BRAINERD TRIBUNE.

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☞ No deviation from the above rate. THE TRIBUNE has an extensive circulation not only along the line of the great Northern Pacific Railway, but throughout all this section of country, and is gaining a wide circulation throughout the Western, Middle and Eastern States, making it unusually advantageous as an advertising medium for business men everywhere. Advertisements payable quarterly in advance IN ALL CASES.

I. O. O. F.

WILDEY LODGE NO. 37, meets every Wednesday evening at 7:30P. M., at Masonic Hall, over Bly's Store. Brothers in good standing are cordially invited.
T. M. TRUDELL, Secretary. W. M. FALCONER, N. G.

MASONIC.

AURORA LODGE, NO. 100, A. F. & A. M., Brainerd.
Stated communications of this Lodge will be held on the 1st and 3d Fridays in each month.
Special Communications will be held on on the 2d and 4th Fridays in each month.
The Lodge meets at half past 7, in the evening.
All M. M., in good standing are fraternally invited.
By order of the W. M.,
F. H. HARVEY, Sec'y

PARTICULAR attention paid to FINE WATCH WORK.

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silver Ware, Spectacles, etc.,

For sale by
E. L. STRAUSS,
BRAINERD, Crow Wing Co., Minnesota.

BRANCH LAND OFFICE.
Soldier's Homesteads,
AND PRE-EMPTIONS.

Applications to enter and pre-empt lands in St. Cloud Land District, may be made at our office.
SLEEPER & HOLLAND,
Attorneys at Law,
n4tf Brainerd, Minn.

D. O. PRESTON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Brainerd, - - Minnesota.
OFFICE, corner of Front and Fifth streets above Davie's Hardware Store.

J. W. STEEL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Brainerd, - - Minnesota.
Office, Front Street, over Schwartz's Store, one door west of Bly's.

J. T. BURNS, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon,
and
U. S. Examining Surgeon.
BRAINERD, MINNESOTA.
Calls answered promptly at any hour.—Consultation free. Office and residence on Laurel street, near Broadway. 2-48-6m

DR. J. C. ROSSER,
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON.
Office at Headquarters Hotel,
BRAINERD, - - MINN.
WILL answer calls at any hour, day or night. 2-44-tf

J. L. STARCHER,
DEALER IN
Groceries!
WINES, Liquors, & Cigars
UNION HALL BUILDING,
Brainerd, Minn.

BRAINERD
MEAT MARKET,
FIFTH STREET, next to Leland House.
The undersigned having bought out this popular Market, desires to announce that they will continue the business in all its branches, and solicit the continuance of public patronage.
MEAT, GAME, FISH, BUTTER, ETC., always on hand.
"Cash and low prices," the motto.
3-5tf PAINE & MABEY, Prop's.

HENRY DRESSEN'S
FASHIONABLE HAIR CUTTING
AND
SHAVING SALOON.
FRONT STREET, - - - - BRAINERD.
Opposite the Drug Store.
WARM AND COLD BATHS!!
Special attention given to Children's Hair-Cutting.

PETERSON & CO.,
Builders and Cabinet Makers.
SHOP ON 6TH STREET, NEAR LAUREL.
EVERY DESCRIPTION OF WORK IN wood done on short notice. Building, Furniture-making, Pattern-making, and all kinds of Furniture Repairing done at moderate prices and in the most finished style. Call and leave orders, and bring on your broken furniture. 2nd36m

Brainerd Tribune.

BRAINERD, CROW WING COUNTY, MINNESOTA, ~~MARCH~~ April 4, 1874.

M. C. RUSSELL, Editor. "Render Unto Cesar the Things that are Cesar's." {VOL. 3, NO. 8.

DRUNKENNESS AND DRINKING ON THE SABBATH DAY.

Although raised from early youth on the frontier of a new country, amid all the reckless conditions of society, and, as might be expected, having grown more or less careless in our own conduct, and less thoughtful as to the proper and improper conduct of others before God Almighty, yet we never entirely forgot the precepts of a Christian mother and the good example of a kind father. There has always existed in most frontier places, a practice of keeping drinking and gaming houses open, either in front or rear, or both, on the Sabbath, and thus far Brainerd is no exception to the rule. We do not intend to preach a sermon or strive to dictate in this matter. We only desire, after acknowledging our own long negligence and thoughtlessness in the serious matter of paying more respect to the Sabbath Day, and feeling keen convictions on the subject, to ask our good people to do us the favor to pause just one moment and seriously reflect upon the practice of drinking on the Sabbath, and selling liquor on the Sabbath.

There are men in this city who keep their places open, and vend liquors on the Sabbath Day, who are possibly just as good at heart as ourself, and have consciences just as keen as our own; but they are permitting themselves to drift onward with the unstemmed current of practice, justifying their acts by thinking and saying as near as possible, "Oh, it is a new country, and they all do it, and when the community gets a little older, of course we shall keep closed on Sunday!" With the ocular demonstrations that have come to our notice during the Sabbath Days of the past two or three months, we feel compelled to ask our saloon men to pause and ponder on what they are doing, and ask themselves if it is not high time to adopt the rule of closing their places on the Sabbath, and not sell a drop of anything to drink during the twenty-four hours made sacred and holy by the mandate of the Almighty. It is certainly deplorable to see men staggering and revelling about the streets on this day, instead of being at church, or with their families, making their hearth-stone happy by their sober and cheerful presence.

Drunken men are seen every Sunday. Saloons are wide open; and crowds of men are there drinking and loafing about; the youth of the city are taking it all in at a glance, and before those who are now men will have vacated their haunts at the saloons, these boys, now, will be crowding in upon them, increasing the demand for strong drink, and will be on the broad road to perdition, advanced far beyond the mile-stone of their age, all through the influence being wielded by the men of to-day. We feel that we are talking on an unwelcome theme now, and one that our liquor dealers, at first thought, may think impertinent; but we are well acquainted with every dealer in town, and know that, without scarcely an exception, they are WELL MEANING men, and men who, for the most part, are not unreasonable. We are a friend to them all, and address a request to them to close their places tightly on the Sabbath Day, and do it in a spirit of the best feeling, and in the interest of common humanity, the credit of our town, and for the sake of decent respect to the God of the universe; and we believe, when they once look right at the results of keeping their places open, and selling liquor on Sunday, to the young men and men of families in Brainerd, they will, voluntarily, and without the dictation of a stringent ordinance, accord to the Sabbath Day what is right and decent.

"SPRING TIME'S come, gentle Annie," and although there are no particular amount of "wild flowers scattered o'er the plain," still there are other evidences that are admissible in the case. The snow is melting, the ice becoming porous, and the little brooks are getting "pourous" also; they pour down the declivities, and go skipping from crag to crag; we presume they do, but we haven't seen any crags this spring; they go twisting and winding about, gurgling and moaning at every angle, and laughingly bound along over the "riffles," making great piles of suds—by means of coming from the vicinity of the soap mine—in the eddies. We love spring-time; there is no season in which a body can lay out on the cellar door and scratch his head with more solid comfort; it is a lazy time with man and beast; a man is too lazy to think, much less to act; pigs leisurely rub themselves against a post, the dogs lean up against the house to bark, and the old house-cat couldn't see one side of a mouse were it balancing across her nose. Yes, spring is charming—full of charming inactivity.

B. F. HARTLEY and John McLellan returned from their surveying expedition in the Leech Lake country a few days ago. The boys report having done a pile of work during the past two months, and have completed their contract.

INTO THE GROUND.

The second public disussion on the subject of Temperance took place at Bly's Hall on Wednesday evening last. We were not present at the meeting, but from the information at hand we believe the thing was pretty effectually run into the ground. Hot words, personalities, absurd and fanatical arguments seemed to be the rule, no good was done, while much harm resulted therefrom. The meeting proved that where the two elements are both prominent and so equally divided as here no good can grow out of such deliberations. There is sure to be fanatics on both sides who will raise the war-whoop, and then scalps must fly, and the worst and deepest enmity be kindled between the two classes. We are sorry to see such a feeling exist in this town between the temperance and "anti-temperance" elements, and now that it has been fully demonstrated that these meetings are a long way from the right way to do good unto your neighbor, we hope all citizens may hereafter go back to that first principle, of everybody attending to their own business—which is, by the way, a good principle to be governed by, even though it is an old-fashioned one—let the officials go along quietly in the discharge of their duties and the proper enforcement of local and general laws where actual transgressions exist, AND THEN let the Devil finally balance the books with each and all, according to their works.

GOV. C. K. DAVIS COMING TO BRAINERD.—We are pleased to learn from a letter written by Governor Davis to J. W. Steel, Esq, of this place, that he will deliver a Lecture to the citizens of Brainerd on Saturday evening of next week, the 11th inst. Let all our citizens flock to Bly's Hall on that evening and thus contribute to a charitable object, as well as listen to an able lecture from Minnesota's young but distinguished Governor. Particulars will be given in our next issue and by posters.

ROLL OF HONOR.—The following is the roll of honor, public school, for month of March, in Miss Simons' department:

Maggie Davidson,	Blanche Sleeper,
Lou Preston,	Frank Campbell,
Bertie Humphrey,	Mary Chapman,
Jennie Bardsley,	Lizzie Tennis,*
Emma Pegg,	Carrie Whyte,
Alex. Whyte,	Beatrice Reade,
Alice Peterson,	Daisy Paine,
Huldah Chapman,	Josie Shoutell,
Bertie Robinson,	Mary Falconer,
Lily Paine,	Fred Davenport,
Harlo Comstock,	Franklin Beane,
Christie Deane,	Katie White,
Sophia Pegg,	Clark West,
John Lofstrom,	Marion Davenport
John Davidson,	Thomas Caruthers
Levi Davenport,	Jacob Paine.

*Lizzie Tennis' name should have been on the Roll last month.

The closing exercises for the term will be held in the school room Tuesday evening, April 7th, commencing at 7:30.

LET us all keep sober on Sunday, and get drunk on Monday.

The American Sardine Co.'s Boneless Sardines, are much better, and less than half the cost of imported Sardines.

FEAR God because you love Him—don't love Him because you fear Him.

Alden Dried Fruit at CANTWELL'S.

LIBERAL.—Every week we receive two or three copies of the Fergus Falls Advocate. We like the Advocate, and like to be advocated; but come, O. S., one paper a week will do, unless you are fully determined on extravagance.

WE forgot to mention last week that our city was favored by a few days visit from Jo Lamont, one of the popular proprietors of that very deservedly popular hotel, the "Merchants," of Minneapolis.

Cracked Wheat at CANTWELL'S.

OUR friend, W. H. White, Esq., of this city, who has been rusticating for three months past down in the "oora" village of Philadelphia, Penn., returned home Saturday evening last. He looks happy as ever, says he never had so much fun crammed into any three months of his life before, says the children of Philadelphia, also, cry for the BRAINERD TRIBUNE, and gives many other agreeable facts about his trip.

CAPT. DRESSEN requests us to state that, owing to election day coming on next Tuesday, the regular meeting of the Brainerd Fire Company will be postponed until the evening of the second Tuesday of this month.

BEN HAZEN has leased the No. 1 Saloon, corner of 5th and Laurel, and will hereafter conduct that handsomely fitted up establishment on his own account.

OPPOSITION.

Next Tuesday is to be no exception to the rule of elections in this little "City of the Pines." 'Two sides' seems to be just the thing in American politics, and even in local matters people don't like to have but one candidate, or set of candidates, for office. They like to have a choice, and have a chance to choose, whether there is any choice or not. Well, we presume this idea is all right, else how could "the majority rule?" It being a little "family matter," the TRIBUNE sees fit not to express a preference as between Messrs. White and Newport, (the candidates for Mayor) and the tickets they represent, because it is not essential that it should. Both tickets are composed of "men of all parties." Both candidates for Mayor are good citizens, and so are the other candidates; so, just "pay your money and take your choice." They are all well known to our citizens, so that we are even relieved from the necessity of formally introducing the several candidates, giving pedigrees, etc.; besides, we charge for writing biographies. They all descended from poor but honest parents, however, and here they are:

THE TWO TICKETS.

