Crime in West Virginia.

Investigations by the grand jury in Fayette county, West Virginia, have brought to light a fiendish plot. About a month ago a white man named Charles West was waylaid and butchered by Bill Turner, a worthless negro, who had been a criminal all his life. West was a prominent citizen, and a committee of regulators lynched Turner. Curiosity about the motive for West's murder was aroused, and rumors of a statement that Turner had made just before he was strung up became so numerous that the grand jury, then in session took cognizance of them and began investigation. One of the lynchers, John West, a cousin of the murdered man, was summoned, and during his examination broke down and made the following remarkable confession: "Charles West was politically obnoxious to a number of persons of Fayette county, and they determined to have him removed. He was too prominent a man to be killed without exciting a searching examination, which might prove unpleasant for his murderer, and he could not be provoked to a quarrel, in which he might be shot in self-defense. The plotters were in a dilemma, and held several conferences. At last they hit upon the plan of hiring Turner to do the deed and then lynching him before he had a chance to implicate them; thus destroying all trace of their guilt." West was killed and Turner was lynched, but before they could strangle their hired brave he let fall a few words that gave a clew to the officers of the law. The investigation has not been concluded, but those concerned in the plot are known and will be indicted at once. Three of them have become alarmed, and have left the vicinity, abandoning their property, but the rest are being shadowed by deputy sheriffs and will be arrested if they attempt to go out of the county.

The queen of England will next month join her daughter and her imperial grand-son at Florence, where the proposal that Queen Victoria should abdicate in favor of the Prince of Wales will be decided. The Prince has announced that his health has been much improved by quaffing the German waters, thus still further ingratiating himself with the Germans and their ruler, which it his role to do now for most powerful reasons. He has privately gived it out that he intends henceforth to abandon all frivolous habits of life, discard all loose acquaintances; however entertaining, and conduct himself as becomes the heir to the throne. The daughter and grandson are expected to impress this edifying resolution upon Queen Victoria at the meeting of the trio in Italy, and another attack will be made upon her to relinquish the cares of state.

WINONA SCORCHED.

Fire Destroys the Saw Mills and Yards of the Laird-Norton Company at Winona.

Twenty-Two Million Feet of Lumber Destroyed, Entailing a Loss of $310,000.

WINONA, Special Telegram: The Laird-Norton Lumber company has been visited by another disastrous fire. Its immense lumber yards on the river front were burned, together with several warehouses and other buildings. Nearly a quarter of a million dollars went up in smoke inside of three hours. Shortly before 2 o'clock in the afternoon smoke was seen issuing from one of the lumber piles back of the blacksmith shop. The fire then had such headway that it seemed impossible from the outset to check it. An alarm was turned in at once, and the screeching of mill whistles and ringing of bells soon brought the entire fire department and every hose company in the city to the spot, while thousands of laborers and business men lent their aid in checking the fire. But their efforts for a time seemed practically futile. The dry piles of lumber were roaring masses of flames, extending for blocks at a stretch, and it soon became apparent that the entire yard of the Laird-Norton company, and possibly the mills and yards of the Empire Lumber company and Winona Lumber company were doomed. Mayor Ludwig telegraphed at once for aid from La Crosse and St. Paul, the former city getting a fire engine and hose company and several men here by 3:30 o'clock. For a while a fear seized everybody that the

ENTIRE LUMBER DISTRICT

would have to go. At the end of the Laird-Norton company's yard a slight space intervened before the Empire Lumber company's yards commenced. It soon became evident that here the fight for supremacy must be made, and the gallant firemen braved the scorching heat as best they could, sheltering themselves by doors as they fought the fire away. It was not until after 5 o'clock that the citizens rested assured that further progress of the fire eastward would be prevented. In the meantime the flames took everything in their way. A brave fight saved the Laird-Norton company's big saw mills, dry sheds and planing mills although the fire fiend made heavy inroads into the blocks east of them. There were dozens of streams playing on the fire from all directions but the water only seemed to fan the flames into greater fury. Chief Smith managed his men admirably and is entitled to the highest credit for the good judgment he displayed. About 4:30 an additional calamity called some of the firemen to the upper levee. The fine buildings occupied by the city pumping works took fire in the boiler room while both pumps were working at high pressure. The roof of the building was burned and the machinery deluged with water, but the engineer stood at his post 'midst the smoke and flames and kept the pumping works going. The departments of Red Wing, Lake City and Wabasha

WERE TELEGRAPHED FOR

at this juncture, as it was feared that the pumping works would have to shut down, but later in the evening it was deemed unnecessary to bring them all down, and word was sent for them not to come. At 6 o'clock the fire was under good control, although burning fiercely in its confined space. The firemen were nearly exhausted with their hard work, but kept up bravely under the heat. The Laird-Norton company put out a fine spread for the boys' supper, and a dozen streams at a later hour to-night are still playing on the flames. The St. Paul department arrived at half past seven on a special train. Although the danger was over it was thought best to hold them here a while for relieving the Winona boys. About 6 o'clock the main pump at the water works gave way. The scene along the levee to-night is a desolate one, with blocks of half-burned lumber and buildings, while thousands of spectators form a dark outline to the burning debris. The firemen are still playing nearly a score of streams on all the burning material and guarding carefully the property that was saved from the fierce flames of the afternoon. As near as can be estimated

THE LOSS OF LUMBER

is about 22,000,000 feet, 7,000,000 feet of shingles and 3,000,000 feet of laths. Besides this there were burned two brick store houses filled with building paper, sash, etc. The total loss is in the neighborhood of $300,000, while the insurance foots up only $170,500, divided among twenty-five mutual and semi-mutual companies. Although the oldest and wealthiest company in the Northwest, the Laird-Norton company will feel severely the loss at this time of the year, with orders coming in briskly and logs scarce and high. The loss of almost their entire stock on hand comes as a depressing blow. Two years ago the company lost $100,000 by the burning of their saw mill. The firm are men of wealth and influence throughout the entire Northwest and are noted for their philanthropy and public spirit. The hundreds of hands that lent willing aid to them in their loss to-day shows how highly they are held in the city they have so substantially helped to build up. Among other losses by the fire are: William Miller, ice house, $750; insured for $500. Charles Green, goods stored in warehouse, $150. J. McConnel, house, $100. J. L. Harris, wool in store, $100. The origin of the fire is unknown. Charles Grafton, a well known young painter, while assisting in tearing down a lumber pile, was thrown from the pile by a stream of water, striking on the ground thirty feet below on his head producing concussion of the brain.

Chairman Abbott Bounced.

CHICAGO, Special: The extraordinary deadlock over the chairmanship of the Western States Passenger association came to a climax to-day. When the general managers of the various railroads belonging to the organization assembled the choice of W. H. Newman as temporary successor to Chairman John N. Abbott was annulled by the strenuous objections of General Manager St. John, of the Rock Island. Then the proposition was made that Mr. Abbott should continue as temporary chairman until such time as his successor could be elected. Had this been done it would have given Mr. Abbott an opportunity to resign and turn over his office in a regular manner to whomsoever might be chosen to fill the place. But it was not done. There seemed to be a determination on the part of some of the members to humiliate the ex-chairman to the last possible degree, and the proposition was doggedly voted down. It was argued that by the resolution just adopted Mr. Abbott had ceased to have any connection whatever with the Western States Passenger association, and that the business before the meeting was the election of a chairman. The balloting, which had already lasted over a day, was then resumed. Mr. Abbott's friends stood by him through several ballots, but after awhile the Rock Island was left practically alone in its support. The Rock Island, however, remained steadfast, effectually preventing the requisite unanimous votes for any of the several other candidates proposed. Finally this afternoon it was decided to abandon the attempt to elect a chairman until a future date, and the duties of the office were turned over to Thomas Thompson, chief clerk in Mr. Abbott's office, who was elected secretary in charge until further notice. The meeting then adjourned subject to the call of the presiding officer, J. F. Tucker. While the balloting was in progress, some one suggested to Mr. Abbott that he put an end to the agony by sending his resignation to the meeting. This Mr. Abbott emphatically declined to do. He had nothing to resign. He had been thrown out without a moment's warning, for what reason he did not know. The chance to resign honorably had been denied him, and his self-respect would not permit him to cringingly sanction the action of the meeting by assuming any portion of the responsibility attached to it. The managers had chosen to employ the most unfair methods to humiliate him. They had done their worst, and he had nothing to gain by resigning after the office had been taken out of his hands.

