THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

VOLUME 11. NUMBER 28. BRAINERD, MINNESOTA FRIDAY, MAY 20. 1892. INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHERS

N. Schroeder.

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Wines, Liquors, and

CIGARS,

Imported and Domestic.

Especial Attention Given to Orders for Family Use.

Give me a call when in Detroit and I will guarantee good usage.

N. SCHROEDER,

DETROIT, MINN.

HOW A PUZZLE WAS SOLVED.

When you want a certain article, you want the best make of that article, don't you?

But how to determine which make is best is what puzzles you, isn't it?

And when the puzzle is solved for you, by authority which cannot be questioned, you are pleased, aren't you?

And you would like to hear of one puzzle that has been solved for the people of the whole world, wouldn't you?

Well, we will tell you about that very puzzle, and its solution.

At the Universal Exposition of 1889 at Paris, France, the best sewing machines of the world, including those of America, were in competition. They were passed upon by a jury composed of the best foreign mechanical experts, two of whom were the leading sewing machine manufacturers of France.

This jury, after exhaustive examination and tests, adjudged that the Wheeler & Wilson machines were the best of all, and awarded that company the highest prize offered, the GRAND PRIZE, giving other companies only gold, silver and bronze medals.

The French Government, as a further recognition of superiority, decorated Mr. Nathaniel Wheeler, president of the company, with the Cross of the Legion of Honor, the most prized honor of France.

That is how the puzzle of the best sewing machine in the world was fully solved by the most competent authority in the world in favor of the No. 9 and No. 12 Wheeler & Wilson machines.

The No. 9, for family use, and the No. 12, for manufacturing uses, are the best in the world to-day.

And now, when you want a sewing machine, if you do not get the best, it will be your own fault.

Ask your sewing machine dealer for the No. 9 Wheeler & Wilson machine, and if he does not keep them, write to us for descriptive catalogue, prices and terms.

Agents wanted in all unoccupied territory.

WHEELER & WILSON MFG. CO.,

185 and 187 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

THE RIPANS TABULES regulate the stomach, liver and bowels, purify the blood, are pleasant to take, safe and always effectual. A reliable remedy for Biliousness, Blotches on the Face, Bright's Disease, Catarrh, Colic, Constipation, Chronic Diarrhœa, Chronic Liver Trouble, Diabetes, Disordered Stomach, Dizziness, Dysentery, Dyspepsia, Eczema, Flatulence, Female Complaints, Foul Breath, Headache, Heartburn, Hives, Jaundice, Kidney Complaints, Liver Troubles, Loss of Appetite, Mental Depression, Nausea, Nettle Rash, Painful Digestion, Pimples, Rush of Blood to the Head, Sallow Complexion, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Scrofula, Sick Headache, Skin Diseases, Sour Stomach, Tired Feeling, Torpid Liver, Ulcers, Water Brash and every other symptom or disease that results from impure blood or a failure in the proper performance of their functions by the stomach, liver and intestines. Persons given to over-eating are benefited by taking one tabule after each meal. A continued use of the Ripans Tabules is the surest cure for obstinate constipation. They contain nothing that can be injurious to the most delicate. 1 gross $2, 1-2 gross $1.25, 1-4 gross 75c., 1-24 gross 15 cents. Sent by mail postage paid. Address THE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, P. O. Box 672, New York.

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Clocks of All Kinds,

From Nickel Alarm Clocks up to the finest French Marble. Just thething for a present.

$3000 [illegible] ... Address at once, E. C. ALLEN, Box 420, Augusta, Maine.

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THE DISABILITY BILL IS A LAW.

Soldiers Disabled Since the War Are

ENTITLED. Dependent widows and parents now dependent whose sons died from effects of army service are included. If you wish your claim speedily and successfully prosecuted, address

James Tanner.

Late Commissioner of Pensions, WASHINGTON, D. C.

THE BEST APERIENT

In modern pharmacy is, undoubtedly, Ayer's Cathartic Pills. Except in extreme cases, physicians have abandoned the use of drastic purgatives, and recommend a milder, but no less effective medicine. The favorite is **Ayer's Pills,** the superior medicinal virtues of which have been certified to under the official seals of state chemists, as well as by hosts of eminent doctors and pharmacists. No other pill so well supplies the demand of the general public for a safe, certain, and agreeable family medicine.

"Ayer's Pills are the best medicine I ever used; and in my judgment no better general remedy was

Ever Devised

I have used them in my family and caused them to be used among my friends and employes for more than twenty years. To my certain knowledge many cases of the following complaints have been completely and permanently cured by the use of Ayer's Pills alone: Third day chills, dumb ague, bilious fever, sick headache, rheumatism, flux, dyspepsia, constipation, and hard colds. I know that a moderate use of Ayer's Pills, continued for a few days or weeks, as the nature of the complaint required, would be found an absolute cure for the disorders I have named above."—J. O. Wilson, Contractor and Builder, Sulphur Springs, Texas.

"For eight years I was afflicted with constipation, which at last became so bad that the doctors could do no more for me. Then I began to take

Ayer's Pills

and soon the bowels recovered their natural and regular action, so that now I am in excellent health."—Wm. H. DeLaucett, Dorset, Ontario.

"Ayer's Pills are the best cathartic I ever used in my practice."—J. T. Sparks, M. D., Yeddo, Ind.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Every Dose Effective.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

—THE—

GREAT TRANSCONTINENTAL ROUTE

Passes through Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Oregon and Washington.

THE DINING CAR LINE

Dining Cars are run between Chicago, St. Paul Minneapolis, Winnipeg, Helena, Butte, Tacoma, Seattle and Portland.

Pullman Sleeping Car Route.

Pullman service daily between Chicago, St Paul, Montana and the Pacific Northwest; and between St. Paul, Minneapolis, and Minnesota, North Dakota and Manitoba points.

THE POPULAR LINE.

Daily express trains carry elegant Pullman Sleeping Cars, Dining Cars, Day Coaches, Pullman Tourist Sleepers and Free Colonist Sleeping Cars.

YELLOWSTONE PARK ROUTE,

The Northern Pacific R. R. is the rail line to Yellowstone Park; the popular line to California and Alaska; and its trains pass through the grandest scenery of seven states.

THROUGH TICKETS

are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to all points North, East, South and West, in the United States and Canada.

LOCAL TIME TABLE.

No. 5 arrives from the South at 10:30 p. m. daily except Sunday.

No. 6 goes South at 5:20 a. m., daily except Sunday.

No. 11 arrives from Duluth at 8:20 p. m., daily Goes West at 8:25 p. m.

No. 14 arrives from the West at 7:45 a. m., daily. Goes East to Duluth at 8:05 a. m.

Morris accommodation leaves at 7:00 a. m., except Sunday.

Brainerd accommodation from Morris and Little Falls arrives at 5:30p. m., except Sunday.

No. 54 freight, carries passengers to Aitkin, leaves at 10:40 p. m.

No. 55, freight, arrives from N. P. Junction at 2:00 p. m. Goes West at 3:00 p. m., except Sunday.

No. 56, freight, arrives from Staples at 9:50 a. m. Goes East to N. P. Junction at 10:45 a. m., except Sunday.

These freight trains cannot be relied upon for regularity of movement, and are liable to be abandoned without notice at the will of the Company.

For Rates, Maps, Time Table or special information, apply to agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Brainerd, or

CHAS. S. FEE,

Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent, ST. PAUL, MINN.

PITOU'S FACE CREAM. The leading Parisian Cosmetique. Absolutely harmless and a perfect face beautifier. A first-class medicant. On sale with all leading druggists.

[First publication May 6th.]

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Crow Wing. } ss

In Probate Court, Regular Term, May 2d, 1892.

In the Matter of the Estate of William Whitney Regan, Deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Eliza R. Regan, executrix of the estate of William Whitney Regan, deceased, representing, among other things, that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the final account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law:

It is Ordered, That said account be examined, and petition heard, by this Court, on Monday, the 30th day of May, A. D. 1892, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the Court House in said county.

And it is Further Ordered, That notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the Brainerd Dispatch, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Brainerd in said county.

Dated at Brainerd, Minn., the 2nd day of May, A. D. 1892.

[SEAL.] By the Court, MILTON McFADDEN, Judge of Probate.

A Lumberman's Rendezvous.

This term might be applied to Stevens Point, located on the Wisconsin Central Lines, at the gate-way to the vast forest region which extends North to Lake Superior, a distance of 200 miles without a break, on account of its vast lumber interests. The Wisconsin River to which the lumbermen have given the familiar and somewhat affectionate title of "Old Wiscons," not alone acts as a lumber feeder to the city by furnishing through its numerous tributaries an outlet for thousands of acres of pine in the upper country, but it furnishes a water power that is second only to that of Neenah and Menasha, which cities are also located on the "Central." Millions of feet of lumber are cut every year, giving employment to hundreds of men. In addition to the lumber trade, it has numerous other manufactories; it is here where the large car shops of the Wisconsin Central Lines are located.

For tickets, maps, pamphlets and full information apply to G. F. McNeill, C. P. & T. A., Minneapolis, Minn., or to Jas. C. Pond, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago Illinois.

Brainerd's Opportunity.

In the proposition of the Northern Mill Co. to locate here and build a line of road to connect with their road now in operation above Gull Lake, and to establish the repair shops of this road in Brainerd, all for a bonus of $100,000, is Brainerd's great opportunity to take a great stride forward towards the place among Minnesota cities that her great natural advantages entitle her to. THE DISPATCH is earnestly in favor of accepting this offer because we believe it will have the effect above described. Brainerd is at the very gateway of the great pine forests of Minnesota, with ample power and booming facilities to easily handle and manufacture a large proportion of the product of these forests into lumber and wares of commerce, and it seems passing strange that she has not enjoyed a large proportion of this industry for many years. To manufacture a large portion of the vast quantities of timber that yearly pass by this city should be Brainerd's great ambition, and we favor this proposition because we believe this is a large beginning, if for no other reason, although there are many others. We firmly believe that this is only a beginning, and in a short time other wood manufacturing industries will be established here. Why should not this pine be manufactured here instead of being floated 100 milles down the river? Mill men all concede that our booming priviliges are unsurpassed, and at present Brainerd enjoys a freight rate on lumber to the markets of the south and west as low as any in the country. Taking these things into consideration it goes without saying that Brainerd will in a short time be a great lumber manufacturing town. There is also vast quantities of wood suitable for manufacturing into pulp tributary to this city, and negotiations are now in progress for securing for Brainerd the largest pulp mill in the state. One industry brings another, and as Brainerd is eminently fitted by nature for these industries to locate in, we favor this proposition to secure one as a beginning, if, as we stated before, for no other reason.

But there are many other reasons among which we might enumerate the following:

The acceptance of this proposition will restore confidence in our city's future and increase the value of all real property in county 50 per cent.

It will reduce taxation by increasing the assessed valuation.

It will reduce taxation by preventing the organization of Cass county, and consequently the loss of the revenue derived therefrom.

It will increase our population and make a better market for the produce of the Crow Wing county farmers.

It will bring in new settlers to supply the increased market and thus help to settle up the county.

These are a few of the many benefits that Brainerd and Crow Wing county will secure almost immediately from the acceptance of this proposition. As to the benefits that will probably result at no distant day from the building of this railroad we will express no opinion of our own, but offer the following prediction taken from the Minneapolis Journal and Spectator. The Journal says:

The air is full of railroad projects now, but there is none that seems to premise so well for Minneapolis as the Brainerd & Northern Minnesota project outlined in the Journal a day or two since. But the whole of the story was not told then. The project is larger than then appeared, and if the heavy men back of it succeed in carrying out their ideas not only the lumber but the iron ore of the vast undeveloped regions to the north will be brought direct to Minneapolis. The plan as originally outlined provided for the building of a line northwestward from Brainerd, skirting Leech Lake, Red Lake and tapping the upper Red river country. But it now transpires that this is only part of the plan. It is proposed to build a spur in a northeasterly direction, leaving the main line at some point not far north of Brainerd that shall tap the Mesaba range. This would probably take in, via Grand Rapids or some point on the Great Bend of the upper Mississippi, the whole newly discovered iron country northward to the Rainy Lake region and the international boundary. It will at once be seen that this is a vast project which means much for Minneapolis. It will make the manufacture of iron here not only possible and profitable, but almost inevitable. The whole range is filling up with mining camps, and the business of furnishing them supplies is becoming a great one. This will all naturally come to the jobbing houses of Minneapolis, for the city where the lumber and ore is marketed must become the base of supplies. The country which the new road proposes to open is now totally without railroad facilities. Its sources, while known to be great, are as yet only dimly realized, and it doesn't take a very active imagination to picture the great volume of trade and raw material which will flow into Minneapolis in the near future over this road. Brainerd, too, will be a large beneficiary, as the junction point of the two branches of the system and as the fitting out place. Already it is beginning to feel the effects of the deal. The Northern Mill Company has decided to remove its saw mill from Gull River to Brainerd, to which place the new road will bring the logs cut on the Pillsbury tracts.

The Spectator, also of Minneapolis, says:

Elsewhere in this issue of the Spectator are printed the articles of incorporation of the Brainerd and Northern Minnesota Railway Company. The parties interested are well known Minneapolis men as follows: Hon. J. S. Pillsbury, Hon. Geo. A. Pillsbury, Arthur E. Bardwell, Wm. B. Ransom, Jas. E. Glass, Ray W. Jones, and Jas. A. Kellogg. The capital stock is $500,000, and the road is not merely "on paper" but is a bona fide enterprise. Already about 25 miles of track have been built, and 10 or 15 more will be added within 60 days. The road will run northwest from Brainerd, to the state line, and will pass near Leech Lake, Red Lake and other important points. It will traverse a rich timber, mineral and agricultural region, and form an important outlet for a wealth of products. The region which it will open is largely untouched, and forms a vast empire as yet but little known, but endowed with wonderful resources and possibilities.

HON. G. G. HARTLEY says in reference to the 6th district congressional campaign: "The situation in the 6th district has narrowed down to two men on the republican side—Mr. Kendall of Duluth, and Judge Searle of St. Cloud. Mr. Kendall is a good candidate and will doubtless secure the solid backing of St. Louis county in the convention." And thus, from day to day, does the Kendall contingent continue to grow.

THE Duluth Tribune of Saturday contains a half column roast of Kittel Halverson, because of his vote against the river and harbor bill. In concluding its article the Tribune says: "And the Alliance people are talking of renominating him! Ye gods and little fishes! What are the people of this district guilty of that they should have such a small sized alleged statesman as Kittel Halverson continuously thrust before them. Halverson will have to travel.

Right You Are.

The Northern Mill company is to build a logging railroad in a northwesterly direction leaving the Northern Pacific roadway at Brainerd. Some day some trunk line railway seeking for a line from Brainerd to the grain fields of Dakota and Manitoba will come along and want the road that the gentlemen comprising the saw mill firm are now proposing to build.—Lumberman.

The City Council.

The council met in regular session last Monday evening. All present.

The appointment of Henry Deering as police officer without pay was read and confirmed.

A number of bills of a routine character were read and allowed.

A permit was granted to Mrs. Dressen to move the Gem building on Sixth street.

The sidewalk leading to the cemetery was reported in very bad shape, and a motion was carried placing the matter of repairing it in the hands of the street committee, with power to act.

The matter of making repairs on Tenth street north was referred to the street committee with power to act.

The matter of insuring the apparatus of the fire department was referred to the fire committee.

The petition of Edwards Cavalry Volunteers for renting the Armory was laid on the table.

The property committee reported in regard to opening Sixth street that they had interviewed Mr. Betzold, and that he would make a release of damages for opening Willow street from Sixth to Seventh, and from Willow street on Seventh to Fair grounds, amounting to about three acres, for $150, the city to move the fence, providing he had authority, as administrator of the estate, to do so. A motion was made to accept Mr. Betzold's offer. Carried.

The electric light committee recommended that $50 be donated to the Y. M. C. A. The recommendation was adopted, and the clerk was directed to issue an order for the amount.

It was moved and seconded that the city engineer's report on East Laurel street bridge be accepted, and the clerk instructed to advertise for bids to be opened at next meeting. A motion was made and carried that the foregoing motion be amended by referring the same to the street committee, said committee to confer with the Northern Pacific Railway authorities in regard to moving the corner of the fence 20 feet back.

Liquor licenses were granted to E. Cullen & Co. and J. H. Kelehan, and bonds approved.

Pool table licenses were granted to Brinkman & Stropp, Charles and Henry Moberg, Peterson & Co., R. R. Wise and H. S. Totton.

A motion was carried that the city loan the G. A. R. post 2,000 feet of lumber for Memorial Day.

Dr. J. C. Rosser was then unanimously elected president of the board of health.

Mr. McCarthy asked permission to build a temporary store room at the rear of his store, at the corner of Seventh and Front streets. His request was granted.

Council adjourned.

Notice—Prohibitionists.

There will be a mass prohibition convention held at the Methodist church in Brainerd, for Crow Wing county, May 23d, 1892, at 2 o'clock p. m., to elect two delegates to the state convention; also to elect delegates to the congressional convention, and to transact any other business which may come before the convention.

Stirring addresses may be expected. Let every friend of prohibition be present. Ladies specially invited.

W. H. WARE, Chairman County Committee.

GO WITH THE CROWD!

Don't Get Left.

Special Sale

OF PARASOLS.

Former price $3 and $4, to close out will sell them for $1, $1.25 and $1.50.

They are bargains.

We are Offering Special Bargains in Men's Shirts.

You can't afford to Miss them.

WHITE DRESS GOODS.

Some thing the ladies must have, at 10 cents per yard, former price 25 cents.

OUR EMBROIDERIES,

In all styles are going at ruinously low prices. Don't forget that we are headquarters for these goods.

H. ROSENBLATT,

Corner Front and Fifth Streets.

COMMISSIONERS' PROCEEDINGS:

Proceedings of Board of Crow Wing County Commissioners, Meeting Held on May 17th, 1892.

Pursuant to call the board of county commissioners of Crow Wing county met at the County Auditor's office May 17th, 1892.

All members of the board were present.

The following resolutions were on motion adopted:

WHEREAS, the Brainerd and Northern Minnesota Railway Company, a corporation duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Minnesota, has this day made application to the county of Crow Wing, State of Minnesota, in due form of law, requesting said county of Crow Wing to issue and deliver to it, the said Brainerd and Northern Minnesota Railway Company, the negotiable bonds of said county in the aggregate sum of one hundred thousand dollars (100,000), for the purpose of aiding said company in the construction of its railroad from the city of Brainerd in the said county of Crow Wing in a northwesterly direction to a certain point on the shore of Gilpatrick Lake referred to in said application as Gilpatrick Station, in the county of Cass, and

WHEREAS, in the said application of the said Brainerd and Northern Minnesota Railway Company the said company offers, at the election of the said county of Crow Wing, to issue to said county such number of the shares of the capital stock of the said Brainerd and Northern Minnesota Railway Company as will, at the par value of such stock, equal the said sum of $100,000; and

WHEREAS, we, the board of county commissioners of the said Crow Wing county, deem that it is and will be for the best interest of the said county of Crow Wing to elect to waive and decline the said offered shares of the capital stock of the said Brainerd and Northern Minnesota Railway Company, therefore,

BE IT RESOLVED by the board of county commissioners of the said county of Crow Wing that the said offer of the said Brainerd and Northern Minnesota Railway Company to issue to the said county of Crow Wing such number of its shares of capital stock as will, at the par value of such stock, evual the sum of $100,000 be and the same is hereby waived by the said county of Crow Wing and that this board of county commissioners for and on behalf of the said county of Crow Wing does now elect to waive, and by these presents does waive the issuance by such railroad company of any such stock to the said county of Crow Wing.

IT IS FURTHER RESOLVED that the clerk of this board of county commissioners be and he is hereby directed to give to said Railway Company notice of such waiver by delivering to said Railway Company the authorized agent or officer thereof a copy of this resolution.

The following judges and clerks of election were on motion appointed for special election called by the Auditor for May 31st, 1892:

Bay Lake precinct:—J. D. Tarry, N. Newgard and Alberth Erath, judges; G. A. Hunt, clerk.

Albert's precinct:—J. C. Pointon, H. M. Aye and Stephen Busch, judges; Louis Wicks, clerk.

Fairbank's precinct:—A. Leighton, Martin Kapple and John Chisholm, judges; Eugene Phelps, clerk.

Davenport's precinct:—J. N. Farrell, A. R. Cass and Louis Nelson, judges; G. G. Thompson, clerk.

Kennedy's precinct:—J. E. Ireland, Alec. Gordon and James Sorenson, judges; E. P. Green, clerk.

Pine River precinct, (voting place, A. C. Gould's):—James E. White, Wm. Harmon and A. C. Gould, judges; A. T. Kimball, clerk.

Board adjourned sine die.

LOUIS TACHE, County Auditor.