For Mayor, LYMAN P. WHITE.	For Mayor, R. M. NEWPORT.
For City Recorder, F. X. GOULET.	For City Recorder, A. MAHLI M.
For City Treasurer, THOS. P. CANTWELL.	For City Treasurer, WM. FERRIS.
First Ward. Ald.—ED. MORSE.	First Ward. Ald.—E. B. LYNDE.
Second Ward. Ald.—HENRY DRESSEN. Justice.—J. B. CONANT.	Second Ward. Ald.—H. A. CAMPBELL. Justice.—J. T. BURNS.
Third Ward. Ald.—J. R. PEGG. Justice.—L. B. PERRY.	Third Ward. Ald.—J. R. PEGG. Justice.—L. B. PERRY.

FROM THE SECRETARY OF THE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

ST PAUL, MINN., March 25, 1873.

To the Farmers of Minnesota:

At a late meeting of the Executive Committee of the State Agricultural Society, held in this city, it was unanimously voted to largely increase the premiums offered on farm and garden products, and also offer a sweepstake to the county presenting the largest an best varieties of vegetables of any county in the State. First premium, $75.00; second premium, $50.00; third premium, $25.00. To the county in the State presenting the largest and best variety of grain: First premium, $50.00; second premium, $25.00.

The premiums offered are liberal, and sufficient, we hope, to stimulate extra pains in growing products for this express purpose; but the sole object should not be competition only, as farmers should have a pride in showing to the world our capabilities. And we ask the co-operation of every farmer in our State to make the coming State Fair the Fair par excellence of all other previous exhibitions in this one respect.

WM. PAIST, Secretary.

OUR friend, Fred Strauss, is preparing to return to Bismarck to again open his jewelry store at that place. Fred is a good fellow and a champion jeweler, and we wish him success.

DELICIOUS.—Mr. Cantwell has just received a stock of California canned fruits — pears, apples, and smaller fruits. We can testify to its being the finest lot of fruit we ever tasted, having the richest flavor, and freshest appearance imaginable. If you want a truly delicious treat, get a can while it is going.

THE family of Mr. Starcher arrived home in Brainerd early in the week, after four or five months absence.

This just reminds us, that Starcher is now opening out a monster stock of new groceries and provisions, and everything is of the very best in the lower markets. 1t

REV. E. R. LATHROP, Presiding Elder of St. Cloud District, will preach in the Methodist chapel next Sabbath, (to-morrow), morning and evening.

LONG and heavy trains are commencing to pass west on the road now, which brings back the old aspect of things. Large quantities of Manitoba bonded goods, as well as Government supplies, are commencing to come thick and fast. The Northern Pacific is certainly destined to do a vast amount of freighting this year, as well as passenger business. If it had three hundred miles more road built west, it would almost require a double track for the accommodation of the immense traffic over it, as then no other route could begin to compete with it in the transportation of the vast freights to Montana and the posts and settlements in the region of the Rocky Mountains. "Will the Northern Pacific pay?" "does it pay now?" Oh no, guess not!

FOR SALE.—A Singer's Sewing Machine, in good running order, suitable for a tailor or shoemaker. Price $35.00, cost $85.00. Inquire at Murphy's store.

BY an arrangement between the different religious denominations of the country, in carrying out what is known as the President's policy in relation to the Indians, the religious supervision of White Earth Reservation, Minnesota, has been placed in the hands of the Episcopal church, who have missions already established therein, and said church has been requested by the Department to nominate a man of their persuasion to act as Indian agent in the place of the Rev. E. Douglass, Congregationalist.

THROUGH TO BISMARCK.—The pioneer train of the season, on the Dakota Division N. P. R. R., got through to Bismarck on Monday evening last at 7 o'clock. The iron horse was received amid great ado by the populace. Trains are now running regularly from Duluth to Bismarck, and ere long, we presume, a new summer time table will be out for the government of trains on all the divisions. General Manager Mead and Superintendent Sullivan got back to these headquarters from the "Dakota opening" on Wednesday morning.

NOMINATIONS.—At the City Convention held on Tuesday afternoon, Lyman P White was nominated for Mayor; Thos. P. Cantwell, for City Treasurer; and F. X. Goulet, for City Recorder.

At the Caucuses held on Monday evening, there were nominated to fill Ward offices the following persons:

First Ward—For Alderman, Ed. Morse.

Second Ward — For Alderman, Henry Dressen; for Justice, John B. Conant.

Third Ward—For Alderman, J. R. Pegg; for Justice, L. B. Perry.

DENNIS MCNANNAY, (chairman), A. F. McKay, and Ed. R. French, compose the City Central Commitee, for the year commencing on last Tuesday—or until the next regular annual City Convention.

E. L. STRAUSS, Esq., has moved his fine jewelry store from Fifth street to his store building in the same block on Front street, next door to Davie's hardware store. This is a good location, and both branches of his business will now be carried on in his new place—jewelry and merchant tailoring.

THE Odd Fellows of Brainerd will give a grand ball about the 27th inst.

MISS JENNIE DEE would respectfully announce to the ladies, that after April 15th she will be in Brainerd with a new and well selected stock of Millinery Goods, and respectfully solicits their patronage.

April 2, 1874.

THREE LITTLE PICKERAL.—Our Brainerd Artist, Mr. Thompson, has finished an oil painting of three pickeral, hanging upon the wall, which are a little more natural and striking than the original fish. It makes a very pretty picture for the cabinet of a piscatorial character, and is valued at $25.00. The picture is to be raffled at Jo Lamont's this evening, we believe. Mr. T. has certainly done himself credit as a painter, in this production.

CERTAINLY, YOUNG MAN!—A young, honest-looking man came into our office the other day, and asked us if we would be kind enough to write a short treatise on farming. He had serious notions of "going west" and taking up a farm, and, as he had been a constant reader of our "family visitor" for a long time, he thought we might be able to give an article on all general topics of farming and scratch out a general set of rules by which he and other young beginners might be profitably governed. Of course, it is with great pleasure we give this young gentleman the benefit of our experience and vast knowledge of the all-important occupation of a farmer—anciently called "tiller of the soil;" now vulgarly termed "Granger."

The first move towards farming a new "claim," is to move onto it; the next, to enclose a small tract of land and put a roof on it; floors may be introduced, if the proprietor is pretty forehanded, otherwise they are a luxury that can be dispensed with indefinitely; there should be two apertures left in the walls—one for daylight to climb in at, the other to admit of ingress and egress on the part of the proprietor. The furniture necessary to a good, square start on a new farm, should be rather plain, to be in good taste, for the vanity of pomp and show should never be allowed to invade the natural simplicity of a new farm. A stool with three legs—two on the south and one on the north side—should suffice for that kind of paraphanalia; at first a little inconvinience may be experienced in trying to sit on it without tipping over; but any one that has sufficient talent to ride a bi-sicle velocipede, will very soon prove equal to riding one of these kind of chairs; they are less difficult than a one legged milking stool, by just two-thirds. The table, for a new farm, we suggest, should be a barrel, for several reasons; a salt barrel the open end up, and a board across the top; this is what we call a "rustic extension table;" the longer the board, the more extensive, you see; the inner recess of the table can be used for a wardrobe and cupboard, wherein to keep extra clothing and the family supplies away from the mice; by hugging your knees around the barrel when eating, too, the chair can be managed with great facility. A tin plate and cup, with horn-handle knife and fork, a tin pan and spoon, with which to handle the pork and gravy, should complete the table-ware for a new farm, unless, as we said before, the proprietor is forehanded; in which case a tin sugar-bowl might be added consistently, one painted brown, so that too great a contrast will not exist between the instrument and the contents—for if sugar is used at all, its hue should be somber; ten to twelve pounds for a dollar. All the supplies necessary for a new farm is a hundred weight of pork, a barrel of flour, a barrel of salt, a barrel of vinegar—to eat with "greens"—and a peck of beans; if the proprietor is forehanded, however, he might increase the quantity of vinegar and salt and add a half pound of pepper.

The next duty of the proprietor of a new farm in a new country, should be to kill a coon; this will wake him up to a sense of defensive and offensive operations; but the chief object to be gained by this, is to get the skin of the animal to nail up on the door; for if there is anything that seems good to us, and that ornaments the door of a house on a new farm to an appropriate perfection, it is a coon skin well stretched with the flesh side out, and nailed on the door.

The proprietor should next tear up the bosom of the virgin soil with a twenty-two-inch plow, hitched to a yoke of moderately stout oxen; at first he may grow impatient to do too much plowing in too short a time; we warn him, that unless patience is cultivated on a new farm, he will fail; if he breaks up fifteen or sixteen acres a day, at first—with one yoke of oxen and a twenty-two-inch plow—he is doing a good, reasonable business, and may safely estimate that he is succeeding as well as could be expected on a new farm. He should "plow deep while sluggards sleep"—say about twelve to fifteen inches in depth. When plowing, or "breaking" is done let him be particular as to the quality and variety of his seeds for planting; never permit an "old seed" on the place; the variety of corn known as "sod corn" is the best for the first year. If a great variety of crops is desirable on a limited area of ground, it would be best to mix the seed before sowing—say wheat, rye, barley, buckwheat flax, turnip and oats in equal parts, and put on about ten bushels to the acre. The winters being somewhat long in this country, the young farmer can be profitably employed during the snowy months in sorting out his crops and getting them ready for the spring markets. We advise the production of poultry and pigs, and cultivation of butter and beeswax—they are all saleable wares, and besides that the chickens and turkeys are great on grasshoppers and bugs—a hundred turkeys will alone sweep dozens and dozens of grasshoppers from existence in a single summer, while chickens are a tangible terror to streaked bugs that infest cucumber vines.

Hoping these few practical suggestions, from a man who has "been there" and knows, may prove valuable to a young farmer on a new "claim," we remain very truly, his loving adviser.

GRAND LITERARY CONCERT.

Wednesday Evening, April 8th.
At Bly's Hall.
PROGRAMME.

1 Overture by the Orchestra.
2 Salutatory, "Brainerd in Rhyme" by J. W. Steel.
3 Instrumental Music.
4 Reading by Wm. Reed.
5 A Song by L. N. Lowe.
6 Dutch Reading by Joe. Wilson.
7 Short Intermission.
8 Duet by Miss Mattie Squire and Mr. ——— Davis may be expected.
9 Recitation by Thos. Bason.
10 Lecture by Rev. E. S. Williams.
11 Valedictory "Brainerd Literary Society in Rhyme" by Thos. Bason.
12 Music and Close.

Admission 25 cents.

ENIGMA.

I AM composed of twenty-three letters:

My 13, 18, 11, 4, 14, 2, 8, is the delight of some.

My 5, 6, 20, 10, 19, 23, is a forerunner.

My 15, 22, 9, 4, 17, 12, 1, is a military title.

My 6, 16, 3, 21, 7, wrong.

My whole has created much excitement for several years, throughout the Northwest.

Go to Marshall & Campbell's for Gent's Furnishing Goods. 5-3

TRIBUNE office on Front street, over Schwartz' Store.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT
OF THE
County of Crow Wing
FROM
MARCH 1ST 1863, TO MARCH 1ST 1874

ASSETS.

Jail	$1,000 00
Wood on hand	75 00
Delinquent taxes of 1872 and years previous	786 55
Delinquent taxes of 1873	4,977 01
Total	$7,837 56

LIABILITIES.

County orders outstanding	$11,834 32
Liabilities over assets	$3,996 76

EXPENSES COUNTY JAIL.

R. Armstrong, work on jail	$9 00
Jno. Garrell, boarding prisoners, and fees	944 12
J. Thompson, blankets to sheriff	12 75
James Dunn, work on jail	12 75
A. McKenzie, Jailor's fees and other service	292 87
Geo. Whitney, services at jail	16 00
W. O. Whitney, jailor	322 00
" boarding prisoners	62 24
E. H. Davis, merchandise for jail	73 96
A. A. White, material and wood for jail	326 66
Ira Pierce, chimney to jail	6 00
Wm. Falconer, merchandise for jail	94 59
A. Mahlum, tenders of jail	26 00
H. A. Hills, merchandise for jail	67 10
H. B. Branson, work on jail	6 00
J. C. Waters, wood for jail	105 50
Ed. White, work on jail	240 00
Total	$1,831 00

ROADS AND BRIDGES.