HOSTILITY EXPLAINED.

The Times says: "There are those who know the cause of Mr. Abbott's treatment. Last May the interstate commerce commission summoned before it at Washington all the passenger officials and association chairmen in the country for the purpose of finding out if the law was being complied with. Among the many who were called upon to testify before the commission was Chairman Abbott. It came out that members of the Western States Passenger association had employed private detectives to ferret out irregularities and violations of the rules of the association and report all such cases to the chairman. By this means Mr. Abbott has come in possession of much information concerning secret manipulations of passenger rates, collusion with scalpers, etc., all of which he was compelled to reveal to the commission when put on oath. A number of the Western roads were thus placed in a bad light, and while a few had the backbone to take their medicine others have been patiently waiting the opportunity to punish Mr. Abbott for daring to tell the truth. Moreover they professed the greatest friendship for him until the hour came to strike."

Justice Field Testifies.

SAN FRANCISCO, Special: In the case of Deputy United States Marshal Nagle more testimony was adduced showing that Terry habitually went armed and indulged in violent acts. Judge Field testified:

Deputy Nagle and myself entered the dining room at Lathrop for breakfast, and soon after taking our seats Judge Terry and his wife entered. As they passed down the aisle Mrs. Terry glanced at me for a moment, and then turned and left the place. Judge Terry seated himself, but arose immediately and came toward me. Before realizing what he intended to do I felt a powerful blow on my cheek. I turned around and saw Terry's giant form towering over me with his clenched fist upraised. I then heard Nagle say: "Stop, I am an officer." I then heard two pistol shots in quick succession, and saw Terry fall to the floor. I was dazed for a moment, but soon realized that Terry had received his death-wound, and I arose and left the room.

Justice Field further testified that he believed that if Nagle had not shot Terry he (Field) would have been dead within the next five seconds. The expression of Terry's face when he raised his fist to strike a second blow could not be mistaken. It was full of malice and murder. Justice Field declared he had never had any difficulty with Terry prior to the Sharon decision a year ago. They had been on the most friendly terms. Terry had often tried cases before him, and on entering court had always spoken pleasantly. During the last year or two, however, he seemed to have entirely changed, and to have lost his respect for the courts. Justice Field added that the story of his having asked Terry to support him for president some years ago was pure fiction. Justice Field was not cross examined. Mr. Nagle will probably be examined to-morrow.

REPORT OF THE MARSHAL.

WASHINGTON, Special: In his official report to the department of justice under date of Aug. 21., United States Marshal Franks of San Francisco says that in obedience to the instructions of the department, he had constantly exercised the utmost caution for the protection of Justice Field and Judge Sawyer from violence by D. S. Terry and wife. Of the assault in the dining room at Lathrop, Marshal Franks says Terry struck Justice Field twice before Deputy Marshal Nagle interfered. He continues:

Terry was a man of very large physique and of great strength. His passions were apparently beyond his own control, and he was most ready with a knife, a weapon which he himself declared he had habitually carried for thirty years. Nagle is a man of slight build, and he well knew Terry's violent character and skill with weapons. When he saw good reason to believe that Terry, so far from being deterred by official warning "to stop," was desperately determined to take the life of Justice Field and his (Nagle's) own life, Nagle prevented it in the only way any reasonable person conversant with the facts will pretend he could have done. It will be clearly shown that there were not two seconds between Justice Field's life and the shot from Nagle's pistol that saved it.

In a subsequent letter to the department, Marshal Franks denies the statements of certain papers that Nagle was a "killer" of the border ruffian type, and asserts that his reputation was that of a peaceable, law-abiding man, but of much courage, which has been proven on several occasions.

Secretary Noble's Ultimatum.

WASHINGTON, Special Telegram: Secretary Noble has settled the matter of the opening of the Sioux reservation by proclamation of the president. There have been so many diverse claims about the matter that the secretary's opinion is needed to settle the dispute. To a Newspaper correspondent the secretary said: "It is well known that two bills were passed by the last congress, both on the same day—one authorizing the secretary to negotiate with the Indians, the other authorizing the president to appoint a commission. The latter contained a proviso that the treaty should be ratified by congress. It was found necessary to abandon the former bill, and the president appointed a commission to make the treaty and gave them their instructions. I am not authorized to speak for the president, but legally the reservation cannot be opened until congress ratifies the treaty. It would not be the best policy to open the reservation in the fall. In the first place, the report of the commission has not been received. It will probably be along in due time, and will be submitted to the president. Before it can be considered the winter will be almost upon us, and if the lands were then thrown open the settlers would endure many hardships and privations. We want to proceed under the law and give the people a clear title to the lands when they are once opened. They must be patient and await the action of congress. This would seem to settle the matter."

HIS PROBABLE ACTION.

It has been stated several times in these dispatches that congressional action was necessary. All the Indian bureau officials, as well as the prominent attorneys connected with the interior department are unanimous in that opinion. The law under which the commission was appointed provides for ratification. The president named the commissioners, and their report will be submitted to him and by him to congress, as the law directs. Secretary Noble, while not speaking for the president, speaks for himself, and it is not supposable that the president will act contrary to the combined opinion of those who have given the matter so much attention.

London's Strike.

LONDON, Cable—There has been a slight break in the ranks of the employers. Five wharfingers agreed to the men's terms, and upon their wharves work is now going on to the full capacity. At the other wharves, men have congregated in large numbers, ready to go to work at a moment's notice, the wharfingers being all, so it is reported, ready to make terms with the strikers. The aspect of affairs along the Thames is much livelier than for weeks past. The men who have obtained work contribute one day's pay to the relief fund. John Burns declares that the dockmen have given the dock companies a crushing blow "between wind and water." Australia has sent £4,000 to aid the strikers. The officials of the dock companies have again called upon the police to protect the men who are at work. The shipowners made another appeal for permission to unload ships themselves, but met with a curt refusal. It is estimated that 2,000 men are now at work on the wharves. Burns, in a speech to the dockmen to-day, predicting the success of the strike, announced that the demands now made were by no means final, and when the dock companies were beaten it would not be a question of sixpence an hour for ordinary day work and eightpence an hour for overtime, but of sevenpence and ninepence, respectively. The striking dock laborers, through their managing committee, to-day give notice that resolutions of sympathy unaccompanied by cash excite no enthusiasm amongst them. With considerable bitterness toward America and the Americans they contrast the large sums subscribed for their cause in Australia and the empty resolutions of sympathy and brotherly love with which the Americans contented themselves. An attempt which was made to organize a general strike of builders, engineers and other mechanics in South London has collapsed. Five thousand steel workers in Wales threaten to strike. They demand an advance of 10 per cent in wages.

The Ten-Dollar Baby.

NEW YORK, Special: Inspector Byrne's chain of evidence against the Robert Ray Hamilton conspirators is now complete, the last link, in the shape of the identification of the $10 baby, having been welded to it to-day. On Tuesday he sent two detectives to Atlantic City with the midwife who sold the baby to the conspirators. She identified the child on sight, pointing out to the detectives the tell-tale ears. Inspector Byrnes showed her Mrs. Hamilton's picture and she instantly recognized it as that of her customer. Joshua Mann told the inspector to-day that during the last four or five years he had lived with Mrs. Hamilton as her husband, and during all time she was never, in the way of becoming a mother. He was with her constantly after her marriage to Hamilton. He says she showed him a will her husband had made in her favor. It provided that in the event of his death all his money, the family jewelry and plate should go to her and the child, and she was to be the custodian of the child till she became of age. The inspector says the mother of the bogus Hamilton baby is, and was, when the child was born, a married woman moving in good society. Conclusive evidence that Hamilton has deserted Mrs. Hamilton developed to-day. It is now probable, to say the least, that the plot was directed not only against Mr. Hamilton's happiness, but against his life as well, and that the ultimate object of the harpies was to induce him to make a will in favor of the child and then get rid of him.

Windom on Mexican Lead Ores.