Professional Cards.

W. A. FLEMING,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Office: Room 8, Bank Block.

BRAINERD - - - MINN.

DR. H. RIBBEL,

DENTIST.

Rooms 3 and 4 over Bank Block.

BRAINERD, - - - MINN.

R. K. WHITELEY,

CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,

Office, Room 11, Bank Block,

BRAINERD.......................... MINN.

J. R. SMITH.

Fire Insurance,

[None but reliable companies represented.]

Real Estate,

RENTS & COLLECTIONS.

☞Agent for the Minnesota Savings Fund and Investment Co., and The Pioneer Savings and Loan Co.

Taxes Paid and Interest Collected for non-residents.

Correspondence Solicited.

Room 4, Sleeper Block, - Brainerd.

Order to Examine Accounts.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Crow Wing. }

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 11, 1892.

In the matter of the estate of Eric M. Tillquist, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Christina Tillquist, executrix of the estate of Eric M. Tillquist deceased, representing among other things that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the final account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law:

It is ordered, That said account be examined, and petition heard, by this court, on Monday the 6th day of June, A. D. 1892, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the probate office in the city of Brainerd in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Brainerd Dispatch, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Brainerd in said county.

Dated at Brainerd, Minn., the eleventh day of May, A. D., 1892.

(SEAL.) By the Court: MILTON McFADDEN, Judge of Probate.

W. A. FLEMING, Attorney for Petitioner.

(First publication May 6.)

Order for Hearing on Claims.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Crow Wing. } ss

In Probate Court, General Term, May 2 1892.

In the matter of the estate of John Seward Wright deceased:

Letters testamentary on the estate of said deceased being granted unto Phillip Green Wright of Medford, Mass.,

It is ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court, for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in the City of Brainerd, Minn., on the following days, viz: On the first Monday of each month hereafter.

It is further ordered, That six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, That notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in the Brainerd Dispatch, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Brainerd, Minn., in said county.

Dated at Brainerd, Minn., the 2nd day of May, A. D. 1892.

[SEAL] By the Court, MILTON McFADDEN, Judge of Probate.

(First publication May 6.)

Order for Hearing on Claims.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Crow Wing. }

In Probate Court, General Term May 2, 1892.

In the matter of the estate of Kathleen Wright deceased.

Letters of administration with the will annexed on the estate of said deceased being granted unto Walter C. Wright of Medford, Mass., It is ordered That all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court, for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in the City of Brainerd, Minn., on the following days, viz: On the first Monday of each month hereafter.

It is further ordered, That six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination in the Brainerd Dispatch, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Brainerd, Minn., in said county.

Dated at Brainerd, Minn., the 2nd day of May, A. D. 1892.

(SEAL) By the Court, MILTON McFADDEN, Judge of Probate.

(First publication May 6.)

Order for Hearing on Claims.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Crow Wing. }

In Probate Court, General Term, May 2, 1892.

In the matter of the estate of Elizur Wright, deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being granted unto Walter C. Wright of Medford, Mass., It is ordered, That all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court for examination and allowance, at the Probate office, in the City of Brainerd, Minn., on the following days, viz: On the first Monday of each month hereafter.

It is further ordered, That six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proved to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, That notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in the Brainerd Dispatch, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Brainerd, Minn., in said county.

Dated at Brainerd, Minn., the 2nd day of May A. D. 1892.

(SEAL) By the Court, MILTON McFADDEN, Judge of Probate.

(First publication May 6th.)

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., May 2, 1892. }

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge, or in his absence the Clerk of the District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Saturday, June 11th, 1892, viz:

AUGUST F. LUDWIG.

H. E. No. 13172, for the E½ NE¼ of Section 34, Township 44, Range 31, and additional H. E. No. 14513, for Lot 1, Sec. 34, Twp. 44, Range 31.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Albert Engelke, George Hein, Max Grief, Herman Wendt. Post Office address of all Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minn.

A. BARTO, Register.

ABSOLUTELY FREE.

The publishers of the Family Journal are determined to largely increase the circulation of their paper. To do this we make the following unparalleled offer. We will send absolutely FREE, postage prepaid, the celebrated FAMILY COOK BOOK to each person sending us 25 cents for a six months' subscription to the FAMILY JOURNAL. This cook book is sent to EACH six months subscriber, and will be found an almost invaluable culinary guide in the hands of the most experienced housekeepers, as well as a necessity to the inexperienced. It possesses the one great advantage over all other cook books published by being a comprehensive compilation of economical recipes suited to housewives with limited means. Under other heads recipes for numerous table luxuries are given. In fact this cook book is a compendium of useful recipes used and originated by the most celebrated chefs, cooks and pastry bakers of the present day. With the FAMILY COOK BOOK as a guide, no housewife need worry how to prepare the most sumptuous or most frugal repast. Remember we send this book absolutely FREE to every six months' subscriber to the FAMILY JOURNAL. This is no cheap book. It retails as high as $1.50 and $2.00 and is worth many times more. THE FAMILY JOURNAL is an elegant monthly family paper, handsomely illustrated, and containing in connection with charming stories and choice literature such special features as "Household Hints," "The Fashions," "The Household Doctor," and numerous other departments of domestic interest, each ably edited by well known writers on the various topics mentioned. Six months' trial subscription is on 25 cents and entitles sender to a single copy of the cook book. Send twenty-five cents in postal note or stamps to THE FAMILY JOURNAL CO., 89 Plymouth Place. Chicago, Ill.

GREAT

CLOSING OUT SALE!

We have purchased and removed the Geo. N. Day stock to our store at the corner of Front and seventh streets and will close out

$20,000 WORTH

—OF—

Clothing, Boots and Shoes,

HATS, CAPS, ETC.

AT A SACRIFICE,

FOR CASH,

In THE NEXT 90 DAYS.

These goods must be sold, and we are going to give our customers the benefits.

NEW GOODS CONSTANTLY ARRIVING.

LATEST STYLES IN HATS,

Both Crush and Derby.

Call and see us.

J. F. McGINNIS & CO.

See the Red Sign.

[First publication April 22, 1892.]

MORTGAGE SALE.

Whereas, Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Magdalena Schwartz and William Schwartz, her husband, mortgagors, to Julia C. Veazie, mortgagee, dated the 18th day of November, 1881, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, of the County of Crow Wing, in the State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of November, 1881, at 8 o'clock a. m. in Book "A" of mortgages, on pages 444 and 445, on which there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the amount of Six Thousand Eight Hundred and Thirty-three (6,833) Dollars, and an action at law has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, and has been discontinued and dismissed, and,

Whereas, the said mortgage was assigned by the said Julia C. Veazie, by Elisha Morse, executor of her last will and testament, to Harry C. Veazie, by deed of assignment, dated June 1st, 1891, which was recorded in the office of the said Register of Deeds, on August 12th, 1891, at 11 o'clock and 30 minutes, a. m., in Book "K" of mortgages, on page 239.

Now Therefore, Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises therein described, and the said mortgaged premises, except that portion thereof released as hereinafter set forth, will be sold by the Sheriff of said County of Crow Wing, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Brainerd, in the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, on the 6th day of June, A. D. 1892, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage with interest and costs and expenses of sale, including $75 attorney's fees.

The premises described in said mortgage are the lots, pieces and parcels of land situated in the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lots one (1) and two (2), and the south half of the northwest quarter of section nineteen (19), township forty-five (45), of range thirty (30), also lots one (1) and two (2), and the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter and the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter not included in the townsite of Brainerd, in section twenty-four (24), township forty-five (45), of range thirty one (31), excepting and reserving as not sold and conveyed twelve (12) acres deeded to Frank Hansman, and fifteen and twenty one-hundredths (15.20) acres heretofore deeded to the Evergreen Cemetery Association, and a road to the cemetery grounds as now graded and traveled of about one and one-quarter (1.25) acres leaving here conveyed in section twenty-four (24), 93.27 acres.

The following described pieces of land have heretofore been released from the lien of said mortgage, to-wit:

1st. Schwartz's Addition to the City of Brainerd.

2nd. Terrace Park Addition to the City of Brainerd, according to the plats of said additions of record in said Registry of Deeds.

3rd. Commencing on the west line of Mill Street and north line of Schwartz Avenue, reference being made to said Schwartz Addition to the City of Brainerd, thence running along the north line of said Schwartz Avenue two hundred ten (210) feet west and to the east line of Seventh Avenue, thence four hundred thirty-nine (439) feet north, thence one hundred ninety one (191) feet east to the west line of Mill Street, thence four hundred and thirty-nine (439) feet south along the west line of Mill Street, to the place of beginning.

That portion of the premises described in said mortgage, but not released, as aforesaid, will be sold.

Dated April 21st, 1892.

HARRY C. VEAZIE, Assignee of Mortgagee.

LEON E. LUM, Attorney.

CARTER'S PEPSIN is the safest remedy for weak digestion. Can be taken by the smallest child. For sale by leading Druggists.

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Crow Wing. } ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 20, 1892.

In the matter of the estate of Mary McGregor, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Rebecca Nelson of Crow Wing County, Minn., representing among other things, that Mary McGregor, late of Crow Wing County, Minn., on the 5th day of March A. D. 1892, at Brainerd, Minn., died intestate, and being a resident of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a niece of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to her granted:

It is ordered that said petition be heard before this Court on Monday the 16th day of May A. D. 1892, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the court house in said county.

Ordered Further, That notice hereof be given to the heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Brainerd Dispatch, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Brainerd in said county.

Dated at Brainerd, Minn., the 20th day of April A. D. 1892.

[SEAL] By the Court, MILTON McFADDEN, Judge of Probate.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., May 16th, 1892. }

Notice is hereby given, that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge, or in his absence the Clerk of District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Saturday, June 25th, 1892, viz:

CHARLES GORDER,

H. E. No. 13177, for the W½ NW¼ Section 10, Twp. 43, Range 31.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Emil Jurgens, John Ellman, Jacob Wilberscheidt, Max Grief, Post-office address of all, Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minn.

A. BARTO, Register.

SUMMONS.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Crow Wing. } ss.

District Court, Fifteenth Judicial District.

ALBERT J. ERATH, Plaintiff,

against

MINNIE ERATH, Defendant.

The State of Minnesota, to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which is filed in the office of the clerk of the District Court of said County of Crow Wing, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office in the City of Brainerd in said County, within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated May 18th, 1892.

W. A. FLEMING, Plaintiff's Attorney, Brainerd, Minn.

(First publication May 20th.)

Notice of Final Proof

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., May 19th, 1892. }

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge, or in his absence the Clerk of District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Saturday, June 25th, 1892, viz:

JAMES E. WHITE,

H. E. No. 13870 for the lots 2, 3, 5, & 6 Sec. 24, Twp. 135, Range 28.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

William Harmon, Reuben Gray, William W. Barnes, Charles H. Paine, post-office address of all Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minn.

A. BARTO, Register.

SUMMONS.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF CROW WING. } ss.

District Court, Fifteenth Judicial District.

MYRTA EVANS, Plaintiff,

Against

CHARLES A. EVANS, Defendant.

The State of Minnesota, to the above named Defendant:

You are hereby summoned, and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court, of the Fifteenth Judicial District, in and for the County of Crow Wing and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the city of Brainerd, in said county, within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated Brainerd, Minn., April 25th, 1892.

W. A. FLEMING, Plaintiff's Attorney, Brainerd, Minn.

[First publication April 22, 1892.]

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., April 20th, 1892. }

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim; and that said proof will be made before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on Tuesday, May 31st, 1892, viz:

JOHN GEALLBREATH,

H. E. No. 13257, for the W½ NW¼ SE¼ NW¼, and NW¼ SW¼, Sec. 24, Twp. 43, Range 30.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Christopher Racy, Conrad H. Racy, Nathan A. Lease, Milton D. Gorton. Post-office address of all, Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minn.

A. BARTO, Register.

(First publication April 22.)

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Magdalena Schwartz and William Schwartz, her husband, mortgagors, to Julia C. Veazie, mortgagee, dated the 28th day of September, A. D. 1882, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Crow Wing in the state of Minnesota, on the 2nd day of October A. D. 1882, at 2 o'clock and 35 minutes P. M. in Book B of mortgages, on pages 60 and 61 on which there is claimed to be due, at the date of this notice, the amount of six thousand eight hundred thirty-three (6833) dollars, and an action at law has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage but has been discontinued and dismissed. And whereas said mortgage was duly assigned by the said Julia C. Veazie by Elisha Morse, executor of her last will and testament, to Harry C. Veazie by assignment, dated the 31st day of May, A. D. 1889, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 29th day of January A. D. 1891, at 9 o'clock A. M., in book K of mortgages, on page 231.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises therein described, and the said mortgaged premises will be sold by the sheriff of said County of Crow Wing at public auction, to the highest bidder therefor, for cash, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Brainerd, in the County of Crow Wing and state of Minnesota, on the 6th day June, A. D. 1892, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount which, shall then be due on said mortgage, with the interest thereon, and costs and expenses of sale, including seventy-five dollars attorney's fees.

The premises described in said mortgage, and so to be sold, are the lots, pieces or parcels of land situated in the County of Crow Wing and state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lot number fourteen (14), in block number forty-nine (49) in the Town of Brainerd, and eighty (80) feet to be taken from the west or front ends of each of lots thirteen (13), fourteen (14) and fifteen (15) in block seventy-one (71) in the First Addition to the town of Brainerd according to the plats thereof recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds aforesaid.

Dated April 22nd, 1892.

HARRY C. VEAZIE, Assignee of Mortgagee.

LEON E. LUM, Attorney.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Crow Wing. } ss

District Court, 15th Judicial District.

Leon E. Lum, Plaintiff,

vs.

Edward Hazen, Maud S. Hazen, J. J. Howe and A. B. Barton, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, That in pursuance of a judgment and decree of the Court in this action, dated April 13th, 1892, and duly entered therein, I shall expose for sale at public auction, as the law directs, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Brainerd, in the County of Crow Wing, Minnesota, on the 30th day of May, 1892, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, the following described real estate, to-wit: Seventy-five (75) feet off the west end of lots numbered from nineteen (19) to twenty-four (24), in block numbered one hundred seventy (170), in the Town of Brainerd, according to the plat thereof of record in the Registry of Deeds of said County.

HENRY SPALDING, Sheriff of Crow Wing County, Minnesota.

[First publication April 22.]

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., April 15th, 1892. }

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge, or in his absence the Clerk of the District Court, at Brainerd, Minn., on May 28th, 1892, viz:

MATILDA VANCE,

Widow of Frank Vance,

H. E. No. 13286, for the E½ SE¼, Sec. 32, Twp. 44, Range 30.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Amable Francoeur, Octave Gelow, Nalbert LaFond, Eli Caron, post-office address of all Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minn.

A. BARTO, Register.

(First publication April 15.)

Notice of Final Proof.

Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., April 11th, 1892. }

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office, at St. Cloud, on May 19, 1892, viz:

JENNIE WILLIAMS,

Widow of William M. Williams, Deceased.

H. E. No. 13764, for the W½ NE¼, lots 3 and 4, sec. 20, Twp. 44, in Range 28, in Minnesota.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Alonzo D. Vinton, Otto Wilson, Henry Jackson, Frank Johnson, post office address of all, Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minn.

A. BARTO, Register.

Brainerd Dispatch.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Publishers.

BRAINERD, - - - MINN.

HENRY VILLARD is engaged in writing a history of the rise of the present German Empire.

GENERAL G. W. JONES, the first United States Senator Iowa ever sent to Washington, is living in Dubuque. He is 88 years old.

MRS. HATTIE DAY, of East Bucksport, Me., has sold $30 worth of braids made from her own hair, and yet she has abundant black tresses, three feet in length.

THE race of Machiavellis is extinct in Italy, else we should not see that country bankrupt for the pleasure of maintaining a costly friendship with Austria and Germany.

FRANCOI ROSSOTT who died of old age in Fort Wayne, Ind, a few days ago, was one of Napoleon's soldiers. Had he lived a few months longer he would have been a hundred years old.

A BATTERED old hack that transports passengers from the depot to the hotels in Jackson, Mass., with a colored Jehu at the reins, was once the family carriage of Commodore Vanderbilt.

CHARLES GAYARRE, the Louisiana historian, a fine writer and accomplished scholar, is over eighty years of age, and in destitute circumstances. There is a movement on foot in New Orleans for his relief.

IT is rumored that Bismarck and the kaiser are to become reconciled. This might have happened long ago had it not been contrary to German etiquette for Bismarck to spank his august master.

BJORNSON, the Norwegian poet and politician has renounced a pension which he received from his goverment. He declined to accept the gift any longer unless Kjelland, a brother poet, became the object of a like honor.

FRANCIS C. SESSION, who died in Columbus, Ohio, a few weeks ago, has left his estate, valued at more than $1,000,000, to his wife for her life. Half a million is then to be used to estalish an academy of art in columbus.

ROBERT FORD, the slayer of Jesse James, has been firmly but kindly apprised by the populace of the new mining camp of Creede, Colo., that he is persona non grata. Kobert shrewdly construed this to mean that they would lynch him anon and departed. The days of the truly bad man in the far West are mostly days that were.

REV. HOWARD MACQUEARY is again in trouble with his religious associates. On leaving the Episcopalians he took charge of a Universalist church at Saginaw, Mich., and now the Universalist papers are hauling him over the coals for being too heterodox for usefulness in the pulpit of that denomination.

AT Mount Holly, Pa., a young man died of scarlet fever and his body was placed on view for the melancholy pleasure of numerous friends of the deceased. The numerous friends aforesaid have mostly got the same disease themselves, and the country for miles around has an object lesson in sanitary science that it will not forget very soon.

JAY GOULD is reported as ill again. If he is to give $100,000 to his favorite form of othodoxy every time he gets somewhat "off his feed" we anticipate, in view of his advancing years that Presbyterian churches will be too numerous to talk about before long. But Jay was only making a bluff at the devil, likely enough, when he gladdened the hearts of the elders the first time.

NEW YORK papers are a deal annoyed by the remarks of Rudyard Kipling about that queer town. For a long time the people of the United States have not cared much about what was done in New York, being much disgusted with what failed of getting done. The sensitiveness of New York is so far beneath the rhinoceros hide of the place that all its squirming never results in amendment of its evil ways.

Returns from the scene of the recent disturbances in China are coming in slowly. One of the prime disturbers of the peace and dignity of the country has been gradually sliced to death with a dull knife by order of the imperial authorities, and a few other prominent citizens of the region are to be skinned alive and then dressed with hot aqua fortis and table salt, as a reminder that the government disapproves their course.

THERE is now considerable doubt, owing to important political questions at home, whether the King of Greece will attend the celebration of the golden wedding of the King and Queen of Denmark next month. The Crown Prince of Greece will represent his father in case of his absence. Queen Olga intends to visit the Empress of Russia before going to Copenhagen. The Crown Princess Sophia will spend a part of the coming summer at a German bathing place for the benefit of her health.

THE residents of Paris ought to be able to moderate their fear a little, in view of the results of an analysis of some of the Anarchist bombs over which they have been trembling so. The Municipal Laboratory has just made an examination of two hundred of these, and only six of them were found to be genuine and dangerous. The practical joker would seem to have been playing high jinks with his fellows in that capital. Add to this the facts that Munoz, the Madrid anarchist, turns out to have been only a police spy and that several of the "outrages" in Spain prove to have been the work of the police, who profited by them, and the real character of the Anarchist scare becomes evident.

THE NEWS SUMMARY

The Latest News of the World Condensed and Arranged in Convenient Form.

Washington, Personal, Foreign, Criminal, Casualty and Other Important News.

THE CAPITAL.

CONGRESSMAN DINGLEY declares that the Fifty-first congress appropriated only $700,000,000.

HOMER T. PIERSON, of Minnesota, has been appointed copyist in the patent office at $720 per annum.

THE investigation into the charges affecting Judge Boardman, of Louisiana, has been closed by the sub-committee appointed some time ago to take testimony. The indications are that the matter will be dropped.

POSTMASTER GENERAL WANAMAKER has sent to Speaker Crisp a long letter containing some observations upon the postoffice appropriation bill. The postmaster general says that the bill for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1893, will seriously impair the postal service and result in general dissatisfaction throughout the country.

BIDS were opened at the navy department for the condemned naval vessels. The highest bids were as follows: Galena, J. B. Butler, Boston, $13,131, appraised value, $8,500; Cohasset, L. L. Snow & Co., Rockland, Me., $825, appraised value, $500; Intrepid, Mathew Gilles & Co., Philadelphia, $2,253, appraised value, $500; Wyoming, J. Bater, Boston, $11,311, appraised value, $10,000. The Speedwell was also advertised, but no bids received.

PERSONAL.

THE report from Santa Fe that Jay Gould was seriously ill is without foundation.

The Democratic congressional convention of the Fifth Missouri district have renominated John C. Tarnsey.