Wm. Falconer, services and expenses for county road	$ 20 00
Henry Falconer, work on county road	20 00
R. K. Whitely, surveying county road	20 00
L. B. Perry, surveying county road	24 00
Wallace Hobbs, work on county road	32 50
Thos. Gilbert, work on county road	20 00
Peter Peato, work on county road	160 50
Total	$317 00

INCIDENTAL.

David Stewart, judge of election	$ 2 00
Deck for Probate Judge	35 00
W. H. Cutler, records from Morrison Co.	403 13
S. W. Thayer, Coroner's fees	42 00
Wm. Falconer, express charges	2 00
H. A. Hills, Merchandise for jail and paupers	134 60
Wm. Lytle, recording licenses and naturalization papers	160 00
Page & Wakefield, deck for Auditor	26 50
G. C. Marsh, copying records from Morrison county	196 56
C. W. Darling, transferring records	150 00
H. L. Gordon, county plats	98 00
W. W. Hartley, Coroner and Justice fees	23 35
Wm. Falconer, assessing	25 00
E. B. Lynde, rent for Clerk of Court's office	80 00
D. O. Preston, office rent (Probate Judge)	105 00
J. L. C. Miller, judge of election	3 00
D. Stewart, canvassing vote, county election	4 00
Wm. Ferris, on Clerk of Court Certificate	126 00
R. K. Whitely, plat of Shades Billiard Hall, and survey of jail lot	11 00
J. L. Stiles, judge of election	4 00
J. G. Cykendall, judge of election	3 00
F. X. Goulet, returns of births and deaths	18 00
D. O. Preston, express charges on books	1 75
Total	$1,658 69

POOR PURPOSES.

W. H. Leland, boarding paupers	$485 00
O. A. Canfield, passing pauper	35 00
Nile Hasson, boarding pauper	84 00
M. McMahon, " "	153 75
S. W. Thayer, burying "	14 00
A. D. Williams, attending "	31 00
E. H. Bly, goods for pauper	101 00
Cottage Hospital, boarding paupers	105 00
J. G. Bibb, boarding paupers	100 00
Wm. Falconer " "	123 25
Furnishing pauper to Canada	175 00
H. Whipple, boarding paupers	153 00
N. Gravelle, " "	85 65
Jos. Gravelle, " "	17 71
F. X. Goulet, " "	17 71
M. Baillargette nursing pauper	35 00
Joseph Dugale " "	162 56
A. N. Chase, going to St. Peter with insane	98 50
Total	$1,579 13

OFFICERS' SALARIES.

C. B. Sleeper, County Auditor	$1,178 62
G. W. Holland, County Attorney	800 00
Wallace Bass, County Commissioner	36 00
Wm. Falconer, " "	54 75
R. K. Whitely, " "	12 00
Total	$2,081 37

PRINTING, BOOKS, STATIONERY, FURNITURE, ETC.

Press Printing Co., books, etc.	$285 50
M. C. Russell, printing	171 75
Peake & Wakefield, paid for books	36 00
D. D. Merrill, books	18 00
J. Stahlman, stationery	27 50
W. W. Hartley, stationery and furniture	232 90
C. B. Sleeper, stationery, fuel, rent of office, light, express charges, etc.	261 58
Total	$1,032 93

JUSTICE AND DISTRICT COURT.

W. W. Hartley, Clerk of Court	$87 55
Fees of Grand and Petit Jurors	640 10
R. K. Whitely, witness fees	2 00
W. W. Hartley, " "	2 25
C. H. Elliott, " "	2 12
Ella McLellan, " "	4 12
L. A. Paddock, Deputy Sheriff	18 00
E. H. Bly, Hall rent for Court	125 00
S. B. Hamilton, witness fees	3 12
H. G. Cykendall, " "	3 12
W. H. Tull, Deputy Sheriff	12 00
J. Fouch, " "	6 00
Oscar Whitney, " "	48 00
F. McDonald, witness fees	7 64
Harry Wheeler, services in Wilson case	26 00
J. W. Steel, attorney appointed by Court	60 00
D. O. Preston, attorney appointed by Court	60 00
T. C. Rivers, Deputy Sheriff	18 00
E. W. Griffith, witness fees	42 40
F. H. Bunnell, " "	3 20
Wm. Sanders, " "	1 50
H. Cagarie, " "	70 90
L. C. Carrier, " "	11 30
H. Kennedy, Deputy Sheriff	21 00
W. Dawson, witness fees	77 40
J. McIntyre, " "	6 50
J. L. Starcher, " "	1 50
J. G. Wood, " "	19 30
Wm. Lytle, Clerk of Court	65 00
Jno. Garrell, Sheriff	522 00
H. H. Brannan, carpenter at District Court	22 50
Wm. Falconer, boarding witnesses	45 75
N. Watson, Wilson habeas corpus	50 00
G. W. Holland, disbursements in Wilson case	58 40
L. W. Collins, attorney defending Gilroy	30 00
Wm. Hall from, fees in Cowles case	50 72
Jno. C. Watson, witness, Gilroy case	2 50
A. A. Wolf, lumber for court room	25 50
O. K. Sipp, witness fees	1 50
Dan'l Swart, justice fees	15 35
A. N. Chase, services in State cases	13 35
O. O. Preston, fees Judge of Probate	10 00
James Rush, Deputy Sheriff	9 00
A. M. Kelby, witness fees	19 00
Jno. Walter, expense in Gilroy case	30 40
Jno. Grace, boarding Jno. Wilson	49 25
Jas. Finnigan, witness	3 12
P. L. Peterson, "	3 12
J. Olson, Deputy Sheriff	9 00
Jas. Garrell, sheriff's fees	160 80
A. N. Chase, services in Justice Court	5 00
Dan'l Swart, witness fees	19 00
A. F. McKay, attending Court	15 00
Total	$2,966 13

RECAPITULATION.

County Jail	$1,831 00
Roads and Bridges	317 00
Incidental	1,658 69
Poor Purposes	1,579 13
Officers' salaries	2,081 37
Printing, books, stationery, Furniture, etc.	1,032 93
Justice and District Court Expenses	2,966 13
Total Amount of Expenses	$11,827 05
Total amount of County Tax collected	
Total outstanding of March, 1873	$2,766 51
By county orders canceled and redeemed	2,766 51
Cash on hand	$ 0000 00

W. M. FALCONER,
Chairman Board of Co. Commissioners.
Attest, F. X. GOULET,
County Auditor.

Boneless Codfish, something new, at CANTWELL'S.

New Hams and Bacon at CANTWELL'S.

Halford Sauce and Durkee's Tomato Sauce at CANTWELL'S.

Grated Horse-Radish, in glass, at CANTWELL'S.

Granger Eggs and Chickens at CANTWELL'S.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to the firm of Gilbert & Falconer are respectfully requested to come forward and settle.

GILBERT & FALCONER.

Seeds TREE, FIELD GARden, Fruit, & Flower Seeds, reliable and standard. Catalogue free. Apply to L. B. WAIT, St. Paul, Minn. Seed store, Fourth Street. 7-6w

The Brainerd Tribune.

M. C. RUSSELL, Editor and Proprietor.

THE NEWS.

The Temperance Crusade.

The saloons in Worcester, Mass., are being visited by praying bands.

Mass temperance meetings continue to be held in Pittsburg.

Four saloons have surrendered at Newark, on at Ironton, and one at Circleville, N. J.

A praying band of thirteen women is assaulting the 70 saloons of Wilkesbarre, Pa.

A committee of the ladies' temperance union have waited on the board of excise commissioners, at Buffalo, with a request that all the liquor saloon licenses be revoked. The commissioners answered that they now had control of the saloons, and their condition would be much worse if the licenses were abolished.

The temperance question will enter into the municipal contest at Minneapolis this spring. The present mayor, Geo. A. Brackett, will probably be nominated by the law and order men.

A report comes from Wayne, Michigan, to the effect that parties in the saloon interest had committed several outrages on property of men who had taken a lively interest in the temperance war. The fruit trees of Dr. Alexander had all been girdled, and the skin had been peeled from the leg of one of his horses, shot others of his stock, and did other damage. An imported merino buck, belonging to Geo. Swift, formerly member of the legislature, had been shot, and nearly all the fruit trees in his orchard had been girdled.

New King of Hawaii.

Prince Kela Kena has been elected King of Hawai to succeed Lunillao. The elections were quiet. There was a serious riot threatened at Honolulu when the election of Kala Kena was made known. A mob attacked the court house, but men from the U. S. steamship Tuscarora and other war vessels landed, and quiet was soon restored. No bloodshed is reported.

Severe Hurricane.

A terrible hurricane, accompanied by thunder, lightning and rain, passed over Cairo, Ill., on March 18, causing immense destruction of property. The center of the storm seems to have passed south of Cairo. The drug store of Barclay Bros., Louis Herbert's restaurant, and John Andrew's clothing store, on the levee, had the roofs carried away, and the stocks considerebly damaged. The Sun newspaper office was damaged to such an extent that one issue of the paper had to be dispensed with. Several other small houses are reported demolished in the upper part of the city, but fortunately no loss of life is reported.

Accidents and Crimes.

Toledo is suffering from the depradations of burglars.

Elizabeth Gouchie, in Kent county, Ohio, cut her own throat and those of her two children. She died, but her two children will recover.

A special from Bellville, Ill., gives a brief account of a most horrible murder, supposed to have been committed three miles from Centreville, St. Clair Co., Ill. The victims were Fritz Stiltzenriter, aged about 80, his son and daughter-in-law, and two small children, one an infant. The throats of the two men were cut, and the skulls of the women and children crushed. Who committed the atrocious crime, or for what purpose, is not known. The murdered family lived on a farm three miles south of Centreville, on the road to St. Louis.

By the breaking of a mine car in a colliery at Phenix Park, Pa., ten men were precipitated to the bottom of the shaft. Three were killed instantly, and the remainder cut and bruised.

The East.

The democratic caucus of the Massachusetts legislature, nominated Judge B. R. Curtiss as the successor of Senator Sumner. Judge Curtis, for six years, was on the supreme court bench of the United States.

New York spends $33,000,000 odd annually for drinks at the retail price. New York runs 8,629 drinking places, which employ some 17,000 men, and cover some 90 acres of ground.

The office of the Adams Express Co. was robbed of the messenger's safe on March 17.

At the Desjardines Canal, at a spot where some sixty or seventy lives were lost by the breaking of the railroad bridge, a few years ago, the passenger bridge gave way on March 17, when three teams, with vehicles, which were crossing, with their occupants, fell into the canal, a distance of nearly seventy feet below. Strange to say, all the people escaped with their lives, though limbs were broken and other severe injuries received. Four horses were drowned, and two of the men were rescued just in time to save their lives.

The West.

The directors of the North Wisconsin Railway have decided to accept the St. Croix land grant, recently conferred on that company by the Wisconsin legislature. They have assurances of all the capital necessary to build the road from Hudson to Bayfield, and as soon as a few minor details between stockholders are arranged, the security demanded by the state will be deposited, and the work commenced.

The Michigan legislature has extended the time of the completion of the Marquette and Mackinaw Railroad till December 31, 1877.

Miss Ada C. Sweet has been confirmed as pension agent, at Chicago.

Advices from Indianapolis, Ind., state that all the miners in the Brazil section, except at one shaft, have struck against a reduction to a basis of seventy-five cents per ton from the old rate of one dollar and upward. A long strike is feared as both parties are determined.

A man named Kelly returned to his home, a few miles below Dubuque, Iowa, recently, after an absence of eight years, and found his wife married to another man, she believing that he was dead. She has two children by her last husband.

