THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

VOLUME 13, NUMBER 39. | BRAINERD, MINNESOTA, FRIDAY, AUGUST 17, 1894. | INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHERS.

Northern Pacific Bank

Cor. Front and 7th Streets.

C. N. PARKER, President.
J. N. NEVERS, Vice President.
H. J. SPENCER, Cashier.

Money to Loan
On Chattel Security

County and City Orders Bought!

Lumbermen's Time Checks Cashed.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C. Rouse, Receivers.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

RUNS

THROUGH CARS

TO

ST. PAUL,
MINNEAPOLIS,
DULUTH
FARGO
GRAND FORKS
and WINNIPEG

TO

HELENA
BUTTE
SPOKANE
TACOMA
SEATTLE
PORTLAND

Pullman Sleeping Cars
Elegant Dining Cars
TOURIST SLEEPING CARS

LOCAL TIME TABLE.

No. 5 arrives from the South at 2:00 p. m. Departs going west at 2:20 p. m. daily except Sunday.
No. 6 arrives from the west at 12.55 p. m. Departs going south at 1:15 p. m. daily except Sunday.
No. 11 arrives from Duluth at 7:55 p. m., and departs for the west at 8.15 p. m. daily.
No. 8 arrives from the West at 3:30 a. m. Departs going east at 3.40 a. m. daily.
No. 11, Little Falls and Dakota train, arrives at :30 p. m.
No. 12, Little Falls and Dakota train, departs 6:05 a. m.
No. 54 carries passengers to Aitken, departs at 10:00 p. m.
No. 55 from N. P. Junction arrives at 3:30 p. m. and departs for Staples at 4:30 p. m.
No. 56 arrives from Staples at 10 a. m. Departs for N. P. Junction at 11:10 a. m.
For Rates, Maps, Time Table or special information, apply to agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Brainerd, or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

N. Schroeder.

—DEALERS IN—

Wines, Liquors, and

CIGARS

Imported and Domestic.

Special Attention Given to Orders for Family Use.

Give me a call when in Detroit and will guarantee good usage.

N. SCHROEDER,
DETROIT, MINN.

JAPANESE PILE CURE

A New and Complete Treatment, consisting of SUPPOSITORIES, Capsules of Ointment and two Boxes of Ointment. A never-failing Cure for Piles of every nature and degree. It makes an operation with the knife or injections of carbolic acid, which are painful and seldom a permanent cure, and often resulting in death, unnecessary. Why endure this terrible disease? We guarantee 6 boxes to cure any case. You only pay for benefits received. $1 a box, 6 for $5. Sent by mail. Guarantees issued by our agents.

CONSTIPATION Cured, Piles Prevented, by Japanese Liver Pellets the great LIVER and STOMACH REGULATOR and BLOOD PURIFIER. Small, mild and pleasant to take, especially adapted for children's use. 50 Doses 25 cents.

GUARANTEES issued only by

FRANK B. JOHNSON,
Successor to N. McFadden, Druggist, 36 Front Street, Brainerd, Minn.

MAGNETIC NERVINE.

Is sold with written guarantee to cure Nervous Prostration, Fits, Dizziness, Headache and Neuralgia and Wakefulness, caused by excessive use of Opium, Tobacco and Alcohol; Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain, causing Misery, Insanity and Death; Barrenness, Impotency, Lost Power in either sex, Premature Old Age, Involuntary Losses, caused by over-indulgence, over-exertion of the Brain and Errors of Youth. It gives to Weak Organs their Natural Vigor and doubles the joys of life; cures Lucorrhoea and Female Weakness. A month's treatment, in plain package, by mail, to any address, $1 per box, 6 boxes $5. With every $5 order we give a Written Guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circulars free. Guarantee issued only by our exclusive agent.

M. L. SWARTZ, Druggist, Brainerd, Minn.

"Only the Scars Remain,"

Says HENRY HUDSON, of the James Smith Woolen Machinery Co., Philadelphia, Pa., who certifies as follows:

"Among the many testimonials which I see in regard to certain medicines performing cures, cleansing the blood, etc., none impress me more than my own case. Twenty years ago, at the age of 18 years, I had swellings come on my legs, which broke and became running sores. Our family physician could do me no good, and it was feared that the bones would be affected. At last, my good old

Mother Urged Me

to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I took three bottles, the sores healed, and I have not been troubled since. Only the scars remain, and the memory of the past, to remind me of the good Ayer's Sarsaparilla has done me. I now weigh two hundred and twenty pounds, and am in the best of health. I have been on the road for the past twelve years, have noticed Ayer's Sarsaparilla advertised in all parts of the United States, and always take pleasure in telling what good it did for me."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cures others, will cure you

Professional Cards.

McCLENAHAN & MANTOR
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
Office, Rooms and 2, Bank Block.
BRAINERD, MINN.

J. H. WARNER
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Room 5. Hartley Block.

R. K. WHITELEY,
CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR.
Office, Room 11, Bank Block.
BRAINERD.......... MINN.

BRAINERD

Ice Company.

STENDAL & PETERSON.

Ice For Family Use

$1.50 PER MONTH.

Leave orders at
Larson & Walters Wood & Coal office
Or With The
Drivers of the Ice Company's Wagons

Something Good in Silverware;

we don't mean choice cakes or fruits, but the ware to hold them, all in solid silver, rich, elegant and beautiful. The whole range of table silver is here, including knives, forks, spoons, sugar bowls, water sets, etc., all in the most tasteful, novel and artistic designs. Silverware is costly because somewhat high in price, and cheap because you buy it for a lifetime. What wears so long should be bought with judgement and care. The fall in the value of silver places solid ware within the reach of all. We have a full line.

WM. M. DRESSKELL,
Jeweler.

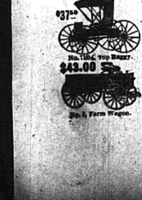
AGENTS WANTED on salary and commission for the only authorized BIOGRAPHY OF JAMES G. BLAINE, by GAIL HAMILTON, his literary executor, with the co-operation of his family, and for Mr. Blaine's Complete Works, "TWENTY YEARS OF CONGRESS," and his later book, "POLITICAL DISCUSSIONS." One prospectus for these three BEST SELLING books in the market. A. K. P. Jordan of Me., took 112 orders from first 110 calls; agent's profit, $196.50. Mrs. Balard of Ohio, took 15 orders, 13 Seal Russia, in one day; profit, $26.25. E. N. Rice, of Mass., took 27 orders in two days; profit, $47.25. J. Patridge, of Me., took 43 orders from 36 calls; profit, $75.25. E. A. Palmer, of N. D., took 53 orders in 3 days; profit, $98.25. EXCLUSIVE TERRITORY given. If you wish to make LARGE MONEY, write immediately for terms to

THE HENRY BILL PUB. CO.,
Norwich, Conn.

$500 Reward.

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with West's Vegetable Liver Pills, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely vegetable and never fail to give satisfaction. Sugar coated. Large boxes containing 30 pills 25c. Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine manufactured only by the John C West Co. Chicago, Ill. For sale by M. L. Swartz Druggist Brainerd Minn.

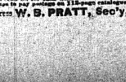
ELKHART CARRIAGE and HARNESS MFG. CO,



Have sold to consumers for 21 years, saving them the dealer's profit. We are the Oldest and Largest manufacturers in America selling Vehicles and Harness this way—ship with privilege to examine before any money is paid. We pay freight both ways if not satisfactory. Warrant for 2 years. Why pay an agent $10 to $50 to order for you? Write your own order. Boxing free. We take all risk of damage in shipping.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Spring Wagons, $31 to $50. Guaranteed same as sell for $50 to $85. Surreys, $65 to $100 same as sell for $100 to $150. Top Buggies, $37.50, as fine as sold for $65. Phaetons, $66 to $100. Farm Wagons, Wagonettes, Milk Wagons, Delivery Wagons and Road Carts. BICYCLES FOR MEN, WOMEN & CHILDREN.



RIDING SADDLES and FLY NETS.

5 per cent. off for cash with order. Send 4c. in stamps to pay postage on 112-page catalogue.

Address W. B. PRATT, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

THE first Monday in September, labor day, is a national holiday.

THE worst has happened—Madeline Pollard is to go on the stage.

THE Prison Mirror, published by the inmates of the state penitentiary at Stillwater, is a populist sheet.

THE Grand Rapids Magnet says D. M. Gunn is the choice of the people of that section for the legislature.

THE democratic state central committee has elected a millionaire breweryman, Titus Mareck, as its chairman.

FREE text books were voted for the entire system of public schools at Fergus Falls Thursday, only 12 negative votes being registered against it.

THE Aitkin Republican says that J. N. True the eminent jurist of Grand Rapids, Minn., will canvass Crow Wing and other counties this fall in the interest of the populist party. Mr. True is a late acquisition to the party.

THE Todd County Argus gives the following warning: "There is one thing which the nominees on the republican legislative ticket in this district must pledge themselves to and that is not to encourage in any way W. R. Merriam's senatorial aspirations."

"IF the people who think times are mighty hard under the democratic administration desire to see the simon pure article, tough times without any frills, let them put the affairs of the government in the hands of the populists" remarks an exchange, and there is more truth than poetry in the item.

IT now appears that the new State capitol can't be built until more money is forthcoming. Two millions were appropriated and a quarter of a million was paid for grounds. Of course more money is wanted, but would it not be better to hold the grounds and do no more until the people can better afford to be further taxed.

Non-Partisan Judicial Committee.

Chairman Craves, of the non partisan judicial convention, announces the following as the non-partisian judicial committee for the ensuing term, viz. Geo. T. Williams, Aitkin, chairman: T. J. Nary, Cass; Wade Blaker, Itasca; M. J. Katzky, Wadena; E. M. Horton, Hubbard; and Fred Wehrle, Crow Wing.—Aitkin Republican.

Coming Congressman.

After one of the most hotly contested but good natured fights ever witnessed in the seventh district, Hon. Frank M. Eddy of Glenwood, Pope county, was nominated for congress by the republicans on the 11th ballot. The convention was one of the most enthusiastic ever held in the state and no wounds are left if the defeated candidate told the truth at the ratification meeting. The convention was very large and it was composed of the representative men of the party.

Markham a Candidate.

Hon. J. M. Markham, of Aitkin, is said to be a candidate for the state senate in the Aitkin-Carlton district. Mr. Markham made a good member of the house, where he proved himself wide awake on all matters concerning Northern Minnesota, and an able exponent of his district and of the people. He was one of the best friends Duluth had in the legislature, and his hundreds of friends here will rejoice if he receives the nomination of his party for the senate.—Duluth News Tribune.

Two Years of Democracy.

The Boston Traveller says: Democratic control has already cost this country more actual money than did the four years' war for the maintenance of the union.

Less than two years of Democratic control has reduced more men of former affluence to absolute poverty than any 20 years in the history of the United States

These are startling statements but are absolutely true

It has practically bankrupted most of the great railroads of the West, and crippled many in the south and East.

It has thrown out of heretofore profitable employment an army of men greater than was ever commanded by the invincible General Grant, and he commanded more than any other general in the history of the world.

It has converted honest and industrious mechanics into strikers and tramps all over the land.

It has pinched and starved tender women and little children, leaving them homeless and without hope.

It has paralyzed trade, stopped the beating of millions of industrious hammers and silenced the hum of countless looms and spindles in the South as well as in the North.

No one has profited by all this, unless he has speculated on the misfortune of his fellowmen, for it has been absolute destruction of property and the wiping out of values as with a sponge.

If any dictator, king or emperor could have oppressed a greater people as the Democratic party has done, he would have been sentenced to death a thousands times and the sentences summarily carried into effect.

Nothing that may or may not be done at Washington now can change the result,

The mischief has been wrought.

Confidence has been destroyed.

The people have been deceived and betrayed.

Amid all this financial chaos there is a ray of hope.

On the 6th of November now only 88 days away, the people of this country will pronounce emphatic judgment upon an incompetent and unfaithful stewardship, and will entrust the control to other hands.

The mission, then, of the republican party is to bind up the nations wounds, and to bring back smiling peace and plenty again.

A Petition for Reinstatement.

The following petition will be presented to General Manager Kendrick, of the Northern Pacific road, in St. Paul as soon as he returns from the Pacific coast.

PETITION

To General Manager J. W. Kendrick, of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company.

We, the undersigned merchants, business men and professional men of the city of Brainerd, wish to respectfully submit to you the following: We wish to state in a preliminary way that we have no desire to make any recommendations not in line with your policy as General Manager, and that the object of this petition is simply to place in your hands such information regarding the facts connected with the recent strike here on your road, and regarding the sentiments of the business element in Brainerd, as we believe you may desire to have; and we wish to say further that this petition is prepared, circulated and signed voluntarily by business and professional men, without any influence or pressure having been brought to bear on the case by the recent employes of your company. The facts we wish to present are as follows:

1. During the strike there was in this city no violence, no destruction of property and no breach of the law, with one or two very trivial exceptions, and no arrests or attempted arrests.

2. The officers of the local A. R. U. insisted throughout the strike, and frequently instructed their men, that there should be no disorder and no infractions of the law, that the strike was a sympathetic one, and that there was no cause for complaint against the Northern Pacific Company.

3. By reason of the prevailing excitement some indiscreet language was used, but in no case, so far as we know, was the language so extreme as to encourage outbreak and actual disturbance.

4. The business men of Brainerd believed from the outset that the strike was a great mistake, and all the railroad employes now admit that it was. The feeling among all classes here is such that another strike upon your road in this locality can never again occur as long as the company continues to follow the just, liberal and considerate policy that has always been prominent in its dealings with its employes.

In view of the foregoing we respectfully petition you in behalf of your recent employes here, and of their families and homes, and the children who sit around their tables, to reinstate in their employment all who were not guilty of violation of the law. We know these men, they are good citizens and many of them own their homes here, and we would earnestly advise a liberal and magnanimous policy that will allow them to remain here. Believing that this would be for the best interest of all concerned, we remain,

Very Respectfully Yours,

S. & J. W. Koop, Merchants.
L. J. Cale, Merchant.
J. F. McGinnis & Co., Merchants.
W. Hemstead, Mayor and Physician.
C. D. Johnson, Druggist.
A. Rosenberg, Cigar Manufacturer.
Henry I. Cohen, Merchant.
N. H. Ingersoll, Ed. Brainerd Dispatch.
Beach, Cole & Beach, Merchants.
James L. Camp, Physician.
M. K. Swartz, Druggist.
E. M. Irish, Druggist.
H. C. Stivers, Editor Journal.
R. K. Whiteley, City and Co. Surveyor.
G. D. LaBar, Cashier First Nat'l Bank.
M. Hagberg, Merchant.
R. F. Walters, Shoe Dealer.
J. H. Warner, Att'y at Law.
Slipp Bros., Hardware.
J. T. Sanborn, Proprietor City Hotel.
J. A. McColl, Photog'r and Merchant.
E. D. Wilkins, Merchant.
Wm. Williamson, Pres't City Council.
Ed. H. White, Merchant.
John Bubar, Prop. Exchange Hotel.
James New, Plumber.
S. J. Greer, Blacksmith.
J. Kelleher, Proprietor Hotel Globe.
H. Rosenblatt, Merchant.
D. M. Clark, Merchant.
M. J. Quam, Mgr N. Y. Mercantile Co.
J. M. Johnson, Real Estate.
J. M. Hayes, Merchant.
C. B. White, Merchant.
Redding & Reilly, Merchants.
T. M. Reilly, City Assessor.
Mahlum & Vallentyne, Merchants.
C. A. Walker & Co., Meat Market.
Geo. Keough, Prop. Central Hotel.
A. P. Riggs, Ins. and Real Estate.
A. F. Ferris, Pres't First Nat'l Bank.
Geo. A. Keene, Real Estate and Ins.
A. J. Halsted, Editor Tribune.
C. E. Chiperfield, Attorney.
Louis Tache, County Auditor.
Chas. M. Palek, Furniture.
W. S. McClenahan, Lawyer.
Milton McFadden, Judge of Probate.
W. A. Fleming, Lawyer.
J. M. Elder, Real Estate and Ins.
A. F. Groves, Physician and Surgeon.
W. H. Mantor, Lawyer.
Henri Ribbel, Dentist.
S. R. Adair, Jeweler.
S. F. Alderman, Clerk District Court.
Jno. T. Frater, County Treasurer.
J. G. Hessel, Agricultural Machinery.
F. W. Wieland, Publisher Dispatch.
G. W. Holland, Judge District Court.
W. E. Campbell, Merchant.
A. P. Farrar, Real Estate.
T. McMaster, Merchant.
Jno. N. Nevers, V. Pres't N. P. Bank.
Leon E. Lum, Attorney.
Frank Mattson, Merchant.
A. Mahlum, Register of Deeds.
J. R. Smith, Real Estate and Ins.
S. W. Gray, Butcher.
A. Olson, Tailor.
H. McGinn, Grocer.
Molstad & Zakarhasen, Tailors.
Rostad, Bane & Co., Butchers.
Fred Stropp, Stratton House.
F. B. Johnson, Drugs.
D. D. Smith, Merchant.
H. Drapeau, Flour and Feed Dealer.
Peabody & Baker, Butchers.
Katz Bros., Hardware.
Albert Angel, Grocer.
J. S. Gardner, Ex-Mayor.
Gergen & Purdy, Livery.
A. Lessard, Montreal House.
I. U. White, Hardware.
Con. O'Brien, Merchant.
I. T. Dean, Merchant.
A. E. Losey, Merchant.
F. E. Tiffany, Merchant.
Richard Parker, Merchant.
Andrew E. Yeon, Jeweler.
C. G. Mooers, Livery.
J. F. Doran, Meat Market.
A. G. Lagerquist, Tailor.
J. Martin, Dentist.
Geo. Woodling, Harness Maker.
J. J. Howe, Lumber.
Wm. M. Dresskell, Jeweler.
G. S. McPherson, Physician.
J. H. Koop, Merchant.
A. Z. Renslow, Merchant.
C. Cross, Veterinary Surgeon.
John Orth, Tailor.
H. Spalding, Sheriff.
Krauth & Kerner, Butchers.
John McNaughton, City Blacksmith.
J. S. Drysdale, Photographer.

FOR SALE.—A Columbian bicycle '92, in good repair and will be sold cheap. Enquire at this office.

McCall has the best line of pocket cutlery razors and scissors to be found in the city.

Bargains in hammocks and croquet sets at McColls.

This is the Clover.

During the fiscal year ending June 30 there was withdrawn from the savings banks of New York and Brooklyn $135,312,174, or $22,842,145 more than the deposits. Such drawing upon savings is unprecedented, and it indicates the vast extent people of moderate means have had to draw on their savings throughout the country during the business and industrial depression since June, 1893. This is about the kind of clover which came with Grover, of which the democrats sang so lustily in 1892.—Minneapolis Journal.

Labor Laconics.

There are sixty iron mines in France.

Fully sixty different kinds of cotton are manufactured.

Germany has a novelty in the shape of paper horse shoes.

There are 3,702 foreigners in North Carolina alone.

The building of 26,000 miles of railroads in eleven of the Western States caused the settlement of 93,500,000 acres of farming land.

A Boston pie factory makes 10,000 pies per day.

The egg crop of the United States is worth $100,000,000 per annum.

A copper mine in Sweden has been worked for 800 years.

France consumes 26,000 tons of tobacco annually.

The United States uses annually over 1,000,000 kangaroo skins in the manufacture of boots and shoes.

WHY ARE THEY HERE!

Considerable Speculation as to What Hawaiian Commissioners Want.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—There is some uncertainty manifested in congressional circles to know the exact purpose of the visit of Messrs. Parker, Cummings and Wideman, the royalist envoys from Hawaii. While they talked with various members of congress, they have not confided to any one a definite impression of the ends which they hope to accomplish by their missions. In a general way they have reviewed the various wrongs attending the overthrow of the monarchy from their standpoint, and they have complained of the interference of Mr. Stevens, which they say brought about the downfall. They represent that the present government cannot be considered a republic, and are not satisfied with the attitude of Mr. Willis, who is said to be as friendly to the American element as was his predecessor. But they do not ask the members to do anything in behalf of the deposed queen, nor do they state definitely why they are here. One of the two objects is suggested by members of congress to have brought the delegation to urge the administration to carry out its abandoned idea of the restoration of the queen, or to make arrangements for pecuniary redress for her.

The commissioners have expressly disclaimed either of these purposes, and their objects are veiled in mystery.

MILWAUKEE STREET RAILWAYS.

Aldermen Talk of Buying Them For the City.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 9.—Alderman Rauschenburger introduced a resolution in the common council calling for the appointment of a committee to ascertain whether it is possible for the city at this time to purchase the street railway system. In the preamble of the resolution it is stated that the protest of the street railway company against its recent increase in assessments makes it appear as if this were a good time to purchase both the street railway and the electric lighting system. The preamble further asserts that a large proportion of the taxpayers of the City of Milwaukee believe that the street railway system should be owned and operated by the municipality, and it is believed that the present time would be a favorable one to acquire said street railway system.