HERR GABRIEL VON BAROSS, Hungarian minister of industry and commerce, is dead.

HON. S. P. EARHART, collector of customs of Portland, Or., died recently. He was for eight years secretary of the State of Oregon, and for a quarter of a century he had been one of the leading citizens of the state. He was a thirty-third degree Mason.

HON. C. F. MEEK, ex-general manager of the Denver & Fort Worth road and sergeant-at-arms of the Minneapolis convention has accepted the presidency of the Colorado Coal and Iron company Jan. 1 next.

JAMES GROUDIE, SR., is dead in Chicago. He built the first boat to cross the Atlantic by steam power alone. She was the Royal William, the boat which made the trip from Pictou, N. S., to Gravesend in 1833.

CASUALTIES.

A FLOOD is threatened in the upper Mississippi.

A SAIL boat containing three dead men is picked up by a tug on Lake Superior and towed into Duluth.

AN explosion occurs in a coal mine at Roslyn, Wash., forty-four miners being killed and many injured.

A GREAT fire in Nichiug, China, destroyed 2,000 houses, and a number of people killed.

THE floods in Iowa and Illinois are subsiding, but Missouri, Kansas and Oklahoma they are more destructive than ever.

BY the recent earthquake at Manila considerable damage was done throughout the island. In some towns all the churches and colleges were destroyed.

Twenty-seven houses were burned at Savannah, Ga., in one of the best residence portions of the city. The loss was about $100,000. The fire is thought to be one of incendiary origin.

A TERRIBLE disaster occurred near Brody, a town in Austrian Galicia. While 100 workmen, with their wives and children, were crossing the river on a raft, the raft capsized. Sixty persons were drowned.

THREE electrocutions are set down in the New York state prisons during the week commencing May 16. The condemned are Joseph S. Tice at Auburne prison, Charles Wright at Dannemora and Henry C. Fanning at Sing Sing.

COL. RALPH K. PAIGE has been sentenced in Cleveland, Ohio, to ten years in the penitentiary. He was the cashier of the Plainsville Savings and Loan association, the failure of which revealed that he had uttered forged paper in an attempt to tide over its affairs.

DELL HARRISON, a young man living at Sweetgrass, Mont., was accidentally shot in the hip. Having taken his revolver from its sheath, he was trying to replace it, with the above results. He was brought to this place and is now under the care of a physician.

AT Mountain Home, Ark., Mrs. Mary Carter a widow with a family of small children, is a raving maniac, as a result of a raid upon her little cabin by a half starved black bear, in which two of her children lost their lives and one was half devoured before her eyes.

Nearly the entire plant of the Butler & Peters' Salt and Lumber Company, near Ludington was destroyed by fire. The loss will reach $175,000, with an insurance of $60,000 or $70,000. The fire will throw 300 men out of employment. The mill will be rebuilt at once, but on a smaller scale.

FIRE broke out in the Brum-Lummou mine at Marysville Mont., in the 500-foot level. The men on the nine-hour shift made a narrow escape, but no one was hurt. A large force is working putting up bulkheads to stop the spread of the flames, which it is hoped, will be stopped soon, as they have little timber to feed on. The mine is the richest in the country.

THE WICKED WORLD.

AT Butler, Miss., George H. Ross, colored, for an attempted assault on a white woman, was hanged to a tree.

HENRY DARROW, a farmer, was arrested at Garfield, Wash., for incest with his 16-year-old daughter.

Ten thousand foreign Jews in Odessa have been ordered to leave Russia forthwith.

The Bearing sea patrol leaves Victoria about June 1, with orders to seize all vessels found sealing whether they had been notified or not.

IN the "servant spy society" case in Minneapolis, Catherine Johnson, who sued Mrs. Harris for $500 for defamation of character, is given a verdict of one cent.

AT Syracuse, N. Y., J. Crouch killed Jack Preston and then committed suicide. It was the result of a drunken quarrel.

A GRANDNEPHEW of the late President Garfield dies in Ohio. He was once convicted, on a charge of perjured testimony, of killing a man and served several years in the penitentiary.

THE jury in the case of Mrs. Frank Leslie, at Wheeling, Va., who weeks ago followed her husband to a house of ill-fame and shot him dead, brought in a verdict of not guilty.

AT Baltimore Capt. Kuhn, of the steamer Gothic, was fined $300 for allowing an alien pauper who, with several others, had been ordered to be returned to their native country by the immigration commissioners, to escape from his vessel.

At Salt Lake City, Utah, while Mrs. Enzenberger and a friend, the wife of a wealthy wool grower, were sitting in their room three masked men entered the apartment with revolvers in hand and robbed them of $6,000 in jewelry and $175.

At Altoona, Pa., a riot was started among the Italians, and for half an hour a general fight resulted, clubs being freely used. Joe Partre went into the crowd to quell the disturbance when he was instantly killed by a brick which broke his neck.

WHEN the section hands at Lyons, Tex., returned from work they found Mrs. B. McDonald, wife of the boss, and her, seven-year-old son, weltering in their blood dead. The woman had been ravished and then beaten to death and the boy also killed to conceal the indentity of the criminal. Two men, Frank Connors, white, flagman and Frazer Davis, a negro, recently discharged by McDonough, are under arrest. The negro may be lynched.

FOREIGN.

THE Bering sea arbitration agreement is formally ratified in London.

THE sultan of Turkey is seriously ill.

KING HUMBERT has accepted the resignation of Count Taverna, the Italian ambassador to Berlin.

THE Melbourne trades council has resolved to appeal to the queen to vote the Queensland bill introducing Kanaka labor.

The prince of Wales is said to be suffering from a throat ailment, but the exact ailment is not known.

In Quebec, the Mercier conspiracy case was declared closed. Judgment was reserved.

The official denial is made of the report that the sultan of Turkey is suffering from a serious illness.

RUDOLPH JAEGER, the defaulting cashier of the Messrs. Rothschilds, the great banking house at Frankfort-on-the-Main, Germany, was arrested at Ramleh, Egypt.

Second ballots were held in a number of places in France to decide the election of municipal officers. They added to the victory scored by the Republicans at the general elections held on May 1.

THE Holy Rose, which the pope bestows every year upon some Roman Catholic princess "for virtue," fell this year to the queen of Portugal. The value of the jewel is 50,000 francs.

Four hundred government troops and 350 insurgents in Venezuela, had a fight, the latter leaving nearly one hundred dead and dying on the field, and the government leaving twenty-five dead.

A DECREE permitting the export of oats and corn will be published in St. Petersburg and another decree permitting the export of wheat will be published three or four days later.

W. R. Bonsfield, Unionist, was elected in North Hackney to fill the vacancy in the British house of commons caused by the death of Sir Lewis Pelly. He received 4,409 votes to 3,491 for T. Arrowsmith Meales, Gladstonian.

IT is now almost positively decided that President Piexoto of Brazil and the entire military government shall resign and a new election be held to choose a new government entirely from civil life. This is to be done without a revolution or bloodshed of any kind.

POLITICAL ECHOES.

A BLAINE-RUSK ticket is suggested by the anti-Harrison element.

Louisiana's warring Democratic factions re-unite on a compromise.

GOV. BOIES is boomed for the presidential nomination by the Iowa Democratic state convention.

Much difficulty is encountered in raising the funds necessary for the People's party convention at Omaha.

THE RAILROADS.

PASSENGER rates are demoralized in connection with the Minneapolis convention.

JOHN T. CONLEY of Winona is appointed assistant general passenger agent of the Milwaukee road.

THE TOILERS.

THE annual meeting of the National Boiler Makers' association has begun at Columbus, Ohio.

The International Machinists, in convention in Chicago, has elected John O'Day of Indianapolis grand master machinist.

The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers met in Atlanta, Ga., Grand Chief Arthur presided. Four hundred and fifty three delegates were present. No business was transacted at the open session.

The general executive board of the Knights of Labor held its regular quarterly meeting in Pittsburg. T. V. Powderly and all the members were present but Congressman Davis of Kansas, who was unable to leave Washington. The sessions were secret.

SPORTING MATTERS.

JOHN EWING expects to be able to pitch by June 1.

THE Hall-Fitzsimmons fight at New Orleans is a fixed fact.

Johnny Van Heest is a diamond edition, standing five feet two inches.

HERMAN LONG, the Boston shortstop, is the idol of the home cranks.

Charley Dunn, another of the Australian heavy-weights, is soon coming to America.

ED HANLON late of the Pittsburg, is slated to manage the Baltimore team.

The Parson Davies-Hall-Choynski combine sailed for England May 4.

George Mulholland, the Australian boxer, is matched against Jim Burge.

Tommy Danforth is after Mike Collins for a fight at 122 pounds any rules.

Somebody is writing the life of John L. Sullivan for him as an autobiography.

Young Mitchell has severed his connection with the Occidental club of San Francisco.

VAN DYKE, on being released by the Browns, was secured by the Buffalo State team.

RYAN is playing a good game at center for Chicago. His long throws are strong and accurate.

THE National league is shaping to bar all minor leagues out of its territory. Is this monopoly?

THE Louisville club has released Kuehne, their third baseman, and are said to be after Roat of Millwaukee.

JOHNNY WILLIAMS knocked out Billy Freeman at Pocatello, Idaho, in four rounds.

M. E. MCHENRY of Freeport, Ill., the driver of Delmarch, has made a proposition to the Des Moines association, which has been accepted. It is that Delmarch trot against any stallion in the world for a purse of $10,000. The race will come off in August next, and it is probable that either Alcyton or Nelson will be selected against Delmarch.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The 100th anniversary of the discovery of Puget sound is celebrated.

The governor of New Jersey takes legal steps against the Reading combine.

GOV. BURKE of North Dakota calls a special session of the legislature for June 1.

THE world's fair commission is out of funds.

COUNT NAPOLEON NEY is among the members of the French Chicago fair commission.

ICEMAN O'SULLIVAN'S body was buried at Monroe, Wis., besides the grave of his parents.

Chinamen in America prepare to return home almost en masse in consequence of the new restriction law.

The societies owning the red flags which were seized by the Chicago police in the parade May 1, have begun suit for recovery.

Sixteen inches of snow fell in Nebraska.

The Ohio state board of agriculture's May bulletin does not bring the condition of wheat as high as expected.

St. Joseph's cathedral was dedicated at Hartford, Conn. The sermon was preached by Archbishop Hennessey of Dubuque, Iowa.

The Independent Oil company, St. Paul assigns and quits business. The impression prevails that it is a Standard Oil absorption.

About 5,000 persons witnessed the launching of the United States gunboat Cruiser No. 7, named Castine, at the Bath Iron works, Bath, Me. The vessel made a very satisfactory launch.

A jury at Helena, Mont., has given John T. Reese, a travelling man, a verdict of $25,000 against the Union Pacific railway for injuries sustained while boarding a train, the injuries resulting in the amputation of one arm.

J. W. A. Woods, the recently appointed United States circuit judge, and Judge Gresham, sat together in the latter's court in Chicago, and thus laid at rest the hints that Judge Gresham would decline to sit on the same bench with Judge Woods.

Thirty-five nurses in the training school of Grace hospital, Detroit, an institution founded and supported by United States Senator McMillan, are in open revolt against the quality and quantity of food furnished them by the hospital managers.

THE national convention of the Ancient Order of Hibernians convened in New York. The committee on credentials received and reported among others as correct, credentials from delegates from Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Texas, Kansas, California and Colorado.

John Giegher sued Court Valley Forge, of Chicago for $25,000 damages, claiming that while being initiated the officers of the lodge compelled him to jump into a supposed lake of fire to show his courage. He says that instead of getting a plunge in the lake he was landed on the floor and broke his leg in three places.

THE Indianapolis News has been sold to William Henry Smith and Charles R. Williams, general manager and assistant general manager, respectively, of the Associated Press; William J. Richards, Francis T. Holliday and William A. Holliday, the latter three being members of the present firm. John H. Holliday, who founded the News in 1869, retires on account of ill health.

The Clerk's Mistake.

Travers—I had a provoking thing happen the other day. I opened an account with a furnishing store, and then they had the nerve to send me some stuff C. O. D.

Dashaway—How did that happen? They must have made a mistake, didn't they?

Travers—Yes, sadly. The proprietor was out when I opened the account.

THE NORTHWEST.

A Summary of the Important Events of the Week in the Northwestern States.

Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa, North and South Dakota News in a Nutshell.

MINNESOTA.

A White Earth special says: The Indians have returned from their sugar bushes. The sugar harvest was fairly successful.

In the case of George Fockens, charged at Winona with outraging Sophie Heller, the jury in the district court has returned a verdict of assault in the second degree.

Mrs. Mary Croft, who has lived in Lake City for upwards of thirty years with her daughter, Mrs. H. C. Terrell, died of apoplexy, aged eighty years.

Charles M. Marsh, who has been on trial at Mankato on charge of grand larceny in the first degree was found guilty of that offense and bound over to the district court.

L. W. Meining & Co.'s hardware store, on East Superior street, Duluth was entered by burglars and revolvers, cutlery and other goods, to the value of about $600, were stolen.

A street car was thrown down an embankment at Mankato and Thos. and George Saulpaugh, the former lately of Minneapolis and proprietor of the Saulpaugh, received painful injuries.

In the $10,000 damage suit at Redwood Falls of J. F. Jones against John Martin, a wealthy farmer, for permanent injury received from a kick the jury brought in a verdict of $1 damages for Jones.

A syndicate of Little Falls capitalists have arranged to construct an opera house that will not only ornament First street, but fill a long drawn want. The task of excavating for this structure was begun recently and the work will be pushed rapidly to its completion.

It is stated that Miss Ella Young, for several years at the head of Albert Lea College, has accepted a like position with a college at Knoxville, Tenn., and will sever her connection with the institution here at the end of this college year.

Dennis Corwin, who has had several family rows with his wife since residing at Pine City, has ended his fighting by leaving for parts unknown. He leaves a wife and child in destitute circumstances. They moved from Mankato here.

The grand jury at Fergus Falls indicted the Smith brothers for burglary at the Henning store. It is thought that they are the Vendicar boys, of Red Wing. It has also indicted Sam Bergquist for forgery and Wm. Carrol for larceny. All are sure cases.

Rev. Dr. Holmes of Minneapolis has been invited to deliver the baccalaureate address to the graduating class of the Normal school at Winona. The commencement exercises will take place on May 26, at which time a class of eighty members will be given sheep-skins.

The Northfield board of trade has considered propositions from Edward Nelson and his two brothers of Denmark to erect a knitting mill at this place. If the mill is located here it will have a capital of some $20,000, and will use a two-story building and about ten knitting machines.

Adjt. Gen. Mullen was at Lake City recently looking over the Camp Lakeview rifle range, with a view to having some improvements made there. In an effort to have the contest of the Interstate Rifle association held at Camp Lakeview this year, Gen. Mullen has received favorable responses from three of the five states concerned.

Three lightning rod men, claiming to represent a Philadelphia firm, were arrested at Buffalo for practicing a big fraud on farmers. They are charged with raising two notes, one given by Aug Fe's from $11,40 to $69,50, and one given by Nick Uhe from $11 to $125. They are in the keeping of the sheriff, and will have a hearing.

The trouble between the Foot river water power owner at Hokah, vs. Cargill Bros. of La Crosse, has reached a point where it is probable that the mills will be compelled to shut down. Two suits, aggregating nearly $60,000 in controversy, have been pending for over a year. Many men will be thrown out of employment if the mills close.

Carver county will dedicate a soldiers monument on June 17 at Waconia. The monument is of white bronze, twenty-five feet in height, and cost 2,000. On the same day a reunion of the Ex-Soldiers' Society of Carver County takes place, and a very large gathering is expected. Prominent speakers will address the multitude.

The West Hotel of St. Cloud was sold to J. E. Hayward, proprietor of the Grand Central. The consideration is said to have been $30,000. As the West was reopened very recently by Geo. H. Woodhouse, recently of the Park Hotel of Fergus Falls, and nothing had been said to him about the change the sale places him in a rather unpleasant fix.

From all parts of Wright county comes the report of increased acreage in small grain, especially wheat. The recent rains have made it stool out more than it has ever done in previous years, and should everything prove favorable there will be the largest crop ever harvested in Wright county. The acreage is fully 10 per cent larger.

A Kenyon special says: The farmers of this vicinity have organized the North Star Creamery Company to be located here and will incorporate under the laws of the state. The following are the officers: C. H. Halvorson, president; H. P. Hulebak, vice-president; O. L. Brusletten, secretary; and G. O. Gunhus, treasurer. The building will be commenced immediately.

A forcible entry was effected at Melrose that threatens to grow into a serious feud. Armed men broke into the mill of Edwin Clark, and at the point of revolvers drove the watchman and the proprietor's son off the premises. The trouble grew out of legal complications involving the rightful ownership of the mill. The case is now in the supreme court.

NORTH DAKOTA.

An unknown German was run over near Windsor, while endeavoring to board the engine. He cannot recover.

County Treasurer Nichols received official notification that the school lands sale in Cass county was approved.

Mrs. Bart Sullivan, formerly Sarah Calhoun, of Wabasha, died at Devil's Lake, leaving a child two days old.

W. D. Fleming has bought out J. W. Vonneida's drugstore on Broadway, Fargo, and will consolidate the business. Vonneida will give his whole attention to business as president of the Red River Valley National Bank.

The county commissioners are preparing plans for a bridge over the Red river north of Fargo, which will bring much trade from Minnesota farmers that now goes to Moorhead. The merchants of the latter town talk of appealing to the war department to prevent the constructing of the bridge, on account of the Red river being a navigable stream.

William Larabee was arrested at Fargo, charged with keeping a blind pig. He waived examination and was bound over bail was given. When the place was searched no liquor was found, and the only contraband article was a pack of cards. Affidavits are on file, however, wherein the affiants swear they secured liquor of him.

Gov. Burke said recently he would probably call and extra session within a few days to meet at Bismarck May 31. He finds no authority in the constitution by which a session can be limited to the consideration of the subjects named in the call, but will trust to the good sense of the members to get through as soon as possible. He thinks one week will be plenty of time to transact business regarding presidential electors and the world's fair.

John Clause, a farmer living fifteen miles up the river from Minot, has just finished threshing wheat which he stacked last fall. The yield was forty-two bushels to the acre of No. 1 hard. He got 112 bushels of oats to the acre. Farmers are finishing up their threshing, and the yield in all cases is over thirty bushels of wheat to the acre. Wilhelm Snyder, a farmer of this county had a yield of thirty-four bushels to the acre. This speaks well for the Mouse river valley.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

The Afton postoffice and contents were totaly destroyed by fire.

Deputy United States Marshal Griffith brought Peter Erickson of Watertown to Huron on a charge of violating the United States liquor law. He was arraigned before Commissioner Grant, waived examination and gave $300 bail for his appearance at the next term of the United States court.

All arrangements are now completed, contract signed, and money raised for an artificial rain trial to be given by the Interstate Rain company of Goodland, Kan., at Doland, May 20. Special trains will be run for accommodation of the public who desire to witness the tests. Reduced rates will be made.

Charges have been preferred by the Farmers Alliance against State Land Commissioner Ruth. Crooked transactions in the sale of school land is alleged and the county commissioners have been petitioned to begin a legal action to restrain him from selling any more land pending an investigation.

President Kingsbury, of the state board of control, says that if the money is not on deposit before June 14 there will be no tournament at Watertown. In that event Yankton is ready to put up the money, and the Yankton fire department announces that it will give $500 in prizes if Watertown fails to perform her obligation that the state tournament will be held at Yankton in July.

A Mitchell advice says: Farmers in this section complain of the scarcity of farm help. Higher wages now being paid than ever before on account of the big demand for farm hands, a result of the big acreage being put in and the evident anxiety to get in grain in a hurry, which has been delayed on account of the great amount of rainfall. Twenty-five dollars a month and board is now being offered where last year $18 a month and board was hard to obtain.

The Baptist people of South Dakota will hold a series of meetings during, May, June and July, conducted by Rev. S. K. Mitchell, a well known evangelist of Boston. Mr. Mitchell comes to the state under the direction of the American Baptist Home Missionary society, and will spend but ten days in any one place. The towns in which the meetings will be held will be the larger ones and those most conveniently reached by railroads. Wonderful results are anticipated from these evangelistic meetings.

It is reliably reported that a strike of a large body of $11 gold ore has been made on the 600 foot level of the Caledona and the 400-foot level of the Monitor mines, where prospecting has been done with a diamond drill, thus proving the ore body of great extent. Explorations with the diamond drill also show that the ore body crosses Deadwood and Sawpit gulches and extends to the Minerva mine, recently purchased by the Homestake Mining company. Facts concerning the strike have just been made public and are creating a good deal of excitement.

WISCONSIN.

Orin Hall, dealer in groceries and jewelry, made an assignment to P. J. Van Epps.