There was an increase of 9 4-10 in the area sown with winter wheat last fall in the states of Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, and Ohio, according to the information of the National Crop Reporter. In Illinois the increase is 22 per cent. Iowa shows a decrease of 19 per cent. to be attributed to the severe drought last summer. The condition of the fruit trees is good, and a fine yield is expected.

Augustus Davis, aged 15, with a rifle, shot and killed L. Smith, aged 11, at Stone Creek, a few miles from Plattsmouth, Nebraska. Jimmie Smith, aged 6, brother of the deceased, was the only witness.

At Waseka, Wis., two Indians have been found dead, recently, with mangled bodies. It is reported that five more had been found previously. Investigation has commenced, and the guilty parties will be brought to justice if possible.

The dead body of a man was found near Independence, Mo., a few days since, and proved to be one of Allan Pinkerton's detectives who had been trailing the robbers of the Iron Mountain railroad train at Gad's Hill, Mo., in January last. He is supposed to have been killed either by the Youngers or the James brothers, or by some of their friends living in Clay county, who obtained knowledge of him in some unknown manner.

At Large.

The new postage law brings a considerable revenue from the New York advertising agencies. George P. Rowell & Co.'s quarterly bills upon newspapers received exceed $430; those of S. M. Pettengill & Co. are above $350, while the agencies of W. J. Carlton, Bates & Locke, W. W. Sharpe, and others, most prominent, pay from one-fourth to one-eighth of the above amounts.

The New York Tribune states that the new 10-cent stamp does not seem to find much favor with the mercantile community. Its close resemblance to the 50-cent stamp has of late occasioned many a small loss to the retail dealer. This similarity has been taken advantage of by designing persons, and instances are given where the 10-cent stamp has been raised to the 50-cent stamp. One was shown a Tribune reporter, upon the front side of which had been carefully pasted the "50 cents" from a revenue cigar stamp, and which seemed exactly to fit in the place of the "10 cents" of the new stamp.

In the circuit court, at Lafayette, Ind., on Friday, Judge Vinton decided the great railroad case in favor of the defendants, sustaining the lease of the west end of the Muncie and Bloomington Railroad to the Toledo, Wabash and Western Railroad Company. An appeal will undoubtedly be taken to the supreme court.

Matt Morgan, of Frank Leslie's Paper, is engaged upon a colossal historical painting representing the last hours of the late Charles Sumner. All the figures introduced are portraits of distinguished men.

A Garnier, the billiardist, in answer to the challenge of Rudolphe, says he will play in New York a game of three-ball French carome, 500 points up, for $1,000 a side, with 2⅜ ball, on five by ten table, the game to take place three weeks after his match with Maurice Daley for the championship of the world.

The ticket agents of the Erie Railway have for a long time suspected that a system of fraud was practiced by conductors, by which the company was losing large sums, and last week four conductors of the Delaware division and three residents of Port Jervis were arrested and put under bonds, on suspicion of being implicated. It is said that the practice has been for certain conductors to retain, without punching, a portion of the tickets collected by them to deliver to persons outside, who sold them to be used again.

The jury in the case of the Grant Parish prisoners have brought in a verdict of not guilty as to Alfred C. Leavis. The jury announcing that there was no possibility of an agreement as to the others, they were discharged by Judge Wood, and the prisoners were remanded, on the motion of the District Attorney, who announced that there were other indictments against them.

Washington.

The President nominated David Reed for United States Attorney for the western district of Pennsylvania; Fred. Baggs, Collector of the Internal Revenue for the Sixth District of Indiana; Fred. H. Schenck, of Indiana, Consul at Barcelona; Elijah Eastou, Postmaster at Owatonna, Minn.

The Senate confirmed the following nominations: Thomas B. Van Buren, of New Jersey, Consul at Kanagwa; Edward F. Dunne, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Arizona.

The notorious filibuster steamer Edgar Stewart has been seized at Baltimore, by order of the government authorities at Washington.

Foreign.

Thomas Meagher, father of Gen. Thomas Francis Meagher, died March 2 at Bray, Ireland. Deceased was a colleague of Daniel O'Connell in the representation of Waterford.

The Argentine Government having received some formidable armaments from Europe, Brazil has become jealous, and is arming her provinces on the frontiers of the former country and Uruguay.

Sir Garnet Wolseley will go to Malta or Aden to meet the remains of Dr. Livingston and accompany them to England.

The Great Lakes.

An elaborate report compiled by D. Farrand Henry, of this city, upon the great lakes, contains the following:

"The length of Lake Superior, on a curved line, is 400 miles; greatest breadth, 150 miles; area, 38,875 square miles; area of water-shed, 51,630 square miles; discharge at outlet, 90,783 cubic feet per second; length of coast line, 1,700 miles; temperature of surface water in summer, 50 to 55 deg. Fahrenheit; of the water below 200 feet, 39 deg.; deepest sounding, 1,014 feet; elevation of its surface above the sea, 600 feet. The length of Lake Michigan is 320 miles; greatest breadth—from Milwaukee to Grand Haven—84 miles; area; 20,838 square miles; area of water-shed, 36,678 square miles; deepest sounding, 870 feet; elevation of surface, 578 feet. Lake Huron's length is 250 miles; greatest breadth, 100 miles; area, 29,383 square miles; area of water-shed, 31,712 square miles; discharge at outlet 233,726 cubic feet per second; deepest sounding, 702 feet; elevation of surface, 578 feet. Lake Erie—length, 240 miles; greatest breadth, 60 miles; area, 9,522 square miles; area of water-shed, 21,371 square miles; discharge at outlet, 242,894 cubic feet per second; deepest sounding, 204 feet; elevation of surface above the sea, 565 feet. Lake Ontario—length, 180 miles; greatest breadth, 55 miles; area, 7,181 square miles; and of water-shed, 21,587 square miles; discharge at outlet, 325,839 cubic feet per second; greatest depth, about 600 feet; elevation of surface above the sea, 232 feet. The grand total of the lakes (including several smaller lakes) is 168,631 square miles; of the water-sheds, 175,571 square miles, showing that our lakes constitute about one-third of all the fresh water on the globe."

A Communication from Judge Peckham.

Judge Peckham, late of the Court of Appeals in Albany, who went down with the Ville du Havre, has written, or, rather, his spirit, has indited a letter to J. W. Edmunds, which is published in the Boston Banner of Light. The spirit waives all ceremony, which, considering that his last acquaintance with the flesh was in the briny element, is an easy and graceful mode of putting it. During his dying moments he lived his life over again, as is usual in such cases. He was greeted in the life immortal by many of his old associates, "and if on earth attractions have the power to charm away sorrow, how much more enchanting are they here, where the scene has changed so quickly, so gloriously that we do not murmur at the haste." In the realms above he has learned that the officer in charge of the Ville du Havre was so entirely deceived in regard to the distance between the Loch Ern and his own vessel that no power on earth, or that which the spirit world could bring to bear, could have prevented it. Hence the collision was inevitable. This is what you might call a "spirit from the vasty deep."

Simple Method Sharpening of Razors.

It has long been known that the simplest method of sharpening a razor is to put it for half an hour in water to which one-twentieth of its weight of muriatic or sulphuric acid has been added, then lightly wipe it off, and, after a few hours, set it on a hone. The acid here supplies the place of a whetstone by corroding the whole surface uniformly, so that nothing further than a smooth polish is necessary. The process never injures good blades, while badly hardened ones are frequently improved by it, although the cause of this improvement remains unexplained.

Spring.

Thou of the sunny head,
With lilies garlanded,
And bosom fairer than the blown sea foam;
O Spring, in what waste desert dost thou stay
Whilst leaves await thy presence to unfold?
The branches of the lime with frost are gray,
And all imprisoned is the crocus' gold.
Come, sweet enchantress, come!

Though, in the sombre west,
Thy star hath lit its crest,
Pale Phosphor, fronting full the withered moon—
Thy violets are sepultured in snow,
Thy daisies twinkle never in the sun,
Rude winds throughout the ruined forests blow,
And silent is the dove's melodious moan.
Enchantress, hasten soon!

White are the country ways,
And white and tangled maze,
Loved of the oxlip and [illegible]
Bare shakes the poplar on the sullen ridge,
Cold glooms the spectral mill above the flood;
Hoarse torrents stream beneath the iron bridge,
And lightnings strike the darkness of the wood.
Enchantress, bless our clime.

No bloom of dewy morn,
No freshly-blossomed thorn,
Gladdens the importunings of sad eyes;
The day wastes drearily, through cloud and sleet;
Over the watered meadows and stark vales
The night comes down impetuous and fleet,
And ships and cities shiver in the gales.
O fair enchantress, rise.

Arise, and bring with thee
The rathe bud for the tree,
The healing sunshine for the trampled grass;
Loose tendrils for the boughs which bless the eaves,
And shield the swallows in the rainy hours,
The pendent flames which the laburnum heaves,
And faint scents for the wind-stirred lilac flowers.
Enchantress, breathe and pass.

Men knew, and kissed, of old,
Thy garment's glittering fold—
Thy radiant footprint on the meade or waste;
Earth kindled at thine advent—altars burned,
And ringing cymbals bade the hearth be gay;
But now, in sunless solitudes inurned,
Thou leav'st the world unto reluctant day.
O haste, enchantress, haste!

The lark shall sing again,
Between the sun and rain.
The brown bee through the flowered pastures roam.
There shall be music in the frozen woods,
A gurgling carol in the rushing brook,
An odor in the half-unbosomed bud,
And dancing fox-gloves in each forest nook.
Come, enchantress, come!

SAVED FROM A WRECK.

It seemed like a presentiment! At least there was something very remarkable in the fact that my countrymen and fellow-travelers, Dons Manuel and Domingo, should have altered their plans at the last moment of leaving England, and, instead of returning to Peru, their native country, via New York, as had been previously agreed, decided to go by the more direct way of Jamaica. A thousand miles more or less is no consideration with such travelers as we Peruvians are, and although New York is a little out of the way to South America, my friends did not hesitate on that account.

However, it was finally arranged that my companions should return to Peru by the Jamaica route, and that I should meet them there after touching at New York, where my wife and family were residing. Some valuable works of art which my fellow-travelers had purchased during our ten months' wanderings in Europe were to have gone with me to New York; but here again the finger of fate seemed to interpose, and labeled them "glass, with care," direct to Peru by sailing vessel.

I wished afterward that I had adopted the same precaution with regard to a small leather bag that contained various presents for my friends in South America, besides many little treasures which I had collected abroad.

I had my choice of steamers for New York, as two were about leaving Liverpool for that city. Both had alike the reputation for fast sailing and cabin comforts, but the fates decreed that I should embark in the one which I will call the Arcadia, and I accordingly secured a berth in the saloon department of that vessel.

I am an old traveler, and therefore nothing was omitted in my list of requirements for a voyage by sea, except a life-preserver, which I had intended purchasing in London, but which, in the hurry of my departure, I had forgotten. My portmanteau was, as usual, stowed away in a place in my cabin; the leather bag, containing my money and valuables, was consigned to the care of the purser; and before I retired to rest an old sock—in which I was accustomed at night to place my silver match-box, my gold repeater, a couple of valuable rings, and a little loose cash,—was deposited under my pillow. Like most of my countrymen, I am an inveterate smoker, and I had not forgotten to provide myself with a goodly supply of cigars of the best brand, together with a few packets of cigarettes.

The Arcadia was not altogether what I should have considered a clean and perfectly sound vessel; indeed this was her last voyage before putting into dock for repairs. However, I slept and fed well, and the speed at which we started left nothing to be desired.

We steamed out of Liverpool, and on the following day we had already made 344 miles. On the next day, however, we were caught in a severe gale, which rent some of our sails and retarded our progress. But on the morrow there was a calm, and, notwithstanding this, we made only 244 miles. On the next day with the the weather still in our favor, we made but 180 miles.

The passengers now began to comment on the tardiness of the steamer, and many were of opinion that the coal supply was deficient; and, when, three days later, we found that we had made at the rate of 169 miles per 24 hours, we twitted our captain good-naturedly about the stingy allowance of coal.