KEENE, N.H., Special: Secretary Windom was seen in relation to reported retaliation on the part of the Mexican government on account of alleged rulings of the treasury department adverse to the importation into the United States of Mexican lead ores and in regard to the imposition of duties on Mexican vessels. No ruling had lately been made on the subject of lead ores, except certain instructions to the collectors of customs on the border to prevent the fraudulent importation of Mexican lead ore. In regard to imposing duties on Mexican vessels the law imposed a discrimination duty of 10 per cent on goods imported in foreign vessels except the vessels of nations with which the United States has treaties on the subject. The president is authorized to relieve the vessels of other nations from the discriminating duty upon satisfactory proof that such countries do not levy such duties on our vessels. As Mexico does levy such a discriminating duty upon goods imported in American sailing vessels there is no power to relieve her vessels of such duty.

Minnesota State Fair.

St. Paul Blazes With Rows and Arches of Many Colored Lights.

Grand Military Display on the Fair Grounds by Soldiers, Old and Young.

A scene from fairy land could not be much more brilliant than that to be seen on Third street in St. Paul. At each side of the thoroughfare were lines of colored lights arranged in graceful curves or angles. At intervals branches of many hued lights were placed, while at the intersection of the cross streets beautiful arches studded with the colored lamps spanned the street or branching from the four corners united at the center of the spaces to uphold their load of fiery gems. At Bridge square was a perfect bower of blazing color. These lines of gleaming lamps, reflected in the plate glass fronts of darkened stores, made vista after vista of Oriental beauty, finally fading away in a maze of many colors. The lateral streets, looked modestly pretty with their sprays of colored lamps as they lighted the pedestrians to the gorgeous blaze of Third street, where the mind was obliged to search literature such as the Arabian Nights to find a parallel for comparison. The ceremonies of the Veiled Prophets or the Mardi Gras of the South furnish nothing like it.

Add to this the strains of band music clear and distinct in the evening air, and it is no wonder that the streets were almost blocked with people who were eager to revel in the scene. Vehicles were forbidden the thoroughfare that is crowded with them through all the daylight hours. Clean as broom could make it the street itself became a grand promenade, along which two great streams of pleasure-seekers passed in opposite directions, while the sidewalks were crowded with spectators. From Sibley to Wabasha, back and forth the crowd sauntered, listening to the notes of light and voluptuous music while the stars seemed to blink more rapidly as if in sympathy with the gayety of the scene. As the hours quickly fled the promenaders disappeared, the crowd seemed to melt away almost as suddenly as it gathered, and the picture of light and motion, such a one as is well worth a long ride to witness, vanished, leaving only the jeweled street silent and beautiful.

MONDAY.

It may readily be said that more animals have come in during the past two days than in all the other days since the barns were opened for their reception. Especially is this true in the swine pens, enough entries having been made to more than fill the pens provided. New sheds were built yesterday morning for the swine unprovided with quarters at the regular pens. In the stock and horse departments the same is true, but in a lesser degree. The latest arrival was the Cosgrove Live Stock company's exhibit, which found place in the barns. Horse men who had horses on exhibition yesterday for the first time are: N. P. Clarke, Hugh Paul, L. C. Hogson and Field Bros. At the head of Clarke's stable is Chastler, an imported Clydesdale, a half brother of the famous McGregor, the most celebrated of the Clydes. The owner of this famous horse, Montgomery of Scotland, is now in America, and will be a visitor on the grounds to-day. Next to Chastler is a new importation, Senator, a prize winner at the Windsor Royal show last year in England. In the stalls alongside are many colts descended from McGregor. In the same barn are the Cleveland bays and English Shires of Field Bros. of Cedar Falls, Iowa. At the head of this stable is Tom Second, a Shire stallion winning the silver medal at the international horse show in Brussels last year, competing against all ages and breeds. The Fields also show Lord Chancellor, a Cleveland bay of fine pedigree and a prize winner. In his class is shown the young mare Debutante, a winner of prizes at other fairs. This stable carried away twenty-one premiums at the Des Moines contest. L. C. Higson shows French draft horses bred in this state. Mr. Higson's original purchases were mares, from which his present exhibit are descended. He has a number of natives which will compare with any imports for points. Hugh Paul of Heron Lake has on exhibition a number of Shire horses, the head of his stable being Bonnie Lad, a half-brother to Darwin the renowned, belonging to Galbraith Bros. Others of the same stable are Sir George, Stout Heart, Scarcliffe Dick, Scarcliffe Duke and Cicero, the latter the full brother of the prize winner at the London, England, horse show this year. In the cattle barns the recent arrivals are Leslie & Burwell, W. H. Jacobs of Wisconsin and others. Mr. Jacobs shows Orpheus, a Canada bred Shorthorn two years old, of the Daisy family, famous in Shorthorn annals. Welcome Chief, another bull shown in this herd, is of the Welcome family. In this herd are four yearling heifers, prize winners at the Des Moines fair. This herd also took first sweepstakes at Des Moines over any size or breed. N. P. Clarke is an exhibitor of cattle as well as horses, exhibiting a four-year-old bull, Oscar, at the head of his herd. Oscar is a Booth & Bates animal, bred in Ontario. Following him is Monarch, a Cruickshank Scotch-bred bull from the Undine family. Mr. Clarke also shows six cows as beef producers. One bull and four cows will be entered as a herd. In the sheep pens the display is now complete, nearly an entire train load having arrived on Sunday from Des Moines. George Harding of Wisconsin shows twenty head of Cotswolds. C. P. Hill of the same state has Southdowns on exhibition, while George McKerrow from Wisconsin shows thirteen South Downs, four Oxford Downs and six Shropshire Downs, making thirty-four head in all. In McKerrow's exhibit is one of the heaviest sheep known, being a ram weighing over 350 pounds. T. N. Porter also shows sheep. In the swine departments the display has more particularly increased. Mr. Porter shows a fine lot of Berkshires. Mr. Alex Arnold also has on exhibit a good display of the blue-black Berkshires. P. D. Rockway is an exhibitor of the same breed. A number of the new breed Victorias are also found among the swine at the grounds. Chester Whites have also been brought upon the grounds, but not having pens ready for their reception were still in the crates in which they were shipped. In the Poland China class, G. W. Plank shows twenty-six beauties. C. D. Smith also shows an equal number of the same breed. In this class, C. E. Hancock also has shown twenty-five hogs. The heaviest hog shown in this class is a boar weighing over seven hundred pounds.

At the racing stables there are more entries than there are accommodations. More than one hundred horses have been entered for the running races alone, and with the large number of trotting entries, crowd the capacity of the stables to their utmost. The poultry departments are the musical places now, at least a carload of cackling, honking, growing, quacking specimens of the feathered creatures having been unloaded and given place in the sheds devoted to the fowls. Toulon geese, China Whites, Great Bronze and Snow White turkeys, Games, Light Brahmas, Leghorns, Langshans, Shanghais, Silver Polish and every other variety and kind known to fowl fanciers of the state. In all the parts of the stock exhibit, horses, cattle, sheep, swine, chickens, geese and ducks, the display is full, complete and overrunning.

TUESDAY.

Old soldiers and young mingled on the fair grounds yesterday. From any point of vantage, looking over the grounds, everywhere could be seen the blue uniforms and gay badges of those who had in the past, or were ready in the future to obey the nation's call to arms. The grounds wore a holiday aspect. The national banner, with its beautiful coloring and with its forty-two silver stars set in an azure background, was everywhere visible, flying in the cool autumn breeze. Bands of music were playing martial music, and everywhere could be heard the rat-tat-tat of the drum and the fife's shrill scream. There were pretty daughters of veterans in blue, wearing the coquettish military cap. Battle-scarred veterans were there with their wives and families. They were the honored guests of the day. When the militia, the national guard, marched upon the grounds, headed by the detachment of the older men bearing the two-score bullet and age-worn relics which are all that remain of the silken banners, the work of loved and loving hands a generation ago, under which they had marched and charged, their enthusiasm and emotion was intense. They crowded about the marching troops and let imagination carry them back a quarter of a century when they had marched forth to battle. It was withal a pleasing and touching sight.

The feature of the day was the appearance of the three regiments of infantry of the state militia and the battalion of mounted troops in separate and combined field evolutions. In all about twelve hundred men were present in the four organizations, thoroughly uniformed and equipped, and in a high state of drill and military discipline. It was the opportunity of a lifetime for the national guard of the state. The people learned, perhaps for the first time, the proficiency of their militia, which demonstrated to a large extent the probability of their efficiency in time of local or national disturbances. The boys acquitted themselves nobly.