A Milwaukee Riot.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 8.—The health officers attempted to move a child of Fred Kembler, on Arthur street, to the isolation hospital to be treated for smallpox. A riot ensued in which a mob of 3,000 men, women and boys took part. The police were called, but were powerless to cope with the mob, and the attempt to remove the child had to be abandoned temporarily. Four policemen were hit by stones. A child of the Kembler family died at the hospital of smallpox three weeks ago. The parents and neighbors will resist all efforts to take this patient there.

National Boys' League.

DENVER, Aug. 7. — Incorporation papers have been filed here for the National Boys' league, an organization intended for boys from 14 to 21 years of age. The proposed work of the league is a combination of the Chautauqua and Christian Endeavor ideas, the motto being "Self Help."

Logging Train Ditched.

BRAINERD, Minn., Aug. 11.—Charles Frost, a brakeman, was internally injured in a railroad accident on the Cross Lake Logging company's road, a tree falling across the track ahead of the train, derailing it, ditching the engine and completely demolishing four cars. It is not known whether Frost is fatally hurt or not.

MINNESOTA

State Normal Schools

—AT—

Winona, Mankato, St. Cloud and Moorhead.

These schools are organized for the training of teachers for the public schools of the state.

ORGANIZATION—Each school comprises two departments—the Normal department and the Training Department or Model School.

The Normal Department embraces;

(a) An Elementary Course for teachers of rural districts and elementary grades.
(b) An Advanced Course for Teachers of advanced grades.
(c) A Professional Course for teachers who have completed the required academic work elsewhere.
(d) A Kindergarten Training Course (at Winona, St. Cloud and Mankato.)

ADMISSION—Graduates of high schools and colleges, and teachers holding county superintendents' first and second grade certificates are admitted without examination. All others are required to pass an entrance examination.

EXPENSES.—Tuition is free to all who pledge themselves to teach in Minnesota. Text books are furnished at a rental of $3 per year. Provision is made in each school for economical living. The average cost of furnished rooms with board is about $3 per week. The Ladies' Home at St. Cloud offers board, furnished room heat and light at $3 per week. The new dormitory at Moorhead for same accommodations $3.50 per week.

DIPLOMAS.—By a recent act of the legislature a diploma becomes a state teachers' certificate of the first grade.

The next school year opens at Winona August 31; at Mankato August 30; at St. Cloud August 29; at Moorhead September 4th.

For free catalogues and circulars, giving full information address the presidents as follows:

IRWIN SHEPARD, Winona.
EDWARD SEARLING, Mankato.
JOSEPH CARHART, St. Cloud.
LIVINGSTON C. LORD, Moorhead.

Legal Notices.

(First Publication Aug. 10.)
LAND NOTICE.
Land Office at St. Cloud, Minn., August 4, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before S. F. Alderman, Clerk of District Court at Brainerd, Minn., on Saturday, Sept. 15, 1894, viz: PETER WEPLA, H. E. No. 13836, for the NE¼, Sec. 24, Twp. 45, Range 29.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Thomas C. Polston, Jacob Shew, George Bock, August Lasso, P. O. address of all Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minn.

A. BARTO, Register

(First publication July 6.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, Counties of Crow Wing and Cass. } ss.
District Court, Fifteenth Judicial District.
OLIVE A. LYLE, Plaintiff,
against
WILLIAM LYLE, Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant,

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, of which a copy is hereunto annexed and herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office in the City of Brainerd, in said county, within 30 days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated, July 2, 1894.

C. E. CHIPERFIELD,
Plaintiff's Attorney, Room 15, First National Bank Block, Brainerd, Minn.

(First publication July 27.)
LAND NOTICE.
LAND OFFICE AT ST. CLOUD, MINN., July 20th, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before S. F. Alderman, Clerk of the District Court at Brainerd, Minn., on Monday, Sept. 3rd, 1894, viz: August Swanson, H. E. No. 13815 for the w½ ne¼ and e½ nw¼ sec. 26, twp. 45, range 32.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Alva M. Bratt, N. D. Reynolds, Fred J. Reid, and James Alexander, P. O. address of all Ft Ripley, Crow Wing county, Minn.

A. BARTO, Register.

(First publication Aug. 17.)
LAND NOTICE.
LAND OFFICE AT ST. CLOUD, MINN., August 16, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before S. F. Alderman, clerk of the District Court at Brainerd, Minn., on Friday, Sept. 28th, 1894, viz:

OLE C. OLSON,

H. E. No. 13861, for the w½ se¼, se¼ se¼ Sec. 30, Twp. 45, Range 29.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land viz:

Peter Johnson, Louis Nelson, Andrew Bloom, Andrew Anderson, P. O. address of all Brainerd, Crow Wing County, Minnesota.

THEO. BRUENER, Register.

(First publication Aug. 17)
Probate Notice.

State of Minnesota, County of Crow Wing, } ss. In Probate Court. Special Term. Aug. 16, 1894.

In the matter of the estate of Ernest L. Strauss, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Mary T. Strauss executrix of the estate of Ernest L. Strauss, deceased, representing among other things that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the final account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law;

It is ordered, That said account be examined, and petition heard, by this court, on Monday the 10th day of September A. D., 1894, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate office in said county.

And it is further ordered, That notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Brainerd Dispatch a weekly newspaper printed and published at Brainerd in said county.

Dated at Brainerd, Minn., the 16th day of Aug. A. D. 1894. By the Court:

MILTON McFADDEN,
[Seal.] Judge of Probate.

(First publication Aug. 3d.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Crow Wing. } District Court, 15th Judicial District

In the matter of the assignment of P. G. Fogleström and R. W. Sandström, partners doing business under the name of The Fine City Ice Co.

Notice is hereby given that P. G. Fogelstrom and R. W. Sandstrom, partners as aforesaid, of Brainerd in said county and state, have by deed in writing, dated July 31st, 1894, made a general assignment to the undersigned, of all their property not exempt by law from levy and sale on execution, for the benefit of all their creditors, without preferences.

All claims must be verified and presented to the undersigned for allowance.

Dated July 31st, 1894.

DEE SIMONS,
Assignee.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION, ISSUED out of the District Court for the 15th Judicial District in and for the county of Crow Wing and State of Minnesota, upon a judgment entered and docketed in said court, on the fifth day of January, A. D. 1894, in a certain action wherein James H. Kelehan was plaintiff, and Sophia Thorpe, defendant, in favor of said plaintiff, and against said defendant, for the sum of $92.75, and assigned by said James H. Kelehan to Leon E. Lum, I have levied upon as the property of said defendant the following described real estate to-wit: Lot thirteen in block sixty-three in the Town of Brainerd, according to the recorded plat thereof, And will sell the same to satisfy said execution and costs, at the front door of the court house in the City of Brainerd in the county and state aforesaid, on the 27th day of August, A. D. 1894, at ten o'clock A. M., of that day.

Dated July 7th, A. D. 1894.

HENRY SPALDING,
Sheriff of Crow Wing County, Minn.

(First publication July 20.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Crow Wing. }
District Court, Fifteenth Judicial District.
Phebey M. Bedding, Plaintiff,
against
William Ghergins; also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein, Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the Plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the 15th Judicial District, in and for the County of Crow Wing and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office in First National Bank Block, in the City of Brainerd, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated July 17th, 1894.

McCLENAHAN & MANTOR,
Plaintiff's Attorney, Brainerd, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Crow Wing. }
District Court, 15th Judicial District.
Phebey M. Bedding, Plaintiff,
against
William Ghergins; also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that an action has been commenced in this court by the above named plaintiff against the above named defendants, and the object of said action is to obtain a judgment and decree of said court declaring and adjudging the adverse claim of said William Ghergins, and of all other persons or parties unknown, in and to the lands hereinafter described to be void, and that the defendant Wm. Ghergins, and all other persons or parties unknown, are entitled to no right, title, interest or estate in or claim upon said lands, or any part thereof; that the plaintiff be declared and adjudged owner in fee simple absolute of said lands and the whole thereof, and that the plaintiff have such other and further relief as to the court may seem just and proper, under the provisions of section 2, of Chapter 75 of the General statutes, A. D. 1878, and the acts amendatory thereof.

The real property affected, involved and brought in question by said action is situated in the County of Crow Wing, State of Minnesota, and described as follows to-wit:

Lot number six (6) of block number three (3) in Parker's Addition to Brainerd, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the Registry of Deeds in and for said county of Crow Wing.

Dated July 17, 1894.

McCLENAHAN & MANTOR,
Plaintiff's Attorneys, Brainerd, Minn., First National Bank Block.

Re-varnish your buggies once a year at Congdon's.

Everybody is going to Drysdale's to have their pictures taken and get his cut rates.

Assignees Sale.

I offer the Theviot fixtures and stock of Millinery at 50 per cent of invoce or the book accounts at 25 per cents on the dollar. Any one wishing to start in business can save $900 on stock and fixtures. I am compelled to sell at once.

W. HEMSTEAD,
Assignee.

BANKRUPT SALE!

Sixth Street, next door South of Walter's Shoe Store.

I am now offering for sale a good general stock of

DRY GOODS

—AND—

CLOTHING!

For Whatever They Will Bring.

These Goods Are

A BANKRUPT STOCK,

AND MUST BE SOLD,

This sale will not last long. Call early while stock is complete.

You Will Save Money.

J. S. GARDNER.

A FINE NEW

PIANO

$185, AND UPWARDS.

ON EASY PAYMENTS.

Stool and Scarf Included.

AN ELEGANT

ORGAN

$65, AND UPWARDS, With Stool and Book.

BAND INSTRUMENTS, SHEET MUSIC, AND EVERYTHING IN THE MUSIC LINE.

These Instruments are not the inferior class so often advertised, but FULLY WARRANTED. Write for Catalogue.

W. J. DYER & BRO.

If you desire Catalogue and full information, send us a postal card addressed: DEPT. A, W. J. DYER & BRO. 21 & 23 W. Fifth St. ST. PAUL.

FIRST

NATIONAL BANK

Of Brainerd, Minn.

A. F. FERRIS, President.
LEON E. LUM, Vice President,
G. D. LABAR, Cashier.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, - $200,000
Paid up Capital, - - *$50,000.*
Surplus, - - - - *$30,000.*

☞ Business accounts invited

BICYCLES No agents. We sell from catalogue at Wholesale Prices. Ship for examination before sale. Ours at $44 same as agents sell for $75, ours at $55 same as agents sell for $100, ours at $80 wood-rims, 25 lbs., same as any $125 wheel. 12 styles $16 to $80.

$55.00

ACME ROADSTER $55

Guaranteed same as agents sell for $75 to $100.

ACME ROAD RACER, 25 lbs. WOOD-RIMS, $80.

Perfect lines, perfect steering, perfect adjustment. Guaranteed same as agents sell for $125 and $150. Written warranty with every machine. Every time you buy a bicycle through an agent you pay $25 to $50 more than our wholesale price for same quality. It costs about as much to sell bicycles through agents and dealers as it does to make them. Let prudence and economy suggest the better way and buy from us direct at wholesale prices. Illustrated Catalogue free.

Acme Cycle Company, ELKHART, IND.

BAKERY

—AND—

Confectionery Store!

6th St., near Roller Rink.

Ice Cream by the Dish, or Quantity.

Hot Rolls every Day.

Bread, Cakes, Pies.

Fruit, Candies and Lemonade.

Give us a call and we will endeavor to give satisfaction.

MRS. M. A. ORTH.

SNOW & SNOW.

We would be glad to tell you how to save your money and make it earn you good pay if you will call.

Do you know that your house is liable to burn? We would like to pay you for it if it should.

We will attend to any legitimate and honorable business for you, if you will pay us. See?

Room 11, Bank Block.

J. R. SMITH,

Fire Insurance!

Real Estate,

LOANS,

Rents and Collections.

SLEEPER BLOCK,

Brainerd, - - Minn.

HOW A PUZZLE WAS SOLVED.

When you want a certain article, you want the best make of that article, don't you?

But how to determine which make is best is what puzzles you, isn't it?

And when the puzzle is solved for you, by authority which cannot be questioned, you are pleased, aren't you?

And you would like to hear of one puzzle that has been solved for the people of the whole world, wouldn't you?

Well, we will tell you about that very puzzle, and its solution.

At the Universal Exposition of 1889 at Paris, France, the best sewing machines of the world, including those of America, were in competition. They were passed upon by a jury composed of the best foreign mechanical experts, two of whom were the leading sewing machine manufacturers of France.

This jury, after exhaustive examination and tests, adjudged that the Wheeler & Wilson machines were the best of all, and awarded that company the highest prize offered, the GRAND PRIZE, giving other companies only gold, silver and bronze medals.

The French Government, as a further recognition of superiority, decorated M. Nathaniel Wheeler, president of the company, with the Cross of the Legion of Honor, the most prized honor of France.

That is how the puzzle of the best sewing machine in the world was fully solved by the most competent authority in the world in favor of the No. 9 and No. 12 Wheeler & Wilson machines.

The No. 9, for family use, and the No. 12, for manufacturing uses, are the best in the world to-day.

And now, when you want a sewing machine, if you do not get the best, it will be your own fault.

Ask your sewing machine dealer for the No. 9 Wheeler & Wilson machine, and if he does not keep them, write to us for descriptive catalogue, prices and terms.

Agents wanted in all unoccupied territory.

WHEELER & WILSON MFG. CO.,
185 and 187 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

The secretary of the Elkhart Carriage and Harness Mfg. Co., of Elkhart, Ind., informs us that their prices will be lower for 1894 than ever. He wishes us to ask our readers not to purchase anything in the line of carriages, wagons, bicycles or harness until they have sent 4 cents in stamps to pay postage on their 112 page catalogue. We advise the readers of this paper to remember his suggestion.

Babies that are fretful, peevish, cross, or troubled with Windy Colic, Teething Pains, or Stomach Disorders, can be relieved at once by using Acker's Baby Soother. It contains no Opium or Morphine, hence is safe. Price 25 cents. Sold by

NEW STAGE LINE!

BRAINERD

—TO—

CROSS LAKE.

Commencing Monday, January 1, 1894.

Stage leaves Brainerd for Cross Lake on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 3 o'clock p. m.

Passengers, Baggage and Express Carried.

Charges Reasonable.

J. E. WHITE, Prop.

FOR THE—

BEST BREAD, CAKES AND PIES

—Call on the—

EAST BRAINERD BAKERY.

Wedding Cakes a Specialty.

—You will be more than pleased.—

GOODS FIRST-CLASS.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Goods Delivered

TO ANY PART OF THE CITY.

D. MAHONEY, PROP.

175 Kindred St

L. W. CHASE,
PROPRIETOR

The Bodega.

Sleeper Block, Front Street.

Finest in all Points of any Saloon in the Northwest.

IMPORTED
WINES, LIQUORS
AND CIGARS.

BILLIARD AND POOL PARLOR
In Connection

COME IN AND SEE US.

JAS. H. KELEHAN

—Dealer in—

WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS,

Cor sixth and Laurel.

We keep nothing but the finest goods and Guarantee Satisfaction.

Drop in any time as we will make it pleasant for you.

- - - JAS. H. KELEHAN

THE

Wisconsin Central Lines,

RUN

Two fast trains daily between St. Paul, Minneapolis and Chicago, Milwaukee and all points in Wisconsin, making connection in Chicago with all lines running east and south.

Tickets sold and baggage checked through to all points in the United States and Canadian provinces.

For full information regarding routes, rates, maps, folders, etc., address your nearest ticket agent or

JAS. C. POND,
Gen. Pass. Ag't, Milwaukee, Wis.

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The Dispatch!

FOR JOB WORK.

All Work Guaranteed.

L. P. WHITE, Jr.

Real Estate Agent,

Improved and Unimproved Property

FOR SALE,

In various parts of the City

HOUSES for SALE

Brainerd Dispatch.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Publishers.

BRAINERD, ... MINN.

The tongue recovers from an injury much more quickly than any other part of the human system.

The French war department has reported in favor of a new buckler made of aluminum and copper.

Sirius, the fixed star, now in the ascendant, is computed to be 100,000,000,000 miles distant from the sun.

During the most peaceful years the world has 3,700,000 men who are withdrawn from productive occupations to pose as soldiers.

The West Indian migratory crab is the only creature that is born in the sea, matures in fresh water, and passes its adult life on land.

Boston's floating hospital has already given several hundred sick babies and their worn-out mothers a breath of sea air this season.

An old, illiterate man who can quote Scripture by the hour is creating a sensation in Kentucky by claiming to be John the Baptist.

In 1702 a salt tax was levied in Great Britain, and during the French wars was raised to £30 per ton, over sixteen times the value of the article.

The experiment of using compressed air for street car propulsion has been tried in Massachusetts. The results were considered satisfactory.

Only a few years ago the shah of Persia had a peculating governor, guilty of stealing the royal taxes, boiled to death in a closed caldron of water.

Under a decision of the supreme court of errors of Connecticut boys and their trunks cannot be held for board. Yale youngsters gave rise to the decision.

The largest family in the world is that of the king of Siam. His majesty has two official wives, eighty-eight wives of minor order, and seventy-two children.

Animal magnetism is no new discovery, but was practiced by Father Hehl at Vienna about 1774 and had wonderful success for a while in France and England in 1788 and 1789.

John Byrnes, of Boston, claims to be the oldest street car driver in the world. He has been at it forty years, and has traveled a distance equal to twenty-five times around the world.

A couple living in Beaver Island township, North Carolina, have been married two years, during which time they have been blessed with two sets of twins.

In Germany 89,600 families paid income taxes on incomes from £150 to £210 a year; 82,400 paid on £210 to £480, and 26,800 paid on incomes above £480.

A raftsman living at Antwerp, Ohio, dropped a penknife in the Maumee river five years ago, which was found recently by men working along the river.

The hair has a growth of its own apart from that which animates the human body. This accounts for the growth of the hair in the dead long after interment.

Until the time of Charles XII. of Sweden the artillery was not considered a part of the army. The men serving it were not soldiers but regarded as mechanics. The officers had no army rank.

Frankish women have only one pomade, a grease proceeding from the skin of sheep and clinging to its woool. It had a nauseous odor, but was singularly efficacious in giving smoothness to the skin.

Dr. Schaff of Vienna has applied photography to the study of the human skin. A bright light is projected on the part of the skin to be examined, and by direct exposure many small details of the skin, including markings not usually discernable, are photographed.

A. M. de Renngarten of St. Petersburg has started out on a long walk. He proposes to tramp from Riga to the Caucasus, whence he will stroll on to Persia, and so, skirting the Aral sea, re-enter the Tsar's dominions and cross Siberia to the Chinese frontier.

Senator Ransom of North Carolina has made but one speech during his fifteen years of service in the senate. Before he was sent to Washington he had the reputation in his own state of being a fine orator. He gave up being eloquent on account of a tendency to heart disease.

Lord Wolseley, with his family, has remained throughout the summer at the Royal Hospital, Kilmainham. Last week Lady Wolseley gave a farewell dance in honor of the departing battalion of the Grenadier Guards, who have been stationed at Richmond barracks since last September.

Washington longs for a tennis player who can make the game interesting for Attorney General Olney. He still is devoted to the sport and takes satisfaction in daily beating whoever plays against him. Mr. Olney is doing his best to make this the most successful lawn tennis administration the country has ever known.

Spell it with a K please when you would write the name of the little country which is just now the bone over which China and Japan are contending. Boston says so, and Noo Yo'k affirms the decision, so Korea it must be. And why not? The letter C with its sound of K is the vermiform appendix of the alphabet.

According to reports Japan has gained another victory on land and China one on the water. But these Orientals are such liars that it is difficult to ascertain the exact truth. Meantime Russia and France seem to be growing jealous of England, and we may see some interesting developments that more nearly affect our Western world.

The Chicago City Railway company is a monopoly that "goes the whole hog." It has issued orders forbidding newsboys the privilege of selling papers to passengers on its cars, and has placed uniformed hirelings of its own upon trains to furnish its patrons with copies of the daily papers. Of course, the company will make a few pennies by the trade, but it looks like small business for a corporation with many millions of capital to engage in.

AROUND THE GLOBE

DIGEST OF THE NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

All Important Occurrences of the Past Week, Boiled Down and Arranged for Rapid Reading, From Home and Abroad.

Washington.

The senate passes a bill for the exclusion and deportation of anarchists.

President Cleveland vetoed the bill for the relief of Eugene Wells, late captain of the Twelfth infantry.

Secretary Carlisle has decided to postpone action looking to increasing the gold reserve until after the disposal of the tariff bill.

Among the nominations sent to the senate was that of Amos M. Thayer of Missouri to be judge of the Eighth judicial circuit.

House Democrats caucus on the tariff without action. The statement is made that the senate bill must pass, if any.

A bill subjecting national bank notes and national treasury notes to state taxation passes the senate. It has already passed the house.

Colored employes of the government in Washington charge that a colored concern is trying to blackmail them out of campaign contributions. The civil service commission will investigate.

Personal Mention.

Felix Geoffdion, who had been a member of the Canadian parliament for thirty-one years died at Montreal.

A Japanese graduate of the Harvard law school becomes his country's minister to the United States.