We were a merry party and fraternized much during the tedious voyage, occupying the hours by playing chess, cards, and other games, and laying wagers as to the number of miles the steamer was making per day. Three of the saloon passengers, whom I will call Mr. Welch, Mr. Sant, and Mr. Kew, were especially friendly with me—perhaps because I was a foreigner, and contributed largely toward maintaining the hilarity on board. They also helped me to consume the good Havana cigars which I had brought.

On the last day of that memorable month, the fact could not be concealed that the Arcadia was either deficient in coal or that the supply was of inferior quality; and, upon the morning of that day, it was resolved to make for Halifax. At 12 o'clock our captain gave orders to change the route, and put the ship's head northward.

It was only after the mischief was done we learned that the steamer had at that moment already passed Halifax by 160 miles. The Arcadia was then sailing at the rate of 13 miles an hour.

My friend, Mr. Welch, whose destination was South Carolina, signified his intention to land at Halifax, and continue the rest of the journey to New York by rail. He advised me to follow his example; and, as I was heartily tired of the sea voyage, I willingly agreed to accompany him. Other passengers joined in our scheme, and discussed with us the best means of carrying out our intentions. But man proposes, and——

I retired early to my berth on the evening of a very memorable day, and slept somewhat more soundly than I had hitherto done. The thought of awakening on the morrow off Halifax, and continuing the journey by land, was a delightful prospect and I soon began to dream that I was already in the bosom of my anxious family.

Long before daybreak, I was awoke by a strange noise, as of machinery in violent motion. At first I took no notice of the sounds, for I attributed them to the hauling up of cinders from the furnaces below. Upon their being repeated, however, I threw a few clothes on, tripped into my slippers, and entered the saloon.

Here I was met by one of the stewards, who, in great agitation, informed me that the steamer had struck. I thought at first he was only joking, and that he meant the vessel was "on a strike," and refused to go on. His real meaning was, however, soon made clear to my understanding. The steamer had struck on a rock, and was fast sinking.

My first impulse was to fly to a high part of the vessel, and trust in Providence for my deliverance. Recollecting, however, that death from exposure to the cold was said to be even worse than death from drowning. I returned to my cabin for my heavy overcoat and traveling cap. I bethought me, also of the old sock, which, besides my watch, rings, and match-box, contained twenty-three sovereigns; and thinking these might prove of service, I gathered them together and stuffed them hurriedly into a pocket of my warm overcoat, where I found also a few cigars and cigarettes. There was no time for any further preparations. The water was already rushing in torrents down the cabin stairs, and before I had time to reach the deck my feet were soaking.

The scene on deck was indeed terrible. The door of the steerage cabin had been thrown open, and the emigrants were pouring out like ants from a besieged ant-hill. Women and children were running wildly about in all directions, and rent the night air with their shrieks and piteous cries for help.

Alighting on the quarter-deck, I encountered Mr. Sant in the act of putting on a life-preserver, and near the wheel-house the last of the signal rockets were being fired.

Instinctively, or, as if inspired, I clung to the broad wooden rail on the starboard or right hand side of the steamer; for in that moment the vessel suddenly heaved over, and threatened to precipitate me into the sea. I now fell on my knees, and, in my native tongue, implored heaven to forgive my sins, and protect my wife and children.

I fancied that I saw my dear family standing in the centre of the deck before me, and the illusion was only dispelled when I observed that the deck was so much out of the horizontal that I was forced to hold fast to the rail in order to save myself from falling forward. I clung for very life to an iron bar of this rail, for the steamer had keeled over again, and stood, as they say, "on her beam ends."

I thought it very strange that she should have fallen with her deck seawards, when the wind and waves were inclining her to the land side. If, however, she had fallen in the opposite direction, every soul on board must have perished.

Wearied with grasping the rail of the steamer, I ventured to change my place of safety, and, for this purpose, moved cautiously toward the hurricane deck, which is the highest part of a vessel. Seating myself upon one of the iron props of the bridge, I felt the waves as they dashed against the upturned hull, and I heard a voice repeatedly cry:

"Take to the rigging!"

I, however, did dot avail myself of the invitations, for I could observe indistinctly that the rigging was black with people, and it was, besides, difficult to approach that quarter of the steamer. Light was issuing from the port-holes of the hull beneath me; but this was presently extinguished by the waves, as they dashed into the little windows. I soon became thoroughly drenched with water, my feet and hands were benumbed with the cold, and my slippers and I parted company.

Suddenly I lost my hold and fell. I now thought that my end was indeed approaching; but by a miracle I presently found myself seated saddle-fashion on the wooden rail below. Again I thanked heaven for my safety, and, as I was uttering the words, a voice near me asked whether I was addressing him.

"No," I replied, "I am praying, and I recommend you to do the same."

"What language do you pray in?" he inquired.

"In Spanish," I answered; "but you can pray in your own language, you know."

The waves still beat with fury against the wreck, and now daylight began to appear, and gradually revealed the objects around. Land—so dreaded a few hours since, so welcome now—was distinctly visible. The steamer appeared to be enclosed in a kind of semicircle of land.

In turning my head I beheld my friend Mr. Sant, whom I found to be the person who had last addressed me.

"Are you Senor C——?" he asked.

"I am."

"Oh! we are lost!—we are lost!" he exclaimed.

"On the contrary," I said, "I believe we are saved."

"Saved for the moment only!" he said.

The poor fellow had neither hat nor coat on, and was shivering with cold, water was dripping from his head, and his watch-guard hung loosely from his waistcoat. He told me he had offered a sailor fifty dollars for a life preserver; and that the man had accepted his offer, but Mr. Sant's hands were so benumbed with cold that he was unable to extract the coin from his fob. The sailor, therefore, helped himself The life-preserver, however, proved of no service; nor had a life-preserver been of any use to George, one of the attendants of the saloon, who had tried to avail himself of one. His body was then floating under my gaze.

By the blessed light of day I could now calculate the distance which separated us from land. The nearest point of terra firma was a large rock about twenty-five miles from the prow-head; beyond the rock was a small island, which I afterwards learned was called Gull's Head. Many of the shipwrecked passengers and crew were already assembled on the rock, while others had reached the island.

One unfortunate, whom, from the color of his skin, I judged to be an engine-stoker, lay groaning and making horrible contortions with his body near my feet. The poor fellow, like many others, lost his reason. Fearing that in his paroxysms he might clutch at my feet, and that we should both roll overboard, I thought it advisable to shift my quarters.

This was easier said than done, for I had lost the use of my feet. I however contrived to crawl on my knees along the edge of the hull, holding on to the rail of the steamer, and pausing here and there till I found an opportunity to pass, for the overturned hull was crowded with people.

During one of these pauses, I bethought me of indulging in the luxury of a cigar. I remembered that my matches were safely deposited in my sock, and I thought that perhaps the water had not penetrated the silver box which held them. I accordingly extracted a cigar from a pocket of my overcoat, and placed it in my mouth. Alas! the cigar was soaking with sea water. I allowed it to fall from my lips, while I continued my journey, which was of more vital importance.

When I had reached the centre of the steamer, I observed a boat coming from the island. It appeared to be extremely small, was without seats, and the fishermen by whom it was manned seemed to be afraid to approach too near to the wreck. A few minutes later a larger boat put off from the island, and came to the rescue of the passengers. I had now reached that part of the steamer where the mizzen-mast is situated, and here I found my friends Welch and Kew. We exchanged greetings, and I placed myself literally, and not in the Spanish sense of the expression, "at their feet."

While conversing with my friends, some of the passengers and crew were being removed from the wreck by means of a rope, which, as I afterward heard, had, by the bravery of the first officer, been connected with the rock, and again from the latter to the island. Those who availed themselves of this means of escape were sadly beaten by the waves, which rose higher and higher every moment. Many of them, exhausted by their efforts, and frost-bitten by the cold, fell dead on their way along the rope.

Among those who remained on the hull, awaiting the approach of the boats, were not a few who went raving mad, slipped into the sea, and were drowned.

My frozen hands and feet rendered me powerless to leave the wreck by means of the rope, so I made no effort in that direction. Occasionally I raised my wet overcoat from my chest, to see if my body continued warm, and I was thankful at the sight of the vapor which it dispelled.

The boats now began to venture nearer to the wreck, and those who had not lost the use of their hands and feet passed onward toward the bow of the steamer, and in turn descended by a rope and embarked.

Unable to follow their example, I patiently awaited some other means for my rescue. Presently the larger boat returned from the island for the fifth time, and passed from the stern end of the steamer under that part of the hull where I was stationed. As it approached, I let go my hold, and, trusting to good fortune that I might hook on to the boat by an arm or a leg, I slipped downward over the hull. My left leg missed its mark, and it was then, I think, that I received the two gashes in my foot, which for many long weeks afterward I retained. I fell into the water, but in doing so I contrived to hook on by an arm to the gunwale of the boat, and in this condition and by swimming a little with my legs, I was soon hauled in, head foremost, by one of the fishermen.

By this means I was safely landed. My feet were greatly swollen and bleeding, especially my left foot; but all sense of feeling had long since deserted me, and I experienced no pain.

Two men supported me in their arms, and endeavored to restore animation. While they were doing so, I clasped my hands, and thanked God aloud for my deliverance. One of the fishermen, who, of course did not understand the language in which my words were uttered, called to a messmate and said:

"I say, Johnny here's a fellow talking gibberish. He's gone clean mad, you bet."

I soon assured him, in his own language, that I was in my right senses.

"Well, then, Johnny," said he, "take off your socks, if you have any with you, and put them on this gentleman, for he can't walk, and that's a fact."

Johnny obeyed, and afterward assisted one of the men to convey me to the house of a fisherman named O'Brien, who was also the magistrate of Gull's Head island. O'Brien and his daughter were very kind, and provided tea and bread and butter for all the passengers who arrived at their humble dwelling. We numbered upward of a hundred and fifty at the fisherman's house; but we were all men, for every woman had perished in the wreck; and only one boy, a lad of fourteen years, was saved.

While the tea was preparing, I succeeded in drying by the fire and smoking one of my cigarettes. After the six or seven hours of suffering which I had just experienced, that little cigarette was a luxury ever to be remembered. And shall I ever forget the hot cup of tea and the bread and butter which followed?

After partaking of this (as it then seemed to me) princely fare, the captain of the ill-fated steamer walked in, and finding how many ship-wrecked people were billeted on O'Brien, he said that some of us must be removed to another locality. I and some others were accordingly removed to another house, where we again regaled with tea and bread and butter. But after partaking of that second meal I was shown into a bedroom, where I soon threw off my damp clothes and retired for the night!

On the following morning, at 3 o'clock, came the welcome news that some steamers for our conveyance from the island had arrived from Halifax, and shortly afterward we were on board one, called the Delta.

In due course we landed at Halifax, and some of our party were taken to a hotel in that city. There I was visited by Dr. J——, who examined my feet, and declared that my left foot showed signs of gangrene. Dr. ——, another physician of the town, differed, and undertook to cure my feet by the application of carbonized oil.

Next day, accompanied by my friends and fellow-sufferers, Welch and Kew, and a servant who had been saved from the wreck, I left Halifax in a small steamer, and. after a peaceful voyage of two nights and a day, landed at Portland.

Thanks to the carbonized oil prescribed by Dr. W——, the much dreaded gangrene never appeared.

From Portland we went on to Boston. My servant Tom, assisted by some laborers, who willingly volunteered their services, carried me in turn from the steamer to the train. In a few short hours we arrived at Boston, and after breakfasting at the Tremont house, where payment was generously refused by the landlord, I bade adieu to my friends Welch and Kew, whose destination was in another direction, and took the train for New York and home.

A good wife is like a snail. Why? Because she keeps in her own house. A good wife is not like a snail. Why? Because she does not carry all on her back. A good wife is like a town clock. Why? Because she keeps good time. A good wife is not like a town clock. Why? Because the does not speak so loud that all the town can hear her.