Martin C. Hanson, a resident of Banon county was locked up at Eau Claire on the charge of stealing a certificate of deposit amounting to $500 at Rice Lake.

Nettie Cook, aged 7 years, of Anamico, a town six miles from Green Bay, was accidentally shot and instantly killed by her brother, 9 years old, while playing with an old gun.

William Ahrens and John Heickner was sentenced at Oshkosh to 12 years in the penitentiary. They were convicted of criminal assault upon Theresa Harris, a girl 16 years of age, at Menasha.

James Coogan, an engineer, married, aged twenty-seven, of Vesper, slipped while attempting to board a moving engine at Arpin and was ground beneath the wheels. He died from the injuries.

In the matter of the impeachment of Richard Sleight, district attorney of Ashland county, Gov. Peck finds no cause of action and refuses to remove the gentleman from office.

A West Superior special says: A 14-year-old lad, named Charles Long, was drowned in the Nemadji river. His body was recovered. He was the son of C. Long, of Butler Park.

Four cars of an outgoing empty ore train were wrecked on the lakeshore just outside the yard limits at Ashland. A break beam dropped and threw them off the track smashing all badly and tearing up the track for some distance. Passenger trains were somewhat delayed.

James McClentock, brother of C. M. E. McClentock, a prominent lumber inspector of Ashland, while driving logs at Marengo, fell from the boat and was taken under a log jam by the current. The jam could not be broken. His body is not yet found.

Charles H. Todi's jewelry store at New Richmond was burglarized, the second time within a year. The burglars made an attempt to rob the Omaha passenger station and other places, but were unsuccessful. No arrests have been made yet, though the parties are thought to reside in the city.

The corner stone of the Pearson Hall of Science, an important addition to the building of Beloit college, was laid in the presence of a large gathering of friends of the institution. The building which is the gift of Dr. D. K. Pearson of Chicago, is an imposing structure, and when completed this fall for the school year will cost about $80,000.

George Batiste of Fort Pembina writes Chief of Police Higgins of Eau Claire for information of the writer's wife who left home for Eau Claire and to whom he telegraphed money to be paid by the National bank of this city. Investigation shows the woman was here a few days ago, stopped at a hotel, did not draw any money, and disappeared leaving no clue as to her destination.

Peter Kroegan, engineer on Sherry, Camon & Co's, logging engine at Vesper, met with an accident which resulted fatally. He got off the engine to close a switch at Arpin's mill, seven miles above Vesper, letting his engine run slow, and in stepping upon the engine he missed the step and stepped into the gearing of the engine, which drew his leg in, tearing the flesh on the inside of his leg from the ankle up to his hip, before the engine could be stopped.

IOWA.

A peculiar disease has broken out among the horses at Mt. Auburn and quite a number have died. The state veterinarian will be called upon.

Suit has been brought in the federal court of Cedar Rapids Gas Light company by the National Gas Light and Fuel Company of Chicago for damages in the sum of $25,000 for alleged infringement of the Springer patent.

Father Cooney now lies seriously sick at his home in Osage. By mistake he took several ounces of carbolic acid. For hours he was unconscious and it was necessary to use a stomach pump to remove the poison. He will recover.

Five of Iowa university professors have been called to Leland Stanford and other universities during the past year. To find successors has kept the state regents busy. Thus far only one has been secured, Edward Everett Hale, of Harvard, for the chair of English.

R. Kretting's drug store at Sioux City was closed by attachments by Sioux City creditors amounting to $2,500. Krettings had borrowed about $1,000 on his note just before leaving for Europe, and raised other sums. There are many creditors yet to hear from.

James Hetherington, a Dubuque wagonmaker, employed at Spencer, Iowa, took the Keeley cure, and after abstaining for some months resumed drinking. He is now a wild man, and the physicians think he will not recover.

John A. Kemp was arrested at Carroll, Iowa, by Detective D. G. McNaughton, of Seattle, Wash., where Kemp is wanted on a charge of embezzling between $7,000 and $8,000 from the Firemen's Insurance Company. Kemp disappeared a year ago when an information was filed against him.

What would seem to be a genuine stradivarius violin has been discovered in Ft. Dodge it was purchased by Benson & Rayne, music dealers, from an uneducated foreigner, who brought it from Germany. The violin bears the inscription "Strandivarius, 1721." An offer of $3,000 for the violin has been refused.

Joseph Higbee, a well to do farmer, living near Marion, mysteriously disappeared from his home on the morning of April 26, and all endeavors to find any trace of him since have proved unavailing. He is 65 years old and there was no reason for his suiciding and his relations have come to the conclusion he has been foully dealt with.

His Choice.

Hungry Higgins—Which would you druther be—deaf an' dumb, or blind?

Weary Watkins—If it's all the same to you, I druther git paralyzed.

SHAKY BUILDINGS

Heavy Rains Weaken the Foundations of Many Buildings at Huron.

Considerable Damage to Crops and Property Reported at Pierre.

HURON, S. D., Special, May 18.—Rain has been falling in torrents here for the past thirty-six hours. Some parts of the city are flooded. The fall has been so great that the sewers could not carry off the water. Store basements were filled and the occupants, driven out. Cellars are full and gardens and lawns are under water. Water on Iowa street to Tenth street is from one to three feet deep and nearly as deep on Illinois and Ohio streets from First to Sixth street. Many houses in the localities named are entirely surrounded by water, and the foundations are becoming unsafe. The foundation of the Congregational church began sinking and one side of the structure has settled several inches. Damage to other large buildings is feared. The heavy thunder that accompanied last night's storm, shook the earth and helped weaken foundations. It is still raining and likely to continue throughout the night. A cloudburst occurred a few miles east of Pierre last night, deluging a large tract of country and doing much damage to crops and property.

AT YANKTON.

YANKTON, S. D., May 18.—Sunshine prevailed all over this county on Sunday and yesterday. The farmers planted corn on the Sabbath, and if the weather holds out for a week all the corn will be in. Wheat is all up, in some fields it is six inches high. It has stooled well and grows rapidly.

AT BRITTON.

BRITTON, S. D., Special, May 18.—The heaviest rain of the season has fallen here to-day, fully one and one-half inches at this hour, with no prospects of clearing.

IN IOWA.

MARSHALLTOWN, Iowa, May 18.—After two days air weather the heaviest rain storm of the season began this afternoon. This completes the discouragement of Central Iowa farmers. Highways are impassable in all directions.

SIOUX CITY, Iowa, May 18.—The worst rain of the season has been in progress here for twenty-four hours and rain is still pouring down. In the city immense damage has been done, business houses are flooded, streets washed out and the pavement for many blocks torn up. The railroads are suffering also, washouts are numerous and trains are badly delayed or abandoned. The Floyd and Little Sioux rivers are very high. The Missouri is high and rising.

CELLARS FLOODED.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Special, May 18—Hard rains have fallen of late so regularly that they were not worth reporting. But the one of to-day was of "gospel measure." Everything is shaken together and running over. All cellars in the business portion are running over. The Daily Press press room is well supplied. Passengers on trains from the West say that the Omaha track west of this city is covered a foot deep. The ground has all it can hold, and the river is rising rapidly.

FERGUS FALLS, Minn., Special, May 18.—Over two inches of rain have fallen to-day, and it is still raining.

Will Remove Their Tracks.

MANKATO, Minn., Special, May 18.—The council last night passed an ordinance granting the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha road permission to remove its tracks from the heart of the city and place them along the river front, and granting the right of way over streets and alleys. The removal is to be accomplished within two years, and it is expected that a union depot will be built. The Omaha road will come into the city over the tracks of the Chicago & Northwestern, and it is believed that the latter road will put its main line through the city, thus saving fifteen miles in distance from this city to New Ulm. The Minneapolis & St. Louis will proceed at once to rebuild its depot upon the site of the burned structure.

Striking Miners in Idaho.

WALLACE, Idaho, May 18.—Fifteen of the non-union miners have been deserted and joined the union. These deserters say their associates are imprisoned in the mine and all will leave as soon as they can get away.

There is a great deal of suppressed excitement here, but for the present there is no apparent danger of bloodshed. A report has been circulated that 300 men were coming to-morrow.

Rain Trial Postponed.

REDFIELD, S. D., Special, May 18.—The rain trial to be held at Doland, this county, has been postponed till June 27. A. B. Montgomery will have charge of the experiment for the Kansas Artificial Rain company. No artificial rain is needed now, as it has been raining almost constantly for three weeks. The heaviest storm of the season occurred to-day. Everything is flooded.

Rich Silver Ore.

DEADWOOD, S. D., May 18.—The richest find ever made in the Black Hills has been uncovered at the Cora mines at Galena. It is silver ores from which assays running as high as $17,000 per ton has been received. A local expert states there are sighted in the mine from 60 to 100 tons of ore that will average $4,000 per ton.

Death of Prof. Hayes.

FORT DODGE, Iowa, Special, May 18.—Dr. L. Y. Hayes, president of Buena Vista college at Stone Lake, died last night after a short illness. Funeral services will be held to-morrow. Dr. Hayes was formerly president of the Presbyterian college here and was known as one of the leading educators of the state.

Ocean Travel.

Bremerhaven—Arrived: Saale, from New York.

Southampton—Arrived: Lahn, from New York.

Rio Janeiro—Arrived: Friesland, from Antwerp; Norwegian, from Glasgow; Rotterdam, from Amsterdam; Runic, from Liverpool; Freisland, from Antwerp.

Philadelphia—Arrived: Pennsylvania, from Antwerp.

Queenstown—Arrived: Teutonic, from New York.

Another Suit Against Teed.

CHICAGO, May 18.—"Dr." Teed, of the so-called Koreshan community, was made defendant to-day in another $100,000 damage suit. The complainant is Thomas Cole, manager of the Dresel Canning company, whose grievance is the alienation of his wife's affections. Mrs. Teed some time ago became an inmate of one of Teed's "heavens."

Base Ball at Red Wing.

RED WING, Minn., Special, May 18.—The Red Wing base ball club and the Minneapolis Black Caps will play a match game here on Thursday afternoon.

Bicycles for Dispatch Work.

CHICAGO, Special—A relay bicycle ride from Chicago to New York by means of which a government message signed by Gen. Miles will be conveyed from army headquarters at Chicago to Gen. Howard at New York will be started next Wednesday regardless of weather. The prospect is that the one hundred or more men who will carry the pouch containing the message will have many long stretches of extremely muddy road to contend with during the thousand-mile ride, but this will add largely to the merit of the performance, as one of the chief purposes is it possible to make a record which will far surpass the possibilities of horsemanship in actual military dispatch work.

Getting Very Ugly.

WASHINGTON, Special, May 14.—The house is in a very great tangle. The Democrats are trying to force the passage of the silver bill or prevent any more pensions being passed by doing away with Friday evening sessions, which are devoted to the consideration of pension bills. The Farmers' Alliance members are vociferating in the corridors that there will be no more unanimous consent allowed for the passage of bills until the subtreasury bill is reported from the committee on ways and means. The temper of the house is getting decidedly ugly, and it is possible that there will be some very disagreeable scenes in the next few weeks.

Invested in Timber Lands.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich., Special.—A deal was closed here to-day by which Frank Perry of this city, Lewis Hall of Bay Mills and J. Norton of Lockport, Ill., composing the Perry Lumber company, bought 192 square miles of Canadian Indian reservation tributary to the Goulais and Batchawanna rivers, about forty miles above here. The deal will reach into the millions and will result in pine, spruce and cedar operations of immense proportions.

A Penitent Wife Returns.

DUBUQUE, Special, —Mrs. Duncan, the pretty blonde wife, has returned from California. She eloped last November with John D. Bush, Jr., leaving behind her a child six years old. Bush is now running a brewery at Sheridan, Wyo. His father, now dead, was mayor of Dubuque and very wealthy. Duncan has not yet interviewed his penitent wife.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

The reports in Chicago that Daniel Coughlin is critically ill are stated by the prison officials to be untrue.

Early yesterday morning fire in the Warner institute, Brooklyn, destroyed the structure, causing a loss of $100,000.

Denis Deahy & Co. of Chicago, wholesale dealers in woolen cloths, have failed, with liabilities estimated at $100,000 and assets nominally the same.

Robert H. Ford committed suicide in Denver by taking morphine. He was formerly editor of the Northwestern Financier and connected with the New York World and North American.

"Hanny" Dobbs, the noted bank burglar and crony of "Red" Leary, George Wilkes and "Big Slim" Thompson, is dead in New York. He had just been released from the penitentiary. Dobbs was one the most noted and desperate criminals in the United States.

THE MARKETS.

CHICAGO—WHEAT—No. 2 spring, 82½; No. 3 spring, 76to77½c. No. 2 red, 85to85½c.

CORN—No. 2, 45½c.

OATS—No. 2, 29½c.; No. 2 white, 32½c. No. 3 white, 31½@32c.

RYE—No. 2, 78c.

BARLEY—No. 2, 62c.; No. 3, 49@60c.

MINNEAPOLIS—WHEAT—No. 1 hard, 83c; No. 1 Northern, 82c; No. 2 Northern, 78to80c.

CORN—No. 3, 41 to 42c; No. 3 yellow, 38 to 39c.

OATS—No. 2 white, 29to29½c; No. 3 white, 29to30c.

RYE—No. 2, 72½ to 73c.

BARLEY—No. 3, 40 to 53c.

HAY—Choice upland quoted at $11.50to12.50; No. 1 wild, $11to12; coarse off color, $9to$10.50 timothy $12to13

ST. PAUL—WHEAT—No. 1 hard, 82to84c; No. 1 Northern, 81to82c; No. 2 Northern, 77 to 78c.

CORN—No. 3, 38½ to 39½c; No. 3 yellow, 39 to 40c.

OATS—No. 2, 27½ to 28½c; No. 2 white, 29 to 29½c; No. 3, 28 to 28½.

BARLEY AND RYE—No. 2 barley, 50 to 55c; No. 3 barley, 35 to 48c; No. 2 rye, 71 to 72c; malt, 60to75c.

GROUND FEED AND MILLSTUFFS—No. 1, $14.75@15.25; No. 2, 5.25@15.75; No. 3, $14.50 to 15; low grade, $12 to 12.50; corn meal, bolted, $18 to 19; do unbolted, $13.75to14.25; bran, bulk, $9.50 to 10.

MILWAUKEE—WHEAT—No. 2 spring, 82c; No. 1 Northern, 88c.

CORN—No. 3, 45to45½c.

OATS—No. 2, white, 32to33c. No. 3, do, 31to32c.

BARLEY—No. 2, 55c; sample, 55to57c.

CATHOLIC OBSEQUIES.

They Are Held at the Capitol the Second Time in History.

WASHINGTON, Special, May 17.—The Catholic funeral in the senate of the United States to-day over the remains of Senator Barbour of Virginia caused considerable comment, and it also put the old-timers to thinking about when a like occurrence had taken place in the capitol building before. It is found that the only instance was when Chief Justice Roger Taney was buried from the supreme court room with a Catholic burial service. Probably four-fifths of those in attendance in the senate chamber to-day saw for the first time a Catholic funeral service.

ALL WERE KILLED.

Ira Mullens, an Outlaw, and His Family Shot in Kentucky.

NORTON, Va., May 17.—Ira Mullens, a lawless character, while driving in Letcher county, Ky., was fired upon from ambush. He was accompanied by his wife, brother-in-law, a child and the driver of his wagon, all of whom, with himself, were killed. No clue to the murderers.

Judgment Against Ignatius Donnelly Secured by His Publishers.

CHICAGO, May 17.—Ignatius Donnelly was defeated in Judge Blodgett's court to-day in a bout with his publishers. The firm is R. S. Peale & Co. of this city, who had the contract for printing and circulating Mr. Donnelly's "Great Cryptogram." Mr. Donnelly secured a loan from Peale & Co. of $4,000 five years ago. The book was not as successful as expected, and the result was the company was $4,000 out. They began suit for the amount and interest, and to-day Judge Blodgett entered judgment against Donnelly for $5,293.72. The judgment was entered on Donnelly's failure to file affidavits of merits. Mr. Donnelly's claim was that Peale & Co. could not recover, as they had already realized the amount on sales of the book, or if they had not it was because they had failed to push the sale of the publications.

She Had No Equity.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—A case involving the title to a tract of land in the city of Tacoma, Wash., valued at $750,000, was disposed of by a decision announced by Justice Brewer in the supreme court of the United States to-day. Maria J. Galliher claimed title under a homestead entry made by Silas Galliher, her husband, Aug. 10, 1872. He died April 18, 1873, and his entry was canceled Dec. 4, 1879, for want of final proof within the statutory seven years. Under an act passed June 15, 1880, Mrs. Galliher applied for the land, but her application was rejected. N. P. Caldwell entered the land Dec. 20, 1881, and in April, 1882 received a patent therefor. The supreme court held that Mrs. Galliher had no equity of title to the land and confirmed Caldwell's title.

Brodie's Dive Eclipsed.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., May 17.—Last evening Thomas A. Madden of this city made the phenomenal dive of 149 feet from the great bridge into the Mississippi river, thus eclipsing Steve Brodie's leap from the Brooklyn bridge. Madden jumped from the iron girders that rise on either side of the roadway. He did not drop as professionals, but leaped feet down.

College Games.

FARIBAULT, Minn., Special, May 17.—The Carleton and Shattuck clubs, intercollegiate baseball league, played here to-day, Shattuck failed to get a run, while Carleton scored fourteen times.

YANKTON, S. D., Special, May 17.—A state intercollegiate league ball game here to-day resulted: Yankton college 4; Vermillion university 3.

How's This, Mr. Blaine?

WASHINGTON, May 17.—Representative Geary of California will introduce in the house a resolution requesting the secretary of state to report the reasons for the removal of Frederic A. Bancroft of Illinois from the position of librarian of the state department and his nomination, without his knowledge or consent, to be consul at Brunswick, Germany.

Democratic Delegates.

TUCSON, Ariz., May 17.—The Democratic territorial convention to-day selected the following delegates to the Chicago national convention: A. G. Oliver, A. C. Baker, M. J. Nugent, L. C. Hughes, E. E. Ellingwood, Henry T. Smith. The convention indorses Marcus A. Smith, delegate to congress; also Grover Cleveland.

William Wilkins of Siota, Ill., owned a vicious stallion which attacked and severely bit him. Wilkins subdued the stallion by roping him down and picking out the animal's eyes with a needle. He was arrested.

Young Ward Fooled 'Em.

NEW YORK, Special—It transpires that H. Ward McAllister is married, and has been since 1887, to Jennie Champion, daughter of the late G. W. Garmany of Savannah, Ga. The young man, whose marriage is only just published, nearly five years after date, is a son of the only Ward McAllister, the inventor of the four hundred, and the man who boiled them down to one hundred and fifty.

Just Listen to This!

OTTAWA, Special—N. McInnes, dominion immigration agent, who has been operating in Michigan to induce disappointed settlers there to come to Manitoba and the Northwest, has arrived here. He comes to make arrangements for bringing 200 families into the Canadian Northwest.

A Drunken Husband's Crime.

OTTAWA, Ill., Special—Justus Moss, a moulder employed at the Adams factories at Marseilles, disappeared to-day after perpetrating a fearful double crime. Moss went home drunk, and upon his wife's remonstrating with him for his condition, gave her an almost merciless beating with his fists and then jumped upon her with his boot heels. The woman, who was in a delicate condition, was taken violently ill and gave birth to a premature child, which died, and the mother, after terrible sufferings, soon followed.

Arrived at Riga.

RIGA, Russia, Special—The American steamer Conemaugh, loaded with flour and grain and provisions from Philadelphia for the benefit of the starving Russian peasants, arrived in the Riga roadstead at midnight last night and the work of discharging the vessel is now in progress. This afternoon the municipal authorities and the chief residents of Riga extended most hearty greetings to those on board the Conemaugh. The czar yesterday signed a ukase permitting the exportation of oats and corn.

Five Children Left Parentless.

MILWAUKEE, Special—Sandelin Harler, fireman at Pabst's brewery, shot himself yesterday because of domestic trouble. To-day his wife killed herself by taking poison. Five children, two of them deaf mutes, are left to struggle with the world by the double tragedy.

AN ANCIENT IDOL.

The Modest Clay Deity of the Early American Heathen.

The State Historical Society was enriched recently by an image of pottery supposed to be an idol of some prehistoric race, probably the mound builders, says the Topeka Capital. The idol was found near Aron, Independence County, Ark., and was dug from a mound by relic hunters along with a number of decayed human bones, copper arrow heads and broken domestic utensils. It is the property of G. W. Hume, of Strasburg, Mo. The idol is seven inches in height by five inches in diameter. It is rudey constructed, having evidently been formed by hand, or at best very crude tools, from common clay, and afterward hardened by being dried in the sun.