John W. Harmon died near Muncie, Ind., where he had lived for fifty years. He arrived there penniless and leaves an estate valued at $50,000.

Ex-Gov. Austin Blair was buried at Jackson, Mich., the funeral services being attended by many men prominent in politics.

H. H. Warner the patent medicine man has returned from Europe penniless having lost the remains of his fortune at Monte Carlo.

The Rev. Samuel J. Knapp, pastor of the Macdougal Street Baptist church New York died at his summer home at Mystic, Conn. He was 60 years of age.

An autopsy showed that Mrs. Osborne, the once noted opera singer and wife of George Poole, died from starvation. Her death occurred in Baltimire.

Congressman Bryan of Nebraska, at the request of the Democratic Free Coinage league of that state, announces himself as a candidate for United States senator.

F. H. Underwood, United States consul at Leith, Scotland, died at that place yesterday of blood poisoning. He was appointed consul at Glasgow by President Cleveland in 1885, and was appointed consul at Leith June 8th, last. His home was in Boston.

Unfortunate Events.

James Haley was killed on a railroad track at Ottumwa, Iowa.

Several buildings burned at Grand Mound, Iowa, causing a loss of $23,000.

Miss Pauline Laupheimer was struck by a street car at Quincy, Ill., and died of her wounds.

John Charters of Niles, Ohio., was struck by a train on the Pennsylvania railroad and killed.

Five persons were killed in different parts of New York city on the 5th by electric cars.

Johanson Case, a twelve-year-old boy, was killed at Clinton by a fall down stairs.

Miss Laisa King, an invalid, committed suicide at Bourbon, Ill., by setting fire to her clothing, burning to death.

C. C. Campbell and his wife were drowned at Burlington, Iowa, by the capsizing of their boat.

Fire causes a panic at a ball game in Chicago, in which several persons are badly injured.

Miss Emily Mears of St. Louis was killed at Battle Creek, Mich., by falling from the fourth story window of a sanitarium.

C. C. Ames and Daniel Vanlew, painters, fell three stories from a scaffold at Fort Dodge, Iowa. Ames was killed. Vanlew will recover.

A traction engine on which Charles Hudson and Will Dandelien were riding broke through a bridge near Springfield, Ill., and the men were killed.

The steamer Park Bluff, with 400 excursionists aboard, struck a rock in the Mississippi off Keokuk, Iowa, and sank. Owing to the low water all were enabled to reach shore.

A picnic wagon was thrown off a bridge near Bellaire, Ohio, by an electric car. Two horses were killed and eight of the twenty-five picknickers injured.

While playing with a revolver at Princeton, Ill., Ray Trimble, son of Judge Trimble, shot Arthur Thompson, putting out his right eye. The ball made its way toward the brain and may cause his death. Both boys were ten years of age.

Lightning struck the house of Mrs. Frances E. Cowles at Liberal, Mo., and when neighbors rushed in to help save the goods they stumbled upon a counterfeiter's outfit and a wealth of bogus silver half dollars. Mrs. Cowles' son was arrested, charged with being the owner of the spurious coin and was bound over in the sum of $1,000 to await trial.

Criminal Doings.

A dangerous gang of counterfeiters in Connecticut is broken up.

A Philadelphia man shoots his wife, her uncle and himself.

A vigilance committee, formed during the Cripple Creek strike in Colorado, is unearthed.

An Iowa man kills his sweetheart, mortally wounds her mother and sister and then commits suicide.

Judges at Helena, Mont., charge an attorney of that city with subornation of perjury.

Martin E. Yates, of Goshen, Ind., committed suicide at the Windsor hotel, New York, by taking poison.

Postmaster John A. Wilson of Casner, Ill., was shot and seriously wounded by two unknown men. Cause unknown.

Albert Guest was fatally shot at Bardwell, Ky., by the city marshal. Guest was breaking into the railway depot.

A brutal assault on two laborers at Brazil, Ind., has caused the citizens to organize for the maintenance of law and order.

Mrs. John H. Oman, wife of an Eagle township, (O.) farmer, was murdered, it is believed, by robbers who were convicted by her testimony.

John Danerer, a wealthy farmer near Davenport, Iowa, hung himself to an apple tree as a result of despondency over the death of his wife.

Paul Schumacher, aged 45, a carpenter out of work and despondent, took morphine at Columbus, Ohio, and his body was found in a fence corner just out of the city limits.

Spring Valley (Ill.) miners threaten to prevent operation of the mines at La Salle and Peru. Sheriff Taylor, with 100 armed deputies, will endeavor to preserve order.

Holgate, Iowa, is excited over the shooting of Frank Babbett by Emanuel Ball, to whose wife, it is said, Babbett was paying too marked attention. Babbett was able to leave Holgate.

Vernen Riley was instantly killed at Toledo, Ohio, while forcing an entrance into the residence of Clifford Eddy. Robert Hodges, Eddy's brother-in-law, did the shooting.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Smith had a family fight at Frankfort, Ind., which terminated in the woman seizing a rifle and firing a 38-caliber bullet into her husband's body.

Ludwig Gassner died at La Porte, Ind., from wounds inflicted probably by robbers. He was found in his dooryard unconscious and never recovered.

Eight of the men who resorted to unlawful tactics in the labor troubles at Paterson, N. J., were given sentences ranging from three months to six years.

Oran McCormick of Indianapolis, Ind., crawled under a house to avoid arrest, where Patrolman Keifer could only reach him by taking off every stitch of clothing and going in after him, which he did successfully.

Albert C. Ward, one of the most accomplished crooks and forgers in the country, whose home is in Indianapolis, Ind., was arrested and jailed in Cincinnati for forgery. He is an old man, over 66 years of age.

While waiting for a train at the union depot in St. Louis John E. Landmore was enticed behind some cars, gagged, robbed and stripped to the skin. He did not succeed in freeing himself from his bonds until the car had reached Tyson, about twenty miles out.

John Cullen, aged 81, one of the earliest settlers of Kokomo, Ind., died from voluntary starvation. A few weeks ago his tongue was amputated for the removal of a cancerous growth. Fourteen days ago he resolved he would end his life by starvation and kept his word.

William B. Mellville, the young collection clerk of the Bank of California, who was recently arrested for embezzlement after his flight to Nebraska and who now confesses to embezzlements aggregating $34,000 during a period extending over several years, was sentenced at San Francisco to eight years in the San Quentin penitentiary.

Foreign Gossip.

Many Americans offer to serve in the Japanese army in the war with China.

The Carina wins the yacht race for her majesty's cup, beating the Vigilant. The Vigilant is disqualified.

G. I. Benfie, a rich mine owner, was assassinated at San Nicholas del Oro, Mex., by Benabe Boyes, who escaped.

A death from cholera is reported at Amsterdam. Cholera is reported at Marseilles, France.

The evicted tenants bill passed its third reading in the house of commons by a vote of 199 to 167.

Indians of Labrador are said to be in danger of extinction from starvation, owing to the scarcity of game and fur-bearing animals.

Russia is credited with an intention of seizing one of the most important ports of Corea and establishing a sovereignty over it.

A dispatch from the London Standard from Athens says that a bomb exploded with terrific force in the Jewish quarter of the city of Corfu, killing seven persons and doing considerable damage to property. There is no clue to the perpetrators of the outrage.

A special dispatch to the London Times from Quito says that owing to the protest of English holders of the Ecuadorian bonds against the suspension of interest on the public debt, congress has decided that the money necessary to pay the interest shall be deposited in the Bank of Ecuador pending negotiations on the subject.

The head of the Corean traitor, Kim-ok Kium, which the government intended to exhibit in all provinces, was stolen a few weeks ago while the watchman who had it in charge was asleep. The king has offered a big reward for the discovery of the thief. It is said that since the theft the father, wife and daughter of the conspirator have been beheaded.

General.

Bowen and Carroll fight twenty-one rounds to a draw.

Many more foreigners leave the United States for Europe than arrive.

Corn makes a jump of seven cents in Chicago.

Two large mills, a grocery and several small business houses burned at Marion, Iowa. Loss, $75,000.

The Citizens' Savings bank of Portsmouth, Ohio, is in the hands of an assignee.

G. L. Ferris, proprietor of one of the largest retail hardware stores in Central Missouri, has assigned.

Of the 988 deaths in New York last week, the unprecedented number of 51 were due directly to the heat.

Three hundred mines at Mystic, Iowa struck yesterday because part of their wages is held back every pay day.

The miners' strike at Dunfermline, Ill., is practically over. The men have been ordered to take their tools from the pits. Negroes will be put to work.

The large receipts of fruit at San Francisco have sent the price of peaches and plums down to 5 cents a basket.

Fifty thousand acres of land have been purchased in the State of Arkansas by the Slavok Colonization company of Pittsburg, Pa.

A rich strike of lead carbonate, the ore which gave Leadville, Colo., its great boom, has been made on Mineral Hill, Cripple Creek, Colo.

At the camp meeting of the Indiana Spiritualists fifty mediums indulged in a war dance while under control of Indian spirits.

Extra meetings are necessary to accommodate the crowds of visitors to the Moody conference at East Northfield, Mass.

Over 300 women voted in the school election at Canton, Ill. Mrs. Carrie Black defeated Ephraim Shadley by two votes.

At the national convention of Colored Voters' leagues in New Castle, Pa., measures looking to the social and political advancement of the race will be considered.

The Chinese have apparently come to the conclusion that it is no longer safe to bring coolies into San Francisco, and the "merchants" are now coming by way of Mexico.

A mass meeting at Spring Valley, Ill., attended by over 1,000 miners, resulted in a unanimous vote to accept the Columbus scale, with several conditions.

At Komoko, Ind., the wholesale liquor house of Parker & Sayler made an assignment for the benefit of creditors, J. H. Watson being appointed assignee. The assets are estimated at $15,000, with liabilities $5,000.

Junius Dana, vice president of the First National bank of Warren, Ohio, states that the whole amount of the notes of David R. Paige improperly indorsed by John Huntington was $735,000 instead of $240,000 as has been reported.

A receiver has been appointed for the Warren Live Stock company at Cheyenne, Wyo. The liabilities are $200,000, assets $300,000. Ex-Senator Warren is president of the company. The receivership was forced by the failure of the Kent bank.

The death of Elbridge W. Walker, aged 20 years, which occurred at Ocean Point, Me., was of a peculiar nature. During the process of shaving a barber accidentally removed a pimple. Blood poisoning set in and young Walker immediately took to his bed. Medical assistance was without avail.

Love and Marriage.

Modern civilization is preparing for woman the sweet possibility of living single and happy.

The idea of being bought and sold should be for woman a hundred times more humiliating than that of not finding a husband.

To preserve the love of a man or a woman it is necessary after having won it to win it again every day.

Never marry the daughter of your sweetheart, especially if the latter is yet alive.

Women who wish to be happy fear those men who talk too much of their horses, their blazonry; fear Don Juan, but still more Tartufo.

The beautiful woman is usually jealous of the witty woman; while illustrious women are often jealous of their chambermaids.

Oh, woman, before giving the name of husband to the man you love you should have seen once at least after dinner and once angry.

To love for an hour is natural to every animal; to love for a day is natural to every man; to love for a lifetime belongs to the angels; to love for a lifetime and one creature only is of the gods.

A NEW TARIFF DEAL

THE HOUSE WINDS UP THE WORK IN SHORT ORDER.

It Recedes From Its Disagreement to the Senate Amendments and Then Passes Separate Bills Placing Iron, Coal, Barbed Wire and Sugar on the Free List.

Washington, Aug. 14—The long struggle over the tariff bill came to a close when the house by a vote of 182 to 105 decided to discharge the house conferees from further consideration of the bill, recede from its opposition to the 634 senate amendments and agree to the senate. It was a complete victory for the senate. The house made an absolute surrender. The result grew directly out of the sensational course of events at the senate and of the capitol precipitated by Senator Hill on Friday. Up to that time the house conferees had stood firm against the senate amendments, especially on the three disputed schedules of coal, iron ore and sugar, and the temper and voice of the house was for war—war to the end. But the indications that the Democrats of the senate might not be able to longer hold a majority of the votes in line for even the senate bill, and that the bill was in desperate jeopardy forced the house Democrats to immediate action. The Democratic conferees of the house at last admitted that they were beaten, and that another vote could not be risked in the senate; that it must either be the senate bill or no bill. The whole question was precipitated at the caucus held just before the house convened to-day, at which, after a thorough review of the situation and speeches in favor of receding by Speaker Crisp, Chairman Wilson and others, it was decided to take the senate bill and immediately afterward pass separate bills placing coal, iron ore, sugar and barbed wire on the free list, and by so doing place the house on record and at least partially overcome the humiliation involved in its defeat. The programme arranged in the caucus was carried cut to the letter in the house after an iron clad special order.

Washington, Aug. 14. — When the house met, five minutes after the Democratic caucus adjourned, there were more members on the floor than at any time since the tariff bill was passed. The anxious public, who thronged the corridors before the doors were thrown open, crowded into the galleries in anticipation of the final scene in the long tariff battle. The greatest confusion existed on the floor. Members were standing about in excited groups, discussing the situation, the general understanding being that resolutions to agree to the senate amendments, and, probably to consider the bills for free coal, iron, sugar and barbed wire, would be brought in. The rules committee has prepared and reported for immediate consideration of the senate tariff bill, to be followed by the separate bills for sugar, coal, iron ore and barbed wire.

Mr. Catchings was recognized and presented the report providing for the passage of the tariff bill. The report also provided for passing the other bills named in the caucus resolution.

Mr. Reed made a preliminary objection to the procedure, claiming the tariff bill was not before the house, and indicated the Republicans' intention to fight the bill and report in every proper manner.

Crisp held that the resolution was in order and before the house. The previous question was ordered without division. Upon the announcement of the vote Chairman Wilson immediately submitted in writing the motion provided for in the order adopted.

Mr. Reed made the point of order that the bill was not before the house. The bill had been brought in during the roll-call and the speaker pointed to it. Mr. Reed sat down disconsolately and Mr. Wilson took the floor. He spoke calmly, but eloquently, the Democrats crowding about him and listening intently to his every word. Again and again the applause broke forth. Mr. Reed, the leader of the opposition, then took the floor. The gentleman from Maine aroused his followers to the highest pitch of enthusiasm. Mr. Cochran (Dem., N. Y.) was given the closest attention by the expectant galleries, and was at times enthusiastically applauded from either side of the chamber as his sledge-hammer blows were dealt at the McKinley law or the senate bill. Mr. Cochran was deeply in earnest and his protest against the consummation of the tariff legislation recalled his famous speech of protest at the Chicago convention.

Representative Tarsney (Dem., Mo.) followed in a bitter attack on the senate bill. He said the highest authority in the Democratic party had stigmatized the bill as filled with perfidy and dishonor. "On this characterization I heartily concur," said Mr. Tarsney, "and feeling thus it would be a personal dishonor for me to vote for this bill, and I shall not do so."

There was hearty Republican applause at the announcement of Mr. Tarsney, which was the more significant in view of his membership on the ways and means committee.

Speaker Crisp was recognized amid much applause. As he was about to begin an animated conflict arose over the right of Mr Reed to close the debate. Mr. Tracy, who was in the chair, informed Mr Reed that he had four minutes. "And I will use it in my own time," said Mr. Reed. "You can't use it," responded the chairman, "in closing debate. If you wish to be recognized now, you may proceed. I will not recognize you to close the debate."

"It is quite fitting," said Mr. Reed, "that this refusal to recognize this side should be a part of this spectacle."

"The gentleman should know," Speaker Crisp said, "that the affirmative of the proposition closes a debate." Mr. Crisp then resumed his speech.

Mr. Wilson then demanded a vote on the senate bill. Ayes and nays were then ordered. The Democrats voting against the motion were: Cockran (N. Y.), Covert (N. Y.), Davy (La.), Dumphy (N. Y.), Everett (Mass.), Gorman (Mich.), Hendrix (N. Y.), Johnson (Ohio), Meyer (La.), Price (La.), Tarsney (La.), Warner (N. Y.) The Populists voted for the motion. Mr. Pence (Pop., Colo.) stated that if his colleagues, Messrs. Simpson, McKeighan and Boen, who were sick, had been present, they would have voted aye.

Mr. Wilson then immediately arose and offered the first of the separate list bills in accordance with the resolution adopted by the caucus. It provided for the free admission upon its passing of bituminous coal, shale, slack and coke.

The bill was passed—160 to 104. Answering present, 1. Twenty-one Democrats voted against the bill as follows: Anderson (W. Va.), Bankhead (Ala.), Boatner (La.), Burns (Mo.), Crain (Tex.), Davey (La.), Denson (Ala.), Edmunds (Va.), Epes (Va.), Krebs (Pa.), McKaig (Md.), Oates (Ala.), Reilly (Pa.), Robbins (Ala.), Swanson (Va.), Tucker (Va.), Tyler (Va.), Wise (Va.), Weadock (Mich.), Wheeler (Ala.), Wolverton (Pa.) Mr. Wilson then presented the bill placing iron on the free list. Mr. Wilson said he did not wish to consume any time.

Mr. Blair (Rep., N. H.) demanded that Mr. Wilson give the names of such Republican senators as had relinquished the opposition to the tariff bill on condition that their interests in the bill were looked after. Mr. Wilson said he had heard the charge, but could give no names. Representative Cannon (Rep., Ill.) spoke against the bill, the Democrats not claiming their time. As soon as he concluded, the bill was passed.

Mr. Wilson next presented the bill for free barbed wire. The vote to place barbed wire on the free list was ayes 187, noes 84. The following Democrats voted against free barbed wire: Graham (N. Y.), Reilly (Pa.), Sperry (Conn.), Stevens (Mass.). Republicans voting for it were: Wilson (Wash.), Pickler (S. D.), Marsh (Ill.), Lucas (S. D.), Doolittle (Wash.).

Mr. Haugen of Wisconsin was the only Republican voting for free coal. The free iron bill was then passed.

The Democrats voting against free iron were: Alderson (W. Va.), Bankhead (Ala.), Beltzhoover (Pa.), Boatner (La.), Davey (La.), Denson (Ala.), Edmunds (Va.), Meyer (La.), Oates (La.), Price (La.), Reilly (Pa.), Robbins (Ala.), Robertson (La.), Swanson (Va.), Weadock (Mich.), Wheeler (Ala.), Wise (Va.).

The Ayes and nays were then ordered, the Republicans joining with the Democrats in voting for the free sugar bill. It passed—276 to 11.

Those voting in the negative were: Messrs. Boatner, Davey, Meyer, Ogden, Price and Robertson (Dems., La.); Everett and Stevens (Dems., Mass.); Harmer and Reyburn (Rep., Pa.), and Sperry (Dem., Conn.).

This was the largest affirmative aye and nay vote ever cast in the house of representatives. Then the house adjourned.

Mr. McMillin called the caucus to order and Chairman Wilson spoke, explaining the impossibility of passing the house bill. Speaker Crisp, in offering the following resolution, said that it was the senate bill or no legislation:

"Resolved, That it is the sense of this caucus that the order heretofore made requesting a conference with the senate on the disagreeing votes of the two houses on H. R. 484 be rescinded. That the conferees heretofore appointed on the part of the house be discharged from further duty in that behalf, and that the house recede from its disagreement to the senate amendments to said bill and agree to the same.

"Resolved further, That the house shall at once proceed to the consideration of separate bills, placing the following articles on the free list, viz.: Sugar, in all its forms; iron ore, coal and barbed wire."

The previous question was demanded on the Crisp resolution and ordered by a vote of 112 to 21. Thirteen minutes was then given to the opponents of the resolution to state their position. Afterward the resolution was adopted without division. Chairman Wilson prepared at the close of the caucus today a statement of his views on the tariff situation. The statement is in Mr. Wilson's handwriting and gives succinctly his position on the action of the house in accepting the tariff bill. It is as follows:

"I cannot see where we failed to do anything we could to bring about a better result. When I have done the best according to my capacity and judgment I must fall back on the consciousness of duty done. The difficulty which the country must recognize is that on the tariff question we did not have a Democratic senate and what had ever been gained has been wrested from a protection body. I have been willing to take any, even the most desperate chances that gave the least hope of success in getting rid of the most objectionable senate amendments, and would have fought to the 4th of March with any ground to stand upon and any following to sustain me. We have been confronted by a senate with closer ranks, while we have had divisions from the beginning that have been fomented from the senate, and the growing impatience of the members to get back to their districts with anything that might be called a tariff reduction bill, has made them unwilling to stay unless promise could be given of assured or most probable victory. We could not honestly give such promise, and a man cannot continue a battle with his army ready and eager to break away."

Water Works Pay for Themselves.

West Union, Iowa, Aug. 14.—J. M. Wetherbee's machinery warehouse and contents burned at 3 o'clock Sunday morning. Loss, $2,500; insurance, $750. It is known to be the work of an incendiary. It was the first fire in the city since the water works were put in. They undoubtedly saved a large part of the city.

English Failures.

London, Aug. 14.—For the week ending Saturday last there were 143 failures in England and Wales, against 170 for the same period last year.

He Rode the Sidewalk.