The fat men had a ball at Taunton on Thursday night, to which no man that weighed less than 200 pounds was admitted, and 100 couples were present. Alfred Briggs, of Attleboro, weight 328, was the biggest man on the floor.

Congressional Summary.

Senate.

Wednesday, March 18.—A memorial of Mrs. D. S. Lawrence was read, asking that a band of praying temperance women be received at the bar of the Senate, and that the present occupant of the chair and Senators Chandler and Sprague be appointed a committee to receive them.——Bills were introduced, for the relief of certain settlers on Indiana lands, and providing for opening and improving water routes.——The Senate then considered private bills until the expiration of the morning hour, when the discussion of the bill to equalise the distribution of currency was resumed. After listening to remarks from Senator Davis, the bill was laid aside, and the army appropriation bill taken up. Mr. West explained the provisions of the bill, saying the total amount appropriated for the support of the army for the present fiscal year was $31,798,000. The arsenal estimates for the next fiscal year were $34,543,000, but under the revised estimates they were reduced to $34,218,000. The House had voted for $28,301,916. The Senate committee on appropriations had reduced this amount to $27,733,500, or $4,062,500 less than the amount appropriated for the present fiscal year. The reduction was mainly due to the curtailment of the army from 30,000 to 25,000 men. The bill was then read, and nearly all of the first section agreed to as reported by the committee, the amendments all being concurred in. Without final action the Senate adojurned.

House.

The session was devoted exclusively to debate on the bill to regulate inter-state railroad commerce, on which subject several written speeches were delivered. The evening session was given to the bill to revise and consolidate the statutes. The attendance at both sessions was very small, and the proceedings devoid of any general interest.

Senate.

Thursday, March 19. — Bills were passed, amendatory to the act to prevent the extermination of fur-bearing animals in Alaska; in relation to the employment of aliens as engineers and pilots; and appropriating $10,000 to pay the expenses of the joint committee to investigate into management of affairs in the District of Columbia. Bills on the calendar were next considered, and at the expiration of the morning hour the army appropriation bill was considered. Pending the discussion, the Senate went into executive session and adjourned.

House.

The consideration of the bill to promote the mining resources of the United States was resumed, but in a short time the bill was laid aside and the legislative appropriation bill taken up, and occupied the remainder of the session.

Senate.

Friday, March 20.—A number of resolutions and memorials were presented and read.——The committee on public lands reported unfavorably on the Senate bill granting aid to the Atlantic and Great Western canal company, and the committee was discharged from its further consideration.——At the expiration of the morning hour the army appropriation bill was taken up and passed, with amendments.——The fortification bill was then considered and passed.——After a brief executive session the Senate adjourned.

House.

After a reading of the journal, Mr. Dawes, chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means, gave notice that on Monday next he should ask the privilege of bringing before the House the consideration of what is generally termed the $400,000,000 bill, with the understanding that amendments reducing that amount would be admitted. He should himself introduce an amendment to limit the amount to $356,000,000. The Georgia contested election case came up but went over. The House next considered business in relation to the District of Columbia. Adjourned.

Senate.

Monday, March 23.—A bill was reported from the committee on territories, providing for the formation of Pembina Territory. The new territory is to consist of that portion of Dakota which lies north of the 46th parallel, embracing an area of about 71,000 square miles. The line of the Northern Pacific Railroad runs through the proposed territory about midway.——Sherman introduced a bill to provide for the reissue of United States notes and for free banking, which limits the maximum of legal tender circulation to $382,000,000. He stated that he intended it as a compromise measure.——Several resolutions and memorials were presented.——At the expiration of the morning hour the consideration of the House bill to equalize the distribution of currency was resumed, and continued until adjournment.

House.

Under a call of States, bills were introduced and referred—Repealing the law which forbids payment for army supplies, etc., to persons not known to be opposed to the rebellion; for the relief of settlers on railroad lands; also granting lands to minors; also to endow an astronomical observatory and school; authorizing the Washington, Cincinnati & St. Louis Railroad Company to extend and construct its line into the District of Columbia, and through West Virginia, Ohio and Illinois to St. Louis, and a branch road from some point of it in Indiana to Chicago, and giving the guarantee of the United States on its first mortgage bonds, as sections of the road are completed.——The Senate bill appropriating $10,000 for expenses of the District of Columbia Investigating Committee, was passed.——The $400,000,000 currency bill was then taken up. The House rejected an amendment offered by Mr. Robberts, restricting the issue to $382,000,000—yeas 74, nays 172—after which the original bill was ordered engrossed by a vote of 167 yeas and 80 nays, and passed—yeas 168, nays 77.——A bill making appropriations for the removal of the Kickapoo and other Indians from the borders of Texas and New Mexico to the Indian Territory, was next taken up and passed, after which the House adjourned.

Mr. Sumner's First Days in Washington.

Senator Sumner recently met an old friend who enjoyed the honor of being the only man in Washington to live in the same house with him when in 1834 the future Senator first visited the Capitol. This was Dr. Blake, President of the Metropolitan Bank, and a member of the Board of Public Works. Dr. Blake was boarding at the house of Mrs. Peyton, at the corner of the avenue and Four-and-a-half street, when young Sumner, tall, fresh, and Bostonian, came there to lodge. He had just seen the first slave on the stage road between Baltimore and Washington, regarded him with wonder, curiosity and indignation. Before the guests had made up their minds what kind of a youth he might be, the Marshal of the Supreme Court stopped with his carriage and left the cards of all the Justices for him, a formality which made no little talk. This courtesy was due to Judge Story, whose pupil Mr. Sumner was, and who had advised him at the termination of his studies to attend the Supreme Court and get the spirit and association of that Tribunal. At that time all judges messed together in Mrs. Carter's boarding-house, which was recently torn down to extend the Capitol grounds. They drank what was called the Judicial Madeira, an importation direct from Madeira Island, which George Washington ordered through the port of Alexandria, and seeing the world-famed name in the order, the shippers picked out quite a superior pipe. When Gen. Washington died, his nephew Bushrod, who was a Justice in the Supreme Court, continued the annual order, and next John Marshall fell heir to it, so that to hear Mr. Sumner relate the sequence gave one a kind of musty hilarity such as might have been felt at the tomb of Washington, if the old General had got up by request to join us in a glass of the original importation. The Justices of the court used their dining-table for consultation, and after they had messed together the cloth was removed, and with nothing but the Judicial Maderia and the laws of the Republic, they tempered justice with mercy in their decisions.—*N. Y. Graphic.*

Woman's Rights in Massachusetts.

The most notable feature of the March elections, says the Boston Advertiser, is the election of women by a large number of towns in central and western Massachusetts to places on school committees. The recent discussion of the subject in Boston excited a very general interest, and many towns took this method of expressing their opinion about it at the first opportunity. There are few towns in the state where women are not ready to undertake the supervision of the schools with intelligence and enthusiasm. In many of them all the teachers are women, and all the pupils children, the older girls and boys finishing their education away from home. In such towns the school committee service seems to belong especially to women, if any can be found who are willing to undertake it.

The largest room in the world—The room for improvement.

What Is in a Name!

Once on a time when jewels flashed
And rose-hid fountains softly splashed,
And all the air was sweet and bright
With music, mirth, and deft delight,
A courtly dame drew, laughing, near
A poet, greatest of his time,
And chirped a question in his ear
With voice like silver bells in chime:
"Good Mr. Shakspeare! I would know
The name the lady bore, in sooth,
Ere thine? Nay, little while ago
It was—for still we mark her youth—
Some high-born name, I trow, and yet,
Though I have heard it, I forget."
Then answered he
With dignity,
Yet blithely—as the hour was gay—
"Ann Hathaway."

"And good, sweet sir," the dame pursued,
Too fair and winsome to be rude,
"'Tis whispered here, and whispered there,
By doughty knights and ladies fair,
That—that—well, that her loyal lord
Doth e'en obey her slightest will.
Now, my good spouse, I pledge my word,
Though loving well, doth heed me ill.
How art thou conquered? Prithee tell,"
She pleaded, with her pretty frown;
"I fain would know what mighty spell
Can bring a haughty husband down."
She ceased, and raised her eager face
To his with laughing, plaintive grace.
Then answered he,
With dignity,
Yet blithely—as the hour was gay—
"Ah, lady, I can only say,
"Ann hath a way."

Wit Humor and Wisdom.

A chest protector—A good padlock.

Almost submerged—The New York sinking fund.

A lady asked a veteran which rifle carried the maximum distance. The old chap answered: The minne, mum.

One of the jurymen in the Tichborne case lost $10,000 by a dishonest cashier while he was engaged upon the case.

Parson Brownlow calls Revels "a high-nosed nigger, without an honest kink in his wool."

"If a naughty girl should hurt you, like a good girl you would forgive her, wouldn't you?" "Yes, marm," she replied. "if I couldn't catch her."

"How 'ard it is to be a Christian soldier—and not get caught at it," is the way the St. Louis Times parts its jokes in the middle.

If a naughty girl should hurt you, like good girl you would forgive her, wouldn't you?" "Yes, marm," she replied. "If I couldn't catch her."

So you are taking lessons in drawing, Sallie?" "Yes, and the teacher says I am an apt pupil, as I draw more inferences, insinuations, admirers and allowance than any girl in the academy.

Rector's daughter (to Sunday scholar)—"Oh, you have an elder brother; well, how old is he?" School boy—"Dunno, miss, but he's just started o'swearing."

An exchange observes that "the people of Cape Cod are noted for their longevity." Yes, their "sands" are rather too many to run out soon.—*Brooklyn Argus.*

Teacher to little boy—"Well, my boy, do you know your tables?"

Pupil—"Yes, ma'am. Breakfast table, dinner table and supper table. The boy goes to the head of the holiday class.

For pure grit and long continued patience you want to go to Toledo. A young lady in that town has sent 146 pieces of poetry to a newspaper; and though all have been rejected she is struggling with another.

A little girl asked a minister, "Do you think my father will go to heaven?" "Why, yes, my child. Why do you ask?" "Well, because if he don't have his own way there, he won't stay long, I was thinking."

It is stated that the heart of a man weighs about nine ounces, that of a woman about eight. As the age increases, a man's heart grows heavier and a woman's lighter; some girls lose theirs at 16.

A young man, who labored on a farm taking care of cattle, was awakened in a revival meeting and asked the prayers of the church, remarking that his heart was as hard as the bottom of an old haystack!

Americans who pay $1,000 a head for about 20,000 useless soldiers may envy the fortune of Sir Garnet Wolseley, who has hired all the soldiers he wants from two African kings at $50 per 1,000.

A Pekin (Ill.) woman was asked by her preacher if her husband feared the Lord. She replied: "Fear Him? Bless you, he is so feared of Him that he never goes out Sunday without taking his gun along with him.

What is the difference between a gauze dress and a drawn tooth? Answer: But, really, we hope it will be well understood that we didn't guess it; and still better understood that the conundrum is none of ours. Because one is too thin and the other is tooth out.

"Well, neighbor, what is the most Christian news this morning?" said a gentleman to a friend. "I have just bought a barrel of flour for a poor woman." "Just like you! Who is it you have made happy by your charity this time?" "My wife."

The Daily Herald of Duluth is dead. Weekly receipts, $20; weekly expenditures, $80. As the Philadelphia Ledger might say:

Daily Herald, thou hast left us
And thy loss we deeply feel;
But some fool will start another—
We can all our sorrows heal.
—*Courier-Journal.*

A poet who understands life as well as letters, has made to a bride the present of a broom with this pathetic sentiment:

This trifling gift accept of me,
Its use I would commend;
In sunshine use the bushy part,
In storms, the other end.

One of the chubby class of four-year-old Sunday school scholars, when talked to by his teacher about the sins and frailties of the body, was asked, "Well, my son, what have you besides this sinful body?" Quick as thought the little fellow responded: "A clean shirt and a nice new pair of breeches."

One of the recent converts at Baldwinsville was requested to confess Christ publicly and ask for prayers. Intending to express the thought that prayer would be useless unless he prayed for himself, he said, "As to prayers, I think every man should paddle his own canoe."