The idol represents a human figure in a kneeling posture, the arms extending at the side. The features are rudely formed, yet, notwithstanding this, are not altogether repulsive, the nose being gracefully aquiline and the lips well formed. The ears are missing, but the remnants show that they were adorned with rings. The body is "squatty," and might be said to resemble a toad. At the top of the head there is a hole which seems to have served a purpose, probably that of fastening a headdress to the figure. The image would hardly be catalogued with the works of art, but it is nevertheless an interesting relic.

The race whose diety was represented by this clumsy bit of clay inhabited the Mississippi Valley from the great lakes to the gulf at a time to which the traditions of man runneth not. Who they were, where they came from, what their manner of life was is all a mystery. True, many mounds, excavations and burying grounds of this lost people have been discovered, but so far they have given but little of their history. That they lived and died before the race of American indians existed is proved by the fact that the traditions of the latter race contain no reference to this lost people, although their mounds and relics are mentioned. Many mounds of this kind are found in Missouri, Illinois, Kentucky, Tennessee, Ohio and Indiana, and a few have been discovered in nearly all of the states of the Mississippi valley.

SHE CHANGED HER MIND,

And Then Changed It Again After Reading Her Former Lover's Letter.

Scene—A family sitting-room. Dramatis personæ—Young lady, brother, father, mother, parrot.

Enter young lady with a sealed letter in her hand.

"Here is a letter from Fred Blossom. It is postmarked Omaha. I never expected to hear from him again."

Mother—He is persistent enough, if that is all.

Father—You were a goose to refuse him, Edith. Young, good-looking and with plenty of money, he's a catch for any girl.

Brother—Don't you do it, sis. He's the biggest prig in fourteen countries. Tell him to stop asking you to marry him.

Parrot—Rats!

Edith—I've refused him twice.

Father—There's luck in odd numbers, I've heard say.

Mother—Read the letter.

Edith—Oh, its the same old, tedious story. I suppose I might as well say yes. He's bound to worry me into marrying him.

Parrot—You're another.

Father—He'll give you a fine home and a carriage to ride in. Don't be silly Edith. You'll never get such a chance again.

Edith—I-believe-I-could-love him-if-I-married-him. Well, then, this time it shall be yes. Dear Fred! How happy it will make him to hear me say yes, at last.

Brother—Read your letter, sis.

Edith—Oh, yes the letter. Breaks the seal and reads slowly.

DEAR MISS EDITH—You will be gratified to know that I am at last cured of my foolish passion for you, and am soon to be married to the sweetest and prettiest girl in Omaha. We will expect your congratulations.

FRED BLOSSOM.

Tableau vivant—Curtain falls to slow music.—Detroit Free Press.

WOMEN OF THE ARMY.

They Continue to Make Life Interesting at Frontier Posts Despite the Monotony.

If there are any women in America more fortunately and happily situated in life than the wives and daughters of the officers of the United States army they will have to be looked for through a Lick telescope, leveled to the plane of the horizon, and then will not be microscopically found. There is a chivalry, though chivalry may be jeered at, that surrounds the wives and daughters of our army which makes them content under the hardships of moving if not wholly satisfied or happy in some well-favored and desirable garrison. The wife, being a sensible woman and an American girl, marrying an army officer, soon catches on, knows how much her husband gets, and that he is sure of it, and can regulate household expenses or "the messing arrangements" accordingly. The daughter of one officer doesn't envy the girl of another of the same regiment, because she knows just how much both papas get. The social life of the army, therefore, is largely without bickering or false emulation, and the social features of the army are of a family character in a regiment or at a post.

Let it drop at this, the praise of encomium to be bestowed upon army women. They are jolly, forgiving, can adapt themselves in every circumstance, and they are the most motherly women in the world when they become the wives of colonels, looking after urchins from West Point as if they were the apples of their eye—especially if they have daughters of a marriageable age.—St. Louis Republic.

A wall paper trust has just been organized with head quarters in New York city.

Pleasures of Memory.

What a blessed thing is memory! How it brings up the pleasures of the past, and hides its unpleasantness! You recall your childhood days, do you not and wish they would return? You remember the pleasant associations, while the unpleasant ones are forgotten. Perhaps to your mind comes the face of some friend. It was once a pale, sad face. It showed marks of pain, lines of care. It seemed to be looking into the hereafter, the unknown future. And then you recalled how it brightened, how it recovered its rosy hue, how it became a picture of happiness and joy. Do you remember these things? Many people do, and gladly tell how the health returned, how happiness came back, how the world seemed bright. They tell how they were once weak, nerveless, perhaps in pain, certainly unhappy. They tell of sleepless nights, restless days, untouched food, unstrung nerves. And then they tell how they became happy, healthy and strong once more. You have heard it often in the past, have you not? You have heard people describe how they were cured and kept in health? You certainly can remember what it is that has so helped people in America. If not, listen to what Mrs. Annie Jenness Miller, who is known universally as the great dress reformer, says: "Six years ago, when suffering from mental care and overwork, I received the most pronounced benefit from the use of that great medicine, Warner's Safe Cure." Ah, now you remember. Now you recall how many people you have heard say this same thing. Now you recollect how much you have heard of this great Cure. Now you are ready to admit that memory is usually pleasing, that the highest pleasure comes from perfect health, and that this great remedy has done more to produce and prolong health than any other discovery ever known in the entire history of the whole world.

Nothing Wasted.

In Paris nothing is wasted, not the smallest scrap of paper; that which every one else throws away here becomes a source of profit. Old provision tins, for instance, are full of money; the lead soldering is removed and melted down into cakes, while the tin goes to make children's toys. Old boots, however bad, always contain in the arch of the foot at least one sound piece that will serve again, and generally there are two or three others in the sole, the heel, and at the back. Scraps of paper go to the cardboard factory, orange peel to the marmalade maker, and so on. The ideas suggested are not always agreeable, and to see a ragpicker fishing orange peel out of the basket is enough to make one forswear marmalade—but there is worse than that. The most valuable refuse—that which fetches 2 francs the killo—is hair; the long goes to the hairdresser, while the short is used, among other things, for clarifying oils.—"The Saturday Review."

Two Sisters.

Here is a bit of dialogue from the New York Press. The moral of it is not expressed, but perhaps the reader will be able to find it.

"What is Mamie doing?"

"She is a saleslady."

"Does she earn much?"

"Hardly enough to keep soul and body together, but her sister helps her a little."

"What does her sister do?"

"She's a servant-girl."

IT RESPECTS THE LAW.

The Lottery Company's Good Faith.

[Washington telegram to Globe-Democrat.]

The New Orleans Postmaster, Capt. S. M. Eaton, is a little smooth-faced man, honest and shrewd. He is a great friend of Warmoth, but he has backed up the Postmaster-General's efforts vigorously in the fight on the lottery.

The year before the warfare began Mr. Eaton says the Lottery Company bought at the New Orleans office $103,000 worth of stamps and stamped envelopes. For that same year the total revenue of the office was $416,000. So it appears that the Lottery Company contributed within $1000 of one-fourth of the entire revenue of the office.

By the action of the department in enforcing the anti-lottery law passed by Congress this postal revenue from the lottery company became a dead loss. Last year's receipts by the New Orleans office reached a total of $352,000. The day before Capt. Eaton started to this conference the lottery company posted in all its branch offices in New Orleans a notice to this effect:

"The supreme court of the United States having decided the anti-lottery postal law to be constitutional, it is hereby ordered and directed that no one in the employ of this company shall mail a letter which in any way refers directly or indirectly to the business of the lottery. It must be understood that this company will aid in the enforcement of this law."

"I think that this notice is honest and sincere," said Capt. Eaton, "and the company means just what it says."

M. P. Philips, who in behalf of a syndicate of capitalists visited France in order to study the gambling rooms at Monte Carlo, has returned to New York. It is said the syndicates purpose is to get permission to open a resort similar to Monte Carlo at one of the American pleasure resorts.

Faint Shadows of a Grim Colossus.

Prognosticate his coming. Mental depression and perturbation, a sensation of languor by day and unrest upon getting up in the morning, heartburn, occasional headaches, undue sensitiveness to slight noises, furred tongue—these mean that you need preventive tonic medication. Neglect it and the hideous colossus of disease will speedily stare you out of countenance and wrest health from you. Seek preventive aid from Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which checkmates dyspepsia, biliousness, rheumatism, constipation and malaria.

VAST damages are wrought by floods in Iowa and Illinois.

The Only One Ever Printed.

CAN YOU FIND THE WORD? There is a 3 inch display advertisement in this paper, this week, which has no two words alike except one word. The same is true of each new one appearing each week, from The Dr. Harter Medicine Co. This house places a "Crescent" on everything they make and publish. Look for it, send them the name of the word and they will return you BOOK, BEAUTIFUL LITHOGRAPHS or SAMPLES FREE.

LOWER Mississippi levees give way inundating the surrounding country.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

The London court of appeals has confirmed the compromise arrangement arrived at between Mrs. Parnell, the widow of C. S. Parnell, as sole heir of her aunt, the late Ann Maria Wood, and Charles Page Wood and Gen. Sir Henry Evelyn Wood.

The Best Baking Powder

AND MOST ECONOMICAL,

Is that of Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder. It is prepared with greater care and accuracy, from finer and more expensive materials, competent chemists test every ingredient nothing is left to chance. No ammonia, alum or other adulterant taints this purest of human food products. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder is the embodiment of all the excellence that it is possible to attain. It is always uniform and reliable and retains its full strength until used. It is not only more economical because of its wonderful raising power, but by reason of its greater bulk, the cans being much larger than the ordinary kind; it will go farther and do better work. It never disappoints. Dr. Prices is the only baking powder that contains the whites of eggs.

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"There's something behind it." That's what you think, perhaps, when you read that the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy offer $500 reward for an incurable case of Catarrh. Rather unusual, you think, to find the makers of a medicine trying to prove that they believe in it. "There must be something back of it!"

But it's a plain, square offer, made in good faith. The only thing that's back of it is the Remedy. It cures Catarrh in the Head. To its mild, soothing, cleansing and healing properties, the worst cases yield, no matter how bad or of how long standing. It has a record that goes back for 25 years. It doesn't simply relieve—it perfectly and permanently *cures*. With a Remedy like this, the proprietors can make such an offer and *mean* it. To be sure there's risk in it, but it's so very small that they are willing to take it.

You've "never heard of anything like this offer?" True enough. But then you've never heard of anything like Dr. Sage's Remedy.

Table Manners.

Probably there is no people in the world so uncivilized as not to have among themselves a code of manners, more or less strictly defined. Mr. Bishop, while on his thousand-mile walk across South America, was impressed with this fact. He describes a rude meal which he shared with a company of cart-drivers—"almost savage gauchos"—in whose company he was then traveling.

We encamped near a swamp, and supped upon sliced pumpkins, boiled with bits of meat, and seasoned with salt. The meal was served in genuine pampa fashion one iron spoon and two cow's horns, split in halves, were passed around the group, the members squatted upon their haunches, and freely helped themselves from the kettle.

Even in this most uncivilized form of satisfying hunger there is a peculiar etiquette, which the most lowly peon invariably observes. Each member of the company in turn dips his spoon, or horn, into the center of the stew and draws it in a direct line toward him, never allowing it to deviate to the right or the left.

By observing this rule, each person eats without interfering with his neighbor. Being ignorant of this custom, I dipped my horn into the mess at random, and fished about for some of the nice bits.

My companions regarded this horrid breach of politeness with scowls of impatience. They declared, with some warmth, to the cook that gringos did not know how to eat, and, "as they lived upon dogs in their own distant country, they came to the great Argentine Republic to get food and grow fat on the gauchos."

I apologized as well as I could, and endeavored thereafter to eat according to gaucho etiquette.

Soap and Potatoes.

Like all primitive peoples, the Maories are very inquisitive, and, in the manner of children, are inclined to bring everything to their mouths to test its qualities. In the early days a party of Maories came across some bars of soap which had been washed ashore from a wreck. Finding that the stuff was too sticky to be eaten raw, they resolved to cook it. Accordingly they cut it up into small peices, and sprinkled these pieces over the sweet potatoes and fish which formed their evening meal. Finally they covered the whole mass over with fern leaves and mats, and, putting earth on the top, left every thing to bake quietly in the ovens till the evening. The scene at the evening meal must have been very funny. Not only did the tribe have to go supperless to bed, but the whole set of ovens was spoilt, and new ones had to be constructed before any further cooking could be done.—"All the Year Round,"

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

It transpires that the recent sword duel at Buda Pesth between Herr Horvarth and Lieut. Ovary resulted more seriously than the first report indicated. Horvarth was wounded, although the first account of the duel had it that a slight scalp wound inflicted on Ovary was the worst injury received by either combatant.

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

PISO'S CURE FOR
Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use Piso's Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured one. It is not bad to take. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere. 25c.
CONSUMPTION.

A BOSTON WOOING.

A dainty maid of Beacon street
He loved with honest passion,
And bowing humbly at her feet
He spake in lover fashion;
"Thou art my soul, my star, my light,
Thy grace all else surpasses;"
And like a dew drop gleaming bright
A tear fell on her glasses.

She answered not a single word,
The scene was too affecting,
But he divined that she had heard
And there was no rejecting.
'Twas as when through the depth of night
A brilliant comet passes,
He saw the tear, a jewel bright,
That glistened on her glasses.
—Munsey's Weekly.

THE STORY OF STE. CECILE.

In a picture gallery in one of the large cities that border upon the Ohio River there is a group of figures painted in oils and set in a massive copper frame.

The Artist's name is unknown, but it is said upon the overthrow of Maximilian this picture was seized and brought to this country from Mexico.

The painting represents a young and beautiful woman rising from the harp which stands beside her, its strings seeming almost to vibrate from the touch of her fingers. Her rich draperies fall in marvelous folds of sheen and splendor, her golden hair floats like an aureole round her fair shoulders, while her face wears a rapt, seraphic expression as she gazes upon an angel faintly outlined holding a crown above her head. Kneeling at the feet of the woman is a youth in Spanish costume, who is overwhelmed, it would seem, by her glorious beauty. Many years ago this painting, reaching from floor to ceiling, stood against the wall of a miserable apartment overlooking the busy streets of the Mexican capital. The sun and air streamed in unhindered through its open windows, and at night the ghostly moonlight fell in mirrow-like patches on the bare uneven floor. The brilliant coloring of the picture, now softened and mellowed by time, contrasted strangely with the dinginess and poverty of the room. There were brushes and an easel and all the necessary paraphernalia of an artist's studio, but none of its elegancies; indeed, the room served as lodging room, kitchen, and atelier combined.

Its occupant, the artist, was a Spaniard by birth, of middle age, once handsome, now worn and wasted with disease. He was called a miser by some, by others a spendthrift. A miser because it was known that his work had sold for great sums, yet he lived so meanly; a spendthrift because he gave gold coins to little urchins who climbed the uncertain staircase to look at this wonderful picture Ste. Cecile. His ambition seemed to have burned itself out in the accomplishment of this his last work, yet no offer, however large, could tempt him to part with it. One bright morning a troop of ragged children clambered up the steps to look at Ste. Cecile and to gather the coin that might be their reward. They crept softly along the gallery that ran outside, and peeped in at the open door, but no sound welcomed them. Then they entered on tiptoe—no one was there. Turning to scamper down again, a groan frightened them out of their wits, until they discovered their benefactor, the painter, lying in one corner upon a couch whose draperies he had torn away in his struggles for air.

Seeing that help was needed, the children clattered hastily down to call assistance. The first person they encountered was a doctor upon his daily rounds. He was familiar with this quarter of the city and knew something of the poor artist.

Persons noting his eccentricities had said the painter was mad, that his love for a beautiful woman had turned his poor brain. He was sane enough to execute wonderful sketches with palette and brush, he passed in and out silent and alone, he harmed no one, he shunned the world, therefore the world passed by on the other side.

Aware that the painter had not many hours to live, the doctor out of sheer sympathy for his lonely condition tarried by the bedside after administering restoratives.

Panting for breath the patient turned suddenly and said, "Doctor, do you doubt that souls are created, eternal, immortal? Is there any who think that from nothing we came and unto nothing we return?" The doctor placed his finger upon his own lip to enjoin silence, fearing that even so slight an exertion would hasten dissolution.

Not heeding the caution the man continued:—

"I must tell you, doctor, I must tell you. I cannot carry this secret with me. Listen! this is not the only existence that I have known."

The doctor smiled.

"Ah, you do not believe this? You think I rave? Doctor, I never saw things clearer than at this moment."

Partly rising he looked wildly around and then whispered, "I was born upon another planet! Sometimes the remembrance of that life is wafted to me in vague whispers, fleeting as a breath, intangible as a dream."

"Yes," said the doctor, "we all have such fancies."

"It is no fancy, doctor. In that land I had a twin soul who had power to bring forth music from reeds and shells, entrancing all with the power of song. The chief condition of existence in that realm is self-abnegation. The penalty for its infringement is banishment to this planet called Earth for a longer or shorter period according to the enormity of the offense."

The incredulous smile of the doctor seemed to urge the man to further confession,

"You wonder, do you not, doctor, that the fairest of earth's beings are soonest blighted? Ah, you do not know that the cleaner the soul upon its arrival here, the less reason has it to become purified by earthly affliction. You cannot know what terrible sins are expiated here upon earth in long, useless, unhappy lives, or, failing in this, are still farther doomed. Oh that I did not know!"

He clasped his thin transparent hands over his piercing black eyes, and then whispered—

"In that land whence I came I yielded to the tempter and dragged down my twin soul into the abyss! Think of that, doctor! A double transgression! Do you wonder they think me mad? She and I forgot the penalty, and we defied the Power that had created us."

He paused and pushed back the damp locks that clustered upon his forehead, and his breathing grew painfully hurried. Soon he resumed: "So aggravated was my offense in thus assisting in the downfall of my twin soul, that upon me was imposed not only the pang of exile but that of remembrance also. This is rarely inflicted upon transgressors, and only when one has involved another soul in ruin. I found after a time that the earth was very beautiful. There was much in it to remind me of my former home in its waving trees, its green meadows and chattering streams, its singing birds and glorious sky. But alas I knew that its inhabitants were doomed, even as myself, to become purified through moral suffering because of sin of self-love. I knew that the constant warring of these people in accomplishing their own selfish purposes was the blight and bane of their existence. So blind were they that when one of their number exalted through suffering, rose to a higher life, they lamented, and often rejoiced when one hopelessly given over to evil passed out of sight. It was the old demon of self, always seeking each his own individual happiness."

The doctor again lifted a warning finger, for the painter was growing weaker and his small store of vital force was rapidly passing away. The look and gesture seemed to nerve the man to greater effort.

"Let me finish doctor," he said plaintively. "I had lived upon the earth three or four years as time is reckoned, when I began to feel stirring within me a power which I had possessed in my former existence—that of portraying surrounding objects. My earthly parents were astonished at this extraordinary gift.

Knowing nothing of its source, and thinking its exercise could lead only to the dwarfing of my other and, as they believed, more useful powers which they hoped to turn to their own and to my profit, they denied me every opportunity. They called me indolent, lacking in force and ambition, and sure to come to want. Then I began to work in secret, stealing away and hiding my productions; working under every possible disadvantage through lack of knowing how to use crude material appointed to the work of this life.

Finally, one who was also doomed to earth and who had likewise struggled to give expression to the divine power within him came to my aid. Shall I ever forget his tender glance, his approving smile? His words of encouragement were as the dews of heaven to the parched arid desert. He took me gently by the hand, for he was then a gray-haired old man, almost purified from the taint of self, and his skill as a painter was known throughout every royal household in Christendom. He taught me the use of earthly compounds and revealed to me the rules of art; and bidding me to rely not upon the praise of men, he left me.

Instantly a sense of my great power came upon me. At that time I was a boy of barely twelve years. My parents, won by the words of my venerable friend, no longer hindered my life-work. Was I therefore secure? Alas, no. Other and fiercer struggles I must yet endure. Men reviled my work. Jealousy and envy cast their poison over my fairest creations. Among my detractors were those who said boldly that the work was not mine, that it was that of my master, that a boy could not possibly accomplish what I claimed as my own. I was looked upon as an impostor, and my parents as the abettors of my scheme. Yet having begun, I could not but go on. Nothing else prospered under my hand. Men looked coldly on, yet I wrought when others slept—only in the exercise of my gift did I find one ray of comfort.

In all this weary life not once had I met my twin soul. Never had she who was condemned to this life with me crossed my path. Where, or in what country, was her home I knew not. I wandered from place to place hoping somewhere to hear her sweet voice, to look into those liquid eyes. I listened at church doors and beneath the windows of the rich and to the voices of the street singers, always hoping to hear that divine voice among the floating melodies, but all in vain.

Hope seemed dead within me. What I regarded as my masterpieces remained in my studio unsold. Starvation came and sat by my side, adding its pangs to my already wretched condition.