Minneapolis, Aug. 14.—A young man giving his name as John Jones was arrested yesterday afternoon for riding his bicycle on the sidewalk. This morning Judge Holt gave him the privilege of either paying $5 or serving five days in the workhouse.

Verne Hughes Killed by a Fall.

Anoka, Minn., Aug. 14. — Verne Hughes, a bright lad twelve years old, fell from a barn loft on the Horace Taylor farm and died last night from his injuries.

Ready for It.

Cleveland, Ohio, Aug. 13.—United States District Judge A. J. Ricks has returned from his vacation, which was spent in Massachusetts. When approached regarding the investigation which was to be made of his official conduct by the judiciary committee of the house, Judge Ricks said: "I have been a good distance from home and five miles from a telegraph station and have been only partially advised of what has taken place. I must therefore decline for the present to say more than that I am at home, ready for any investigation the authorities propose, and have no fear of a full and fair investigation, and I notified the attorney general promptly that I not only did not shrink from it, but courted it. I am confident that the result will fully exonerate me from all charges of fraud of wrong doing."

For a Diplomat's Widow.

Washington, Aug. 13.—Col. Kiefer has been asked by J. Q. Adams of St. Paul, editor of the Appeal, to see if the allowance of a year's salary of the late W. D. McCoy, who was United States minister to Liberia, and who died at his post of duty, cannot be made to his widow. Mr. McCoy was appointed from Indiana, and his widow now lives in St. Paul. Col. Kiefer has referred the matter to the state department, but it is probable that whatever is done will have to be done by congress.

Keep Them in Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Aug. 13.—Dr. U. O. B. Wingate, secretary of the state board of health of Wisconsin, has issued a letter to all the health authorities in surrounding counties to keep a sharp lookout for small pox suspects that may attempt to leave Milwaukee. The local depots are being guarded by medical inspectors, who inspect all outgoing passengers and baggage. This precaution is being taken to prevent persons infected with small pox from leaving the city and spreading the contagion.

With a View to Irrigation.

Washington, Aug. 13.—Congressman Pickler has introduced a bill providing for a commission of three to examine the more than 50,000,000 acres of agricultural, mineral, arid and desert public lands west of the ninety-eighth parallel, with a view of determining what can be done by irrigation. No more than two members of the commission are to belong to the same party, and at least two of them are to reside in the territory referred to. The bill carries an appropriation of $40,000.

Papers Stolen.

Sioux City, Iowa, Aug. 13.—The sensation of the day in the Woodbury county bond injunction case was the discovery that important papers of great value had been stolen from the auditor's office. Part of the papers which have disappeared included the testimony of eight witnesses before the grand jury in 1893.

A Negro Lynched.

Memphis, Tenn., Aug. 13.—William Nershbred, a negro charged with committing a criminal assault upon an eight-year-old girl near Rossville, this state, was taken from a deputy sheriff by S. A. Crook, father of the child, and shot to death this morning. A mob was gathering to lynch the negro when Crook arrived and emptied both barrels of a shotgun into the negro's body.

Coming Home.

London, Aug. 13.—Mrs. and Miss Erben, wife and daughter of Rear Admiral Erben, of the United States cruiser Chicago, and Ensigns Elliott and Kittel sailed for New York on Saturday.

London, Aug. 13.—Charles Hill, the seaman of the New York who fell from aloft Saturday while the prince of Wales was going on board the American cruiser Chicago, has died from the effects of his injuries.

WORK OF CONGRESS

RESUME OF PROCEEDINGS OF THE SENATE AND HOUSE.

Condensed Record of the Important Transactions of Our National Lawmakers—The Work Done in Both Branches.

Washington, Aug. 10.—In the house Mr. Boutelle (Rep., Me.), speaking to a question of personal privilege, denied a published imputation that he had introduced for political purposes resolutions recognizing the new Hawaiian republic. Referring to the president's recognition of the republic, he was describing how "Mr. Gresham had sneaked up to the capitol yesterday to inform Chairman McCreary of the administration's purpose," when he was called to order by Mr. Outhwaite (Dem., Ohio) and warned by the speaker. Mr. Boutelle denounced the conduct of the administration in the Hawaiian affair as "peanut politics." The speaker here decided that Mr. Goutelle had gone outside of the question of personal privilege, and, as he would not desist, ordered him to take his seat. Chairman McCreary, of the foreign affairs committee, tried to reply to Mr. Boutelle, but a point of order was raised by Mr. Fithian (Dem., Ill.) and sustained by the speaker. The house transacted no business of importance.

The senate adjourned after a busy session owing to the tariff conference.

Washington, Aug. 11.—In the senate late yesterday Mr. Hill tried to obtain recognition to offer a resolution calling for information as to the status of the tariff conference, but was temporarily crowded out by other business. While the resolution of Mr. Hill was lying on the table and had not been read, Mr. Gray moved an executive session. Few senators voted on the viva voce vote, and Mr. Hill demanded the ayes and nays. The Democrats generally voted for the motion. Several conservative senators voted against the motion. Hill, Murphy, Pugh, Palmer and Gibson voted no. Gorman, Harris and Jones did not vote. Vest voted aye. The motion was lost—21 to 32.

Senator Hill's resolution requested the senate conferees to report to the senate the principle items of disagreement in the tariff bill, and as to whether an agreement was likely to be reached. After a long discussion the resolution went over until to-day.

In the house the senate bill granting to the Northern Pacific Railroad company right of way through the Indian reservations in Minnesota was passed. Chairman Sayres, of the appropriation committee, reported a disagreement of the senate and house conferees on the sundry civil bill. In explanation of the report, Mr. Sayres said that the senate amendments amounted to $3,702,882; that the senate had receded from amendments aggregating $1,670,310, the house had agreed to $1,416,492, and that no agreement had been reached on amendments involving $621,080. The house ratified the agreements which had been made and discussed the amendments upon which there was still a disagreement.

Washington, Aug. 13.—The hope is general about the senate that the present will be the last week of the session. This is based upon the belief that the tariff bill will be disposed of early in the week, and with the tariff out of the way final adjournment can be brought about almost any time. None of the appropriation bills except the sundry civil and the general deficiency are yet to be acted upon to any extent by either house, and those two are in such an advanced stage in conference that a day of zealous work would probably suffice to put them both in shape to be sent to the president. The Chinese treaty is the only other business that would hold congress for a day, and this is also in condition to be taken up and voted upon at to-morrow's session. The senate went into executive session to-day immediately after the reading of the journal for the purpose of taking a vote upon the treaty.

Washington, Special, Aug. 15.—There was but a scattering of senators present to-day when the vice president called the senate to order. Mr. Gorman (Dem., Md.) was not in his seat. Mr. Hill (Dem., N. Y.) was present, but buried himself in a newspaper. When the reading of the journal was concluded a messenger from the house of representatives was announced and informed the senate that the house had passed bills placing coal, iron ore, barbed wire and sugar on the free list, in which it asked the concurrence of the senate. Senator Manderson (Rep., Neb.) objected to the second reading, and Senator Hill gave notice of amendments repealing all income taxes. The bills will come up to-morrow.

President Cleveland will receive the tariff bill late to-day or early Thursday morning, unless some unexpected obstacle is encountered.

Witnessed by William.

Aldershot Camp, Aug. 15.—Emperor William, wearing the uniform of the First (Royal) dragoons, of which he is honorary colonel, witnessed the sham fight here to-day. The emperor was accompanied by the duke of Connaught and suite. His majesty galloped from point to point, closely watching the movements of the troops.

Chinese Defeated.

Yokohama, Aug. 15.—News has just been received of a battle which took place on the 11th inst. between Japanese and Chinese fleets. The latter were driven off.

Drank Carbolic Acid.

West Superior, Wis., Aug. 15.—Alexander Anderson of Connors' Point committed suicide last night by drinking carbolic acid.

Peruvian Rebels Defeated.

New York, Aug. 15.—A special dispatch from Lima says: There has been a sharp encounter between government troops and rebels in Oroya. The rebels retreated leaving twenty-eight wounded on the field. Dispatches are silent as to the losses of the government troops.

A Costly Blaze.

Fiume, Austria, Aug. 15.—Fire broke out in the general warehouse here today causing a loss of $1,500,000. No damage was done to the shipping.

MYSTERY OF DEATH.

How Did Henry C. Elson Meet an Untimely End?

Minneapolis, Special—Henry C. Elson, a salesman in the employ of the Goodyear Rubber company, was taken by cramps while bathing in Lake Calhoun last night and drowned. He was a young man twenty-two years of age and came here from Winnipeg. For some time he resided at 902 First avenue north. Elson was a member of the Westminster Presbyterian church and was highly respected in church and business circles. The body was found this morning by patrolmen of the Fifth precinct. The story of the accident is somewhat confused, as particulars in regard to it cannot be gained on account of Horace C. Thompson's sad condition. He is the only one who can reveal the facts, as he was out on the lake with Elson, but his mind is to-day a blank as a result of the accident.

Car Companies Combine.

Chicago, Special—A combine was effected to-day between the Siemenes-Halske company, the great electrical institution, the Wells-French Car company and the Grant Locomotive works. The capital stock of the new concern is $2,000,000.

Confirmed by the Senate.

Washington, Special—The senate, in executive session, confirmed the nomination of Henry S. Priest to be United States district judge for the eastern district of Missouri, also Amos M. Thayer of Missouri United States circuit judge for the Eighth judicial district, and Luther M. Embry to be postmaster at Shelbyville, Ill.

Ship Yards Burned.

Copenhagen, Special — Burmeister, Wain & Co.'s ship yards at this place were burned yesterday evening. The yacht which this concern was building for the czar was damaged.

EDDY FOR CONGRESS.

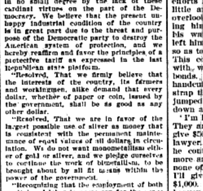
Choice of the Republicans of the Seventh District.

Fergus Falls, Minn., Special, Aug. 14.—After one of the most hotly contested but good-natured fights ever witnessed in this district, Hon. Frank M. Eddy of Glenwood, Pope county, was to-night nominated for congress on the eleventh ballot.

The Story of the Convention

is one of harmony. Early this morning the various candidates appointed a committee on organization and after a brief conference unanimously decided upon Hon. John P. Williams of Fergus Falls, ex-railroad commissioner, as chairman, and W. J. Pinney and D. M. Brown as secretaries. The rules of the convention provided that each county select its own committee on platform, and the following composed the committee: Becker county, J. H. Sutherland; Big Stone, A. P. Jackson; Clay, L. Osborne; Douglas, C. J. Gunderson; Grant, Ole O. Canestrop; Kandiyohi, S. M. Sivertson; Kittson, W. H. Douglas, Marshall, H. W. Brown; Norman, H. A. Sorley; Otter Tail, C. D. Wright; Polk, A. A. Miller; Pope, W. A. Wallis; Stevens, George R. Darling; Swift, S. H. Hudson; Traverse, G. B. Jackson; Wilkin, E. Ballentine. It organized by electing C. J. Gunderson of Douglas chairman.

The only incident of interest in the session was when Mr. Ballentine offered a free silver plank. Out of courtesy C. D. Wright seconded it, but Mr. Ballentine was the only man voting for it, and this ended the efforts of the silver men.



Frank M. Eddy.

Voiced by Platform.

"The Republican convention of the Seventh congressional district congratulates its constituents upon the improved outlook for party success in the district and in the state at the coming election, a condition resulting from the wisdom and faithfulness of the Republicans in congress and contributed to in no small degree by the lack of these cardinal virtues on the part of the Democracy. We believe that the present unhappy industrial condition of the country is in great part due to the threat and purpose of the Democratic party to destroy the American system of protection, and we hereby reaffirm and favor the principles of a protective tariff as expressed in the last Republican state platform.

"Resolved, That we firmly believe that the interests of the country, its farmers and workingmen, alike demand that every dollar, whether of paper or coin, issued by the government, shall be as good as any other dollar.

"Resolved, That we are in favor of the largest possible use of silver as money that is consistent with the permanent maintenance of equal values of all dollars in circulation. We do not want monometallism either of gold or silver, and we pledge ourselves to continue the work of bimetallism, to be brought about by all fit means within the power of the government.

"Recognizing that the employment of both capital and labor is necessary for the peace and prosperity of our people, we hereby reaffirm the principle relating to the labor question as set forth in the fifth paragraph of the last Republican platform.

"Resolved, That we reaffirm the declaration of the principles in the last Republican state platform upon the question of arbitration as the same is contained in the tenth paragraph thereof.

"Resolved, That we are in favor of the establishment by the general government as a department of the postal service of a system of postal savings banks similar to that in use in Norway and other countries of Europe.

"Resolved, That we commend the able, wise and patriotic administration of Gov. Nelson, and recognize in him a safe and faithful executive, wholly worthy of our continued confidence and support."

Presenting Candidates.

The platform disposed of, the roll of counties was called for nominations. Becker, Big Stone, Clay, Douglas and Grant were passed without a nomination. The fact that the names of Gunderson and Comstock were not presented narrowed down the fight. Kandiyohi offered the name of Mr. Feig in a strong speech by Mr. Porter, claiming that Feig was entitled to it for his run in 1892. C. C. Houpt presented the name of Hon. A. T. Lund of Otter Tail. A. A. Miller of Polk nominated Mr. Steenerson and the nomination was seconded by Judge Grindelund of Marshall. Mr. Eddy was nominated in a model speech by Mr. Reives of Glenwood. Mr. Crossfield was presented by Hon. E. T. Young of Swift in a speech which electrified the convention. The vote was taken by the announcement of chairman of the delegation.

On the decisive ballot Eddy received from Becker 9, Clay 11, Douglas 16, Grant 5, Otter Tail 21, Pope 14, Stevens 4, Swift 16 and Wilkin 7. Steenerson got his vote as follows: Becker, 2; Clay, 2; Grant, 1; Kittson, 6; Marshall, 8; Norman, 11; Otter Tail, 1; Polk, 16; Stevens, 5; total, 52. The chairman was authorized to appoint a district committee of sixteen, and the convention adjourned.

SHRINE OF ST. ANTHONY.

The Scene of the Celebration of the Seventh Centenary of the Birth of the Franciscan Order.

Butler, N. J., Aug. 15.—The Shrine of St. Anthony in this city will be the scene this evening of the opening ceremonies of the celebration of the seventh century of the birth of the Franciscan order. The jubilee will begin with pontifical vespers at 8 o'clock under the direction of Mgr. Satolli, the papal legate, who will also officiate at the formal ceremonies arranged for tomorrow. After vespers all the church bells will be pealed and seven cannon will be fired. Seven hundred lights on the church tower will illuminate the neighborhood. An immense bonfire is to be lighted near the church and this will enable the edifice to be seen from the tops of the mountains ten miles distant.

Eddy for Congress.

Fergus Falls, Minn., Aug. 15.—At the Republican congressional convention of the Seventh district, held here yesterday, Frank M. Eddy was nominated on the eleventh ballot. Feig, Steenerson and all the other disappointed candidates made speeches pledging hearty support to Eddy.

Yield of Wheat.

Lac qui Parle, Minn., Aug. 15.—So far the wheat yields show from eight to fifteen bushels per acre. Corn prospects improved by late showers.

Caved In.

Scranton, Pa., Special—A mine underlying part of the western portion of this city caved in this afternoon for a distance of three blocks, affecting property valued at a quarter of a million dollars and causing an excitement which almost verged on panic among the residents of the locality. The cave-in was caused by robbing the pillars which supported the roof of the mine. For some time past men have been taking out these supports in the diamond breaker of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western company. With scarcely a moment's warning a large section of the roof fell, carrying the upper surface with it. The property extending from the corner of Bellows and Eighth street sunk from one inch to four feet. Twenty-eight houses were wrecked.

Want Him in Chicago.

Springfield, Ill., Special—Gov. Altgeld has issued a requisition on Gov. Waite of Colorado for Granville N. Hackley, wanted in Chicago for murdering A. B. Bright, June 9, 1894, and arrested at Colorado Springs, Col.

Address From Kolbites.

Birmingham, Ala., Special—The Kolb leaders were in conference until an early hour this morning at work on resolutions or an address to the people, which they will make public later.

Hot Wave in Tennessee.

Nashville, Special—A hot wave has prevailed in Middle Tennessee all this week, the thermometer marking 90 and over, to-day reaching 97. Vegetation is suffering and crops in many localities need rain badly. A continuation of the heat and dry weather will badly damage the corn crop.

The Miowera Floated.

Christiana, Special—The Canadian Pacific line steamer Miowera, which went ashore near Askengoin while on a voyage from Shields for Odd, Norway, has been floated.

A PLUNGER'S PLIGHT

ED. PARDRIDGE CONFINED IN AN INEBRIATE ASYLUM.

The Famous Speculator Now an Enforced Inmate of the Washingtonian Home at Chicago—He Makes a Desperate Resistance.

Chicago, Aug. 15.—Strapped down to his bed, imprisoned by barred windows and locked doors, in a barren room on the fourth floor of the Washingtonian home, "Plunger" Ed" Pardridge, who Monday threw the board of trade into a turmoil by fighting with a doorkeeper, is undergoing a most rigorous treatment for alcoholism. He was taken to the home yesterday by his son, who was assisted by several friends. The nervy speculator had to be bundled to the home in a closed carriage and was placed in charge of the doctors only by main force.

He became violent when being searched preparatory to a protracted stay, and it required four attendants to carry him up stairs and install him in one of the cell rooms which are reserved for the worst patients.

Pardridge is one of the most prominent of the Chicago board of trade operators. Accounted a multi-millionaire, the proprietor of one of the largest dry goods stores in the city and an operator of remarkable nerve, he is a unique figure on the floor of the board. For months he has been on the bear side of the wheat market and his winnings on 'change for the last year are said to reach into seven figures. Pardridge has frequently, of late, worshipped freely at the shrine of Bacchus and has created several scenes on 'change. A few days since he appeared on the floor in an unsteady condition and threw money broadcast about the pit, raising such an uproar that he was suspended for sixty days. Monday he attempted to go on the floor, and after a fierce fight with a doorkeeper was finally carried from the building.

At the Washingtonian home for inebriates Mr. Pardridge succeeded in creating as much excitement among the inmates as he did no 'change. Immediately upon his arrival he was handcuffed and placed in a box-like apartment with three blank walls and a grated window left for his gaze. When the physicians and guards left him, however, he put at naught their efforts to tie his hands and feet. One little article on his person had been overlooked by the custodians in searching him—a large locket attached to his watch chain. When the guards left him he managed to squirm around so as to reach and unfasten the locket. This contained a small, sharp knife with which he proceeded to cut his bonds. He soon parted the leather handcuffs and next broke the leather strap tied around his feet. Pardridge jumped up to his window and yelled down at the crowd:

"I'm Ed Pardridge; you all know me. They are trying to rob or kill me. I'll give $500 to the man who will get my lawyer. For God's sake help me! As he continued his entreaties he grew more and more excited, and said: "If none of you'll get my lawyer for $500, I'll give you $600, $700, $800, $900, $1,000. Hurry up, for the love of heaven. They are going to kill me. I'll give any one half of my fortune if he'll get my lawyer."

The attention of the guards was attracted by the fearful yelling, and two of them went to the plunger's room to subdue him. The clatter when he heard steps in the hall made ready to brain some of his captors. He stood with a heavy wooden chair uplifted in his hands. As the door opened and the head of the first guard appeared he brought his weapon down with a crash. The guard dodged just in time and escaped the blow. He came very near being brained, though, and he pounced upon Pardridge and with the aid of his companions threw the plunger on his bed and bound him to it. The employes say that Pardridge is the worst case they have ever had to handle, and they were all much relieved when he was finally strapped down.

The guards were afraid to go near the plunger during the night, but his struggle before he was subdued had weakened him, and he collapsed utterly this morning.

This forenoon his only demonstrations were a few yells and a series of war whoops which could be distinctly heard all over the house. This stopped soon, and he mumbled, talked to himself and then fell into a sort of sullen stupor and went to sleep.

Supt. Somerville was not inclined to be reticent about his patient to-day. "Yes," said he, "Mr. Pardridge is confined here now, and will probably be forced to remain for some time. He is suffering from a severe case of alcoholism and will require a long course of treatment before he will be cured. It is our belief that we shall effect an ultimate cure, but just now he is not in a very encouraging condition. He cannot be seen at all even by his relatives. Neither his wife nor his son is permitted to go near him. He is by no means tame, and that is the reason for isolating him. But it would make him worse to see his relatives."

"Does his mind seem to be affected?"

"Yes. In fact his trouble now seems to be due more to a temporary derangement than anything else."

To-day Attorney J. A. Larkin appeared before Judge Bunny with a petition for a writ of habeas corpus to compel T. Summerfield, manager of the Washingtonian home, to produce Pardridge in court. The petition recited that the noted board of trade plunger was being held a prisoner in the Washingtonian home against his will. Mr. Larkin handed the court a crumpled scrap of paper on which was written:

"Go to Judge Prendergast and get me out of here at once. Give the bearer of this $100. Ed Pardridge."