It is estimated that there were fully fifty thousand people on the grounds yesterday. The capacity of the big grand stand was fully tested and the hall to the east of the track was black with people, while thousands of others were wandering about the grounds. Military day was all in all a complete success.

In the fruit department the display is now very complete, and is one of the most attractive of the many features in the agricultural hall. Prominent among apple growers is William Sommerville of Olmsted county, who shows seventy-three varieties of apples, embracing fifty-three of the larger varieties, with twenty kinds of hybrids and crabs. The principal varieties are Duchess of Oldenburg, Autumn Streaked, McMahon, White, Red Black, Charley Moth, red and yellow Anis and the well known Wealthy. There are included in the display twenty-seven new Russian varieties, which have been shown to be the hardiest apples for this country. Another exhibitor is A. W. Latham of Excelsior. Mr. Latham shows over forty varieties of grapes, the Concord grape being the principal one. Other varieties are the Golden Pocklington, Moore's Early Lady, Rodgers, Worden and that old stand-by, the Delaware, so commonly grown all over the Northwest. Mr. Latham's exhibit has been arranged so that it presents a very pleasing picture—the light and dark colors being regularly placed. One of the heavy exhibitors of small fruit is F. G. Gould of Excelsior, well known as the grower of the grapes which received the first premium at the New Orleans exposition in competition with the grape-growing states of California and Ohio.

In addition there are numerous displays of plums, cherries and hybrid apples. One noticeable fruit exhibited was a seedling plum grown by C. W. H. Heideman at New Ulm. The Jewell Nursery Company of Lake City shows a large number of new seedling apples, many of the varieties having been originated by them. J. S. Harris also shows a large and varied assortment of apples and hybrids. On Monday there seemed no prospect that there would be any display of fruits, as the space allotted for it was almost entirely unoccupied. Yesterday the room was insufficient for the amount of fruit brought, or for a very showy placing of the same. There are now on exhibit over 150 varieties of apples, and many specimens of the same variety. Near the fruit exhibit is shown the floral display, a verdant bank of beauty, attracting more attention and admiration from the lady visitors than any other feature. There are also some beautiful floral designs done in cut flowers. Some designs arranged to advertise a city firm were beautiful in artistic excellence. A new shipment of fruit was received in the Northern Pacific pavilion yesterday from Walla Walla, Wash.; also a case of wool samples, enclosed in a case made from the various woods grown in Oregon and Washington.

As to Crops.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—The September crop report of the department of agriculture makes the general average of corn 91, a reduction of nearly 5 points; of winter wheat, when harvested, 89.4, from 92 on July 1, of spring wheat 83.9, an increase from 81.2 in August. This makes the general average of all wheat 87.6. The general condition of oats is 90, instead of 92.3 last month; of rye, 91.6; of barley, 88.9, instead of 90.6; of buckwheat, 92.1, instead of 95.2; of tobacco, 76.2, a reduction from 84.4. The peacentage of stock hogs available for fattening is 101, condition 98. The corn crop is a week late in a large proportion of its breadth. On the Atlantic coast rains were excessive, and floods injured fields in bottom lands. Early in the season temperature was low, interfering with germination and cultivation. The uplands enjoyed conditions favorable to rapid growth. In the Ohio valley and lake region there has been a marked reduction of condition during the last month from drought following the heavy rains of early summer. In Ohio and Indiana there was previous injury of bottom-land crops by floods. In Michigan and Wisconsin the effects of drought and other influences are most injurious. There is complaint of drought west of the Mississippi, too late in the season for serious reduction. West of the Missouri conditions have been more favorable than in any other part of the country, and the crop is very large.

In the seven surplus states the figures for condition are:

Ohio 81, a loss of 6 points; Indiana 81, loss of 6 points; Illinois 87, loss of 3 points; Iowa 94, loss of 6 points; Missouri 93, loss of 3 points; Kansas, 98; Nebraska, 96.

The reduction in winter wheat, as compared with the July report, is in New York, Pennsylvania, Michigan, California and in some of the Southern states. The quality of Western grain, as shown by its grading, is comparatively poor, and will affect weight and intrinsic value. The condition of spring wheat is reported higher than in August in the northern portion of the belt, and slightly lower in Iowa and Nebraska, as follows:

Wisconsin	93	Iowa	93	Dakota	65
Minnesota	96	Nebraska	98		

The local rates of yield in Dakota are extremely variable, ranging from 1 to 20 bushels per acre.

Great Havoc Wrought.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 10.—A severe wind-storm, accompanied by rain, has prevailed in this city and vicinity all day. The damaging storm which has prevailed along the Atlantic coast since Sunday still continues, and reports received here indicate that the damage to railroad lines entering Atlantic City, Cape May, Sea Isle City, Ocean City and other coast resorts is very great. The latest reports were that the heavy northeast wind was growing heavier, and that there was no sign of cessation. Ocean City is almost entirely under water. Grave fears are entertained for the property at Atlantic City, as well as for the lives of the residents, for there would be no way of escape should the condition become more threatening. Up to a late hour to-night communication by telegraph had not been had with any point on the coast between the Delaware breakwater and Atlantic City. At Lewes, Del., the wind has been blowing a gale all day and at 9 p. m. is unabated. Telegraphic communication with the breakwater was destroyed about 9 o'clock this morning. The schooners Allen A. Covert, Henry M. Clarke, J. F. Becker, Byron M., Maud Seward, Norena, Gertrude Summers, and four unknown schooners are ashore. A special from Cape May says the wind, which increased in force through the night, made the tide of the morning the highest for thirteen years. The greatest apprehensions are felt concerning the tide, which will reach its highest to-night.

AN EARTHQUAKE IN PENNSYLVANIA.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Sept. 10.—People in this city to-night were considerably agitated by a sharp shock of earthquake which occurred at 8:15 o'clock. Buildings here, in Ashley, Kingston, Pittston and surrounding country trembled for several seconds vigorously enough to rattle glassware and crockery, and in some cases to throw them onto the floor. So far as can be learned no property has been damaged or persons injured.

THE CAUSE.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—A statement from the United States hydrographic office thus explains the pending tidal wave:

A hurricane, or "revolving storm," as sailors call it on account of its marked rotary character, is a great whirlwind, with winds of terrific violence near the center of the whirl. The actual velocity of the wind in a hurricane is, no doubt, very often as great as 150 miles an hour. Now, the motion of the whole storm along its track may be only fifteen or twenty miles an hour. The tremendous waves that are started by these violent winds easily outrun the storm, and are felt at great distances from it on every side. Moreover, the inrushing and whirling winds, together with the reduced barometric pressure at the storm center (acting as a partial vacuum) caused a general elevation of the surface of the sea, so that its level at the center is actually higher than at points beyond the storm area. This is called the storm wave, and it is this that causes the terrible floods that often occur when a hurricane reaches the land. The heavy surf that has been reported is therefore explained by the fact that a severe hurricane has been traveling up the coast from the West Indies, and was probably central off Hatteras Sunday morning.

As to Tanner.

WASHINGTON, Special Telegram, Sept. 10.—There are many wild rumors flying about to-night in reference to the commissioner of pensions, though it is impossible to trace them to any reliable source. One says that Corporal Tanner's resignation is now in the hands of the president and will be shortly accepted. Coupled with these statements is the refutation of the rumor that Tanner is to be given the post of register of the treasury now occupied by Gen. Rosecrans. The general, it is said, must go because the president has just discovered that he is drawing very good pay as a retired officer of the regular army, and he will not be charged with unkindness to old soldiers by giving his place to another man. Another rumor about Corporal Tanner is that Senator Hiscock of New York, Secretary Noble and Gov. Foster called upon the president to-day and that Senator Hiscock, on behalf of the New York Republicans, consented to Tanner's dismissal, the only matter undecided being when he should go. It is said that Gov. Foster represented the Ohio Republicans and gave his views of the effect it would have on Republican campaign in that state. Coupled with Mr. Foster's visit is the statement that Foster was also urging the claims of Gen. Warner, his late associate on the Sioux commission, for Tanner's place.

These Are Patented.

WASHINGTON, Special Telegram, Sept. 10.—The following patents have been issued to Northwestern inventors:

Minnesota—Clarence E. Ashwort, Minneapolis, pipe for mining machine; Julius Henning, Minneapolis, metal spindle; Fred N. Lang, Minneapolis, automatic race course; John A. Windlick and P. Lynch, St. Paul, locomotive spring; Clarence O. White, Minneapolis, coin controlled measuring faucet. Dakota—Thomas R. Rosler, Sioux Falls, fire extinguisher; Gustave Sacks, Valley City, ornamenting gun barrels.