George Selwyn, a friend of old Lord Holland, had a morbid love of seeing executions, death-beds and dead bodies. When Lord Holland lay dying, he said to his attendant, "If Mr. Selwyn calls to-morrow, be sure to admit him; for if I am living I shall be glad to see him, and if I am dead he will be delighted to see me!"

A gentleman was walking down Nassau street behind two English swells, when he overheard the following conversation:

"'Arry, my boy," says one, "what's o'clock?"

The other felt for his watch, and exclaimed, "By Jove, h'I've left h'it h'at 'ome." Then turning to a boot-black standing by, he said, "My lad, what's o'clock?"

"What's a clock?" says the lad; "why, you darned fool, it's a thing as big as your head, with hands on it."

They passed on.

My Old Straw Hat.

A PARODY.

I love it, I love it, and what of that—
Who'll chide me for loving that old straw hat?
I've gazed on it oft with unspeakable pleasure;
I've preserved it long as a sacred treasure;
I've guarded it long with tender care;
'Twas the gift of a maiden so loved and fair—
Her fingers have woven each delicate plait,
And a sacred thing is that old straw hat.

I love it, I love it, and who will say
That I should now cast that old hat away?
It hath circled my head where the sea-winds blow,
It hath shielded my hair from the mountain snow;
From the noonday sun it hath sheltered my brow,
And think ye when old I'll desert it now?
In sunshine and storm, and in wintry weather,
That old hat and I have been friends together.

I'll cling to it fondly yet many a day,
Till my eyes grow dim and my locks are gray;
And when death's cold shaft to my bosom hath sped
I shall moulder, unseen, in my earth-bound bed.
It tells me that life's parting sands run fast,
That earth's choicest gifts not long can last;
And I joy that a lesson so pure as that
May be gleaned from the fate of my old straw hat.

FARM AND HOUSEHOLD.

Testing Seeds.

Now that spring and the planting season are approaching, it is often important to test the vitality of seeds before sowing them. We have heard the following simple and easy method described: Fill a box, pan or flower-pot partly with rich mellow earth, make the upper surface perfectly smooth and on this surface draw straight cross lines, and drop a seed at each intersection, so that they may easily counted. Then take a wide hoop or frame, and make a bottom to it with cloth stretched across so as to resemble a sieve. Place this upon the seed, and fill it with enough fine mould to form a sufficient covering for the seed, which should generally be four or five times the diameter of the seed for the depth. Keep the soil sufficiently moist and in a warm place. The sieve can be easily lifted and the seeds examined without disturbing them. In this way corn, wheat, clover seed, turnip seed, and many other kinds can be easily tested, which may be of considerable importance, where the age or freshness of the seed is not certainly known.

The Chicken Cholera.

The most prevalent opinion, though, seems to be that cholera is produced by feeding too much corn. It may be, and it may not be. So far as my observation goes, I am convinced that it is brought about by other causes, *i. e.*: want of pure water, worms, and flesh, sometimes doing entirely without either or all for weeks. The first symptoms of cholera are disinclination to move about, and paleness of the head. Kill the fowl at once, make examination of the liver, and you will find it enlarged and very dark colored. Next kill and examine one after diarrhœa commences; the liver is much more enlarged and softened, a mass of pulp, much resembling blood after being separated from its water.

In the last stages of chicken cholera the liver is seemingly a putrid mass. In this vicinity farmers have been much annoyed, and suffered loss from the disease. A few have escaped, and these have been so situated that their fowls had the run of an orchard, and plenty of pure water. The loss was heaviest in dry seasons. The fowls all died where the people had to haul their water. It is also contagious. Fowls that are allowed to eat those that have died of the disease, all die. Sulphur is a good preventive; but cleanliness, mixed diet, good dry ashes, and plenty of clear water are better.

Confining Cattle.

It has always seemed to me very cruel and hard on our domestic neat cattle to keep them confined in tight stanchions, tied by their necks the greater part of the time, for six or seven months during the year, especially the patient cow, whose entire life is spent in administering to our comforts and wants, and I hail with pleasure any plan or device that can be adopted to take away this disability from them, and leave them free to get up or lie down, to lick or rub themselves, and change their positions at will. Nearly forty years ago I divided my cattle stables into sections, about six feet wide, by putting light and handy bars across the stable, and letting the cattle lie loose and single in the pens and feed off the floor. These pens the cattle occupy summer and winter, when not in the pastures. I keep these pens well supplied with absorbents and bedding suited to the different seasons of the year. I mingle the material that forms the compost here; my cattle stand at ease, feed or lie down, and change their position as they choose. The above device has worked very satisfactory with me, though I do not pretend that I have found out the best way of doing up this thing; but, on the contrary, if I were young and about to build me another barn, as I did nearly fifty years ago, I think I would devise a plan for a barn that would be an improvement on the one I now occupy. But what I do contend for is, that the *principle is right*, and that cattle should not be confined in their stalls by being *tied* up by their *necks* in tight stanchions, but some way should be devised in principle like the above, whereby they can have their liberty in the stalls during the foddering season.—*Correspondence Country Gentleman.*

Setting Milk.

Mr. Ezra Michener of Bucks County, Pa., has been making a few experiments in setting milk, which he reports to the Intelligencer. He commenced his experiments in August, 1868, the milk being thoroughly mixed in every case in large kettles, then weighed, and half set in each manner.

First Experiment.—One-half the milk run through the cooler and set in deep cans; the balance set in pans in the ordinary manner. The milk in the cans was from nine to twelve inches in depth, the cans seven inches in diameter. This was continued for one week, and the result was, in the deep cans, 14 pounds; in the shallow pans, 15 pounds 1 oz. The milk, after being run through the cooler, stood at 62 degrees, which was the temperature of the milk cellar.

Second Experiment.—Milk all run through the cooler and set as above. Yield of deep cans, 14 lbs, 4 oz.; of shallow cans, 15 lbs. 2 oz.

The next experiments were under the direction of the Solebury Farmers' Club, and took place in March, 1872. One day's milk was carefully mixed and weighed as above, and set eight inches deep in cans eleven inches in diameter, and three inches deep in ordinary pans. The deep cans were set in a tub of cold water and cooled to sixty degrees, which occupied from half to three-quarters of an hour. Result—Deep cans, 1 lb. 9 oz.; shallow pans 2 lbs. ¼ oz.

Third Experiment, with one day's milk as above.—Deep cans, 1 lb. 12 oz.; shallow pans, 2 lbs. 1¼ oz.

The cream in the last two experiments was churned in a tin pan with a stick, and occupied about three minutes to each churning. Temperature of the milk room, 60 deg. In all our experiments, no difference was perceptible in the quality of the butter. In trying our cows we have found it took from 24 to 33 lbs. of milk to make a pound of butter, and we have good cows. By setting in deep cans it takes about 37 parts by weight, against 28 in shallow pans.

Premium Butter.

At the annual fair of the Hampden County Agricultural Society, Mass., Mrs. William V. Sessions, of South Wilbraham, took the first premium of $8 for the best butter, and this is the way she makes it:

"The cows are allowed to run the hill-side pastures at will through the day, cropping the sweetest morsels of grass and white clover, and drinking from the pure mountain streams, or lingering at mid-day by the shaded brook. At night they come gently to their barn home, and are fed with a mixture of corn meal and wheat shorts, and abundantly supplied with water from a mountain spring, then milked carefully and quietly, after which they rest. The milk is strained into shallow pans of about three quarts each, standing on an open frame in a cool room, where the air can circulate freely.

In the morning the process of feeding and milking is repeated, and the cows go again to their pasture. The morning's milk is strained as before, but put in a separate room, so that the heat of the new milk shall not sour the night's milk. After the milk has stood 24 hours the cream is taken off, and placed where the temperature is low or on ice. When enough has been collected for churning, the cream is put into a tin dash churn, and agitated gently. If the temperature is about 62°, it will make butter very soon, otherwise it must be cooled or warmed as the case requires.

The tray, ladle, and all the utensils needed, are wet with scalding water and then cooled. The butter is taken from the churn into clear spring water, in which a little salt has been dissolved, and cooled with lumps of ice. The ladle is used freely, in bringing every part of the butter in contact with the water. Then the salting is done, by adding a small cupful of salt to every four pounds of butter, and mixing it well with the ladle, after which the butter is set away in a cool place for a few hours. The second working with the ladle is final. Then the butter is weighed and rolled into one or two pound lumps and set on plates in the cellar on a zinc floor, and covered with tin pans, where it remains until packed in ice and ready for market. About 2,000 lbs. of butter are thus made here in a year.

Rhubarb.

The Germantown Telegraph says a good word for rhubarb: "There is a large class who are fond of this. It is among the earliest green things; and, though no one classes it amongst the choicest of horticultural gifts, in the abstract, yet on account of its early growth it will always be esteemed. Its earliness being one of its valuable points, a place should be selected for it where it will get all the advantages of early Spring suns. Some people help it by putting barrels over the roots. This keeps out the cold; and, as the rhubarb is stimulated to grow by a very little heat, the natural warmth of the ground brings it up if the frost is kept out of the ground. Then the barrels help to blanch it a little, and it is not quite so sour as when left to grow naturally in its own way. Rhubarb is poor stuff when stringy, and it is the aim of good growers to have it as pulpy as possible. Therefore the soil is to be made as rich as possible—as good as manure can make it. When grown in this way, even the outside is tender, and it may be cut up for use without even peeling, as is so often done. Some varieties are, however, more tender than others. There are, however, four popular kinds which, when well grown, are all of about equal value. These are the Victoria, Linnæus, Magnum Bonum, and Prince Albert. The Linnæus is the best known, not because it is any better than the others named, but simply because some men who happened to have a large stock of it, some years ago, hit on the brilliant idea of pushing it off as the "wine plant," and thus a demand was especially created for this one, thereby cutting out, by this brilliant trick of the trade, other men who had large stocks of other varieties. Only the "Linnæus" was thus made the true Simon Pure.

Rhubarb is very rapidly increased by cutting an old "crown" to pieces. If these are split downward on a line with the growth of the root, every piece of root will grow, though it be split into a score of pieces; but pieces of root will not grow unless there is a portion of the crown with it." The crown is the upper portion or leaf-bud, just under the ground. If very large stocks be desired, the plants should not be set too close. A root to every four feet square is enough—that is to say, the plants should grow two feet from one another every way. As the rhubarb is a gross feeder, if they be put closer than this they will likely starve one another.

Useful Household Hints.

Destroying Worms in Flower Pots.—A thin layer of sharp silver sand not only looks nice spread over the earth in pots of plants, but is also a specific against worms in the soil.

Remedy for Sore Throat.—Take one large red pepper, such as are grown for family use; steep it in half a pint of water, after which strain in a quart of molasses, adding a little vinegar; boil all together to a thin syrup; use this whenever the throat feels dry or disagreeable; if it should be in the dead of night, it will soothe the throat (and not irritate) and warm it up well. If sharper than can be borne in the mouth, put it back near the palate with a spoon and swallow; apply outwardly a thin slice of salt pork, warming it up well in a little vinegar and pepper; apply as hot as can be borne on the throat; fasten the bandage that holds the pork over the head to draw the inflammation up, not about the neck, as most people do.

For Cleaning Silver Ware.—Water in which potatoes have been boiled exercises a remarkable cleaning influence upon silver ware of all kinds, especially spoons that have become blackened by eggs. Even delicately chased and engraved articles can, it is said, be made bright by this method, even better than by the use of the ordinary polishing powder, which is apt to settle in the depressions, requiring particular care in its removal.

Lace Work.—Wash blonde lace can be made into tidies and toilet cushion covers at little expense; and they are very handsome. Three-eighths of a yard of lace, at thirty-seven and a half cents a yard, will make three tidies, or two tidies and one toilette cover. Linen floss A No. 1, one skein, and a yard and a half of imitation Cluny edging, at eighteen cents per yard, complete the needed material. Darn the lace in scroll patterns, diamonds and the like, marking it off into space of three inches, by running the floss through the meshes of the lace in lines of three rows of floss. Sew the edging all around it, and the tidy or toilet cover is completed with little expenditure of either time or money. One advantage is that they will wash and iron as good as new."