Mr. Larkin, who is a law partner of Judge Prendergast, explained that this note had been picked up by a man who saw it thrown from a window of the Washingtonian home, presumably by Mr. Pardridge. The note was taken to Judge Prendergast's office and turned over to Mr. Larkin.

Judge Dunne granted the writ and made it returnable at 9:30 to-morrow morning.

Pardridge has left the Washingtonian hotel in charge of friends. Manager Summerfield says his treatment was that usually accorded patients. He will answer the writ in court to-morrow morning.

TROLLEY CARS COLLIDE.

Twenty-Five People Injured at Hazelton, Pa.

Hazelton, Pa., Special—Twenty-five people were injured, some seriously, in a collision between trolley cars on the electric road near Oakdale to-day. The seriously injured are: Motorman Scanlan, head and face cut, body bruised; A. W. Drake, head and face cut; William Ward, body squeezed and face cut; David Owens of Tamaqua, badly cut and bruised about the head and face; Mr. McGeehan and daughter of Ebervale, cuts; unknown woman, arm broken; —— Dieppro of Freeland, face cut. When the collision occurred the cars were going at a high rate of speed in opposite directions. The passengers in the car bound for this city, which was an open one, saw the approaching danger and jumped for their lives, falling among the rocks that lined the road. The cars came together with a terrific crash, throwing those who remained in them to the floor and splintering the front end of the cars into kindling. Not a single passenger injury, and doctors were called from Ebervale to relieve the sufferings of the wounded. Among those who jumped from the open car and fell on the rocks was Mrs. George Goyle of this city, who carried a baby in her arms. Beyond a few bruises mother and child escaped injury.

Lightning Attracted by Corn.

Sioux Falls, S. D., Special—Miss Cora Butler was struck by lightning here this morning. She was standing outside the house and was rendered unconscious. Her shoulder was burned, her left leg paralyzed and her clothes set on fire. She will probably recover. Two other bolts at the same time struck the house and outbuilding, badly wrecking both. More rain fell here today than at any time since May 17.

Washington, Special—J. G. Champion was to-day appointed postmaster at North Crandon, Forest county, Wis., vice Galle Bailey, removed.

A DIAMOND ROBBERY.

Thieves Make a Rich Haul in Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, Aug. 15. — The police force of Minneapolis are all torn up over an extensive robbery which took place at the West hotel yesterday while the guests were largely down in the dining room, and which resulted in one of the most successful raids that has been made in any hotel in the Northwest for years. The raid occurred while dinner was being served and the thieves took nearly everything that they saw. The police of this city are at a loss to find, and clues to the thieves although they are working on the case and have enlisted the aid of St. Paul's police department, who will detain anything that shows up there and seems in any way suspicious. The loss to the guests of the hotel is estimated at $6,000, principally diamonds and jewelry. One woman has reported a loss of nearly $2,000 of valuables taken from her room, which was in the raided quarter of the hotel.

PULLMAN STRIKE BROKEN.

Company Besieged With Applications From Strikers for Positions.

Chicago, Aug. 15.—The stampede of Pullman strikers continued to-day, and fully 2,000 have applied for their former positions in the works. About 1,800 men were on duty, and the company's officials say that a force of 3,000 is easily obtainable. All day long strikers stood in line before the manager's office, awaiting an opportunity to enter their applications. The men freely admitted that the strike is broken, and their only anxiety was to secure positions before the company's force is complete. For weeks the strikers have been on the verge of starvation, and, with the announcement that the company would begin eviction for the nonpayment of rent, they weakened. The strike leaders have lost control of the rank and file, and the men have announced their willingness to work at any wages. The Pullman officials have intimated that the strikers who return to work will not be pushed for overdue rent, and this fact was largely instrumental in causing to-day's wild stampede for positions.

Assistant Manager Parent gave the total number of men at work as over 2,000. The foundry started up to-day for the first time. One hundred men, all ex-strikers, were put to work and 200 more foundry men were refused employment.

"GENTLEMAN JIM."

Will He Fight Fitzsimmons?—The Latter Willing.

New York, Aug. 15.—Police Capt. Glori of Newark, who is Fitzsimmons' backer, received the following telegram from William A. Scholl, of the Olympic Club of New Orleans:

"Have wired Pugilist Corbett at Asbury Park offering him a purse of $25,000 to meet Fitzsimmons, the winner to take all."

Fitzsimmons at once accepted the Olympic club's proposition, and Capt. Glori set about arranging for an interview with Corbett at Asbury Park to take place within the next few days. The news that Fitzsimmons had accepted the offer to fight in New Orleans was telegraphed Corbett and the following answer came:

"I never saw the color of Fitzsimmons' money. Why does he not come out like a man and issue a challenge to the world, backed by cash, and if no one accepts it, then it is my duty to do so."

"I don't believe that Corbett will agree to fight Fitzsimmons," said Peter Jackson when told of the movement to bring about a meeting between Fitzsimmons and Corbett. "Corbett wants to be an actor, and he won't be dragged into any more fights if he can help it. I came all the way from San Francisco to arrange a meeting with Corbett and see how he treats me. Corbett was very unfair."

Jackson said as for himself he had made no plans for the future. He has fully decided to go to Europe.

Gathering of Scientists.

Brooklyn, Aug. 15. — The City of Churches is filling up with the foremost men of science in the United States and Canada, and who, for ten days from tomorrow, will take part in the forty-third annual convention of the American Association for the Promotion of Science. Several of the affiliated associations commenced their annual sessions to-day. The Geological Society of America opened its sixth summer convention in the Parker institute, with Prof. T. C. Chamberlain of Chicago, presiding; while the American Microscopic society, with Dr. Lester Curtis of Chicago as president, also assembled this morning in the Polytechnical institute. Both conventions are largely attended.

The Chinese Treaty.

Washington, Aug. 15.—The Chinese minister had a long conference at the state department to-day with Secretary Gresham respecting the concluding phases of the negotiations upon the new Chinese exclusion treaty just ratified by the senate. The minister has notified his government of this action and as soon as the treaty is ratified in China the documents will be mailed to the United States, and ratification will be exchanged in Washington, all of which is expected to consume about six weeks.

Coxeyites Really Work.

Baltimore, Aug. 15. — The eighty-eight Coxeyites who were captured in the police raid at Hyattsville last week and committed to the house of correction as vagrants, were put to work today building good roads for the state. They are to increase the width of the roads leading from the institution, and will have plenty to do during their three month's stay.

Indians and the Courts.

Washington, Aug. 15.—The house judiciary committee decided to-day to report the bill introduced by Delegate Smith of Arizona to transfer the criminal jurisdiction over reservation Indians in the territories from the territorial to the federal courts.

Empress of China Floated Again.

London, Aug. 15.—The Canadian Pacific steamer Empress of China, Capt. Archibald, from Vancouver, via Yokohama, which was reported ashore at Shanghai Aug. 6, has been floated.

Frightful Wreck on the Rock Island in Nebraska.

Kansas City, Special—A special to the Times from Lincoln, Neb., says: One of the worst railroad wrecks in this section for years occurred shortly after 10 o'clock last night. The northbound Rock Island passenger jumped over a high bridge four miles from this city. Eight people are known to be killed and several injured. It was a local train consisting of engine, tender, baggage, smoking car and coach. The engine and combination car went over the bridge, leaving the coaches suspended in the trestle. Two passengers and a brakeman of the end coach were not injured. They managed to release two others. The killed are: Conductor C. D. Standard, Engineer Ike Depew, fireman, name unknown; three traveling men and two farmers, names unknown. The engineer and fireman are buried under the engine. Others are supposed to have been buried in the wreck, which caught fire soon after breaking through the trestle. The injured are: F. F. Scott, expressman; C. D. Sherrer, mail clerk; I. S. Bell of Lincoln; traveling man. About twelve others were injured, but their names are not yet known. In response to a telephone message from the state prison near the wreck, a party of physicians, police and fire department went to the scene and rendered all assistance possible.

Wyoming Democrats.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Special—The following ticket was put in nomination by the Democratic state convention: Governor, Tidbal of Sheridan; secretary of state, Elliot of Cheyenne; auditor, Pierce of Green River; treasurer, Williams of Buffalo; superintendent of public instruction, Follman of Saratoga; supreme judge, O'Connor of Cheyenne.

Fear a Packing Strike.

Sioux City, Iowa, Special—Apprehensions exist here that the strike in the packing houses at Omaha may extend to the packing houses here.

Headache, Dyspepsia, Indigestion

are caused by bad blood, and by a run down, worn out condition of the body. Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Be sure to get Hood's

Hood's Pills are gentle, mild and effective.

COSTLY AMERICAN TEA.

Grown in Gardens in South Carolina—A State Agriculturist's Opinion.

Some specimens of American tea have been sent from Fayette, N. C., this season to northern markets, and, according to the New York Evening Post, the results of the sales seem to indicate that the culture of this crop in parts of the South may yet lead to large fortunes. It is not generally known that attempts were made to establish tea gardens here before the war, and that since the end of that outbreak systematic efforts have been made to revive the old gardens. Professor Massey, of the State Agricultural College, has been instrumental in trying to spread information among the farmers concerning the culture of tea, and a few have been induced to put out gardens. The tea sent from the old Smith farm this season brought 80 cents a pound, and some from South Carolina brought as high as $1 a pound. Last [illegible] the cut at Summerville amoun[illegible] dozen or two pounds, and this [illegible] several times that amount has been sold.

Dr. Shepard says that the leaf grown in the South is better for black than for green [illegible] and that the cost of picking is about 25 cents a pound of cured tea. On a large scale, and with the best apparatus for gathering and curing, the cost might be largely reduced. He feels confident, however, that cheap-rate culture could never be made profitable here on account of the lower wages that rule in Japan and India and China, but the higher grade teas can be grown with considerable profit. Dr. Shepard is increasing his tea gardens every year, and when the plants are old enough to yield good crops he proposes to put in good machinery and start into tea selling for money. Professor Massey says that the finest tea he ever tasted was grown in the South, and he has no doubt but it will be a future profitable crop in the Carolinas. Mr. Jackson, an expert tea grower from Assam, who had charge of the Summerville plantation under General Le Duc, says that with negro labor he can raise tea more cheaply than is done with coolie labor in India because of its greater reliability. In regard to the hardiness of the tea plant, all observers seem to agree that north of thirty-five degrees it is unwise to attempt to cultivate it. Around Old Point Comfort, where some plants have been growing more or less feebly for years, the winters cut the plants badly, and on the upper parts of the Delaware Peninsula they were entirely killed. But south of these points, in the piney woods-country extending from Raleigh to the gulf, tea plants can be grown with great success, and the time may not be far distant when American tea will compete openly in the market with that shipped from China, Japan and India.

Obviously.

Sam—Look heah! I doan' want none ob your lip.

With or Without.

Seedy Customer (to drug clerk)—Can you give me something that will stop my headache?

Drug Clerk—Certainly. I've got an excellent preparation here; something I can recommend at any time; it will fix you up in good style; in fact, it's the only thing we know of that will positively cure heaache. The price is 50 cents.

Seedy Customer—I was in hopes you would fix me up for nothing; I haven't got a cent.

"Then the best thing you can do, my friend, is to go home and go to bed; and, take my word for it, you'll be all right in the morning."—South Boston News.

Observed.

"There goes my hat," yelled the pompous man with the red face.

"Yes," rejoined the calm party with chin whiskers, "straws show the way the wind blows."

Philadelphia's public building when finished will have the highest tower of any building in the world. It will be 537 feet high.

The principles of rainfall were first correctly set forth by Dalton in 1787.

The heaviest rainfall is near the equator, and diminishes steadily as the latitude rises.

More than 1,000 forms of snow crystals have been observed and copied.

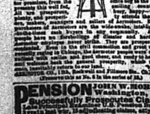
WOMEN WHO SUFFER pain each month, can find relief and cure in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It regulates and restores the monthly function, braces up the exhausted, run-down, overworked and delicate; allays and banishes all Nervous Weakness, Spasms, Hysteria, Fits, Chorea, or St. Vitus's Dance; cures Weaknesses, Bearing Down Sensations, Backache, Catarrhal Inflammation, Ulceration and kindred maladies.

For those about to become mothers, it is a priceless boon, for it lessens the pain and perils of childbirth; shortens "labor" and the period of confinement; and promotes the secretion of an abundance of nourishment for the child.

THOMAS THIRLWELL, of Roberisdale, Pa., says: "I cannot sufficiently express to you my gratitude for the benefit your 'Favorite Prescription' has conferred upon my daughter.

Of late she has suffered no pain whatever. It is simply marvelous."

CLIP. SAVE AND SEND TO US



AERMOTOR CO. CHICAGO

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in last war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

Vengeance and—Vapors.

CHAPTER X—(Continued.)

But all doubt was dispelled by a letter I received next morning from Birley.

"Thou must come back, my lad, at once," he wrote. "I was mistaken in my notion that 'Manuel would bring you know who, back home. Frank came home the same day you left, and his father went off to London next morning. I managed to get to see Frank. He is in very low spirits, poor lad. His father has almost scared him into marrying the girl; but I don't think he can bring that about without asking me, at any rate. I shall not be at all surprised if he does ask me some of these days, for he has not yet come down near so hard on me—you know what I mean—as I expected. I fancy he wants to reserve the chance of a last big squeeze. But don't thou be afraid, lad; I'll stand by the lass and thee. Well, I prevailed on Frank to tell me the Blackpool address, though I had to promise much his father shouldn't get to know he had told me. I went straight away, and found her; and she was main glad to see me, poor thing. I told her what I had come for; and the end of it was she packed up her little traps, and came back with me—and here she is with me now. But I've not come to the end yet. 'Manuel has only gone to London for the week, I find. He will be home on Saturday, and then I expect he will want me to square up with him. So I say you had better come back at once."

Here, surely, was matter for the gravest anxiety and apprehension. though it did not appear what there was to fear exactly, except that Steinhardt might somehow reclaim Louise from Birley's charge, and again hide her away. But the fact is, my dread and suspicion of Steinhardt, were such that I was prepared for his committing the greatest and vaguest enormities. It was now Friday morning, and there was only another day during which I could think of Louise as at rest in Birley's house. I could leave Basel that night by the mail train, and probably reach Timperley late on Saturday night. Greater speed could not be made. But was I, after all, going to leave without knowing what was that damning something concerning Steinhardt which Fraulein Haas's "dream or dreams," might reveal or suggest? I must endeavor to win it from her.

I called that morning, but was told, as on the first occasion she would not be home till five o'clock in the afternoon. I got everything ready at my hotel for a prompt departure, and called again soon after the hour named.

"So you have come again," she said, wearily, when she saw me.

"Yes, Fraulein," I answered, "and I have come in haste."

"To urge me, I know. But why is it necessary. It is a terrible law that quick death should be brought upon one man because he brought quick death on another!—a terrible law! I am not sure it is God's law. Think you it is, Herr Pastor?"

"Fraulein!" I exclaimed, alarmed at her continued disposition to consider too curiously and abstrusely, "I am sorry I cannot linger to discuss such things with you. I must travel back to England in a very few hours, on most anxious business, and I entreat you to resolve to tell me what you say has been revealed to you already, Fraulein, and I say it again; what the great God may have in store for Herr Steinhardt for all his wickedness I cannot judge, and I do not seek to put out my hand to force; I say I do not desire to bring punishment on him, I only wish to be able to make him withdraw his hand from the perpetration of more cruelty and opression."

"Is he so wicked, then?" she cried in an accent of the keenest pain.

"It is not for me, Fraulein" I answered, "to say how wicked he is. But I have told you he is behaving very harshly to the dead man's daughter—more than harshly, for he has even hid her away in a strange town, to try every means to make her marry his son, in order that he may not have to give an account of the dead man's property. And here is a letter which I received this morning from her other guardian, who was Herr Steinhardt's best friend when first he came to England, and whom he has almost ruined. He has found the young lady, and taken her to his own house; but fears he cannot keep her, for Herr Steinhardt may ruin him outright. I must therefore return; and this, Fraulein, is my only hope of effectually hindering Herr Steinhardt from doing what he will—by frightening him with my knowledge. But I do not yet know enough to do that."

It will thus be seen why I told Fraulein Haas just enough of the case to convince her of its urgency; but she guessed something I had not told her.

"I understand now, Herr Pastor," she said, "why you are so interested in Emmanuel Steinhardt's crime; it is more love than vengeance that pushes you on. And that, too, Herr Pastor, will make you understand better why I am interested in Emmanuel Steinhardt," she said, simply, looking not at me, but at her thin, clasped hands. "He was many years ago not the Herr Steinhardt he seems to be now; he was good and gentle, though his heart and mind were set on being rich. But I detain you," she added, glancing up suddenly. Her hands tightened their clasp on each other. "If," she said, with rapidly growing vehemence, "I tell you what I have seen, in order that you may be able to deliver the distressed young Fraulein, promise me, Herr Pastor, for the sake of my past, and as you hope to be happy and peaceful in the future—promise me that you will use what I tell you only for the purpose you say, and that you will keep it, as far as ever you can, from becoming public!"

I gave the promise at once, and without reserve.

"It was, I think, in the March month of a year ago. I had slept a long time very soundly, for I had been very tired, when suddenly I felt as if I were taken up and carried away—far away; and I was made to look at Emmanuel Steinhardt. He looked at me as if he wished me to help him; at his feet was a large wooden box, the lid of which, I was somehow made to understand, would not close. From the opening protruded a human hand, strangely discolored. I awoke all trembling. I put out my hand to make certain I was in my own bed; my mother was sleeping quietly by me. I tried to dismiss the vision from my mind—foolish dream I thought it. But I could sleep no more. In two or three hours it was daylight, and I arose. I went about my duties all the day, as usual; I was busy, and had the impression of the vision much worn away when I went to bed in the evening—rather early, because I was very tired. I had slept not very long, when again I was as if seized up and whirled away, again to see Emmanuel Steinhardt, with something at his feet again—not now the wooden box, which was aside, but three packages of canvas. Again Emmanuel Steinhardt looked at me, as if he wished me to go to him, and again I awoke, all trembling."

She paused in her story of the visions, took her handkerchief and wiped her damp brow with trembling hand. I watched her intently; a sensation of creeping excitement and mystery held me bound to her quiet, but intense recital. She resumed suddenly, without looking at me.

"I slept no more that night for thinking of what I had seen, and so I saw Emmanuel Steinhardt no more; I tried to sleep in order that I might, but I could not. A terrible night to me it was. But next night I was sleeping a light disturbed sleep, when I was taken away again to Emmanuel Steinhardt; this time I knew I was not in a room; there was no light. He looked at me across a newly-dug spot of ground, and then turned away. I did not really wake, though I felt conscious I was in my own bed at the same time as I was held where he had left me, close to a wall. After some time—how long I cannot tell—he came back with a rope. I knew at once what he as going to do before he had done it—fasten the rope in an iron something on the other side of the wall and pull it over. I do not know why I did not think it impossible for a single man to pull a wall down with a rope, but I did not. In a little while he pulled, and the wall fell flat and curiously unbroken, covering over the newly-dug spot and all around it. Then I awoke as with the noise, and slept no more. After that night I saw him again for several nights, for a dim moment or to, at the same place. They were but glimpses, which, as the nights passed on, became dimmer and dimmer, and then ceased altogether—until some weeks ago, when again I was summoned to face him at that same place with the fallen wall. He looked at me earnestly, and then over his shoulder, at some one whom I did not see, but who I knew he feared was watching him. This happened three, four times, and then no more. There has been no more yet, but what may be, God only knows. That is all," she said, with a sigh of relief, turning to me. "And now, Herr Pastor, you know what I have had to tell, and you will not forget your promise to me—you will not set yourself to bring punishment on Emmanuel Steinhardt."

"I shall hold my promise to you, Fraulein," said I, "as sacred."

"And now," she said, "you must go quickly, I suppose, to your hotel, and then to the station."

"Yes," I said. "But there is one thing, Fraulein, I had almost forgotten; not of a painful sort," I made haste to add; for she had reassumed her expression of close endurance and resignation. "I came as Herr Steinhardt's messenger, and I have no message I can carry back to him."

She sat down again, took a sheet of paper from a drawer and wrote in the middle of the page, in a small German hand, a few words, which she signed. When she had written she handed the paper to me, saying, "You may read." I read (the words were in German):

"Repent, and turn away from your evil, before it is too late."

This, enclosed in an envelope and addressed, I put in my pocket for Steinhardt. There remained now but one thing for me to do—to say farewell to Fraulein Haas, the poor, lonely lady, who still with fond regret cherished the memory of the man who was to me the greatest villain on earth. How I longed I could do something to cheer her life, say even some proper word of comfort and hope! But I felt her spirit dwelt on heights too great for any commonplace words of consolation from me to reach. I therefore bade her a silent farewell. She held my hand a moment.

"If anything happens to him," she said, "you will send me word?"

I answered I would; and the next moment she was turned away from me, and the next I was out of the room, and had seen my last of Fraulein Haas.