Then came the wonderful tale of a new world; a new hope was born within me. I crossed the sea, facing shipwreck and disaster with the thought that possibly in this land of gold and gems I might find the eyes of my beloved.

I knelt at shrines, I prayed to the Mother of God, I kissed the crucifix, I applied my art to the adornment of sacred places, and so began to feel a peace that I had never known. It seemed that so doing I was nearer to her unseen presence.

I was told of a beautiful woman drawing crowds nightly to listen to her marvelous power of song. I was too poor to gain admittance to the brilliantly lighted theatre, but I stood without and I heard the ravishing strains. Then, joy of all joy, I knew without beholding her face that the singer was my long-lost twin soul! I stood so close that I could touch her garments when she entered her carriage. I looked into her eyes, but she only shuddered and drew away from me. The perfume of her breath floated about me. No word did she vouchsafe to me. Oh what anguish I then endured! Still I haunted her presence, I would not be denied, until people said that I was mad! I kissed the ground where her rich robes trailed, I gathered the petals that fell from the flowers at her bosom. I painted pictures of her beautiful face, and threw all my skill into the portrayal of her divine form. She was pure as she was beautiful. Men gazed upon the portraits which I painted and offered fabulous sums. Could I sell them? Could such perfection be counted with gold? Listen, doctor, they tried to buy her soul! They were devils! When they could not do this they turned upon her and crushed her with calumny. The earthly vesture of her white soul was too frail to with stand the stroke, and one bright morning the word was wildly circulated that the Queen of Song was dead!

Dead? her probation was ended. She had entered upon that sphere where envy, malice, and self-love could no more enter. I gave thanks upon my knees that this was so; now I looked forward to my own release.

I painted more diligently than before. I scattered with a lavish hand my brightest inspirations, caring not for the gold which now flowed toward me in abundance. Men wondered at my facility; they said that it could not last, that I was burning out my very life. Yet while they talked I threw to them new and startling proofs of what they were now pleased to call my genius.

I could feel that my body was growing weaker while my power increased. They offered me a palace in which to exhibit my art and to carry on my work. I would not accept. My garret was near the sky, and by that much nearer to my twin-soul. I became almost insensible of the needs of the body—my only desire was to complete what I felt was my greatest work, the embodiment of music in its divinest form.

To this I gave unweariedly every faculty of my being. It was not fame, it was not the hope of reward that spurred me on, it was the overwhelming sense that I possessed the power to produce something that would add to the delight of mortals. It was the rekindled flame of unselfish endeavor, the divine spark, and you, doctor, call it Genius!"

Something like a glorified smile broke over the wan features at this point in his story. A youthful look took the place of the painful expression, and his breath become less hurried and gasping.

Stretching forth his thin arm, he pointed to the picture which covered one side of the miserable apartment, saying:

"Day and night I plied the brush, touching and retouching until I saw my beautiful twin-soul receiving the crown of life upon the canvas before me: almost breathing it seemed, the trembling harp-strings touched by her fingers answering to the breeze that swept my lonely garret. Then I slept.

Exhausted nature had her way. I awoke not until the next day's sun was sinking behind the low hills. My first waking thought was the picture. There it stood—not as I had left it—but with another figure added to the group in which I recognized myself, now kneeling at her feet—as you see, doctor." He paused a moment and then asked, "Do you think, doctor, that I in the hours of sleep could have added this? I cannot tell; but above our heads still smiled the angel ready to crown my beloved. My work was done. An angel pressed my eyelids, the earthly clods fell from my wearied limbs, and my soul, free and untrammeled, stood face to face with her whom I loved. Doctor, do not say I was mad; this was zeal. It was no delusion." The dying man ceased speaking. Gazing long and earnestly with upturned eyes, he at last slowly whispered:

"I behold thy towers, O land of my heart! Sweet are the murmurs of thy streams, but dearer than aught beside is the voice of the Daughter of Song."

Then a Great Shadow passed by, and the earthly tabernacle was dissolved.
M. SEARS BROOKS.
—Fellow Theosophical Society.

IVORY AND GOLD STATUES.

Chryselephantine Sculpture Revived by a Berlin Carver of Figures.

"It may be of interest to some to hear that a fresh attempt has been made to revive the Greek art of gold and ivory sculpture. An experiment has been made by a well-known Berlin sculptor to work out the hints of ancient writers on a head, which, if not entirely satisfactory in its whole effect, is at least interesting. He starts by recognizing that this technique is applicable only to religious or ideal art, and the head he has created aims at being the latter.

"Unfortunately, it strikes one as such only in the sense that it is not a direct portrait, but whether or not portraiture is a fitting subject for such materials, or whether there is at present any other sphere more suitable is doubtful. As to the technique, the whole flesh is of ivory cut into thin plates, with the grain, not against it. Of these plates there are thirty-four covering the whole flesh surface. They are eight millimetres thick, except in the case of the nose, which is one solid piece, as otherwise the nostrils would be unmanageable, the same being the case with the ears.

"The most important point, however, is the method by which the plates are fastened to each other and to a wooden block, which is solid, and carved to correspond exactly with the inner surface of the ivory. Small steel pins join each plate, the ivory being bored to receive them. This method of clamping is also used to secure the plates to the wood. Glue, he thinks, would not be strong or delicate enough for such work; while at the same time by the former method there is less wood.

"The whole bust is of wood, the hair and drapery being overlaid with thick gold leaf, which certainly gives a fine effect, especially as regards the hair. The eyes are of onyx, the pupils being painted. The eyelashes are painted as well as the eyebrows, and a little hair by the ear.

"The effect of the last is very bad, as is also that of the hard line between the gold hair and the flesh, perhaps unavoidably due to the difficulty of joining the two different materials. The lips are tinted but not the cheeks.

"The main difference, on the whole, between this technique and that traditionally ascribed to the Greeks lies in the following facts: The ground work is solid wood, instead of wood overlaid with clay; the means of fastening is by clamps; and the gold is far thinner. How much of the merit and demerit is due to the artist, and how much to the material and the difficulty of pure technique, is hard to say.

"The first impression is one of great pleasure, which, however seems likely to wear off. At least the interest of the experiment is undeniable, and the comparatively great success of the sculptor, from an artistic point of view, encouraging. I might add that the bust has been bought by the Emperor, and has attracted the interest of Dr. Overbeck and of Dr. Curtius chief among many."—From the Athenæum.

MILITARY RULE IN EUROPE.

War Is Considered Possible and Even Probable at Any Moment.

European civilization to-day is based on the idea that war is not only an imminent possibility, and a great class in every country has been trained to look upon blood-shedding as its proper vocation. The great prizes are reserved for soldiers; honors, fame, position, and the monarch's favor go to the sons of Mars. The military budget exceeds—many times over does it exceed—the appropriations for public instructions. The salary of a colonel is earned by but few professors, writes W. E. Thayer in the Forum. The cost of the powder and shot wasted in Europe between any dawn and dusk would probably pay the running expenses of all her public hospitals. In each government, whether it be constitutional or autocratic, the army may with truth be said to direct legislation, for the legislatures willingly or unwillingly vote the appropriation demanded by the war department. Even if a legislature dares to question or protest it is quickly frightened into acquiescing by an 'alarming report from the minister for war. Thus the military class controls government and has laws passed to suit itself, and prevent all attempts to cut down or to abolish its powers. It intimidates the state not less really, though less openly, than the pretorian guard intimidated old Rome. Kings and ministers do indeed assure the public that they chiefly endeavor and desire to preserve peace, but in the next breath they call for larger funds and more recruits. Kaisers meet and kiss each other on both cheeks; they extol the sweetness of brotherly love; they attend each other's grand maneuvers, and then they increase the garrisons along their respective frontiers. A strange method this for testifying to their peaceable intentions!

Chinese Can Sleep.

In the item of sleep the Chinese establishes the same difference between himself and the Occidental. Generally speaking, he is able to sleep anywhere. None of the trifling disturbances which drive us to despair annoy him. With a brick for a pillow, he can lie down on his bed of stalks or mud bricks or rattan and sleep the sleep of the just, with no reference to the rest of creation. He does not want his room darkened, nor does he require others to be still. The "infant crying in the night" may continue to cry for all he cares, for it does not disturb him. In some regions, the entire population seem to fall asleep, as by a common instinct (like that of the hibernating bear) during the first two hours of summer afternoons, and they do this with regularity, no matter where they may be. At two hours after noon the universe at such seasons is as still as two hours after midnight. In the case of most working people at least, and also in that of many others, position in sleep is of no sort of consequence. It would be easy to raise in Chinese an army of a million men—nay, of ten millions—tested by competitive examination as to their capacity to go to sleep across three-wheel barrows, with head downward, like a spider, their mouths wide open and a fly inside.—"Chinese Characteristics," by A. H. Smith.

RESURGAM.

"I shall arise!" For centuries
Upon the gray old churchyard stone
These words have stood; no more is said;
The glorious promise stands alone,
Untouched, while years and seasons roll
Around it. March winds come and go,
The winters sweep from pole to pole,
And summer sunsets burn and glow.

"I shall arise!" Oh, clarion call!
Time moving onward to the end
Brings us to life that cannot die,
The life where faith and knowledge blend.
Each after each the cycles roll
In silence, and about us here
The shadow of the great white throne
Falls, broader, deeper year by year.
—G. F. Jackson.

THE FARM AND GARDEN.

MATTERS OF INTEREST TO THE FARMER.

How to Deal With the Troublesome Potato Rot—Corn Does Not Make Bone—A Short Farm Catechism—Oyster Shells—Colt's Feet.

How to Deal With the Troublesome Potato Rot.

Potato rot is one of the most difficult disorders with which farmers have to deal. No way of absolutely preventing its ravages has yet been discovered. Do what he will, the potato grower must expect some loss, especially in seasons favorable to the development of the disease. Nevertheless, there are some things which may be done to mitigate the severity of the attack.

For one thing, good cultivation will be found of great value as a preventive measure. Frequent stirring of the soil and keeping the weeds down will enable the young plants to make a vigorous growth and thus be better prepared to resist the attack of the disease. The same law governs in plant as in animal life. A man with a torpid liver is less able to cope with the assault of fever than one in perfect health, so if the potato plant is enfeebled by the growth of robber weeds and stifled by encrustation of the surface soil it is in ill-condition to meet so formidable an enemy as the rot. Yet even the thriftiest growth will not serve as an absolute preventive. It is, however, of great importance to secure such a growth as a means of lessening the danger.

When the disease does appear, the grower should be prepared for an active campaign. He must begin to spray the vines at once with the so-called Bordeaux mixture, and the work must be thoroughly done and repeated as often as necessary up to about the middle of July.

The usual prescription for making the Bordeaux mixture is as follows: Dissolve six pounds of sulphate of copper, blue vitriol, in sixteen gallons of water. Slake four pounds of fresh lime in six gallons of water, and when the lime is cold pour it into the copper solution and stir the mixture thoroughly. If there are bugs on the vines, the addition of Paris green or London purple will serve to dispose of them at the same time.

Care should be taken in spraying to reach the under as well as the upper sides of the vines and leaves. The date of the first application cannot, of course, be definitely indicated. The appearance of the rot will depend entirely on the thrift of the plants and the character of the weather. It should be watched for carefully, and on the first indication of its presence the preventive work should begin. From that time on the vines will probably need to be sprayed at intervals of about ten days, until the tubers are so large that it is no longer safe to apply the poison.

It may be that there would be no danger of the absorption of any of it by the potatoes, but as they are intended for human food it is just as well to avoid all risk in the matter.

If a heavy rain should occur shortly after an application of the mixture, it should be reapplied immediately, as a large part of it will be washed off, and it is important to keep the mixture actively at work so long as it is needed.

By these means it is reasonably certain that even in bad years a fair crop of potatoes may be secured.

A Short Farm Catechism.

1. What should be the chief aim of agricultural effort?

To obtain the largest possible crop from a given area in the least deterioration of the fertility of the soil.

2. How may this be accomplished?

By cultivating no more land than can be well fertilized and thoroughly cared for.

3. What is the cheif mistake of American farmers as a class?

Attempting to crop larger areas than can properly be manured.

4. What advantage is there in restricting the area planted?

1. There is a saving of labor. 2. there is improvement in the quality of the crop in consequence of more thorough cultivation. 3. The land is left in better condition after the crop is removed. 4. By these means there is a considerable gain in the farmer's profits.

5. What is the great lack in American farm methods?

The failure to keep clear and exact accounts.

6. What sort of accounts should be kept?

They should be as simple as possible, so as not to require the services of an expert bookkeeper, yet sufficiently detailed to show, when ballanced, the gain or loss on each crop raised or animal kept.

7. What crops should a farmer raise?

Those which he finds, by careful experiment, to be best fitted to his soil and locality.

8. Should farming be general or specialized?

For some farmers and some localities general farming is more advisable; but specialized farming is, as a rule, more profitable when conducted by an expert.

9. What then should the farmers' aim be?

To become thoroughly familiar with some particular branch of agricultural industry, so that he may produce the best in that line, and thus command a sure market for his product.

"Should the farmer ignore "book learning" in carrying on his farm?

By no means. No man can learn by personal experience all that is desirable to know of farm methods, and books by competent authors—of which there are many—supply the knowledge he needs to keep him abreast of the progress of agricultural science and practice.

11. How may farmer's sons be induced to remain on the farm?

1. By treating them as sons, not slaves. 2. By taking them as early as possible into partnership, and thus awakening the sense of ownership and responsibility. 3. By affording them every possible facility to become intelligent, thorough-going, scientific agriculturalists. 4. By making the farm home attractive.

12. What are the prime duties of the American farmer as a citizen?

To be a God-fearing Christian man, to sustain American industries and customs, to be the best farmer in the world, and an honest, helpful, fearless member of the community.

Beans For Market.

A yellow-podded bean sells more rapidly than a green pod, and in some markets the green pods finds no sale. The busy market gardener does not want to plant largely of any bean requiring support, nor too many varieties of any one kind of vegetable.

After finding out what the market requires one can plant the same varieties at intervals of two weeks apart, for a succession. The dwarf kidney wax makes one of the best table snap beans; the pods are white, stringless, and brittle, and on a mellow, gravelly or sandy soil they will not rust, while with us the black seeded variety rusted badly, even in a dry season, so we discarded them altogether and raise only the dwarf kidney wax. They are a small, kidney-shaped bean with two shades of purple spots on a white ground.

In planting but one variety we save our own seed and they are always pure, never mixing with other kinds; but when a gardener raises his own seed, one row should be planted early and left only for seed, no pods picked for market nor for any other purpose, for if beans are picked from vines that are intended for seed the next year's supply will be worthless and the beans will run out. All pods not sold can be utilized in different ways. They make excellent pickles if thrown into salt water, scalded, put into cans, and strong hot vinegar poured over and the cans sealed. They make an excellent winter dish after they are preserved in jars with a weak brine poured over. A little clear water poured over them half an hour before needed, will be sufficient to extract the salt, and then boil with a piece of meat. They are a necessary addition to mixed pickles in the fall and for this purpose they must be planted the first of July; if planted earlier the supply wil lbe exhausted before the demand for pickles, for these are not called for until late autumn.—A writer in Ohio Farmer.

Raising Colts by Hand.

Some very famous horses have been brought up by hand on cow's milk. Probably the most noted of such was George Wilkes. It sometimes becomes a necessity to adopt this method of raising them owing to the death of the dam. By taking a foal from its dam when very young, and bringing it up by hand, the milk of the mare can be dried and she can be trained for the track the same season she raises a foal. There is often a great advantage in this, particularly in the case of very valuable mares.

A correspondent of an exchange, who has had some experience in this business, gives his method as follows: "In the case of a colt only three weeks old which it was found necessary to raise by hand, fresh cows milk was fed, at first diluted about one fourth with water and sweetened at the rate of one tablespoonful of sugar to the quart of milk.

"It was difficult to get the little fellow started to drinking; or rather it was started to sucking, for the finger was used during the first month. In two or three days, however, he took milk with a relish, and for the first couple of weeks was fed at 4:30 and 10 a. m. and at 12:30, 3, 6, and 9 p. m.; a pint or less being given at the start.

"This amount was gradually increased, and the number of meals cut down in proportion, until at the end of a month only three meals were given. The little fellow soon began to eat oats, and was given all he wanted from the start, with a little oil meal added. The milk was not diluted or sweetened after the first month.

"After it got used to its new diet this colt grew right along, and is as good a colt as any of the others of the same age that sucked. The colt did nicely, and seemed healthy all the time, the oil meal feed having the same effect as flaxseed. He almost got into the disgusting habit of sucking wind before I noticed it, from being alone in a stall, but was immediately turned with other colts into the pasture, and having company to play with and something to eat always before him, stopped the wind-sucking before the habit became fixed. Keep a close watch on the bowels and have colic medicine handy."—American Horse Breeder.

Oyster Shells.

The New York experiment station has been experimenting in feeding oyster shells, with the following conclusions:

"The difference is so great that no other conclusion seems possible than that the egg shells were constructed from material supplied in large part by the oyster shells. These hens lost in weight a total of five ounces during the first period, and a total of two ounces during the second, a change in weight of little consequence and one that might have occurred at any time within a few hours.

"The feeding of oyster shells during the laying season, where they can be cheaply obtained, is recommended. One pound will contain lime enough for the shells of about seven dozens of eggs. Fine gravel containing limestone will probably as well supply the deficiency of lime existing in most foods, but the use of some sharper grit with it may be of adantage.

"Long or sharp splinters of glass or dry bone should be avoided. The size of particles of grit had, for hens, better be larger than that of a kernel of wheat and should be smaller than that of a kernel of corn. An unlimited supply of pounded glass has been attended with no bad result when the food and other grit available to the fowls contained an abundance of lime, but when the food was deficient in lime and no other grit was attainable, hens ate an injuriously large amount of glass."

Corn Does Not Make Bone.

Even Western prairie farmers are beginning to learn that Indian corn is not a well-balanced ration for hogs. Corn makes fat—too much of it, in fact—but it does not supply equally necessary elements in the animal structure. It does not, for example, furnish sufficient bone-making material. In some careful experiments made at the Wisconsin Agriculture Station this fact was plainly shown, and that if stronger bones were desired the corn must be supplemented by food containing elements of which they are composed. It was found that by feeding bone meal, for instance, the strength of the thigh bones could be doubled, and that hardwood ashes nearly doubles the strength of the bones.

The results of the experiments are summed up in the statement that pregnant sows and growing pigs should not have their diet restricted to corn, although that grain is exceeding valuable as a part of the ration. A variety of food should be provided such as clover, blue grass, shorts, peas, oats and skim milk. These furnish ash material as well as muscle food, and some of them, at least, should always be fed along with the corn. The complaint of prairie farmers that their hogs are "too fine in the bone" would soon cease if they would supply their hogs with bone-making food. Even charred corn cobs are better than nothing.

Colt's Feet.

Keep sharp watch of the feet of the colts. Have them rasped or pared as often as once a month and be sure that they are leveled so that the coronet on each side of the heels will be at the same distance from the bottom of the hoof. See that the toes are not allowed to become too long. It pays to look after these little things. Neglecting to do so may result in ruining a valuable youngster for life.—American Horse Breeder.

Feed Plenty of Salt.

Animals with plenty of salt are livelier, stronger and more able to resist disease. Their digestion is better, and they can exist on fodder that otherwise might be injurious to health. Moreover, with assistance of salt they can extract more nourishment from a given quantity of fodder, since the flow of the digestive liquids is more copious. Hence it is of special importance with foods difficult to digest, since the latter may readily produce disturbances in the digestive process, and be a cause of sickness. Their flesh is said to be harder and firmer, and the functions of the organism are more regular.

A Question of Dinner Time.

A cardinal who commanded the troops of Pope Boniface IX. in the march of Ancona, finding himself on one occasion in a position where he must conquer or die, promised his soldiers that if they secured the victory those who fell should dine that very day with the angels. They marched to the combat with alacrity, but finding that the cardinal was careful not to expose himself, "How is it," said one of them, that you show no anxiety for the celestial banquet to which you have invited us so warmly?" "Because it is not yet my dinner time and I am not hungry."—All the Year Round.

A FEMALE FILIBUSTERER.

Death of a Woman Who Took Part in Walker's Raid on Nicaragua.