THE DAY IS AT HAND.

Dr. Talmage, Having Returned from a Trip, Delivers a Sermon from His Own Pulpit.

BROOKLYN, N. Y. Special: The Rev. T. De Witt Talmage, D. D., was welcomed home Sunday by an overflowing congregation. At the opening of the service the hymn begin ning

"Welcome, sweet day of rest
That saw the Lord arise"

was sung with fine effect. Dr. Talmage's subject was "The Sunrise," and his text, "The day is at hand." Romans, xiii, 12. He said:

Back from the mountains and the seaside and the springs and the farm-house, your cheek bronzed and your spirits lighted, I hail you again with the words of Gehazi to the Shunam mite: "Is it well with thee? Is it well with thy husband? Is it well with the child?" Yes, we have come to the mark of recent grief, but all along the track of travel I saw the story of resurrection and reunion when all sense are done, the deep plowing of the keel followed by the flash of the gleaming oar.

Now that I have asked you in regard to your welfare you naturally ask how I am. Very well thank you. Whether on the bracing air of the Colorado mountains, 12,000 feet above the level of this sea, or the tonic atmosphere of the Pacific coast or a bath in the surf of Long Island beach, or whether it is the joy of standing in this great group of warm-hearted friends, or whether it is a new appreciation of the good, news of God I can not tell. I simply know I am grandly and gloriously and inexpressibly happy. It is said that John Mudford, the great Methodist preacher, occasionally got lost in his sermon, and to extricate himself he would cry "Hallelujah!" I am in no such predicament just now, but I am full of the same chronic fascination. Starting out with this morning on a new ecclesiastic year, I want to give you the key-note of my next twelve months' ministry. I want to set it to the tune of Antioch, Ariel, and Coronation. Into the spare we had a new step put in this engine—a new trumpet stop—and I want to put a new trumpet stop into my sermons.

The first ray of the dawn I see in the great and substantial of dogmatic nihilism human batchery. For the last twenty-five years these have been international differences which would have brought about a war in any other day but this when people so ably adjusted the scales, taking the place of the sword.

That Alabama question in my other age of the world would have caused war between the United States and England. Had was it settled? Per mer of war off the Narrows, or off Liverpool? By the gulf stream of the ocean crossed by a gulf stream of human blood? By the harbor of eastern commerce dried? No. A few men got into a quiet room at Geneva, and they talked it over and telegraph to Washington and to London. All settled. Peace! Peace! Peace! Pay to the United States the amount awarded—a few paltry more than she ought to have paid. But still all said Alabama boil is set. God—settled. Arbitration the wonderful battle

So the quarrel eight or nine years ago about the Canadian fisheries in my other age would have caused war between the United States and England. England said: "Pay us for the fisheries or we'll declare war." The United States said: "I will not pay you a dollar. Well, we compromised. Lgissa we had better leave the whole matter to a commission. The commission was appointed and the commission examines the affair, and the commission reports that the United States pay we need pay us $5,500,000. Now, I point of danger itself out, not to the present generation, but to our last grandchild, not to one hair or much as the scratch of a pin. Arbitration the wonderful battle

So the Samoan controversies in my other age would have brought about war between the United States and Germany. I will not pay my Uncle Sam's money to Bismarck. Well, we had better leave the whole matter to a commission. The commission is appointed and the commission examines the affair, and the commission reports that the United States pay we need pay us $500,000. Now, I point of danger itself out, not to the present generation, but to our last grandchild, not to one hair or much as the scratch of a pin. Arbitration the wonderful battle

So the Samoan controversies in my other age would have brought about war between the United States and Germany. I will not pay my Uncle Sam's money to Bismarck. But all settled. Arbitration is an unanswered question. I find another one of the clouds in the room, opinion of the world's destiny. What is how send the utmost impossible thing would have happened? Why, the world has with 1,000,000 men of population and no locks of wool on the shoulders, but now with 1,500,000,000 of population and no one has a sheep's skin on the scratch of a pin. Arbitration the wonderful battle

So the present controversies in my other age would have brought about war between the United States and Mexico. But all settled. Arbitration is an unanswered question. I find another one of the clouds in the room, opinion of the world's destiny. What is how send the utmost impossible thing would have happened? Why, the world has with 1,000,000 men of population and no locks of wool on the shoulders, but now with 1,500,000,000 of population and no one has a sheep's skin on the scratch of a pin. Arbitration the wonderful battle

So the Samoan controversies in my other age would have brought about war between the United States and Germany. I will not pay my Uncle Sam's money to Bismarck

Fine Fall and Winter Suits

And Overcoats.

Geo. N. DAY,

(Successor to DAY & MEAGHER,)

Has just opened the Largest and most magnificent line of

CLOTHING

Ever Shown in the City.

Men's Fine Prince Albert Suits.
Men's Fine Cutaway Suits,
Men's Fine Business Suits.

200 SUITS FOR BOYS

11 to 18 years of age, in all grades from $5.00 to $20.00.

300 children's short pants, suits, in all styles and qualities from $2.50 to $10.00.

Mens Fine Overcoats.
Boys Fine Overcoats.
Childrens Fine Overcoats.

1000 pairs men's single pants in every conceivable style and price from 75 cents to $9.00.

Children's Knee Pants in Great Variety.

GEO. N. DAY.

Wholesale. Retail.

HARNESS SHOP

CORNER LAUREL AND SIXTH STREETS.

Keep on hand an assortment of everything in the line.

Harness, Nets Whips, Curbs

BRUSHES, BRIDLES, SADDLES, COLLARS.

D. W. WHITFORD.

Fine Outfits Made a Specialty

SUNDBERG
—THE—
JEWELER!

Spectacles and Eye-Glasses Fitted by Spencer's Opthalmoscopic Test!

Fine Line of Silverware.

THE DRUG STORE,

36 FRONT STREET,

Keeps constantly on hand a full and complete line of

Pure Drugs,

Patent Medicines and Toilet Articles.

Orders by Mail Promptly Attended to. Physician's Prescriptions Compounded with care. Night Bell promptly responded to.

N. McFADDEN, Prop.

M. HAGBERG,

Wholesale and Retail

GROCER,

has a large and complete stock of

Staple and Fancy Groceries, Flour and Feed, Provisions, etc.

M. HAGBERG,

Odd Fellows' Block.

Brainerd Dispatch.

Official Paper of Crow Wing County, Also Cass and Itasca.

N. H. Ingersoll, F. W. Wieland, } Editors and Proprietors.

Issued every Friday morning at Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota, from rooms 6 and 7, Sleeper block. Terms $1.50 per year. Finest job printing office in the city.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota as second class matter.

LOCAL TIME TABLE.

Arrival and Departure of Northern Pacific Trains.

No. 1 arrives from the South at 9:20 p. m. Departs going West at 9:30 p. m.
No. 2 arrives from the West at 11:30 a. m. Departs going South at 12:30 p. m.
No. 3 arrived from the South at 1:20 a. m. Departs going West at 1:50 a. m.
No. 4 arrives from the West at 4:35 a. m. Departs going South at 5:35 a. m.
No. 5 arrives from the South at 1:20 p. m. Departs going West at 1:50 p. m. daily, except Sunday.
No. 6 arrives from the West at 1:30 p. m. Departs going South at 1:30 p. m. daily, except Sunday.
No. 7 arrives from Duluth and Ashland at 9:00 p. m. daily.
No. 8 departs for Duluth, and Ashland at 12:30 p. m. daily.
No. 9 arrives from Duluth at 1:00 a. m. daily.
No. 10 departs for Duluth at 8:00 a. m., daily.
No. 11 connects at West Superior with train for Ashland, Hurley and through sleepers Duluth to Chicago via Wisconsin Central, Sunday.
No. 1 hauls the Winnipeg train, which is cut off at Winnipeg Junction.
No. 2 connects at Wadena with the Fergus Falls branch train.
No. 3 connects at little Falls with Little Falls & Dakota trains, except Sunday.
Holders of second class tickets to points on the Pacific coast, or west of Butte City, will be carried on No. 1, leaving Brainerd at 9:45 p. m.
No. 18 freight goes south 6:00 a. m. ex. Sunday.
No. 19 " " " north 7:00 a. m. ex. Sunday.
No. 33 " " " west 7:00 a. m. Sunday.
No. 17 freight arrives from South 7:00 p. m.
No. 12 " " " east 6:45 p. m.
No. 20 " " " west 5:00 p. m.