When I was in the train rushing back toward England, I unexpectedly found that I was bearing away with me a pathetic memento of her, and that I had left her a memento of myself. I put my hand into my pocket to find Birley's letter, but could find only the following lithographed form, instead. I suppose I had taken it from her table when I meant to take up the letter which I had laid down. The poor lady might have been looking at it before I entered her room. This was the form:

"Meine Verlobung mit
Fraulein Emilie Haas von Liestal
zeige ich hiermit ergebenst an
Basel, November, 1854.
"EMMANUEL STEINHARDT."

("My engagement with Fraulein Emilie Haas of Liestal, I herewith make public in Basel" * * *

CHAPTER XI.

A Meeting With a Happy End.

In what a fever of excitement, anxiety and hope I made my journey home I need not stay to describe. The story of Lacroix's fate I could now fill in to the last detail; I knew where his mutilated remains had been buried, or at least I knew a spot which coincided with that described by Fraulein Haas, so what remained for me to do was to bring the fact of my knowledge home to Steinhardt in a manner so forcible that he could not refuse to make terms with me; more than this I could not accomplish, even if I would, considering my promise to Fraulein Haas.

I reached Timperley very late on Saturday night, and in spite of the lateness of the hour and my weariness I went at once to Birley's; I had warned him of my coming by telegram from London. I found him waiting for me, and with him, as I had hoped, but scarcely expected, his ward Louise. I fear his cheerful greeting passed for almost nothing with me in comparison with hers. Her manner was undemonstrative, but there was, I felt, a cordial sincerity in it which came from her true heart, and I was fluttered with hope. There were, however, things more serious and immediate to be talked of than matters of love could then be considered.

I inquired concerning Steinhardt, and was told they had not yet seen him. What, I asked Birley, did he propose to do if Steinhardt came and demanded the surrender of his ward?—would he admit him?

"Admit him?" he exclaimed. "Of course. There is no use in shutting him out. He can sell me up in this house and turn me out—he has a bill of sale on everything, and he has been holding it back for some time, to use it now, I expect. But Louise shannot go back to him, unless she likes; I'll find some roof to shelter me and her. Yea," said he, turning his bright face upon her, "we'll get thro' it all right."

"You are both very good, to me," said she, going to him, and shedding some tears on his shoulder.

"There now—there," said he, patting her. Then turned to me, "She means you, too, my lad."

"Yes," said she, resuming her seat, and looking down, "Mr. Birley has told me all you have done for me to find out about my poor old father—and all that he and you suspect, too. And I cannot—oh, I cannot," shuddering and pressing her hands to her eyes—"look at that terrible, cruel man again!"

"I could not help telling her, my lad," said Birley, in answer to a look of reproach from me. "The old chap wrote questions to her about th' papers you found, and I had to explain."

"But," said I, in some alarm, "you know, Miss Lacroix, we must not, we cannot denounce him—we must not, I doubt, say anything till we have some evidence that he is really the man. I think, I am sure, I soon shall have that evidence, but even then we must be careful what we say."

Birley accompanied me to the door, talking according to his wont. He put on a cap which hung in the hall, and, leaving the door ajar, walked with me to the gate. The air refreshed me, and, full as I was of Fraulein Haas' revelation, I felt impelled to tell Birley something of it. Thus, almost unconsciously, we walked away from the gate down the lane leading to the high road, and I was led into telling him all, the more so that he did not seem skeptical of the value of her visions. We had thus left the house some minutes, how many I cannot tell, when several sounds like screams in rapid succession rose behind us into the still night. We stopped together and looked at each other.

(To be Continued.)

A Rising Man.

Warden (to newly arrived convict)—In this institution we try to put a man to work at his own trade or profession, so that he can work his way up. What is your occupation?

Convict—I'm an aeronaut.

MINNESOTA IN BRIEF

INTERESTING EVENTS OF THE WEEK IN MINNESOTA.

Important Occurrences in the North Star State Day by Day—A General Resume of the Week's Doings Arranged for Rapid Reading.

Thursday, Aug. 9.

Fire destroyed a large barn belonging to John Quist of Trimbelle.

Mrs. James M. Gere, a pioneer resident of Hastings died to-day of peritonitis, aged 65. She was held in high esteem.

Fire destroyed the business houses of Jay A. Kennicott and Harkins' fruit store at Luverne. It was a plain case of incendiarism, for the fire hose was cut and the engine crippled. The loss on the building and stocks is estimated at $800.

Fire at Wells consumed about $500 worth of finishing lumber and three chests of carpenters' tools. The lumber was owned by John T. Owens, who is building a new house on the south edge of town. The fire is supposed to have caught from a cigar stub.

A farmer near Cannon Falls named Martin Holland has invented a device which he terms a "tree protector," which exterminates the insects of all kinds on apple trees that cause the summer blight. Mr. Holland is sure that the device will prove to be of incalculable benefit to owners of orchards.

Friday, Aug. 10.

At Rogers' Siding, Hennepin county, one farmer got thirty-five bushels of fine wheat to the acre.

The prospects are good that J. W. Kollman & Co. of Faribault, who have recently failed, will effect a settlement with their creditors and continue business.

A pack peddler was knocked senseless and robbed of some $250 in the northern part of Elysian. The sheriff is after the robber and the prospects for getting him are good.

O. S. Bonham, furniture dealer at Zumbrota, has made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors. The amount of the assets and liabilities is unknown.

The board of prison managers granted a grist of five paroles: A. H. Hornsby, Ramsey county; Harvey K. Walters, Hennepin; J. M. Peterson, Olmsted; Tim Sullivan, Blue Earth; David Carter, Nicollet.

Reports have just reached Anoka of the destruction of Alexander McNeil's large general store in Dayton, Hennepin county. Store and contents a total loss of $6,000. Insurance, $1,000 on structure; $2,200 on contents.

Threshing is fairly commenced at Dexter. The yield of everything is better than for years, and the quality is excellent. Rain is badly needed for pastures and late potatoes and flax. Grain is about all stacked. The mercury stands 100 in the shade to-day.

Saturday, August 11.

State treasurer Bobleter has issued his annual report on the condition of the state treasury.

Burglars entered D. L. Young & Co.'s store and Hodgenden & McDonald's saloon at Aitkin and secured goods and money to the value of $300.

Gov. Nelson has consented to act with a committee of business men in an endeavor to have A. R. U. men reinstated.

Mrs. Dell Hains was fatally burned at Tracy by a gasoline explosion. She was building a fire in the stove and mistook gasoline for kerosene.

The Minneapolis Brewing company lost twenty-seven cases and ten kegs of beer from its warehouse in the railroad yards at Le Sueur. No clue to the robbers.

Henry Armstrong, Sr., one of the old and respected citizens of Two Rivers, died of cancer of the stomach. Mr. Armstrong was born in Holland in 1818 and came to this country in 1856.

Some burglar took the screen off the bed room window of Postmaster H. M. Serkland., of St. James entered and secured two gold watches and chains and about $3 in money.

E. R. Smith, of the old Bank of Le Sueur, has again been convicted and sentenced to ninety days in jail. Mr. Smith took an appeal, and was immediately arrested again on complaint of Truman Glass.

The Coliseum, connected with the state university at Minneapolis, was burned, with the state educational and forestry exhibits which were at the world's fair, and a large quantity of arms belonging to the United States government. The loss is over $50,000.

S. Swanson, a well contractor of Minneapolis, is now engaged in sinking a well at Elysian. Wheat here is an extra good crop, averaging 20 bushels to the acre for spring, and about 30 bushels to the acre for winter. Corn is not one-third average and hay is very short. Potatoes are a failure.

Sunday, August 12.

Lightning struck the house of William Schaefer, east of Montevideo doing considerable damage.

The grand jury at Hastings indicted John Ivan for murder in the first degree for the killing of Policeman Albert Jacobson.

Alexander Yawinen, thirty-three years old, has mysteriously disappeared from Brainerd and his relatives are anxious as to his whereabouts.

A man named John Miller was struck by a train near Minnesota Lake throwing him from the track and seriously injuring him. He is now under the doctor's care here.

The man who robbed Young's store and Hodgden & McDonald's saloon at Aitkin hid his booty under an old warehouse, but the sheriff located the cache and caught him trying to remove it. He proved to be George Howard, an old employe of Hodgden & McDonald.

Chas. Bust was injured, not seriously, in a railway accident near the headquarters of the Cress Lake Lumber Company near Brainerd. A log lying across the tracks badly wrecked the engine. The engineer and fireman escaped by jumping.

James Rowe of Duluth, was held to the grand jury without bail, charged with rape. It is alleged that he outraged two daughters of Mr. Woods, aged 5 and 8, in the absence of the adult members of the family. Rowe appeared without an attorney and declined to take the stand.

Monday, Aug. 13.

Assistant United States Attorney Stryker resigns his position.

Patrick Galvin, a former street commissioner of St. Paul, accidentally shot himself in the head.

F. Clement, brother of T. B. Clement, died at his home on West Fourth street, Faribault, of paralysis.

Johanas Weber of Duluth, aged about fifty, committed suicide by taking "Rough on Rats." His family had left him.

The Red Wing city council has awarded the contract for the superstructure of the wagon bridge to the Toledo Bridge company for $20,561.81.

The badly decomposed body of a man was found four miles from Hokah. The coroner's inquest could not determine the cause of death.

A man named Nelson was arrested at Forest River for having a stolen watch in his possession. He pleaded guilty and was sentenced to a fine of $10 and twenty days in jail.

Within a radius of a dozen miles of Pillsbury about 100 tons of hay has been destroyed by fire. The long drought, however, was broken by a heavy shower. Late potatoes and corn will be greatly benefited.

Tuesday, Aug. 14.

Henry C. Oliver, a former St. Paul & Duluth conductor, was drowned at White Bear.

George Neidbart attempted to commit suicide in Lake George at St. Cloud. The police were summoned and he was rescued.

A small daughter of Albert Kraft, who resides three miles south of Dexter, had one thumb cut off by an older brother, who was playing with an ax.

Maud Arlington, claiming to be from Milwaukee, was arrested at Stillwater for passing a forged check, purporting to be signed by the St. Croix Lumber company. The check was for $11 and the job was a neat one.

Wednesday, Aug. 15.

Horse thieves stole a team from John Anderson at Zumbrota.

The roller mill at Easton was completely wrecked by the explosion of a steam boiler. The property is a total loss, valued at $7,000. Hosea Quimby is the owner.

Thomas Garner, one of the oldest residents of Washington county, died at Oakdale, more than 100 years of age. Garner had served in the English army and fought at Waterloo.

George Abernathy, a farmer living east of Waseca, was arrested as the man who recently blew up the Grant house barn with dynamite. Several more arrests are expected.

Twenty-two young toughs from Faribault were arrested at Morristown at one time, and all fined. Two others from Warsaw were arrested and fined $25 each for waylaying a young lady on the Faribault road.

At the cleanup from last week's work at the gold regions at Brown's Creek, near Stillwater, considerable gold was found, among it two small nuggets. Work continues and prospectors are becoming more encouraged daily.

A PERSISTENT SPARROW.

A Little Bird That Insisted on Visiting the Senate Chamber.

The senate wing of the capitol had such a deserted air, says the Washington Star, that a fresh young sparrow though he would investigate its depths. Windows were open wide and through one of these the venturesome little bird flew, landing dazed and bewildered on the tiled floor of the marble room, on the north side. After getting his bearings, he took flight once more and fluttered out into the dark lobby, and took refuge on the frame of the glass partition at the west end. Here he was discovered by Captain Bassett, who got the long pole with which he monkeys occasionally with time, and rooted the feathered visitor from his perch. One of the pages grabbed the bird, but it squirmed out of his hand and darted into the senate chamber and did not stop until it had reached that most sacred of precincts, the diplomatic gallery.

Here he rested until a lively page ran upstairs and entered the public gallery, whence he climbed over the rail into the space reserved for the foreigners. The sparrow took fright at his approach and flew aimlessly about the chamber, while half a dozen of the boys chased hither and thither to capture him. At last one of them, a sturdy little South Carolinian, who is famous for his political opinions and his great appetite, got the intruder and bore him to the window. He opened his little fist and the bird flew off, made a sweep to the northeast and darted at last through an open window into the office of the sergeant-at-arms. He alighted on the rug in front of Colonel Bright's desk with a cheery "peep" and settled himself for a stay. He was not to be kept out of the capitol. He was an American bird, though of English extraction, and he belonged to the great body politic. He defied the statutes and insisted upon his rights. But he was doomed to disappointment, for he was soon run into a corner and taken into custody by Captain Garden, who achieved distinction last evening by dispersing 200 people by means of a twenty-second oration. The captain valiantly hustled the bird out of the window, and the disappointed sparrow sailed off to a bit of shrubbery and sat there for a long time, wondering whether he would tackle a large fat worm that was slumbering on the ground just beneath him or go out to Bladensburg and join the ranks of the commonweal. Finally he decided to be sensible and the worm disappeared.

A Boy Who'll Get On.

The merchant had arrived at his office as early as 7 o'clock, and five minutes after he got down to his desk a foxy-looking, bright-faced boy came in. The merchant was reading, and the boy, with his hat off, stood there expectantly, but saying nothing. At the end of two minutes he coughed silently and spoke.

"Excuse me, sir," he said, "but I'm in a hurry."

The merchant looked up.

"What do you want?" he asked.

"I want a job if you've got one for me."

"Oh, you do?" snorted the merchant. "Well, what are you in such a hurry about?"

"I've got to be, that's why, sir," was the sharp response. "I left school yesterday evening to go to work and I haven't got a place yet, and I can't afford to be wasting time. If you can't do anything for me, say so, and I'll skip. The only place where I can stop long is the place where they pay me for it."

The merchant looked at the clock.

"When can you come?" he asked.

"I don't have to come, sir," replied the youngster; "I'm here now, and I'd been at work before this if you'd said so."

Half an hour later he was at it, and he's likely to have a job as long as he wants it.

Same Man.

A prominent merchant of Portland recently accosted a gentleman on the street with:

"Good morning, Mr. Bragdon, how is coal to-day?"

"Well," responded the other, "I am not much acquainted with the coal market, but I can ascertain the price, if it will accommodate you."

"I beg pardon," laughed the merchant. "I really thought you were Mr. Bragdon, the coal dealer. You certainly resemble him."

A few days later the merchant entered a tram-car, and seating himself beside a gentleman, exclaimed, heartily: "Well, Mr. Bragdon, I'm glad to recognise you to-day. I made a laughable mistake one day last week. I mistook another man for you, and addressing him very familiarly, asked how coal was. He looked amused, and replied that he did not know much about coal, but would inquire, if it would accommodate me. Then I loked at him, and saw he was a perfect stranger. It really was laughable, Mr. Bragdon, but he looked so much like you."

"Yes," responded the gentleman, looking more amused, "and I am that same party again."

The merchant recognizes no more coal dealers.—Tit-Bits.

A Difference in Pockets.

One of the ways of telling whether a man is a married man or not is to examine his pockets. In the pocket of a bachelor you will find:

Half a dozen letters from girls.
A tailor's bill.
Three or four old checks for theater seats.
Bills for supper.
Theatrical-looking photographs.
A lot of invitations for dances, dinners and receptions.
A tiny glove scented with violet.

But the married man's pocket will contain:

An old bill.
A couple of unposted letters which were given to him to post a week past.
A sample of an impossible shade which he must match.
A newspaper clipping telling a sure cure for croup.
A shopping list, ranging from a box of blacking to three yards of lace.
Bills.
More bills!

A thoroughbred Arabian horse could on an ordinary course be easily distanced by a European racer, but for endurance of fatigue, docility and for long as to appear incredible, the Nedspeed maintained at long distances, so jee horse acknowledges no equal. A good Nedjee will canter for twenty-four hours in summer and forty-eight in winter without requiring drink.

COREA AND COREANS.

THAT STRANGE COUNTRY AND ITS PEOPLE.

Peculiarities of a People Who for Ages Lived to Themselves—A Country Where All Labor Is Done by Hand.

The tangle into which China and Japan have managed to get has brought into prominence the queer country which, for ages, was known only by name, and, even in our own time, is so little visited by foreigners that information concerning it is scarce, and not altogether reliable. Only a few years have elapsed since commercial intercourse was opened with the Coreans, and even after it was established, so poor were the people, so imperfect was the development of the natural resources of their country, that for a considerable time there was grave doubt in the minds of the merchants whether the business would pay. As, however, the Coreans, little by little, ascertained what foreigners wanted to buy and the prices they were willing to pay, the native cupidity of the oriental mind was excited and overcame the repugnance to foreigners, and now the peninsula has more than once been crossed by Europeans in search of business or pleasure.

From all accounts, the Coreans are a curious people, having many of the peculiarities of both Chinese and Japanese. Evidently of Mongolian origin, they nevertheless differ from the Chinese in so many respects that they can hardly be called Chinese, while the Japanese utterly disclaim all family relationship to them, regarding them as too barbarous even to be considered in the light of cousins. Nevertheless, they look like Chinese, and, in spite of their long segregation from the society of

King of Corea and Crown Prince.

other nations, they possess much of the shrewdness that causes the Japanese to be considered the "Yankees of the East." That is, the educated part of the Corean nation, for among the populace little distinction can be observed between them and the people who surround them on the Asiatic side, or who are their next-door neighbors across the narrow body of water that separates them from the Island Empire.

There is one remarkable point of similarity which almost instantly impresses

Fusaukai, a Corean Village.

every visitor—the populousness of the country. Corea has about 80,000 square miles of area, a little larger than Missouri, but in that territory over 12,000,000 of almond-eyed semi-Celestials manage to squeeze themselves and after a fashion seem to enjoy life in their own peculiar way, without either appearing to know or to care what goes on outside of their little peninsula, which projects from the Chinese empire like a wart. Wherever one goes in Corea there are Coreans big and little in immense numbers, so that to travelers who witness the poverty of the country it is a constant source of wonder how the people live. The answer to this conundrum is easy; they do not live—they exist. A handful of rice and a mouthful of tea or water constitute the day's rations for the average Corean, and if to this be added a few persimmons or an egg, he is in clover, and for days will remember the auspicious occasion on which his inside was comfortably filled.

Corea is full of cities, if the expression is allowed to be used with regard to an aggregation of huts on the banks of a stream, and the cities are full of people who make a living, though nobody knows how. In dress they are very similar to the Chinese, save in the matter of hat.

His clothes do not cost him much money, for the simple reason, that he has not much to spend, so he makes that little go a great way, and has learned to utilize materials that in other countries are almost unknown.

There is paper for instance. The Coreans possess some secrets with regard to paper-making that are unknown even to their ingenious neighbors, the Chinese. They make paper of such toughness that it will resist many months of wear, and by a process of oiling it they render it impervious to water, and so make overcoats that will stand any amount of rain. True, they cannot be mended, for when they begin to go they go all over and all at once, but as they only cost about a quarter they are easily replaced—if the Corean happens to have the quarter.

His other clothes are mostly of cotton, and the chief peculiarity about them is the fact that they are always being washed.

In Corean cities certain hours after

Corean General in Uniform.

dark are set apart for the women to take their exercise, and during that time all men are forbidden to appear on the street under penalty of arrest. This police regulation is very strictly obeyed, too, for in Corea there is no such thing as a jury system, the rights of the individual are very lightly regarded, and justice is meted out in the most summary fashion.

Farming in Corea is of the most primitive description. The multitude of people forbids the employment of labor-saving machinery, and all operations, of whatever nature, are carried on by hand. Even the irrigation of the crops, a process so purely mechanical that it might be supposed some sort of simple device would be constructed to obviate the necessity of hand labor, is done by lifting the water from one pool to another by means of a large scoop, a succession of able-bodied Coreans shoveling water as elsewhere sand is shoveled. After the crops are planted they are watched, a small tower being constructed to overlook the fields of a whole neighborhood, and the farmers

A Corean Soldier.

take turns in guarding their property from the depredations of thieves and hungry animals. In the case of fruit farms, this precaution is very necessary, as fruit is one of the great staples of Corea, and almost any kind generally finds ready sale at good prices. The list of fruits is long.

Of the field crops, beans and rice are the most important, the former being used not only as food for man, but also for the small, hardy ponies which are employed by the rich and official classes as a means of transportation. Not always, however. A Corean official has a large stock of dignity, and among the various devices by which this is upheld is the idea that it is degrading to walk anywhere. So every official is provided with a litter and a number of bearers in proportion to the weight of his dignity. He may walk about in his house without sacrifice of personal self-respect, or even, on certain occasions, when he is, so to speak, off duty, he may walk through the court yard, but every public appearance must be in his litter. The appointments of this apparatus for the conservation of dignity are very carefully fixed, as also the length of the poles and the number of carriers, and an official of the highest rank, a minister of the kingdom, has the right to have, under his litter, a single wheel, which does not rest on the ground, which takes no part in the weight from the bearers, but is a mark of rank. Whatever the number of bearers and attendants, however, it is always liberal, even the petty governors of towns being often attended by 200 or 300 men, who with banners, flags and other devices, march in procession whenever the governor goes abroad, while runners speed before, repeating his titles and dignities and ordering all persons to clear the road.