Mrs. Harriet Luckett Brady, a female survivor of Walker's filibustering expedition to Nicaragua, died recently, says a New Orleans correspondent in the Baltimore American. She was born in New Orleans sixty-one years ago, and married Col. Philip R. Thompson, at one time of the regular army, whom she accompanied to Nicaragua, he being then adjutant-general on Walker's staff. With him his wife participated in the series of battles fought by the Americans, and witnessed the resulting overthrow of the Nicaraguan government. When Gen. Walker reorganized the administration, becoming commander-in-chief of the army, her husband became one of his most trusted counselors, and she herself was associated with him as adviser. During the war which followed between Nicaragua and the republic of Costa Rica Mrs. Thompson was exposed to every possible danger. Her husband occupied a camp on the River Sarapaqui, which was surprised by the enemy and the colonel was taken prisoner. Confined in the prison of a town near by, where he was joined by his faithful wife, and with her aid effected his escape. During the seige of the Rivas Mrs. Thompson endured the extremity of hardships. She was present at many of the assaults, and encouraged the troops to renewed exertions by the calm intrepidity which she displayed under fire. When cholera desolated the beleaguered city she nursed the sick in the hospitals and exerted herself in every way to keep up the spirits of the garrison. Her exertions were so important that Walker, in the volume in which he relates the story of the days, takes occasion to praise them. Just prior to the last attack many of the women in Rivas were allowed by the enemy to leave the devoted town, but Mrs. Thompson remained with her friends. When Walker at last was driven to surrender, in April, 1857, she and her husband accompanied him to the St. Mary and on that vessel returned with him to the United States. She lost her husband, Col. Thompson, soon after returning to New Orleans. Mrs. Thompson afterward married Maj. Andrew Brady, also a survivor of the filibustering expedition. Maj. Brady entered the confederacy, and was desperately wounded at Chancellorsville. His dauntless wife immediately went to the front and nursed him back to health. Since the last war she has resided in New Orleans, where her home was one of the loveliest and most hospitable. Maj. Brady died in 1888.

DRAMATIC TASTE IN TEXAS.

The Audience of Twelve Shot out the Lamps.

"The smallest and most unappreciative audience I ever saw," said Tagliapietra, the baritone, "was in Marshall, Tex; fourteen or fifteen years ago. It consisted solely of twelve cowboys, and they stayed in the house just two minutes. At the end of that time they showed their want of approval by shooting out the footlights and leaving the hall. The stage was a rude platform at one end, raised on horses so that one could see clear under it. Not more than four or five people could go on at once, but we had to have the $300, and I decided to give the show. I asked Major Cumming, the manager, if he had any scenery, and he replied with great dignity that he most certainly had. When we came around at night I was dumfounded by discovering that the scenery consisted of common sheets tacked up at the rear and sides of the stage. There was no curtain, and a dozen kerosene oil lamps served as footlights. There was no use kicking, so we got ready to produce 'La Favorita' under these conditions. "There was not a soul in the house when we commenced, but we were told the audience was across the street getting a drink, and would come over after we got to work. In a few minutes they came—twelve tall, lank looking cowboys, with their trousers in their boots, broad sombreros, clanking spurs, pistols in their belts and a lantern in the right hand of each man—stalked noisily in, and sat down on the frame benches. Poor Litta, who was on the stage, nearly fainted, so I hastened on the first chorus and rushed as many people on the stage as we could. The rest stood around on the floor. The cowboys listened patiently until they could make themselves heard, when the leader sang out:

"Say, Munchor, ain't there no legs in this show?"

"I replied very deferentially that we were wedded to music, and that Tagliapietra's Grand Italian Opera Company was not a leg show. A look of great disgust spread over the leader's face as he said:

"'Thunder! Boys, let's mosey,' and, drawing out his pistol, shot out the lamp nearest without spilling a drop of oil. Each man followed suit, till the lights were all extinguished; then gravely picked up their lanterns and courteously invited us all over to take a drink. They stalked out as gravely and silently as they came in.'

A WONDERFUL ART.

How the Japanese Gardeners Make Miniature Gardens and Landscapes.

The Japanese horticulturist shows wonderful patience, coupled with what we practical Americans would term ill-directed skill in his rare art of propagating miniature trees and vines, says the St. Louis Republic. It is a well-known fact that both the Chinese and Japanese are not satisfied unless they can maim and distort both nature and art. This may be seen in the outlandish cartoons which their painters turn out as works of art and in the deformed buildings fashioned by their architects. But if either may be said to excel in these unseemly practices it is surely the Japanese. Unlike the American and the European gardener, who strains every nerve to secure large and thrifty plants and trees, the Jap loses sleep trying to devise some plan that will deform, cripple, and stunt the growth of his trees and vines, and, as a general thing, when they set their minds to do a thing it is usually done. The Japanese art of making minature landscapes and gardens consists chiefly in starving plants so as to retard the circulation of the sap or the life-giving juices. Furguson, who was one among the first of English adventures to visit China and Japan, mentions the fact that he saw at Canton "a boxe about the bigness of ladyes snuffe-box which did contain a littyl dirt and sixteen tiny littyl trees, foure of which were in full blow, the whole boxe, trees and all, so small that a man could put them in hys mouth together." Keampfer is also quoted as describing a trio of trees he saw in a box 1½ inches broad, 4 inches long and 3 inches deep, for which the owner asked the traveler the modest sum of $500. The three denizens of the box were in a bamboo, a monthly-blooming plum tree and a blue-leafed pine, all perfectly formed and seemingly enjoying their dwarfed existence. When Lady Hester Wetherall visited the royal palace at the Japanese capital in 1886 she was shown a miniature pine tree growing in a lady's silver thimble suspended by silken threads. The tree was a perfect forest monarch in miniature, its branches exhibiting not less than fifty perfect little cones.

That Tired Feeling

Prevails with its most enervating and discouraging effect in spring and early summer, when the days grow warmer and the tonic effect of the cold air is gone. Hood's Sarsaparilla speedily overcomes "that tired feeling," whether caused by change of climate, season or life, by overwork or illness, and imparts a feeling of strength, comfort and self-confidence.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Where other preparations fail. Be sure to get Hood's Sarsaparilla. It is Peculiar to Itself.

HOOD'S PILLS cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache.

WOMEN DISTRUST MEN.

Here is One Who Had Her Doubts About the Conductor.

The utter lack of confidence that woman has in man was illustrated in a Penn avenue cable car the other day. A lady boarded the car at Sixth street.

"Let me off at Twenty-eight, please," she said to the conductor.

From Sixth to Twelfth streets she was engaged in getting seated and paying her fare. "Don't forget to let me off at Twenty-eighth, will you?" she said, as the conductor took her nickel, and he said he wouldn't.

At Twentieth she collected her parcels and stared at the conductor to remind him of his promise.

At Twenty-first she dropped a package which another passenger stepped on, then apologized.

At Twenty-second she looked out of the window to see if the conductor had called the right number.

At Twenty-third she moved to a seat nearer the door.

From Twenty-third to Twenty-fifth she was engaged in mentally criticising the spring suit of the lady opposite her.

At Twenty-sixth she nodded at the conductor.

At Twenty-seventh she stood up and got ready to leave the car.

As it stopped at Twenty-eight street, adds the Pittsburgh Post, she stepped from the platform and with a sigh of relief exclaimed: "Those horrid conductors can't be trusted to remember anything."

MACAULAY AS A BOY.

His Precocity Gave a Correct Intimation of His Later Powers.

The prince of historians was indeed a prodigy. When 3 years of age he asked a lady who called at his father's house to walk in and he would give her a glass of old spirits. She declined, but he persisted and said that Robinson Crusoe often took some. A servant spilled some hot coffee over his legs and, when the lady hostess asked him how he felt, 4-year-old Macauly replied: "Thank you, madam, the agony has abated." He had a plot of ground marked out with shells and these the help threw away as rubbish. "Cursed be Sally," said he, "for it is written, 'Cursed is he that removeth his neighbor's landmark.'" When 7 years old he commenced the modest task of writing a compendium of universal history, and actually drew up a capital outline for the gigantic projection. He did write a theological tract at this time. His poem upon the death of Martyn, the Hindoo missionary, is a most mature production for the boy of 11.

He was a fitting father to the man Macauly, of whom Lord Palmerston said: "I should not care if I only felt as positive of anything as Tom Macaulay is of everything."—New York Ledger.

"Only an Amytower."

Close by a prosperous church in a Kansas town is a district known as "Tennessee Town," populated entirely by negroes. The pastor of the church had long made efforts to organize classes of the young colored boys for the purpose of giving them instruction in literary and scientific topics. He was only partly successful. Nothing that he could get for the entertainment or amusement of the restless, idle lads seemed to have any effect on them.

He tried magic lanterns and legerdemain, and all kinds of "clubs," but felt that he was not succeeding in the least. At last he purchased a small box of chemicals, practiced a list of experiments, and announced an illustrated lecture on "The Wonders of Little Things."

The little hall was packed with an enthusiastic audience, and the experiments were successful. Curious to know the reasons far the large attendance on this particular occasion, the long-suffering lecturer called up one of the brightest lads at the close of the entertainment and questioned him.

"What made so many boys come out to the lecture to-night?"

"I 'specs kase we 'lowed you was gwine ter blow yourself up!"

"What! Do the boys want to see me blown up?"

"No, sah," with a grin. "But dey years 'bout your 'speriments, an' dey wants ter see what might gwine ter happen!"

"Don't you know there's no danger with these things if they are rightly handled?"

"Yes, sah, but we knowed you'se only an amytower!"

That was the last chemical lecture in the course.

A Cycle of Cold Summers.

To the often put question. Are not our summers colder? Dr. Buchan answers, in a paper read at the meeting of the Scottish Meteorological Society, Yes, they have been colder continuously for the last twenty years. The statistics of the last 130 years are before Dr. Buchan as he says this, and it seems that once at least in that time there was a period of thirty-one years—from 1807 to 1813—when the years were colder than the average. Then there followed nineteen years in which they were warmer, and after some minute variations, there at length set in the long cycle of cold summers, which is running still.

THEODORE F. HUNTER, president of the Farmers' and Mechanics' National Bank of Knoxville, Pa., was given a hearing before United States Commissioner Bell on the charge of making false reports to the comptroller of the currency as to the condition of the bank, and held in $10,000 bail.

St. Jacobs Oil

AFTER 22 YEARS.

Newton, Ill., May 23, 1888.
From 1863 to 1885—about 22 years—I suffered with rheumatism of the hip. I was cured by the use of St. Jacobs Oil. T. C. DODD.

"August Flower"

Eight doctors treated me for Heart Disease and one for Rheumatism, but did me no good. I could not speak aloud. Everything that I took into the Stomrch distressed me. I could not sleep. I had taken all kinds of medicines. Through a neighbor I got one of your books. I procured a bottle of Green's August Flower and took it. I am to-day stout, hearty and strong and enjoy the best of health. August Flower saved my life and gave me my health. Mrs. Sarah J Cox, Defiance, O.

NOTHING ON EARTH WILL MAKE HENS LAY LIKE SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER
Highly concentrated. Dose small. In quantity costs less than one-tenth cent a day per hen. Prevents and cures all diseases. If you can't get it, we send by mail post-paid. One pack, 25c. Five $1. 2¼-lb. can, $1.20; 6 cans $5. Express paid. Testimonials free. Send stamps or cash. Farmers' Poultry Guide (price 25c.) free with $1.00 orders or more. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

ALLEN'S IRON TONIC BITTERS
The most Elegant Blood Purifier, Liver Invigorator, Tonic and Appetizer known. The first Bitters containing Iron ever advertised in America. J. P. ALLEN, Druggist and Chemist, St. Paul, Minn.

THIS TO YOU, WHO ARE SICK! Send name, age, lock of hair and two 2c stamps and receive a Clairvoyant diagnosis of your disease by return mail. Character Delineation, $1. DR. N. H. PIERCE, Ann Arbor, Mich.
NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

WANTED SOLDIERS' HOMESTEADS. The addresses of all soldiers who homesteaded a less number of acres than 160 and made final proof on the same before June 22, 1874. W. E. Moses, P. O. Box 1769, Denver, Col.

$125.00 A Month and Expenses! To Agents to Sell CIGARS TO DEALERS. SAMPLES FREE! JOHN G. RISING & CO. St. Paul, Minn.

FAT FOLKS REDUCED
Mrs. Alice Maple, Oregon, Mo., writes "My weight was 320 pounds, now it is 195, a reduction of 125 lbs." For circulars address, with 6c. Dr. O. W. F. SNYDER, McVicker's Theatre, Chicago, Ill.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U. S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in last war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

CURES CATARRH
LONDON BALM
SOLD BY YOUR DRUGGIST.

I CURE FITS!
When I say cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again. I mean a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS a life-long study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my infallible remedy. Give Express and Post Office. H. G. ROOT, M. C., 183 Pearl St., N. Y.

NERVOUS MEN!
EXHAUSTED VITALITY.
The errors of Youth, Premature Decline, Lost Manhood, and all Diseases and Weaknesses of Man, from whatever cause, permanently and privately cured at home. EXPERT TREATMENT. NO FAILURE. Consultation in person or by letter. Address Wm. H. Parker, M. D., or the Peabody Medical Institute, No. 4 Bulfinch Street, Boston, Mass. Prospectus and descriptive Pamphlet, closely sealed, free to all. Send now.

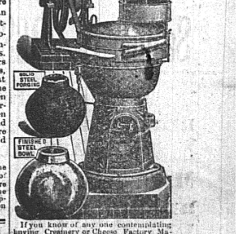
SALESMEN WANTED.
To sell our immense stock of Northern Grown Fruits, Ornamental trees, shrubs, etc., for fall delivery. Largest Nursery in the West, 1200 Acres. Established in 1868. Highest commission and salaries. Experience not necessary. Pay weekly. Apply at once for terms.
THE JEWELL NURSERY CO., Lake City, Minn.

Tutt's Tiny Pills
enable the dyspeptic to eat whatever he wishes. They cause the food to assimilate and nourish the body, give appetite and develop flesh. Price, 25 cents. Exact size shown in border.

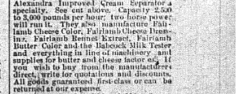
We want the NAME of every Sufferer from
HAY-FEVER OR ASTHMA
P. HAROLD HAYES, M.D., 716 MAIN STREET, BUFFALO, N.Y.

BORE WELLS with our famous Well Machinery. The most perfect self-cleaning and fast-cutting tools in use. Catalogue FREE. LOOMIS & NYMAN, TIFFIN, OHIO.
THE "OHIO" WELL DRILL

CONSUMPTION.
I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease to any sufferer who will send me their Express and P. O. address. T. A. Slocum, M. C., 183 Pearl St., N. Y.



RELIEVES all Stomach Distress.
REMOVES Nausea, Sense of Fullness, Congestion, Pain.
REVIVES Failing ENERGY.
RESTORES Normal Circulation, and Warms to Toe Tips.
DR. HARTER MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo.



If you know of any one contemplating buying Creamery or Cheese Factory Machinery, refer them to Davis & Rankin Bldg. and Mfg. Co., Chicago, Ills., largest manufacturers of these goods in the world. Low prices and fair dealing is their motto. Alexandra Improved Cream Separator a specialty. See cut above. Capacity 2,500 to 3,000 pounds per hour; two horse power will run it. They also manufacture Fairlamb Butter Color, Fairlamb Cheese Dressing, Fairlamb Rennet Extract, Fairlamb Butter Color and the Babcock Milk Tester and everything in line of machinery and supplies for creameries and cheese factories. If you wish to buy from the manufacturers direct, write for quotations and discounts. All goods guaranteed first-class or can be returned at our expense.
Davis & Rankin Bldg. & Mfg. Co., 240 to 252 West Lake Street, Chicago, Ill.

"WELL BRED, SOON WED." GIRLS WHO USE SAPOLIO ARE QUICKLY MARRIED. TRY IT IN YOUR NEXT HOUSE-CLEANING.

The New Railroad is Assured

ANDERSON

The Photographer, is Here.

Having purchased the photograph gallery and fixtures of J. B. Robinson at the corner of 6th and Laurel streets we desire to inform the public that nothing but

First-Class Work

will be turned out. The gallery has been entirely remodeled. We solicit a share of public patronage.

Best Cabinets $3.00 Per Dozen.

All Styles of Tintypes Taken.

☞The attention of Scandinavians is called to the fact that the Norwegian and Swedish languages are spoken.

Corner 6th and Laurel Streets.

E. A. STROUD. I. KATZ.

STROUD & KATZ,

Dealers in

STOVES and TINWARE,

SHELF HARDWARE, NAILS, ETC.

New Store just opened at McColl's old stand on Seventh street. New stock, Low Prices and Fair Dealing. GREAT BARGAINS in COOKING STOVES. Call and see us.

Money at 10 per Cent. Straight

TO Loan on Real Estate.

WE CHARGE NO BONUS OR COMMISSION.

☞Also Loan on Chattel Security on Favorable Terms.☜

A. L. HOFFMAN.

Cor. Fifth and Front Streets, Brainerd

City and County Orders Bought.

N. McFADDEN,

DRUGGIST.

DEALER IN PURE DRUGS!

Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles.

Proprietor of Sherwood's Cough Syrup Glass Condition Powders and Stratton's Liniment.

Night Bell. 36 Front St

LARSON & WALTERS,

—DEALERS IN—

Anthracite & Bituminous Coal,

Hard and Soft Wood, Lime, Cement and Plastering Hair.

Cross Creek Lehigh Coal,

The only genuine Lehigh Coal in the Market

Office and Yard, Corner of Eighth and Main Streets, at N. P. Track.

Sanborn's RESTAURANT.

CITY HOTEL, 40 FRONT STREET.

REGULAR MEALS 25CTS.

BOARD $4.00 PER WEEK.

Meals cooked to order at any time, Day or Night, at VERY reasonable prices.

KOOP BROS.,

Sell the best and cheapest

Groceries!

And PROVISIONS.

Front Street, - between 6th and 7th.

Brainerd Dispatch.

Official Paper

Of Crow Wing and Cass Counties.

N. H. Ingersoll, } Editors and Proprietors.
F. W. Wieland, }

Issued every Friday morning at Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota, from rooms 5 and 7, Sleeper block. Terms $1.50 per year. Finest job printing office in the city.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota as second class matter.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Corner of Eighth and Norwood Streets.

Rev. W. H. Ware, Pastor.

Announcements for Sunday, May 22.

SUBJECTS:—

MORNING—Sermon by Pastor.

EVENING—Revival Meeting conducted by Miss Bella M. Hood, Evangelist.

Hours of worship, 10:45 A. M. and 8:00 P. M. Sunday school, 12 M.

Prayer meeting, Thursday evening, 7:45.

The public generally, and visitors to our city, are most cordially invited to all our services, and we will be happy to greet you. Ushers at the door.

Local News Notes.

Trunks and grips at D. M. Clark & Co's.

This is pay day with the Northern Pacific people.

Mike Kobe, of Brainerd, was in the city Saturday.—Staples World.

New line of furniture at D. M. Clark & Co.'s.

Louis Thabes, of Ardoch, N. Dakota, is in the city to-day.

Original Georgian Jubilee Singers at the opera house May 28th.

Rev. I. L. Coty will preach at the First Congregational church next Sunday.

The farmer who has dry wood and hay to sell this spring has a gold mine.

Claim Agent Heath, of the Northern Pacific, is transacting business in Brainerd.

Col. C. H. Brush, state bank examiner, is in the city to-day in his official capacity.

It will pay you to walk through D. M. Clark & Co.'s mammoth new store.

Billy Marble Theatre Co. will be here the week commencing Monday May 30th. Popular prices.

A surprise party was tendered Mrs. Fannie Smith, at her residence on Sixth street north Monday evening.

James McCallum returned from his visit to Scotland on Wednesday evening after a two months' absence.

D. M. Clark & Co. are agents for Heath & Milligan paints. Best in the world.

Miss Camilla Avery, South Bend, Ind., Box M, pays $18 a week to ladies for writing, etc., at home. Reply with stamped envelope.

Mrs. T. C. Bivins left Brainerd on Tuesday morning for Elyria, Ohio, where she will visit her parents the greater part of the summer.

Alec. McCarthy, formerly of Brainerd, but now an employee of the Wisconsin Central at Wankesha, is in the city visiting his parents.

Our line of boy's shoes were never so complete nor prices so low as now. Custom work and repairing done neatly and promptly at the "Big 9." R. F. Walters, Sixth street.

Peter Shumaker, a Knight-of-the-grip from McGregor, Iowa, enjoyed a week's fishing with Brainerd friends at Gull Lake, returning home on Thursday night.

Bring your children to the "Big 9" and have them fitted with a pair of the "Merriam Shoes," they are the best child's shoe made. R. F. Walters, Sixth street.

Miss Clara Gardner, of Brainerd, will, next Monday, begin teaching a two month's term of school in District No. 43, west of Ft. Ripley.—Daily Transcript.

The "Big 9" is showing a splendid stock of boots, shoes, slippers and ties for this season. Our black tennis shoes are nobby. Call and see them. R. F. Walters, Sixth street.

A heavy snow storm raged nearly all of last night accompanied by a high wind and almost amounted to a January blizzard. This morning the ground is covered with a mantel of white and the weather is decidedly wintry. The oldest inhabitant is in good demand.

A. L. Daggett, who did the lettering on H. C. Miller's signs, is at work on a drop-curtain for the Staples opera house. A scene will be painted in the center of the curtain and the margins will contain advertisements of some of our business houses.—Staples World.