Local News Notes.

Max Shapiro was in the city from Tower this week.

F. E. Potter and wife were in St. Paul on Tuesday.

John Cochran returned yesterday morning from his trip to Kansas.

S. G. Wightman, formely of this city, will open a real estate office in Duluth.

The new undertaking establishment will be opened by E. W. Lynch on Laurel street.

Nearly all the members of the band and Co. K returned from the state fair last night.

A St. Paul paper says S. B. Hitt, of Brainerd, has a pumpkin at the state fair weighing 164 pounds.

Ed. Dickinson shipped a car load of cattle to Brainerd this week, for Chas. Kinkle, at that place.—Verndale Journal.

The Y. M. C. A. reception which was to be held Friday of this week has been postponed until Friday evening, Sept. 20th.

Look in the window at F. G. Sundberg's jewelry store and see the grand display of ladies' gold watches, diamond rings, etc.

A. L. Hoffman was elected secretary of the board of trade on Monday evening and Judge Holland a director in place of O. H. Havill.

The Young Ladies Guild of the Episcopal church will give a social in the Guild rooms on Thursday evening next. All are cordially invited.

Frank Cannon is under arrest charged with assault and battery by his wife. The trial will take place on Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock.

The Northern Pacific is having its track fenced from Brained westward to Aldrich, beyond that point being already fenced. The crew has reached Motley.—Register.

The work of cruising the lands belonging to the Northern Pacific in Minnesota, which it is proposed to sell to Peter Musser and others, is still in progress.—Lumberman.

The Little Falls Transcript says that D. S. Mooers has purchased 640 acres more of land near Ft. Ripley. He believes that within the next few years there will be a great increase in value of farming lands in this vicinity.

Charley Greeves returned to Brainerd from his Dakota farm on Monday, driving with a team from Hillsboro, the trip taking six days. Mr. Greeves reports a very poor crop in Traill county this year on account of drouth.

A fellow by the name of Frank Reynold escaped from the city jail on Tuesday while M. H. McCabe was giving the prisoners their dinner, and has not been recaptured. Reynolds was in for stealing an overcoat from the Merchants Hotel.

The Chicago Hearld says that Geo. Leopold was not in that city for the sole purpose of buying goods for his store in Brainerd, Minn., but was in search of going to housekeeping. Inasmuch as George returned to Brainerd alone on Monday we are led to believe that the article was a base slander.

A very serious accident was averted by the presence of mind of Dr. J. L. Camp on Tuesday last. In company with Mrs. Ed. Hazen and Mrs. McCune he was enjoying a boat ride on Long Lake, and during the course of the ride one of the ladies caught quite a large fish. In attempting to land it in the boat she lost her balance and the entire party were precipitated into the lake. Dr. Camp managed to keep the ladies afloat until assistance arrived, although they were a mile from shore and barring a bad ducking and worse scare the party were placed in safety on land.

It came sooner than expected, the solid silverware which I have been waiting for arrived this morning and is now ready for inspection.

Respectfully,
F. G. SUNDBERG,
Jeweler.

Sixth street south, next door to Lumberman's Bank.

Complete.

C. M. Patek's furniture store, corner Sixth and Laurel street. Two floors, 25x80.

Gloves and Mittens.

For all the latest novelties in gloves and mittens call at

J. J. KENNEDY & Co's.

J. H. Rhodes, of Little Falls, is in the city to-day.

E. M. Westfall is making some extensive improvements at his Eighth street residence. He is putting in a steam heating apparatus.

Rev. E. J. Brownson will resign his office of county superintendent of schools, and it is reported on the street that the commissioners will appoint Rev. Geo. H. Davis to fill the vacancy.

On Sunday evening next at the M. E. Church, Dr. Kate Bushnell will deliver a lecture on social purity. The address will be one worth hearing as the lady is a fine speaker and thoroughly posted on the topic. The house should be filled.

There are a good many people who are not aware of the fact that raffles are against the law in this state. The penal code shows that any person who gets up such a scheme or assists in any such drawing is liable to imprisonment in the state prison for two years, and any person having anything to do with the sale of tickets or anything else pertaining thereto is guilty of a misdemeanor and liable to a fine and imprisonment. There probably is not a city in the state of its size that has as many raffles as Brainerd.

Northern Pacific Bank of Brainerd.

A meeting of the stockholders of the new bank will be held on Monday next to perfect a permanent organization and elect a president, vice-president and cashier, and at which time the final arrangements will be completed for opening the institution for business. It was first thought that the name would be the "Citizen's Bank of Brainerd," but upon further consideration it has been decided to call the bank "The Northern Pacific Bank of Brainerd." At the meeting held on Monday last at which C. N. Parker presided, it was decided that $25,000 was all the capital that would be required at present and accordingly the subscriptions, which amounted to $33,000, was cut down to that amount, but the right is reserved to increase the stock to $100,000 at any time should the business require. The amounts subscribed by stockholders will be paid in on Monday next. The board of directors consists of C. N. Parker, H. W. Topping, Sam. Walker, J. J. Howe, J. W. Koop, J. N. Nevers, M. Hagberg, J. L. Camp and A. V. Snyder. A committee consisting of J. N. Nevers, H. W. Topping and L. E. Lum was appointed to secure suitable rooms for the bank with full power to act.

Will Visit Gull River.

The Brainerd Y. M. C. A. Glee Club will give an entertainment at the school house at Gull River on Tuesday evening, Sept. 17th, consisting of solos, quartettes, etc. Recitations will be given by Miss Louise Hanke, of Minneapolis, and others. The admission will be 25 cents, the proceeds to be used for the benefit of the Y. M. C. A. building in Brainerd. The doors will be open at 7 p. m., and the people of Gull River cannot fail to miss this opportunity as the entertainment will be very interesting.

Social Purity.

Sunday evening, Sept. 15th, Dr. Kate Bushnell, of Evanston, Ill., will give an address on "Social Purity," in the M. E. church. Dr. Bushnell will also give an address on Monday evening at 8 o'clock at the Congregational church, and one to "ladies only" on Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock, at same place. Let the house be filled to hear this gifted woman on this subject which is of such vital importance to us as a people and as a nation. Admittance free.

"I never heard a woman speak with more peculiar power than she does."—Mrs. Gertrude M. Singleton, Supt. Social Purity, Evanston, Ill., W. C. T. U.

"The meeting was very largely attended, and Miss Bushnell's address was listened to with rapt attention and sincere appreciation which attests her popularity."—Pioneer Press.

Refers to Stivers' Journal.

The Journal for two weeks past has been publishing an article reflecting on one of our well known citizens. It simply calls attention to the splendid stock of goods which Mr. Henry I. Cohen has brought to this city this fall.

Read it!

The Weekly Shoot.

The shoot of the gun club on Tuesday was poorly attended on account of so many of the members being absent from the city in quest of real live birds. The first lodge remains in the hands of the secretary, no member making the requisite score of twelve or over to win it from I. U. White. The second badge was won by Ingersoll, and the six to ten badge by Westfall, he having to shoot off a tie for it with White and Veon. The score made was as follows:

White	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1—8
Ball	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1—9
McGrath	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1—10
Atherton	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—3
Ingersoll	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1—9
Veon	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1—6
Westfall	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1—9
Daughtry	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
Dunnell	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—1
Westfall	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1—6

LaBar and Wolff came in after the regular shoot was over, making a score of six and eleven respectively, too late to compete for badges.

Every piece of furniture at reduced prices at C. M. Patek's.

An Invitation.

Ladies wishing to examine our cloak stock are cordially invited to call, as we take pleasure in displaying these goods. Our stock is all in, and is sharp.

HENRY I. COHEN.

Headquarters.

Headquarters for nobby, flexible, stiff hats. An unequaled stock for men, and prices always the lowest.

J. J. KENNEDY & Co.

All wall paper and decorations at actual cost at C. M. PATEK'S.

"I NEVER SAW ANYTHING like it."
Meaning what a lady said about our stock of new dress trimmings.