The leading features of every Corean city are the palace of the governor and the temple of the presiding deity, and it is often a matter of difficulty to decide which is of the more importance, for, in order that the dignity of the government may be properly maintained, the former is frequently more pretentious than the latter. As the Corean religion is modeled after that of the Chinese, so is the architecture of Corea based on that of China. It is not a whit less pretentious, either, for the Coreans are a proud people, and as they are politically subject to China, they take great pride in doing what they can to prove that the inferiority is only political. So in every place of consequence there is a temple of joss house, where incense is daily burned before the holy images and where the manes of deceased ancestors are satisfied with rice and such dainties as they are supposed to enjoy. But the Corean does not allow what little religion he has to interfere with business. With him religion is one thing and business is quite another, and his religion does not either forbid or prevent his stealing anything he can lay his hands on. At the times of the great annual festivals his piety takes the form of prayers, offerings of

Corean Merchants.

food to the dead, eating, drinking and listening to music and dramatic entertainments. Like his religion and his art, both music and drama are borrowed from China; the former is as ear-splitting and the latter as lengthy and non-intelligible as anything in the same line the Flowery Kingdom is able to offer.

But for his geographical position and the fact that he has several good harbors that are coveted by Russia, England and Japan, the Corean would be permitted to vegetate in seclusion to the end of time, but circumstances have forced him to the front, and he must now take part in the march of human events whether he will or no.

Puffballs as Food.

It will surprise many to know that the plebian puffball of our pastures is good for something besides old-fashioned styptic, smoke and the kick of the small boy. There are a number of species of the puffball, varying in shape and size from the small white globular variety of an inch in diameter and the pear-shaped to the giant pasture species which are the dimensions of a football. All are edible, if gathered at the white stage, those of yellow or darker fracture being excluded. Of the esculent qualities of the larger species, Lycoperdon giganteum, we may judge from the statement of a connoisseur. "Sliced and seasoned in butter and salt and fried in the pan, no French omelet is half as good in richness and delicacy of flavor." M. C. Cooke, the British authority, says of it: "In its young and pulpy condition it is excellent eating, and indeed has but few competitors for the place of honor at the table."

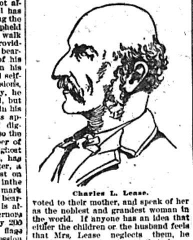
The Wilted Summer Girl.

The summer girl is beginning to look rather wilted. There has been no break in the outdoor life which she becomes so well, and the cool, rainy days of necessary seclusion have been lacking for her repair. She has worn all her wash dresses, and her assortment of white canvas shoes is running low, but still the temptation to seem, if not to be, cool and crisp, is strong within her, and she refuses to don less summerish attire. For how could she be the "summer girl" such as the papers picture her, otherwise? Whether she sits on the rocks or rides a bike or strolls along the beach or gets up a small dance in the hotel parlor or comes to town for an ice cream soda, she must be a model of daintiness, and live up to what the world considers a type of season and girlhood.

THE HUSBAND OF MRS. LEASE.

A Baldheaded, Shabby-Looking Man Who Began Life in Illinois as an Apothecary.

Everybody knows a great deal about Mrs. Lease, the Kansas agitator, but very few know much about her husband. A reporter for the St. Louis Post-Dispatch recently visited the Lease homestead at Wichita and found that Charles L. Lease (Mr. Joan of Arc, the flippant correspondent calls him) had been discharged from the drug store where he was formerly employed about six months ago on account of the hard times. The Lease home, at 335 North Wabash avenue, is a large frame house surrounded by cottonwood trees and flanked with flowers and vegetable beds. Mr. Lease is described as "an old man with long, white mustache, almost as bald as an infant, and with only a thin fringe of white hair to protect the back of his neck. "He was carelessly and shabbily dressed, and there was a week's growth of beard on his face." He was brought up on a farm near Freeport, Ill., and left home to become an apothecary, finally moving to Kansas, where he married Joan of Arc. He failed in business, and with the failure ambition fled. He impressed the correspondent as a man who had been crushed by adversity and who had not the slightest desire to ever make another effort to get on his feet. He is very proud of his wife and children. The latter four in number, are all de-



Charles L. Lease.

voted to their mother, and speak of her as the noblest and grandest woman in the world. If anyone has an idea that either the children or the husband feels that Mrs. Lease neglects them, he should spend a morning at their home and he will speedily become convinced that he is mistaken.

TAKE CARE OF YOUR EYES

They May be Attacked by Any One of Forty-three Diseases.

Everybody should have his own bed, towel, sponge, and soap, make his hand toilet in running water, live and sleep in well ventilated rooms, and come under the cleansing refreshing influence of outdoor air and sunlight at least one hour every day of his life for the health of his eyes, says the New York Advertiser. Roller towels, family wash rags and the habit of using a bath or basin of water a second time produce more diseases of the eye and ear than all the fevers on the list of plagues. There are forty-three diseases of the eye, and more than half are contagious. Fully 25 per cent of the sore eyes among babies and young children and 11 per cent among adults are preventable. The most common disease, granulation of the lids, is contagious and should be quarantined. In the surgical wards of public and private institutions towels are frequently burned, and bandages and dressings always the moment after use. Cataract patients are put in separate rooms in isolated wards. In all serious cases surgeons change their clothes and often wear inclosed spectacles. Considering the pricelessness of sight, too much care cannot be taken of the eye.

The following simple method enables a patient to see a cataract in his own eye and note its growth and development, probably better than any oculist can observe it for him. Cataract is said to be due to the gradual deposition of oxalate of lime at first in small spots and steaks, sometimes in one part and sometimes another. The deposit gradually increases until it penetrates the whole of the lens causing blindness. The remedy then, is to remove the lens, and after its removal the patient needs a substitute in the form of highly magnifying spectacles. All that is necessary to enable the patient to see his own cataract for himself is a piece of card and a needle—a visiting card will do very well. Pierce a clean, round hole near the middle of the card and hold the card up to the light close to the eye, looking preferably in the direction of a piece of blue sky. With the card near to the eye the patient will not see the small hole pierced by the needle, but he will see a comparatively large, faintly illuminated field, with his cataract projected upon it. He is, in fact, observing the shadow cast by his cataract upon the retina at the back of the eye. With a small puncture in the card the shadow so thrown is comparatively sharp. But with a normal eye an evenly illustrated field of clean disk will be seen. The patient may thus map down his cataract and settle for himself whether it is extending or not. None of the oculists seem to have known of the method, and there may, consequently, be some advantage in making it public.

The Thunder Cloud and Wind.

There arose a quarrel between the thunder shower and wind. At last, to settle the controversy, they each decided to show what they could do. The wind was given a first trial. It threw with force roofs to a great distance, unsung the gates, uplifted trees, and at last overthrew a chicken coop. Then pausing, as if out of breath, it exclaimed: "See what I have done!" The thunder cloud smiled and said: "Try that stone schoolhouse and we will settle the quarrel." With great force the wind threw itself against the masonary, tore off a shutter or two and left. "Is that all you can do?" said the thunder cloud.

"But don't you think I am terrible?"

"In your way, yes."

"What can you do?" said the wind, feeling too well satisfied to suppose that the thunder cloud could do more. "You have not seen me yet," said the cloud; with this speech it sent forth a flame that made the wind moan. "Try that schoolhouse yonder," said the still self-conceited wind, "and move it." The cloud frowned and gathered itself slowly as though waiting for the children to reach their homes. Then the cloud seemed to open and a shaft of fire descended upon the massive pile. It retired in a great roll of applause. The building was parted and stood a tottering mass of ruins.

The cloud retired and the wind lulled—the conflict was over. The thunder cloud was awarded the victory. And the wind, whistling and grumbling simply whispered, "There is something greater than I am after all."

Moral: Do not expatiate too much upon what you can do. It might be only a blow.—Germantown Telegraph

Beef Better Than Brains.

A poor, dyspeptic little minister was walking out one Monday morning when he chanced to meet two brother clergymen—hale, hearty-looking fellows. After the customary greetings they asked him how things looked. He pulled a long face and said everything was very bad, it was a dying world, and the lookout was wretched. "Now brother," said his questioner, "you are wrong yourself. Something is the matter with your brain. You want to get that right like ours," slapping his comrade on the shoulder, "then the world will look brighter to you." The dyspeptic looked at both his "brothers" a minute, and then said: "I'd rather have the stomach of one of ye than the brains of both of ye."—Boston Herald.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Laundering Linen.

No matter how handsome table linen may be when new, it may lose all beauty if poorly washed and ironed. All stains should be removed before the cloth is put into the water by pouring boiling water through the stains, if ordinary tea or coffee ones. Wine is removed by covering the stain as soon as made with salt and then pouring the water through. Linen should be slightly starched, unless one has the knack of ironing it while damp until perfectly dry like French women do, which gives the proper stiffness. Let table cloths and napkins get perfectly dry; then pull in shape, dampen, pack tightly and iron on both sides, the right one first to give the highly polished surface. Fold napkins square and cloths lengthwise first, the center line ever affording a guide to one setting the table to place everything exactly straight. Linen should be made very damp and ironed dry. Nothing is more repulsive or unhealthy than damp linen, be it a sheet, pillow-case or table cloth, as they should be soft when perfectly dry.—Emma M. Hooper in Ladies' Home Journal.

Her Wise Papa.

She—Papa says that when coming to see me you must not come in a street car any more.

He—Really! Does he expect me to walk all this distance?

She—Of course not. He says all he asks is that you will come in a carriage, hired by the hour.—New York Weekly.

Why He Laughed.

Professor (to student)—What are you laughing at?

Student—At your appearance.

Professor—Do you laugh over every little trifling absurdity that you chance to see?

The Conquering Hero.

The New Man (at the summer hotel) —Is this chair engaged?

One of the Girls—No, sir.

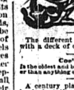
The New Man—Um—how about yourself?

Was it Flattering?

She—You have met the beautiful Miss X, have you not? What do you think of her?

He—She is one of that sort of women that any man could die for, but none could live with.—Indianapolis Journal.

The largest police office in the world is the new one at Scotland Yard, London, in which 3,000 officers can be accommodated.



OH, MY HEAD

Could be cured by SYMONS'S HEADACHE KILLER. It relieves in twenty minutes, and contains no poison. For sale by druggists; or send your name or postal for free sample, or 25c for a full box to Goodrich & Jennings, Anoka, Minn.

The different games that may be played with a deck of cards run up in the hundreds.

Coe's Cough Balsam

Is the oldest and best. It will break up a Cold quicker than anything else. It is always reliable. Try it

A century plant is in bloom at the Greyland plantation, just over the Alabama line about fifteen miles from Columbus, Miss.

Lall's Catarrh Cure

Is taken internally. Price, 75c.

The annual average rainfall over the whole earth is thirty-six inches.

Karl's Clover Root Tea.

The great Blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the Complexion and cures Constipation. 25c., 50c., $1.

An international wood-chopping contest is to take place in Tasmania next November.

"Hanson's Magic Corn Salve."

Warranted to cure or money refunded. Ask your druggist for it. Price 15 cents.

The most densely settled state is Rhode Island; the second is Massachusetts.

To Cleanse the System

Effectually yet gently, when costive or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently cure habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds or fevers use Syrup of Figs.

The average annual amount of dew in England is equal to five inches of rain.

Disaster Follows

When liver trouble is neglected. Uneasiness below the right ribs and shoulder blade, dyspepsia, nausea, constipation, sick headache, furred tongue. Do you want 'em? Of course not. Use Hostetter's Stomach Bitters and you won't be bothered with them, or any other symptoms of liver disturbance. Make haste when the first signs show themselves.

At Bombay 24 inches of rain have fallen in a day; at Genoa, 30; at Gibraltar, 33.

A steel shaft is to mark the historic battlefield of Braddock, Pa.

A HANDSOME PICTURE FREE

WE WILL MAIL POSTPAID a fine Panel Picture, entitled "MEDITATION" in exchange for 13 Large Lion Heads, cut from Lion Coffee wrappers, and a 2-cent stamp to pay postage. Write for list of our other fine premiums, including books, a knife, game, etc. WOOLSON SPICE CO., 450 Huron St., TOLEDO, OHIO.

HOTEL FURNITURE and LEASE FOR SALE. ST. PAUL.

A great bargain is offered to any responsible hotel man to take AN OLD ESTABLISHED HOUSE DOING A GOOD BUSINESS. Address, Room 636 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul, Minn

MY WIFE CANNOT SEE HOW YOU DO IT AND PAY FREIGHT.

$14 ... FREE ... OXFORD MFG. CO. 342 Wabash Ave. CHICAGO, ILL.

MARLIN Marlin Rifles are made in all calibres and styles. They have solid top receivers and eject at the side, consequently they are the most practical for rough usage.

REPEATING RIFLES

Write for catalogues to The Marlin Fire Arms Co., New Haven, Conn., U.S.A.

ELY'S CREAM BALM CURES CATARRH PRICE 50 CENTS. ALL DRUGGISTS

Davis International Cream Separator, Hand or Power. Every farmer that has cows should have one. It saves half the labor, makes one-third more butter. Separator Butter brings one-third more money. Send for circulars.

DAVIS & RANKIN BLDG. & MFG. CO. AGENTS WANTED. Chicago, Ill

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

W. N. U. No. 33—1894.

J. F. DORAN

Carries a Full Line of

Fresh AND Salt Meats

EAST FRONT STREET.

Fish & Game in their Season.

Armor Brand, Kansas City Beef.

Give us a Call. Orders taken and delivered. Remember the place.

Fresh Butter and Egg.

THE UNION

BI-CHLORIDE OF GOLD CO.

Of Brainerd, Minn.

Cale Block, Front Street.

W. J. BAIN. Manager.

For The Cure Of

The Liquor Habit

OPIUM AND TOBACCO.

Correspondence Solicited. Our business is carried on in a Strictly Confidential Manner.

C. B. WHITE, CONTRACTOR & BUILDER

This is What We Carry:

Sash, Doors, Mouldings, Paints, Oils, Varnish, Wood Stock and

Builders' Hardware,

Also Skates, Glass, Rope, Tools of all Kinds, Guns, Ammunition, Sporting Goods, Cutlery, hand sleds. Sled and wagon shop work of all kinds done promptly. Call on us.

I. U. WHITE, Manager.

No. 62 Laurel St.

J. C. CONGDON

○○○ CARRIES THE ○○○

Finest and Most Complete Line of

Wall Paper

Outside the Twin Cities

Specialty on Pressed Goods. These goods are made in a great variety of colors and designs, are printed in oil colors and are an exceedingly desirable low relief decoration for all classes of rooms.

WILL DISCOUNT ST. PAUL PRICES.

ROSTAD, BANE & CO.,

PROPRIETORS

Skandinavian Meat Market!

Fifth Street, Near Stratton House.

Choice Cuts Kansas City Beef.

Everything Usually Kept in a First-Class Market. Free delivery.

ROSTAD, BANE & CO.

Brainerd Dispatch.

Official Paper

Of Crow Wing and Cass Counties.

N. H. Ingersoll, F. W. Wieland, } Editors and Proprietors.

Issued every Friday morning at Brainerd, Crow Wing county, Minnesota, from rooms 5 and 7, Sleeper block. Terms $1.50 per year. Finest job printing office in 17 c city.

Legal Rates for Legal Notices.

We, the undersigned, hereby agree to accept for publication in our respective newspapers printed at the places set opposite our names, notices to be done in compliance with the laws of Minnesota for less than the full rates allowed by law, and no reduction will be given on notices furnished in plate.

H. C. Bryman, Journal.
Ingersoll & Wieland, Dispatch
A. J. Halsted, Tribune.

Brainerd, Minn., Jan. 1, 1892.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota as second class matter.

Local News Notes.

Mrs. T. C. Bivins is visiting in Minneapolis.

F. J. Smith left Tuesday noon for Waverly and other points in Iowa.

Mrs. R. M. deLambert and children went to St. Paul on Wednesday.

E. Kronberg and wife returned Wednesday from a visit at Cambridge.

The family of Sheriff Spalding has returned to the city after spending several weeks at Lake View.

N. E. Barber, of Little Falls, was in the city yesterday, making arrangements to move to this city.

T. C. Crawford sold a pointer dog to Albert Lea parties on Tuesday for $50. Well bred chicken dogs come high.

S. E. Betts and P. Graham were arrested and fined $12 and costs for shooting chickens out of season, last Saturday, at Little Falls.

August Darrell has just returned from the old country where he has been visiting friends and relatives during the past two months.

Samuel J. Camp of Memphis, Tennessee, an uncle of Dr. J. L. Camp and Ed. L. Hazen, of Duluth, arrived in the city Wednesday evening,

Fred. Merritt arrived in the city on Sunday evening and will spend a month here with his relatives and will then return to Yale College.

Miss Flo Halsted returned from a a visit at Wheeling, W. Va., on Wednesday, accompanied by Miss Carrie Zane, who will visit here for some weeks.

Judge Foster, of Peoria, Ill., father of Mrs. W. A. Fleming, arrived in the city on Saturday to join his wife who is on a visit with relatives and friends.

James A. McCune and John Sanborn, of Sterling, Ill., are expected to arrive in the city to-day and will spend some time at the club house at Gull Lake.

Miss Elizabeth McDonald left here on Monday afternoon for Scotland where she will visit relatives. Her father, Kenneth McDonald, accompanied her as far as St. Paul.

The W. C. T. U. will hold a lawn social on Wednesday afternoon, August 22, with Mrs. B. A. Ferris, corner of Sixth and Juniper streets. The gentlemen are invited to supper from 6 until 7.30.

Willis R. Davis was united in marriage to Miss Esther Shontell on Wednesday afternoon by Rev. West at the Methodist parsonage. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Shontell.

Dr. McPherson accompanied his mother, Mrs. S. McPherson as far as Duluth on her return home after spending some weeks in this city, on Wednesday. The lady lives in Toronto, Canada.

Mrs. Thos. King was arrested on Wednesday night by Officer Hurley on the charge of being found in a house of ill fame. In the absence of $10 with which to pay her fine she was sent to jail.

City Clerk Farrar, Deputy Clerk of the Court Johnston, Sam Adair and J. R. Smith started for Minneapolis this afternoon on their bicycles, intending to make the trip in time to be present at the game of ball at White Bear on Sunday.

There will be a meeting of the Needlework Guild at the residence of Mrs. E. M. Westfall, on Thursday, Aug. 23d, at 3 o'clock. Plans will be made for the needy during the coming winter. It is hoped that many will show their interest in this good cause by being present.

The local sports who are in the habit of getting a few bags of prairie chickens before the law says they may, are being studiously watched. Several deputy marshals who are off duty with the railroad company have an eye on violators of the game law, and it is an extremely hazardous undertaking to attempt a fracture of the law.

A very pleasant surprise party occurred on Monday evening to Mrs. C. Miller at the corner of Eighth and Front street, the occasion being the 46th birthday of that estimable lady. About fifty friends were present and during the evening the lady was presented with an elegant hanging lamp and a silver butter knife and sugar spoon. A bounteous luncheon was spread and a good time was enjoyed by the participants. Mrs. C. Dressen arranged the details of the occasion.

The Dispatch learns that arrangements are being perfected by the City Band for a grand ball to take place in the near future at Gardner Hall. Both band and orchestra will take part in the grand marches, and nothing will be left undone to make the occasion attractive and enjoyable. Everybody will will be enabled to attend as the tickets will be sold at 50 cents. The band is in need of money and on this occasion guarantee to give $2 worth of enjoyment for 50 cents. It is hoped that our citizens will show the band boys that they enjoy having a first-class musical organization by patronizing this effort.

Geo. LaBar went to St. Paul yesterday noon.

Mrs. Geo. H. Davis is visiting friends at Elk River.

Mrs. J. C. Jamieson went to Fargo Monday for a week's visit.

Judge Holland has been spending the week in Minneapolis.

Geo. Abbott is spending a couple of weeks in Anoka and Minneapolis.

Mrs. H. H. Barber and children are in the city from Minneapolis visiting relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Nevers and family are back from their sojourn at Lake View.

Dr. A. F. Groves left Thursday for Casselton, Dakota, for a ten days chicken hunt.

Cabinets $2.00 a doz. at McColl's popular photograph parlors. Bring the babies.

The Baptist Sunday school picnic at Long Lake on Tuesday was a very pleasant affair.

Mrs. C. E. McMullen, of Staples, who has been visiting relatives in Brainerd this week left for Hamline today.

Miss Somers, who has been visiting Station Agent Tull's folks the past two weeks, returned to Brainerd Tuesday.—Staples World.

Some kodak fiend has succeeded in getting snap shots at the pretty girls of St. Cloud, and now their pictures are found in cigarette boxes.

A forest fire near Deerwood last Saturday night destroyed the house belonging to G. Calvin. There was an insurance of $250 on the property.

The subject on Sunday morning at the Baptist church will be Salvation, From What, By What, For What. Evening services at 8 p. m., Wedded Life.

The Aitkin Republican says that the home of County Commissioner Wm Spencer, was gladdened on Tuesday night last by the borning therein of a bouncing baby girl.

S. A. Jamison, of Duluth, will give a humorous lecture on a "Trip to Europe" at the Presbyterian church on Monday evening, August 20th, at 8 o'clock. Admission free.