The musicale given at the Y. M. C. A. on Tuesday evening was received with marked favor. The singing, reading and recitations were delightful. Prof. E. R. Cheadle, superintendent of schools, was chairman for the occasion and introduced those who took part.

An informal reception was tendered Rev. J. C. Huntington at Mrs. Follett's residence on Fourth street north, Wednesday evening, prior to his leaving the city. For some months the gentleman has been pastor of the Congregational church here and during that time he has made many warm friends.

Prof. W. C. Cobb's address, last Sunday afternoon, at the Y. M. C. A., was unique and impressive. The subject was "the warfare of a christian" and was handled in a manner so as to give those present to understand that this life is a warfare, but with Christ as the Captain, we cannot lose the battle.

The revival meetings will be continued the coming week in the Presbyterian church, led by Miss Bella M. Hood, evangelist. Members of the churches and the public generally are cordially invited to come and hear this interesting and earnest speaker.

On Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock she will hold a meeting for children, and on Sunday, at the same time, a meeting for men only.

The Brainerd Journal is quite wild in quoting a Little Falls citizen as to the cost of making paper. No opinion was given as to the cost of chemicals and ingredients besides wood, and those are the items that determine the cost. The figures in regard to those were supplied by the Journal man, and we consider the authority very poor.—Little Falls Transcript.

Is He Lost or Drowned!

About Sunday noon, Leopold Fepin, an 8-year-old son of Paul Pepin, who lives on Rosewood street, between Fifth and Sixth, in company with four other little boys, was playing on a raft on the shore of Boom Lake near J. J. Howe & Co.'s mill. While the other boys were fixing the raft he went out on the boom, and when they called him to go to dinner he said he waited to play awhile longer. They again turned their attention to the raft for a few moments when they again called to him only to find that he had disappeared. Not having heard any splashing of the water, as would have been likely had he fallen in, they went home, supposing that he had come ashore and gone home ahead of them. On their arrival home they were surprised not to find him there. Search was immediately begun for the young fellow, but as yet he has not been found. It is generally believed that he has been drowned, although Boom Lake was thoroughly dragged Monday without finding the body. The water of this lake is very deep in places and very muddy, and the bottom is filled with moss, hence it is quite likely that the little fellow's body is lodged in such a way that the hooks could not reach. Dynamite was also used without any effect. It is believed by some that he may have gone ashore and strayed into the woods and got lost or fallen into the river, but this seems hardly probable. It is quite likely that with a little more effort the body will be removed from Boom Lake.

The little fellows parents are distracted with grief over his loss, and it is to be hoped that something definite concerning him will be discovered ere long.

The Pythian Sisters.

Blossom Temple No. 6, of the order of Pythian Sisters, was instituted in this city on the evening of May 17th, by Mrs. Alice Blossom, Past Chief, of Minneapolis. The Temple starts out with twenty lady members, seven Knights taking the obligation also. The officers elected are as follows:

Mrs. Louisa Congdon, Past Chief.
Mrs. N. W. Wheatley, Most Excellent Chief.
Mrs. Amy Bertram, E. S. of Temple.
Mrs. Florence Robson, E. J. of Temple.
Miss Mary J. Towers, S. M. of Temple.
Mrs. Francis L. Bradbury S. M. of R. and C.
Mrs. P. J. Smith, S. M. of Finance.
Mrs. Caroline Sundberg, S. P. of Temple.
Miss Bessie Small, O. G. of Temple.

The temple is composed of good material and has every prospect of a bright future. Mrs. Blossom, the instituting officer, was formerly a resident of Brainerd, and a very estimable lady. The Temple will meet every two weeks on Monday evening.

Hardware, stoves and crockery at D. M. Clark & Co.'s.

Columbian Festival.

The ladies of the Episcopal church will open their Columbian festival on Wednesday evening next at 7:30. Among the attractions to be offered will be a grand march in 16th century costume and the burlesque operetta, Pocahontas, with the following characters:

Capt. John Smith, an uncommon man with a common name.
Powhatan, king of the Tuscaroras.
John Rolfe, a 17th century dude.
Manogany, servant to Smith.
Speckled Thunder, Lo, the poor Indian.
Pocahontas, a poetic brunette.
Ann Eliza Brown, a practical blonde.
Charms of Brawn, brave of course.

Before and after the play opportunity will be given for social enjoyment and the purchase of domestic articles which will be for sale by the Ladies' Guild. Choice refreshments, ice cream, strawberries, chocolates, etc. Everybody is invited. Admission 25 cents, children 15 cents.

See D. M. Clark & Co.'s new stock of Wall Paper before you select your spring house decorations. A nice line just received.

What the Interest Will Be.

The assessed valuation of the county for the year of 1892 will be something over $2,500,000. On that basis the amount which each town and assessment district will have to pay of the $6,000 of annual interest on the proposed bonds will be as follows:

	Valuation.	Am ount.
Brainerd	$1,303,973	$4,362
Mason ville	80,205	192
Crow Wing	84,879	126
Deer Pool	36,000	62
Fairview	68,210	102
Dog prairie	64,366	96
Gull Lake	57,000	75
Gar river	37,399	54
Unorganized Territory	93,000	123
Attached Territory	179,200	420
Total	$2 500 000	$6,000

From Deerwood.

All farm work has been stopped by the wet weather and the farmers are much discouraged.

The brass band organization has fallen through.

Station Agent Hage is in the southern part of the state visiting, and his place is filled by S. H. Love.

Charles Adams is busily at work clearing up the new town site.

FARMER BOY.

LITTLE FALLS is to have a new opera house, a company having been formed for the purpose of erecting one this summer.

Billy Marble.

Wm. Marble, or "Billy Marble" as he is generally called, comes from an old theatrical family, the oldest in America. His grandfather came to this country among the first actors that ever crossed the Atlantic, in the company and in the same ship with the grandfather of Joseph Jefferson. Marble's grandfather, William Warren, built the Chestnut street theatre in Philadelphia, and Holiday street theatre in Baltimore, and had the honor of acting before Gen. Washington. Marble's grandfather and Joe Jefferson's grandfather married sisters. So that Mr. Marble comes naturally as honestly by his great gift as a commedian; a role he has for years so well filled as to place him among the first in his line on the American stage.

Opera House, May 30. Popular prices.

Died.

An infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. H. Lawrence died last Tuesday, aged 5 months. Rev. J. C. Huntington conducted the funeral services yesterday afternoon.

Nels Halstrom died of paralysis last Friday, aged 61 years. The funeral services were held on Sunday in the Swedish Baptist church.

SUGGESS IS ASSURED.

The Bond Proposition will Carry and the Mill and Railroad be Secured,

Which Means the Establishment of an Industry here with a Monthly Pay Roll of $18,000.

AN Enthusiastic Mass Meeting Held at the Opera House Last Saturday Evening.

An Election Called by the County Commissioners on Tuesday, the 31st of May, 1892.

The one all absorbing topic of conversation in the City of the Pines for the past week has been the proposition of the Northern Mill Co. and the Brainerd & Northern Minnesota Railway Co., whereby both can be secured for this city. Wherever you went, on the street or in the shops or stores, it was all the same, the proposition as published in our last issue was being discussed, and nearly everyone seemed to be of the opinion that it was Brainerd's opportunity to take a step forward to that prominence which her natural advantages entitle her to. In the city there is practically no opposition, all our citizens realizing that to accept is for the best interests of the city, while the opposition which it was first thought would be encountered in the country is fast dwindling away before the unanswerable arguments that are being presented in behalf of the proposition. Indeed, so rapidly are the ranks of the opposition being thinned out, that we firmly believe by election day there will not be one single precinct in the county that will return a majority against it.

WHAT THE PROJECT MEANS.

Few of our citizens, we believe, realize the magnitude of the enterprise that the acceptance of this proposition will bring. The Mill Co. binds itself to establish here a mill of the capacity of 175,000 feet of lumber in ten hours, or a duplicate of the mill they are now operating in Minneapolis. When run double time, which is frequently the case, this mill has produced 400,000 feet in one day. At such times the monthly pay roll of the mill alone is $18,000 per month, or about two-thirds of the monthly pay roll of the N. P. company in this city, and when we consider that the company will not only pay the mill men here, but also the men employed on the railroad, both those in the operating department and in the shops which the company has bound itself to establish here, it can easily be seen that the monthly pay roll of this institution will equal, if not exceed, the N. P. shops. Who would not give a boons of $100,000 to have another such an industry established here as the N. P. shops. He would be a fool, indeed, who rejected such a proposition.

THE MASS MEETING.

The mass meeting at the opera house last Saturday night, called to have the proposition read, explained and considered, was a most enthusiastic one indeed, the spacious building being crowded to its utmost limits by interested citizens, notwithstanding the extremely inclement weather prevailing that night. The meeting was called to order shortly after 8 o'clock by Alderman Williamson, who proposed the name of L. P. White, Sr., as chairman of the meeting, which met with the approval of the meeting. Mr. White, on taking the chair, set the ball rolling by stating the object of the meeting and the substance of the proposition, and then called upon City Attorney McClenahan, who had conducted the negotiations with the Mill Co. on the part of the city, to explain the matter at length. Mr. McClenahan then read the proposition of the railroad company, and explained to all the substance of the contract with the Mill Co. would be. He also explained clearly the necessity for the two contracts, and closed his remarks with a few arguments why the city should embrace this opportunity for her advancement. Judge W. A. Fleming, was next called upon for an expression of opinion upon the subject, and delivered the most telling arguments of the evening in its favor. He clearly showed the farmers that of the $6,000 a year interest on the bonds the city alone had to pay $4,600, or over three-fourths of the entire amount, while the entire county outside of the city had but one-fourth to pay, which would be returned to them ten-fold by improved markets and added value to their farm property by the growth of the city. He concluded by assuring them that unless this proposition was accepted the Mill Co. would not locate on Gull River, Cass county will be organized, and this county would loose the revenue from Cass county, which would raise the taxes twice as much as paying interest on these bonds. Bro. Stivers, of the Journal, followed with a few remarks in favor of the proposition, showing that the value of the real property in a community depended wholly on the improvements made, consequently farms in this county would increase in value with all new improvements. At the conclusion of Mr. Stivers' remarks the chairman called upon anyone in the audience who so desired to express an opinion in regard to the matter. Dr. Groves offered a few words in favor of the scheme, and then moved that a committee of nine, one from each ward in the city and four from the county be appointed by the chair or audience, with whom the contract and bond for the building of the mill could be made on the part of the county. A motion was made that the committee be appointed by the audience, but this was not seconded the chair put a motion to have the committee appointed by the chair, which was declared carried. As this appeared to cause some dissatisfaction a new motion was made and carried to have the committee appointed by the audience. At this junction A. F. Ludwig, the Farmer's Alliance lecturer of the county, arose in the rear of the hall and began to address the meeting. He was invited to take the platform which he did, when he began to deliver himself over the wrongs of the farmer and laboring man. As he ignored the question at issue, some boisterous cries and hisses were indulged in by some impatient ones, and Mr. Ludwig left the stage, declaring he would not finish. Order was soon restored and Mr. Ludwig was invited to give his opinion of the proposition, but he declined to do so. The chair then appointed the following gentlemen as members of the committee:

First Ward—H. C. Stivers.
Second Ward—W. S. McClenahan.
Third Ward—W. W. Williamson.
Fourth Ward—T. W. Crawford.
Fifth Ward—Con. O'Brien.
Ft. Ripley—C. B. Clouse.
Crow Wing—John Drake.
Deerwood—H. Patterson.
Oak Lawn—Geo. Keough.

On motion a campaign committee was then appointed by the chair to have charge of conducting the campaign for the proposition as follows: H. C. Stivers, A. F. Ferris, Dr. Groves, John Willis and Joel Smith. Dr. Groves was, at his own request, excused from serving on the committee, and Dr. Henstead was appointed in his stead. Judge Fleming then moved that it is the sense of this meeting that the proposition be accepted, which motion was adopted with shouts of applause, but one lone vote being heard in the negative. The meeting then adjourned.

THE ELECTION CALLED.

On Tuesday the county commissioners met in regular session and after considering the formal application for aid on the part of the railroad company, adopted a resolution waiving the right of the county to receive stock of the railroad in exchange for the bonds, and instructed the auditor to issue a call for a special election to be held Tuesday, May 31st, and then appointed the judges and clerks of election for the precincts in the unorganized portions of the county, whose names are published elsewhere in this issue.

ANOTHER MASS MEETING TO-MORROW.

In order that the farmers might have a better opportunity to have the matter explained to them, another mass meeting has been called for 2 o'clock to-morrow afternoon at the opera house, when all details in regard to signing the contracts will have been completed, and the matter will be fully and freely explained. It is especially desired that all farmers in the county be present at the meeting.

THE MILL CONTRACT.

On Monday evening, Ray B. Jones, vice president and general manager of the railroad company, and secretary of the Northern Mill company, arrived in the city with the railroad proposition and mill contract both duly signed. On Tuesday afternoon the committee appointed by the mass meeting for the purpose of receiving the mill contract on the part of the county, had a meeting, all being present except C. B. Clouse, of Ft. Ripley. A few changes of the contract was suggested by the committee, and Mr. McClenahan was delegated to go to Minneapolis Wednesday morning to confer with the company in regard to these matters. An agreement was reached with the company by which the bonds were to be held in escrow until the mill as well as the railroad is completed. This is fully as good as the giving of a bond on the part of the company. The following is the mill contract:

THIS INDENTURE made and entered into this 16th day of May, A. D. 1892, by and between the Northern Mill Company, of Minneapolis, Minnesota, a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of Minnesota, party of the first part, and John Drake, Harry Patterson, C. B. Clouse, Geo. Keough, H. C. Stivers, W. S. McClenahan, Wm. Williamson, Thomas W. Crawford, Con. O'Brien, of the County of Crow Wing, in said State, parties of the second part, witnesseth as follows:

WHEREAS the said County of Crow Wing is contemplating proceedings for inducing the Brainerd and Northern Minnesota Railway Company to construct a line of railroad from the City of Brainerd in said Crow Wing County to a certain point on the shore of Lake Gilpatrick in Cass County, the indorsement proposed by said County of Crow Wing to said Railway Company for the construction of said line of railroad being the proposed issue by said County to said Railway Company of one hundred bonds of said County for one thousand dollars each, and the proposition of said Railroad Company required by the statute in such case made and provided, having been prepared, to be presented to the Auditor of said County.

AND WHEREAS the construction of said railroad would enable said party of the first part to locate a saw mill at Brainerd by furnishing the necessary railroad facilities therefor.

AND WHEREAS said party of the second part constitute a committee of the citizens of said County of Crow Wing in this behalf and are desirous of having said first party locate a saw mill at or near the City of Brainerd with a view to the benefit that would accrue to the County and City from the location of a mill at that point.

NOW THEREFORE in consideration of the premises and of the benefits which shall accure to said parties of the first part by the construction of said road by said Railway Company, thus enabling said first party to locate said saw mill at Brainerd, and for other valuable considerations, said party of the first part for itself and its successors hereby covenants to and with said parties of the second part, their personal representatives and assigns, acting as a committee of the citizens of Crow Wing County and on behalf of said County, that if an agreement shall be arrived at and perfected between said Crow Wing County and said Railroad Company in accordance with said proposition, for the construction of said road by said Railroad Company and the issuance of said bonds by said Crow Wing County, said parties of the first part its successors and assigns, shall and will prior to the first day of May, A. D. 1893, build, construct, equip and complete upon some suitable site on section thirty-one (31) eighteen (18) north of range twenty (20) in Township forty-five (45), Range thirty (30) in said Crow Wing County, or on any said sections, a steam saw mill with capacity of at least 175,000 feet of lumber per day of ten hours, provided with adequate and sufficient piling grounds for lumber and with all suitable and proper appliances and appurtenances for operation as a permanent industry at all times during the milling seasons from and after its completion.

Said party of the first part proposes in the construction and equipment of said saw mill to use so far as it can be reasonably made available, the materials, machinery and appliances now used and connected with the present mill of said first party at Gull River, in said Cass County and reserve the right to do so.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF said party of the first part has caused its corporate seal to be hereto affixed and this instrument to be signed by its duly authorized officers the day and year first above written.

NORTHERN MILL CO.,
By W. B. RANSOM, Pres.
Attest: RAY W. JONES, Sec'y.

In presence of
JAMES A. KELLOGG.
C. M. WILKINSON.
[SEAL.]

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Items of Interest.

Large line of clothing at Cale's.

Fresh lettuce, onions and radishes at McGinn & Bailey's.

L. J. Cale wishes to see all his old friends at his new stand.

A new stock of fresh candies just received at McGinn & Bailey's.

Horses, cows, ponies, wagons, buggies and harnesses for sale on time at Hoffman's

1,000 men, women and children wanted to try on SHOES at L. J. Cale's.

The office of J. R. Smith is the headquarters for reliable fire insurance. Room 4, Sleeper Block.

Megrimine cures any headache in 30 minutes. Sold by C. D. Johnson. Samples free. The Dr. Whitehall Megrimine Co., South Bend, Ind.

Have you seen the bargains J. F McGinnis & Co. are showing at their great sacrifice sale of clothing, hats, caps, boots and shoes?

Head ache and neuralgia, like dreams fade away before the magic influence of Dr. Whitehall's Megrimine. Sold by C. D. Johnson, and money refunded if not satisfactory.

Do you feel dizzy or dull after reading a long time? If you do call at Dreskell's and have your eyes tested and fitted with a pair of glasses. Prescriptions furnished for glasses not carried in stock, such as for myopia astigmatism, etc.

Megrimmine is the only guaranteed permanent cure for headache and neuralgia. Relieves in 20 to 30 minutes. A great blood cleanser and stimulant that in time positively cures. Sample free. The Dr. Whitehall Megrimine Co., South Bend, Ind. Sold by C. D. Johnson.

Mrs. H. Theviot has just received her new stock of spring millinery and it comprises some of the finest and latest patterns of imported bonnets and hats. The ladies of Brainerd are requested to call and look the stock over before purchasing elsewhere, as her prices are equally as low as the lowest.

Saturday, May 28th.

Original GEORGIAN Jubilee Singers.

Billy Marble Theatre Co.

ONE WEEK,

Commencing Monday, May 30th.

Popular Prices.

Attention Firemen.

Members of the Fire Department are requested to meet at the Central Hose House, on Tuesday evening, May 24th, at 8 o'clock sharp, for the purpose of considering the invitation from Pap Thomas Post to take part in the exercises of Memorial Day, also other business of importance.

D. F. MCINTOSH, Chief.

McGinn & Bailey carry a nice fresh line of staple groceries.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

Look--Look!

MACKILL AND CHICAGO CHIEF,

THE TWO PURE BRED IMPORTED

Clydesdale Stallions

Will make the season at the barn on

ON THIRD STREET NEAR N. P. TRACK.

The farmers of Crow Wing and adjoining counties should appreciate the fact that it is not economy to use inferior Stallions in breeding horses. The above Stallions are fine animals, perfect in all particulars, and an inspection will prove that it is economy to get the best. For particulars call on any member of the

Crow Wing County Clydesdale Association,

Or see J. E. Hammond at the Barn.

Brainerd, Minn.

We Meet All Competition.

—THE NEW FIRM OF—

McGINN & BAILEY

Are Selling their Carefully Selected Stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES

AT REASONABLE PRICES.

FRESH VEGETABLES IN SEASON.

We aim to please our customers in all particulass and invite your patronage.

Sixth Street, between Front and Laurel.

—CALL AT—

C. D. Johnson's Drug Store,

EAST FRONT STREET,

And get a key to Health.

Try our new Perfumes.

Try our Semper Idem Cream for chapped hands & face.

Try our Soda Water.

Call and See Us.

C. D. JOHNSON, Druggist.

—SEE—

SUNBERG'S

Elegant Line of Silverware

We have some of the finest goods in the market especially adapted to the Trade. We can guarantee to satisfy the most fastidious as our line is complete.

Mrs. F. C. SUNDBERG.

J. C. CONGDON.

WALL PAPER

AND INTERIOR DECORATIONS.

House and Carriage Painting.

Glass, Wood, and Enamelled Letters. Canvas Signs, Black-Board Slating a Specialty

One Door East of the Arlington. - Brainerd, Minn.

M. HAGBERG,

Wholesale and retail

GROCER!

HAS A LARGE AND COMPLTE STOCK OF

Staple & Fancy Groceries, Flour Feed, Provisions, Etc.

M. HAGBERG.

Odd Fellows' Block.

HARNESS SHOP

CORNER LAUREL AND SIXTH STREETS.

Keep on hand an assortment [illegible] of everything in the line.

Harness, Nets Whips, Curbs

BRUSHES, BRIDLES, SADDLES, COLLARS.

D. W. WHITFORD.

Fine Outfits Made a Specialty