HENRY I. COHEN.

A Coming Event.

Invitations have been issued for the wedding of Miss Rose Grandemyer, of this city, to Chas. D. Parker, of Minneapolis, on Wednesday evening of next week, Sept. 18th. The ceremony will take place at the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. C. Grandelmyer, at 8 o'clock, and will be private, only the immediate members of the families being present. From 9 until 11 o'clock the wedding reception will take place. The occasion will be an elaborate one and has awakened much interest in society circles during the past week. Among the guests who will be present from abroad are Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Parker, Mr. A. A. Nagle, Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Dana, Miss Irma Mueller, and Mr. Arthur Goodwin, of Minneapolis, Mrs. M. E. Parker and Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Pipkin, of Boscobel, Wis.

DEATHS.

ABEAR—At his home in this city on Sunday, Sept. 8th, 1889, of infirmities, growings out of his service in the army, Triffle Abear, aged 62 years.

The deceased was an old resident of this city and an old soldier, having served in Co. I, 7th Minnesota Infantry. The funeral services were held from the Catholic church on Tuesday afternoon, Rev. Fr. Watry officiating.

MENTZER—In this city, on Monday, Sept. 9th, 1889, Wm. G. Mentzer, aged 63 years.

An infant daughter of C. Hendrickson, aged three days, died last night.

August Carlson, a railroad man from Glendive, died at the Sanitarium on Saturday morning last.

A four month's old child of Mr. and Mrs. E. Pepin died yesterday afternoon and will be buried to-day. Mr. Pepin is absent in Dakota.

Charged With Rape.

Thos. Holdship was arrested on Sunday charged with having committed rape upon the person of Frances Henkel, a girl sixteen years of age. Holdship is a man probably 45 years of age, a painter by trade and has been in and about the city for some time. The girl has been in the habit of selling flowers about the streets, and she claims the man enticed her into his room in the Oth building and while there committed the deed. She was afraid to make the matter known and it was through other parties that Officer Deroech was make known of the facts. Holdship, we are informed, denies that any force was used, but says the girl willingly consented. He was brought before Judge Fleming on Monday afternoon, but the examination was continued until Tuesday, and he was bound over, and is in jail in default of bail. It is understood that his case will be brought direct before the grand jury, which will be in session at that time.

Snap and Push

Has brought into your midst the finest assortment of dry goods ever shown in Brainerd. It can be found at

HENRY I. COHEN'S
Store.

Will Help Loggers.

Work has been commenced with such vigor on the Duluth & Winnipeg railway that the probabilities are that the promise made that the loggers on the upper Missinippi will be able to take their supplies by rail this winter, will be fulfilled. Mr. C. H. Davis, one of the projectors of the road, is sanguine that this means a great deal to the loggers. He thinks if they can avoid the long tote road between Aitkin and Grand Rapids they will save 50 cents a thousand on the cost of getting out the logs. The opening of the road will come at an opportune time. Without it a good many loggers would have been put to the expense of hauling more than the average amount of hay into the woods. In ordinary years hay is readily cut in the "upper country," near the logging camps. But if the reports are to be believed, hay is scarce this season. It is likley, however, that much less logging will be done on the upper Mississippi this year than last, because so large a number of logs have been carried over in the streams.—Lumberman.

Parlor suits and parlor furniture at a discount at C. M. PATEK'S.

The Woolly West

Passengers on the Northern Pacific road are accustomed to all the delights of modern travel, another little innovation was given to east-bound passengers at Kimberly station Wednesday afternoon. A baggageman at Aitkin and the postmaster at Kimberly have long cherished a grudge, and they met Wednesday while the passenger train was at the latter station and fought it out according to the latest Northern Pacific Junction rules. Meanwhile the train was being delayed—but a hot box opportunity developed itself—until seven rounds had been fought and the spectators declared the affair a draw.—Duluth Herald.

$20 will buy a bed room suit with plate glass 20x24, complete with woven wire spring and mattress at C. M. PATEK'S.

It came sooner than expected, the solid silverware which I have been waiting for arrived this morning and is now ready for inspection.

Respectfully,
F. G. SUNDBERG,
Jeweler.

Sixth street south, next door to Lumberman's Bank.

BIDS.

Sealed proposals will be received at Auditor's office, up to 10 a. m., Tuesday, Oct. 1st, for stone foundation under part of the bents under Mississippi river bridge on east side of river for removing sand washed over the culs. Plans and specifications can be seen at Auditor's office. The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

LOUIS TACHE,
County Auditor.

Mohair plush platform rockers, all colors, at $5 each. Cheapest rocker in the market at C. M. PATEK'S.

The District Court.

The September term of the district court for the Fifteenth Judicial District will open in this city on Monday next at 11 a. m., Judge G. W. Holland presiding From present indications the term will be all of two weeks duration if not longer, depending considerably upon the action of the grand jury in matters that will be brought to their notice. In the two Hefferen cases against the Northern Pacific road special juries have been summoned. Through the courtesy of Deputy Clerk Chipperfield we are enabled to publish the calender below:

CIVIL DOCKET.

James Gardner vs. City of Brainerd. W. S. McClenahan for plaintiff, J. N. True for defendant.

Jno. L. Berg vs. Malcolm McLaren. G. S. Fernald for plaintiff, Taylor Calhoun & Rhodes for defendant.

Gull River Lumber Co. vs. Chas. Backer. G. S. Fernald for plaintiff, A. G. Broker for defendant.

Chas. Kinkle vs. T. Barrett, J. N. True for plaintiff, Leon E. Lum for defendant.

Ruben L. Searfoss vs. City of Brainerd. J. N. True for plaintiff, W. S. McClenahan for defendant.

Casper Carsten vs. Northern Pacific Railroad Co. J. B. Douglas and J. N. True for plaintiff, Jas. C. Bullock, Jr., for defendant.

Anthony Nolan, etal., vs. Brainerd Driving Park Association, etal. J. N. True for plaintiff, W. S. McClenahan for defendant.

A. Nolan and H. M. Newell vs. Edward Hazen, etal. J. N. True for plaintiffs, Leon E. Lum for defendant.

Casper Carsten vs. Northern Pacific Railroad Co. J. B. Douglas and J. N. True for plaintiff, Jas. C. Bullock, Jr., for defendant.

Anthony Nolan, etal., vs. Brainerd Driving Park Association, etal. J. N. True for plaintiff, W. S. McClenahan for defendant.

Fulton and Longstaff vs. J. C. Flynn. J. N. True for plaintiff, Taylor, Calhoun & Rhodes for defendant.

Mary H. Pennell vs. J. B. Douglas and Henry Spalding. J. N. True for plaintiff, Leon E. Lum for defendants.

Joseph Kobe vs. Benj. Lovely. W. S. McClenahan for plaintiff, J. N. True for defendant.

W. S. McClenahan, receiver of the Mississippi Water Power & Boom Co. vs. The Brainerd Water Co. Ambrose Tighe for plaintiff, Jackson & Atwater for defendant.

Central Trust Co., of New York, vs. W. S. McClenahan, receiver, etal. Butler, Stillman & Hubbard and Harris Richardson for plaintiff, Ambrose Tighe for defendant, McClenahan.

A. L. Hoffman vs. N. P. R. R. Co. J. B. Douglas and J. N. True for plaintiff, Jno. C. Bullitt for defendant.

Patrick Hefferen vs. N. P. R. R. Co. Adams & Quinn for plaintiff, Jno. C. Bullitt for defendant.

Thomas Hefferen, an infant by guardian vs. N. P. R. R. Co. Adams & Quinn for plaintiff, Jno. C. Bullitt for defendant.

CRIMINAL DOCKET.

State of Minnesota vs. Henry T. Mooers. Leon E. Lum, county attorney.

State of Minnesota vs. O. W. Kingston. A. G. Broker, county attorney, Wadena county, Hartshorn & Coppernoll for defendant.

State of Minnesota vs. Geo. L. Lewis. Leon E. Lum, county attorney.

There have been bound over to await the action of the grand jury the following parties:

Perry Duff, larceny.
Robert Lee Whitney, bastardy.
W. A. Stickson, housebreaking.
Wm. Cumberworth, larceny.
Wm. A. Crummel, robbery.
Wm. Crummel, assault and battery.
James Bell, robbery.
May Havill, robbery.

The Ball Game.