J. M. Elder is agent for the St. Paul and Duluth and also the Northern Pacific railroad lands. Parties desiring to purchase should make application at once. Room 17, First National Bank block.

Mrs. Samuel English and her five little ones were made glad this week by having her pension allowed. W. A. Fleming has been pushing this claim and feels about as good over it as Mrs. English does.

J. M. Elder says that business is picking up in his line. He has made several sales on St. Paul and Duluth railroad lands and several new settlers have been located. The prospect is very encouraging.

The ladies of St. Paul's church will serve a supper at the guild rooms on Tuesday evening next from 6 o'clock until 8. A cordial invitation is extended to all to come and enjoy a sociable evening. Supper 25 cents.

McColl has concluded to extend his cut rates on cabinets to Sept 1st; a great many people were not able to get around on time to take advantage of the first week's rates. This extension will give you all a chance to get all the fine pictures you want at hard times prices.

Mysterious Disappearance.

Alexander Tawkinen, a Finlander, 33 years of age, disappeared from his boarding house in Southeast Brainerd on August 8th under peculiar circumstances. At supper time the man went out of doors to wash his hands and face, leaving his coat in the house, and since that time nothing has been seen of him. He left all his effects including what money he had, the only thing missing that belonged to him being a razor, and the belief is prevalent that he took that instrument to end his life. The woods have been scoured in all directions and Mayor Hemstead has notified the police of neighboring cities to be on the watch for him. When last seen Tawkinen wore gray pants, blue shirt with white stripes and black hat! He has blue eyes, light brown hair and moustache only, and is slow in manners and mind.

A man bearing a close description to the above was seen late in the evening of the 8th inst. in the woods south of town with a grain sack over his neck and head and it is quite probable that it was the same person

Have you seen the Beautiful Cameo Photos that Drysdale is turning out at $2.50 per dozen?

Probably Drowned.

Olo Holme, suffering from typhoid fever and an inmate of the Lumberman's Hospital, disappeared from his room on Sunday morning, clad only in a night shirt, and no trace of him has been found although diligent search has been made. Holme was apparently in his right mind, and the theory is entertained that he has committed suicide. He was tracked to the river where he evidently went as soon as he got out of the building, but the use of dynamite and dragging the river bottom failed to find his body. Holme was employed on the extension of the Brainerd & Northern Road and was brought to the city by a friend some days previous to the disappearance. His home is in Benson, where his people live. His father, Paul Olson Holme, arrived in the city on Wednesday to assist in the search for his son's body, for it is practically certain that he has destroyed himself.

Estrayed—Yearling heifer, light red with mark on ear. Been gone since August 5. Suitable reward will be paid. Leave information at this office or with, J. J. Faoer,
2 w At Gilbert Lake.

Good native beef, fresh killed, at Lowest Prices in the city at C. A Walker & Co's.

A Mass Meeting.

According to the call issued by A. F. Ludwig as chairman of the populist county committee, a meeting was held at the Olympic theatre on Saturday last for the purpose of electing delegates to the congressional convention at St. Cloud, Sept. 12. The meeting was called to order by the chairman and F. Wehrle moved that the present chairman act permantly during the meeting. This motion was supplemented by a motion from Charles Banks that A. F. Ludwig act as permanent chairman for two years, which was carried, as was also a motion from F. Wehrle that Geo. Herren act as permanent secretary for two years.

Carl E. Taylor, of Aitkin county, and a candidate for congress, was present and occupied a seat on the stage and at the request of those present the gentleman read the people's party platform which was accepted and adopted. A motion was then made that the meeting proceed to the election of delegates to the St. Cloud convention, the motion stating that he desired to see the county represented as well as the city and if the farmers did not take interest enough to come out that they would elect them delegates anyhow. The following were then named as delegates:

A. A. Miller, Bay Lake; H. C. Hughey, Long Lake; S. M. Dinwiddie, Garrison; A. F. Ludwig, Crow Wing; Chris Reese, Daggett Brook; J. A. Elliot, Brainerd; R. B. Coffin, Deerwood.

A motion was then made that the delegates present at the convention cast the vote of the delegation. The question then came up as to whom the Crow Wing county populists were in favor of for congress and as Mr. Taylor was present he was asked to give the meeting a digest of his views in order that they might see where he stood. This he did and at the close of his remarks a motion was made instructing the delegates to vote for Mr. Taylor first, last and all the time, which carried.

Mr. Banks then made a motion to elect delegates to the populist judicial convention at Pillager on Sept. 12 and the following were chosen:

Charles Banks, Fred Wehrle, W. W. Winters, John Atkinson and Louis Goodell, from the city; J. Exmer Oaklawn; Geo. Thompson, Long Lake; Wm. Rosencrans, Pointon's.

Mr. Banks arose to his feet as soon as delegates were elected and made a motion that the delegates be instructed to vote for Judge Holland first, last and all the time which carried, one solitary "no" being heard.

Mr. Taylor was then asked to give his views on the money question, government ownership of railroads, etc., and he spoke in a rambling manner for three quarters of an hour the burden of his speech being "scrip" and the National Bankers Association. He stated that in case he was elected to congress that he would endeavor to assist the working classes, that he stood squarley on the platform of his party, was a "muddle of the road" candidate and if he didn't do what the populists advocated he would be willing to be kicked out of office, an ordeal which he will probably never have to go through.

The meeting agreed on a peoples party county convention to be held in Brainerd, Sept. 15, at 3 p. m., the place of holding same to be announced through the press.

The chairman was instructed to appoint a county committee consisting of one member from each township and ward and announce later.

The meeting then adjourned subject to the call of the chairman to elect delegates to the peoples party legislative convention.

Drysdale's Cameo Photos discount anything ever saw. $2.50 per dozen. Call and see them.

Sixth Street Opening.

At a meeting of the city council held Monday evening in special session, the report of special commissioners McKay, Gardner and Hagberg, appointed to view the premises and to ascertain and award the amount of damages, and the amount of compensation to be paid to the owners of property which is to be taken or injured in the matter of opening and extending Sixth street, and the cost of making such improvement upon the lands or property to be benefitted, made their report which was filed and will lie over until the next regular meeting on the 20th of August, at which time action will be taken on the same.

McColl's cabinets at $2.00 a doz. are the talk of the town, and they all wonder how he can do it.

HEADQUARTERS ROUTE.

Via "The Milwaukee" To Washington. D. C.

For the Knights of Pythias Conclave at Washington, the C. M. & St. P. Ry. has been selected as the Headquarter Route. A solid train will run through from St. Paul, Minneapolis, without change. Leave Minneapolis at 7.30 p. m. and St. Paul at 10 p. m., Aug. 25th, arriving Washington 2.10 p. m., August 27th. Rate for the round trip $29.00. Tickets on sale August 24th, 25th, 26th, extension until returning Sept. 15. Passengers can go one route and return another east of Chicago. For sleeping car accommodations and further particulars apply to "The Milwaukee" agents, or address.

J. T. Conley,
Ass't. Gen'l, Pass. Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

Hard times prices of cabinets $2.00 a doz. at McColl's. The finest Aristotype process only is used. Bring the babies.

Teachers Public examination.

The teachers public examination will be held in the high school room, Brainerd, on August 24 and 25. No private examination will be granted until after the public examinations.

J. A. Wilson,
Co. Supt. of Schools.

The office of J. R. Smith is the headquarters for reliable fire insurance. Room 2, Sleeper Block.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Caught A Forger.

Pat Carey is a prisoner at the county jail charged with the serious offence of forgery. Some days ago Carey presented a certificate of deposit on the State Bank of Lisbon, N. D. for $220 to the First National Bank of this city for the purpose of getting it cashed where he was informed that they would take it for collection but would not cash it. Carey seemed anxious to get money and finding that he could get an advance on the paper by getting a responsible endorser procured the signature of Jerome Kelcher and was given $100. The certificate was sent to the bank at Lisdon and returned with the information that it was forgery. In the meantime Carey had gone to Hallock and after waiting a few days he wired the bank to find out if they had received the amount which he claimed was still due him, and the bank wired back asking if they should send it by express to that place. Carey probably thinking the certificate had been cashed and the job had worked all right replied "yes" and Sheriff Spalding went up and gathered the man in. He was brought before Judge Chipperfield yesterday and his examination set for Monday morning, bail being fixed at $500.

Two Tie Games.

Base ball has been quite a fad in Brainerd this season, and the local nine has been able by good playing to come out victorious in nearly every game played. On Saturday last the Stillwater nine, although there is nothing in a name for the players were from all parts of the state, came to this city and two games were played, The Saturday game resulted in 10 scores each at the end of the ninth inning, and in the tenth no runs were made, and the game was called leaving it a tie. This, of course, excited much interest in the Sunday game, which, as far as actual results were concerned, was exactly the same as the Saturday game, 10 to 10 at the end of the tenth inning. The Stillwaters went to bat in the eleventh inning, but not being satisfied by the decision of the umpire in calling one of their men out for cutting the second base, they refused to play further and left the diamond, and the game was given to Brainerd 9 to 0.

The result is that the battle will be fought out on the diamond at White Bear Lake, near St. Paul, on Sunday, and a good game is expected.

Those Ward Committees.

As per arrangement the Law and Order League meetings were held on Tuesday evening and committees were elected as follows:

First ward—Albert Angel, J. H. Dickinson, D. M. Robinson, E. F. Doty and Orick Hontosh.

Second ward—Rev. Geo. E. Rowe, S. L. Bean, W. J. Davenport, R. G. Valentyne and Jas. Goxley.

Third ward—J. Lawrence, Wm. Williamson, J. L. Evanston, John Anderson and W. S. Kellogg.

Fourth Ward—O. W. Greenquist, T. E. Smith, Thos. West, Emil Eckholm and John Soderland.

Fifth Ward—Rev. E. Grevander, P. Olson, L. Rasmusson, Ed. Woodbury and E. D. Wilkins.

Farms for Sale.

I have two farms for sale on easy terms; the land is good. Also an oak sailboat. The latter will be sold at one half cost. Leon E. Lum.

A Test of Civil ization.

One of the principal tests by which we may estimate the degree of civilization to which a nation has attained, is its treatment of woman. When man was a savage, woman was no more than a companion animal. When he attained to the stage of a barbarian and had enough intelligence to abandon caves and build for himself a dwelling, woman became the housedrudge, doing the heavy labor of the field also, and being a chattle, disposable at the pleasure of her lord and master. Among the Greeks, the Romans and Jews, her condition was somewhat improved, but polygamy was lawful. The Teutonic nations of the nineteenth century have placed her on a higher plane, and she is accorded a respect and deference that excites the astonishment of Orientals. In among many of whom woman is treated as a being without a mind to be cultivated or a soul to be saved. It is, however, in our own country that woman has attained the beloved and honored queen. In truth, it may be said that among the better classes, all things exist for woman. The railroads, especially, take every means to provide for her safety and her comfort, and if she is traveling alone, great pains are taken to insure her a pleasant journey. In this respect, "The Burlington" takes the lead, and the Burlington Route is widely known for the courtesy of office and employees to lady patrons. Tickets via this line can be had from any agent of this or connecting railroads, or by addressing W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent, St Paul Minn.

Young Horses Wanted.

I want to buy a pair of young horses, weight not less than 1200, and desire to pay in wood and hay for same. Wm. Marcho,
Mission Lake.

Housekeeping outfits on the installment plan at the Hoffman Bazaar.—tf.

If you are thinking of painting this spring, get prices on paints, varnishes and brushes at C. B. Whites. A fresh stock just opened.

CONGDON

removes all smoke, dust, etc., and makes old paper bright as new.

Sash and doors at D. M. Clark & Co's.

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I have two farms for sale on easy terms; the land is good. Also an oak sailboat. The latter will be sold at one half cost. Leon E. Lum.

A Test of Civil ization.

One of the principal tests by which we may estimate the degree of civilization to which a nation has attained, is its treatment of woman. When man was a savage, woman was no more than a companion animal. When he attained to the stage of a barbarian and had enough intelligence to abandon caves and build for himself a dwelling, woman became the housedrudge, doing the heavy labor of the field also, and being a chattle, disposable at the pleasure of her lord and master. Among the Greeks, the Romans and Jews, her condition was somewhat improved, but polygamy was lawful. The Teutonic nations of the nineteenth century have placed her on a higher plane, and she is accorded a respect and deference that excites the astonishment of Orientals. In among many of whom woman is treated as a being without a mind to be cultivated or a soul to be saved. It is, however, in our own country that woman has attained the beloved and honored queen. In truth, it may be said that among the better classes, all things exist for woman. The railroads, especially, take every means to provide for her safety and her comfort, and if she is traveling alone, great pains are taken to insure her a pleasant journey. In this respect, "The Burlington" takes the lead, and the Burlington Route is widely known for the courtesy of office and employees to lady patrons. Tickets via this line can be had from any agent of this or connecting railroads, or by addressing W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent, St Paul Minn.

Young Horses Wanted.

I want to buy a pair of young horses, weight not less than 1200, and desire to pay in wood and hay for same. Wm. Marcho,
Mission Lake.

Housekeeping outfits on the installment plan at the Hoffman Bazaar.—tf.

If you are thinking of painting this spring, get prices on paints, varnishes and brushes at C. B. Whites. A fresh stock just opened.

CONGDON

removes all smoke, dust, etc., and makes old paper bright as new.

Sash and doors at D. M. Clark & Co's.

Wedded in Washington.

The Spokane (Wash.) Herald, of the 8th inst. contains the following wedding notice of a former Brainerdite, Mr. Hyde having been an employe of the N. P. company in this city for some time.

At eight o'clock this evening, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Evans, parents of the bride, Rev. M. Bankerville of the Congregational church will join in wedlock Mr. William DeForest Hyde and Miss Margaret Evans. Mr. Guy L. Lindsay will support the groom while Miss Anna Evans will perform a similar service for the bride. Only relatives of the contracting parties will be present. Upon the arrival of the 1.10 a. m. train tonight the happy pair will depart on a tour of the Sound cities and upon their return will at once commence keeping house in the residence formerly occupied by Mr. Wm. Moir. Miss Evens is one of the most highly respected young ladies in our city. For the past three or four years she has occupied a responsible position as teacher in our graded schools and is every way qualified to be a true helpmate to the gentleman with whom she will link her fortune. William DeForest Hyde has several years occupied the responsible position of chief clerk in Master Mechanic Moir's office. He is a Christian gentleman in the broadest sense that the writer ever used the term. He could not do a mean act if he wanted to, and he would not if he could.

Paint brushes, a new stock, just in at C. B. White's.

To Exchange.

160 acres fine farm land north of Fort Riply, 60 acres under cultivation, for Brainerd property. No incumbrance.

J. R. Smith,
Sleeper Block.

Gypsine and Alabastine wall finish in all tints at C. B. White's.

If you want the finest beef in the city C. A. Walker & Co. has it—fresh killed native beef.

Sherwood's Cough Syrup is sold on a guarantee at the McFadden Drug Store.

To cash up and varnish your wagons for spring trade, at Congdon's. It will save you money.

A full line of T. L. Blood & Co's paints just received at C. B. White's

Buy your meats at C. A. Walker & Co.'s, the finest in the city.

Get your harness repaired at D. M. Clark & Co's.

Have your prescriptions filled at the McFadden Drug Store.

Furniture at D. M. Clark & Co's.

500 Sheep For Sale.

Will sell good breeding ewes and last springs lambs in lots of five and upwards for $2.50 each. Terms, part cash, balance on time with paper well secured drawing 6 per cent interest.

Apply to Fred S. Parker, Northern Pacific Bank, Brainerd, Minn.

Silverware, useful and ornamental at Mrs. F. G. Sundberg's.

Wall paper at D. M. Clark & Co's

Estrayed—Black mare and a grey horse the latter had a bell on.

Address C. G. Christesson,
Bay Lake Mines

THE VALUE OF A PUBLIC MARKET.

A Convenience the Farmers Will Not Be Slow to Appreciate.

The farmers who live near a town materially assist in its progress if they are accustomed to carry their produce to it every week. They are compelled to find a market somewhere, but the town that attracts them most is usually the town that has a good public market place, where they can unhitch and feed their horses and expose their wood, potatoes, fruits and other produce for sale.

A farmer naturally dislikes to unhitch on the street, where his team is in the way, where he may be moved on by the police and where he will attract little attention from passersby. Consequently the town that has a regular market place, where farmers can congregate, sell their produce and gossip while waiting for a customer, is the town whose merchants will see the color of the farmer's money.

The market place should be located in the center of the business portion of the town and should have a number of covered sheds, where the farmer may stable his horses when it rains or snows. Once established and well advertised the market will soon become popular both with the farmers and the public, especially if the town authorities see that the place is kept neat and clean and made reasonably comfortable and attractive. Where there are several rival towns in a good farming community the one that has a good market place will surely get the farmer's produce and the money he receives for it and will become more and more prosperous every year.

If You Wish to Help the Town—

Don't fail to sound its praises wherever you are.

Don't make your money out of its citizens and spend it somewhere else.

Don't frown on every public improvement merely because it will cost you a dollar or two.

Don't sneer at the efforts of your fellow citizens to build up the town, but lend a hand yourself.

Don't talk a great deal about what you will do for the town and remain on the back seat waiting for some one else to do it.

Don't say a board of trade is "no good at all" until you can prove it by statistics.

Don't say the public schools are a failure because your boy has been upsetting the school's discipline and has been punished for it.

Don't stay at home on election day, but get out and "hustle" for good men and good government.

Don't let a good local paper that is the town's untiring champion abandon the champion business because of lack of deserved patronage.

Don't forget to drop your dollars in the slot when the committee that is after a new enterprise comes around with the subscription list.

Don't forget that in building up the town hearty co-operation, united energy and a spirit of go there are what win the day. There is no pull like a long pull, a strong pull and a pull all together.

Business Men, Take Notice!

When you want to know about any business outside of the large cities, write to the local newspaper. If the firm is of any account, you will find the advertisement in the home paper.

Hard Times Prices.

$10-Best Set Teeth-$10

Applied to Gums. ODONTUNDER NO PAIN.

For Painless Extraction of Teeth. No Going to Sleep.

A FINE GOLD FILLING, $1.50.
A GOLD ALLOY FILLING, 50 CENTS.

DR. H. RIBBEL, Bank Block.

Hard Times Prices.

M. HAGBERG.

Wholesale and retail

GROCER

HAS A LARGE AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

Staple & Fancy Groceries, Flour Feed, Provisions, Etc.

M. HAGBERG,

Odd Fellows' Block.

C. D. JOHNSON,

DRUGGIST,

No. 4, Cale Block, Front Street.

Electric Belts, Sponges, Toilet Articles

Presoriptions Carefully Compounded.

FINE CIGARS, STATIONERY.

ELEGANT SODA WATER!

LARSON & WALTERS,

—DEALERS IN—

Anthracite and Bituminous Coal,

Hard and Soft Wood.

Lime, Cement and Plastering Hair!

CROSS CREEK LEHIGH COAL,

The only genuine Lehigh Coal in the market. Office and yard at corner of Eighth and main streets, at N. P. Track.

Orders for Ice Taken Here.

Always on Hand.

A well Assorted Stock of

Diamonds, Watches, Clocks,

Jewelry and Silverware.

Bi-Chloride of Gold Cure for Broken Down Watches.

Repairing of All Kinds a Specialty.

MRS. F. G. SUNDBERG,

COURNER FRONT AND SIXTH STREETS.

The Pine City Ice Co.

Is now prepared to furnish

ICE!

In any quantity to customers in all parts of the city at

Reasonable Prices!

Leave orders with

P. G. FOGLESTROM,

Post-office Box 1844.

Ice for Family Use, $1.50 per Month

For the Season.

At Night always have Acker's Baby Soother at hand. It is the only safe medicine yet made that will remove all infantile disorders. It contains no Opium or Morphine, but gives the child natural sleep from pain. Price 25 cents. Sold by

A Multitude of Counsel.

The opinion is rapidly gaining ground that a remedy which has proved efficient in the hands of the skillful practioner, a remedy prepared by him as the result of years of observation and experience, for the treatment of disease in individual cases, may, if placed by the same practitioner within the reach of the reading public, be instrumental in curing many who otherwise have remained ignorant of its surprising cures. Book sent free.

Drs. Starkey & Palen, 1629 Arch street, Phila., Pa.; 120 Stockton place, San Francisco Cal. 66 Church street, Toronto, Can. Consultation free.

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

JONAS BERGMAN, Sr. vs. } In District Court.
JONAS BERGMAN, Jr., et al. }

You are hereby notified that pursuant to the judgment rendered in the district court in the county of Crow Wing, state of Minnesota, on the 1st day of August, 1892, in the above entitled action, I was sold for taxes May 6th, 1889, and the time of redemption from said sale will expire sixty days after the service of the notice hereby required to redeem from said sale is $21.82 with such interest as accrues from and after this date and cost of service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal of Brainerd, in said county of Crow Wing, this 1st day of August, 1892.

Louis Farrar, Co. Auditor.

FOR

Fine Job Printing!

Of Every Description, Call at the

Dispatch Office!

Prices the Lowest.