The game of ball at the fair grounds on Sunday last drew a large number of lovers of the game to that place to witness the contest between St. Cloud and the home nine. Our boys were outplayed by the St. Cloud umpire, assisted partially by the visiting nine as the score below will indicate. The St. Cloud boys have some heavy batters in their club but we doubt if they will beat the Brainerd club as badly on the return game which will be played at St. Cloud next week, provided an umpire is secured who knows a little bit about the game and is impartial:

BRAINERD.	AB	R	IB	PO	A	E
Rogers, c	6	2	2	9	1	3
Camm, 1b	6	0	1	8	1	3
Howe, 2b	6	0	2	1	2	4
White, ss	6	2	3	2	3	2
Heath, 3b	6	3	2	2	2	2
Whitaker, lf	6	3	3	1	0	2
Riggs, p	6	3	0	2	11	1
Parker, cf	6	4	3	1	0	0
Cooley, rf	6	0	0	1	0	2
Totals	54	14	17	27	20	20

ST. CLOUD.	AB	R	IB	PO	A	E
Cantillion, 2b	7	0	0	6	2	2
Lewis, 3b	7	6	0	1	0	3
Visner, c	7	3	2	12	5	4
Gribler, ss	7	3	1	2	1	2
Robinson, rf	6	1	0	1	0	1
Moore, lf	6	3	3	2	0	1
Vosberg, cf	6	2	1	0	0	1
Tow, 1b	6	2	1	9	1	0
Chute, p	6	1	2	2	12	1
Totals	59	24	12	27	21	15

Brainerd.....1 2 2 0 5 2 0 1 1—14
St. Cloud.....2 6 0 0 2 5 3 4 2—24

Earned runs, Brainerd 3, St. Cloud 5; two base hits, Parker, Whitaker, Howe, Visner, Moore; three base hit, Visner; home run, Rogers; base on balls, by Riggs 6, by Chute 7; struck out, by Riggs 9, by Chute 11; hit by pitched ball, Brainerd 4, St. Cloud 3; double plays, Howe, Camm and Rogers, Cantillian and Tow; wild pitches, Riggs 1, Chute 2; passed balls, Visner 1, Rogers 3; stolen bases, Brainerd 8, St. Cloud 3; left on bases, St. Cloud 8, Brainerd 9; time, 2:45; umpire, Fred Lowe, of St. Cloud.

Crow Wing Items.

Malon Mayo is attending the state fair at Minneapolis this week.

W. H. Everest's little son Ralph was very sick for a few days last week.

Rumor says we are to have another wedding in this vicinity soon. Kris, wonder who it will be?

Mrs. E. M. Phelps and daughter, and Mrs. L. Coon spent Wednesday at Brainerd.

M. L. Patterson and Miss Etta Maw, both of this place, were united in holy bonds of matrimony Saturday. The ceremony took place at the residence of the bride's sister, Miss Campbell, of Brainerd, Rev. Mr. Davidson officiating.

The dance given by Mr. Seth Maw at his place Saturday night in honor of the newly wedded couple, was quite an enjoyable event.

U. L. Cook, who recently went to Duluth as an employee of the N. P. R. R. Co., has returned, and also given up the idea of railroading for the present.

MAY.

New Carpets.

Geo. N. Day has just received a large invoice of Velvet and Brussels carpets, which he is offering at popular prices.

Fair Ladies

Have been studying and looking over our beautiful line of dress goods with amazement and delight.

HENRY I. COHEN.

Items From Duluth.

Mr. S. G. Whiteman, the new additional to our real estate circles, has purchased the office on the corner of Central avenue and Second street south, and is having it moved up near the depot.

M. T. Kennedy has been meeting with good success with the subscription toward building a Catholic church It is probable that a fine building will be erected, possibly of brick or stone. A meeting will be held to-morrow evening to make further arrangements.—Duluth Herald.

Boys' hats can be found in great variety and at popular prices, at Geo. N. Day's.

Body brussels platform rocker at $4 each, former price $6, at C. M. PATEK'S.

Have Removed.

We have removed our stock of goods to the Parker building on Front street and should be glad to see all our old customers. Remember that we do our repairing cheaper than any firm in the city and our ready made stock we are selling cheap.

BEARMAN BOOT & SHOE CO.

For Carpets and Oil Cloths go to Geo. N. Day's, the largest assortment in the city.

WANTED.—To exchange a piano for a driving horse. Apply to J. A. McColl, Brainerd, Minn.

Reduced Rates to Washington and Columbus.

Oct. 2d, 3d and 4th round trip tickets to Washington and return will be for sale at Brainerd at $33.12, good for return until Nov. 3, 1889, on account of the Conclave of Knights Templar.

Sept. 12th to 15th round trip tickets from Brainerd to Columbus and return will be for sale at $24.82, good for return until September 27, 1889, on account of the meeting of the Grand Lodge I. O. O. F.

Sept. 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th and 20th round trip tickets to East St. Cloud will be for sale at $2.50, good for return Sept. 21, 1889.

Ladies should buy Reynolds Bros. fine shoes. They are the best, a large assortment at Geo. N. Day's.

The White Mountain Ice Cream Freezer, triple motion, freezer quicker and better than any freezer in the market, at D. M. Clark's & Co.'

Carpets, Carpets, Carpets.

For White Velvets, Brussels and Ingrains, call at Geo. N. Day's, successor to Day & Meaghei.

Lumber Wanted.

Would like to trade goods from my store for lumber of any kind. HOFFMAN, corner 5th and Front Sts.

Fine Shoes.

We carry the largest and finest line of shoes in the city. Call and see us.

J. J. KENNEDY & Co.

Its warmer, cheaper and never cracks off from the ceiling. Faya Manilla Building paper at D. M. Clark & Co's.

Sweet, Orr & Co.'s Overalls and Jackets at Geo. N. Day's.

Gents stiff and soft hats in all the new blocks at Geo. N. Day's.

Now is the time to see C. S. Hazen and make arrangements for your supply of lumber as prices are sure to advance this month from 50 to 75 cents per ton.

Water coolers and filters of the latest pattern at D. M. Clark & Co's.

Lost.

A 32-calibre Smith & Wesson hammerless revolver. Finder will please return to this office and receive reward.

ROYAL
ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE

Absolutely Pure

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. Royal Baking Powder Co. 106 Wall street, N. Y.

For Sale by S. & J. W. Koop.

Prettier Than Ever.

—THE NEW—

DRESS GOODS

—AND—

TRIMMINGS

This Fall are Prettier than Ever and

Campbell & Smith

Can Show You All The

Latest Novelties

—IN—

Dress Goods & Trimmings.

Our Buyers are just back from the east where they selected with great care an immense stock of DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, Etc., Etc.

Do not Buy until you See Our Line and Get Prices.

CAMPBELL & SMITH,

HARTLEY BLOCK, FRONT STREET.

I. U. WHITE,

Successor to White & White,

CONTRACTOR & BUILDER,

DEALER IN

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Glass, Papers, Nails, and all Kinds of Builder's Hardware.

OIL, LEAD AND MIXED PAINTS. ALSO

Guns, Ammunition and Sporting Goods of all Kinds.

AT THE OLD STAND, 82 LAUREL STREET.

DRUGS! DRUGS!

JOHNSON & BAIN, DRUGGISTS

Front Street, Corner 7th.

Try our SEMPER IDEM CREAM, for chapped hands or any roughness of the skin.

Try our No. 2 Cough Syrup for Coughs, Colds, Etc.

Remember we have a complete line of Mixed Paint, Varnishes, Floor Paint, Paint Brushes, &c. &c.

BRAINERD

Brewing Co.

Patronize Home Industry.

PURE LAGER BEER,

Always on hand. Orders promptly filled, and free delivery to and part of the city.

JOS. KERNER,
FRANK STUMPF,
Proprietors.

New Cash Store!

Groceries at Rock Bottom Prices!

We are now located in our NEW QUARTERS on the east side of Sixth street, and are prepared to astonish the public in the matter of prices. Get prepared for the shock.

We will Sell for Cash and Defy Competition

H. McGINN.

AT THE Big 9

A Complete Line of

Ladies, Gents, Boys, Misses,

YOUTHS AND CHILDRENS'

SHOES

Kept constantly on hand, at prices to suit all. Custom work and Repairing carefully executed.

R. F. WALTERS,