What the Ladies Should Wear.

In a lecture on the subject of "Dress Reform," in Boston, on Wednesday night, Dr. Mary S. Blake is reported to have related some of the leading points desired in dress reform. Let the garments be ample in quality and quantity of material to give suitable warmth. Let its distribution be as equable as possible. To facilitate speed in dressing and to obviate the necessity for multitudinous bands about the waist, unite in one garment, vest and waist and drawers. Let no weight whatever rest upon the hips, and if the shoulders rebel against the burdens laid upon them, lighten them. Let the stockings be of woolen, if not uncomfortable, and let them be suspended by elastic bands from the drawers. If woolen stockings are uncomfortable, use fleece-lined; the heavier the better. Leggins are not to be dispensed with in this climate during the winter season. Let the soles of the boots be broader than the feet. The higher the tops of the boots, the warmer the ankles, provided they are so loose that the circulation is free. Do away with the mass of dead material—false hair on the back of the head. On the authority of Von Grafe, the most eminent oculist of modern times, it was stated that one of the most prolific causes of amaurosis was the wearing of spotted lace veils; and of nearsightedness among children the wearing of any veils. As regards jewels, if they must be worn, to show them to the best advantage, follow the example of the Apache squaws and hang them on the nose. Finally, if women will live true to the highest standard for which they were created, if they will measure their lives by noble deeds, let them make for the soul imperishable garments, and give as little thought as may be to the clothing of the body.

Common Sense Reasons why Dr. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters should be used:

1st. They are an entire Vegetable Bitters, free from all alcoholic stimulants.

2d. They are the result of careful study, experiment and labor.

3d. The greatest care is taken to secure Medicinal Virtues, and exclude everything objectionable.

4th. They unite, as a life-restoring scientific tonic, the greatest strengthening and vitalizing principles.

5th. Persons of Sedentary habits and over-worked, find in them a specific for *want of appetite, palpitation, debility, constipation*, and many other nameless ailments.

6th. The aged find in them guarantee of *prolonged health*, and *life*, and weak and delicate females and mothers find especial benefit from their use.

7th. They are the Master of Disease.—Com.

Soft Soap and Vinegar for the Hands.—A correspondent says: "Our men in the shop use soft soap to remove the grease and dirt from their hands when they quit work. This, they find, causes cracks to come; but if they dip them in vinegar just after washing with soft soap, their hands will remain soft and smooth, and any cracks on the hands will immediately heal up." In the ordinary careless manufacture of soft soap, there is apt to be sometimes an excess of alkali or lye above that necessary for complete saponification. This has a caustic action on the skin, making it rough and otherwise injuring it. After using soap of this kind, washing in vinegar removes the excess of alkali from the hands. Vinegar, being an acid, combines with the alkali, forming a neutral and soluble salt.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is very strongly recommended by the Medical Faculty, and is largely prescribed among their female patients. It is worthy of all confidence, as may be seen from the following testimonial:

Atlanta, Ill., July 14th, 1873.

Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.:

Dear Sir—I have not words to express my gratitude to you for your advice and assistance in my case. There is not one who has used your medicines since they have been brought here but that can say with me they have been greatly benefited. Since I have been so helped by its use six or seven around me left off all doctors and other medicines, and now use it in their families, after being cured of the same disease as mine. You do not know what a wonder it created in our city, by its restoring my sister I wrote you about, for she had been under the care of three of our best doctors but could not sit up but for a few minutes at one time. I begged of her to try your medicines, and before she had used half of the bottles she could go all around the yard, and has now just come home from a visit five miles away.

Mrs. Thos. McFarland.

More than 50 years have elapsed since *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment* was first invented, during which time hundreds of thousands have been benefited by its use. Probably no article ever became so universally popular with all classes as *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment.*

Pills which contain antimony, quinine, and calomel, should be avoided, as severe griping pains would be their only result. The safest, surest, and best pills are *Parsons' Purgative or Anti-Bilious Pills.*—Com.

The Organ as a household instrument has been rapidly growing in favor, and the yearly sales are now enormous. A good Organ remains in tune, is easily kept in order, and blends naturally with the quality of the voice. The advertisement of the Smith American Organ Co., in another column, is referred to the consideration of our readers. This house has an enviable reputation for good work and fair dealing.

Hannaford & Thompson, Publishers, Chicago, sold the first large edition of Periam's "History of the Farmer's Movement" in two weeks. A second edition, embracing proceedings of the St. Louis Convention, held in February, 1874, is just being issued. Agents are reaping a rich harvest with it. We advertise it this week.

A man died at Chillicothe, O., last week of delirium tremens, after having squandered a fortune of $50,000. Had he lived two weeks longer he would have been the recipient of another $30,000 from the estate of a deceased relative.

A laugh is worth a hundred groans in any market.—*Charles Lamb.*

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will destroy worms without injury to the child being perfectly WHITE, and free from all coloring or other injurious ingredients usually used in worm preparations.

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The question of the hour—what's the time?

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

Beef Cattle—Fair to prime	$7 00	@13 50
Hogs—Live	5 25	@ 6 25
Sheep—Fair to prime	6 00	@ 7 00
Cotton—Middling		@ 16½
Flour—Spring extra	6 30	@ 6 70
Wheat—No. 2 Milwaukee Spring	1 51	@ 1 53
Corn—Western mixed	84	@ 87
Oats—Western	60	@ 62½
Rye—Western	1 00	@ 1 02
Barley		@ 1 75
Pork—Mess		@16 12½
Lard	9¼	@ 9⅜

CHICAGO.

Cattle—Choice to extra prime	$5 25	@ 6 25
Medium to choice	4 75	@ 5 00
Common to fair	2 50	@ 4 00
Hogs—Live	5 00	@ 5 75
Sheep—Live, good to choice	5 00	@ 6 50
Butter—Choice	32	@ 36
Eggs—Fresh	14	@ 15
Flour—White winter extra	6 50	@ 7 75
Spring extra	5 70	@ 6 75
Wheat—Spring, No. 1		@ 1 24
Spring, No. 2		@ 1 18
Corn—No. 2		@ 60½
Oats—No. 2		@ 42⅛
Rye—No. 2	84	@ 86
Barley—No. 2	1 50	@ 1 55
Pork—Mess		@14 50
Lard	8⅜	@ 8¾

CINCINNATI.

Beef Cattle	$3 50	@ 5 00
Hogs—Live	5 00	@ 5 60
Sheep—Live	4 00	@ 5 00
Flour—Family	7 20	@ 7 40
Wheat		@ 1 45
Corn	62	@ 67
Oats	50	@ 58
Rye		@ 1 00
Barley	1 60	@ 1 70
Pork—Mess		@15 50
Lard	8⅜	@ 8¾

ST. LOUIS.

Beef Cattle—Choice	$4 00	@ 4 75
Good to prime	3 00	@ 3 75
Hogs—Live	4 75	@ 5 75
Sheep—Good to choice	4 00	@ 4 50
Flour—Spring XX	6 00	@ 6 75
Wheat—No. 2 Spring		@ 1 22½
Corn		@ 61
Oats	47½	@ 48
Rye		@ 90
Barley		@ 1 70
Pork—Mess	15 25	@15 50
Lard	8¾	@ 9

MILWAUKEE.

Cattle—Choice to extra prime	$4 50	@ 5 25
Medium to choice	3 75	@ 4 25
Common to fair	2 00	@ 3 50
Hogs—Live	5 00	@ 5 75
Sheep—Live, good to choice	5 00	@ 6 25
Butter—Choice	28	@ 30
Eggs—Fresh	14	@ 15
Flour—White winter extra	7 00	@ 7 75
Spring extra	5 90	@ 6 60
Wheat—Spring, No. 1		@ 1 25½
Spring, No. 2		@ 1 21
Corn—No. 2		@ 59
Oats—No. 2		@ 44
Rye—No. 1		@ 87
Barley—No. 2		@ 1 60
Pork—Mess		@14 75
Lard	9	@ 9½

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Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a purely Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of Vinegar Bitters?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the remarkable qualities of Vinegar Bitters in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs, in Bilious Diseases.

The properties of Dr. Walker's Vinegar Bitters are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

"THE THRESHER OF THE PERIOD."

This is the famous "VIBRATOR" THRESHER, which has created such a revolution in the trade and become SO FULLY ESTABLISHED as the "leading Thresher" of this day and generation. More than seven thousand purchasers and ninety thousand grain raisers pronounce these machines ENTIRELY UNEQUALLED for grain saving, time saving, and money making.

Four sizes made, viz: 24-inch, 28-inch, 32-inch, and 36-inch Cylinders, with 6, 8, 10 and 12-Horse "Mounted" Powers. Also Separators "alone" expressly for Steam Power, and improved PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES for Steam Machines.

All persons intending to buy Threshing Machines, or Separators "alone," or Horse Powers "alone," as well as Grain Raisers and Farmers who want their grain threshed, saved and cleaned to the best advantage, are invited to send for our new forty page Illustrated Pamphlet and Circulars (*sent free*) giving full particulars about these Improved Machines and other information valuable to farmers and threshermen. Address,

NICHOLS, SHEPARD & CO.,
Battle Creek, Mich.

IOWA AND NEBRASKA.

MILLIONS OF ACRES OF THE BEST LAND in the West, for sale on Ten Years' Credit at 6 per cent. interest, by the Burlington & Missouri River Railroad Company.

NO PAYMENTS REQUIRED

except interest, till fifth year. Rich Soil, warm Climate, long Seasons, low Taxes, and free Education. Free Fare and low Freights on household goods to those who

BUY THIS YEAR.

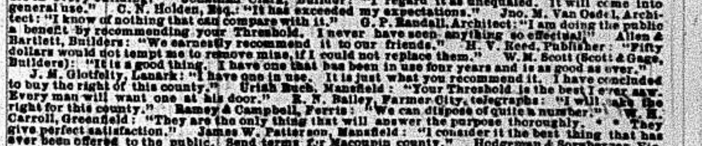
For Circulars and Maps, with full particulars, address GEO. S. HARRIS, Land Commissioner, Burlington, Iowa.

DUNHAM
PIANOS.
Dunham & Sons, Manufacturers,
Warerooms, 18 East 14th Street,
[Established 1834.] NEW YORK.
Send for Illustrated Circular and Price List.

M. N. U. No. 13.

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS, please say you saw the Advertisement in this Paper.

TO CARPENTERS! HOW TO MAKE MONEY!



Description.—The above engraving represents our Adjustable Threshold (broken at one end). It is the only thing in the world that will positively exclude rain, dust, cold and snow from coming under the door. The parts marked A are made of ash, and are united by a strip of heavy, pure rubber, marked B, which is Adjustable. Its durability has been tested for years. Builders all indorse it.

READ! BELIEVE! AND ACT!

ILLINOIS.—Chicago. O. L. Wheelock, Architect: "It is an entire success, and quite indispensable in every building." Jonathan Clark, Builder: "I regard it as unequaled. It will come into general use." C. N. Holden, Esq.: "It has exceeded my expectations." Jno. M. Van Osdel, Architect: "I know of nothing that can compare with it." G. P. Randall, Architect: "I am doing the public a benefit by recommending your Threshold. I never have seen anything so effectual." Allen & Bartlett, Builders: "We earnestly recommend it to our friends." H. V. Reed, Publisher: "Fifty dollars would not tempt me to remove mine, if I could not replace them." W. M. Scott (Scott & Gage, Builders): "It is a good thing. I have one that has been in use four years and is as good as ever."

J. M. Glotfelty, Lanark: "I have one in use. It is just what you recommend it. I have concluded to buy the right of this county." Uriah Buch, Mansfield: "Your Threshold is the best I ever saw. Every man will want one at his door." E. N. Bailey, Farmer City, telegraphs: "I will take the right for this county." Ramey & Campbell, Ferris: "We can dispose of quite a number." W. H. Carroll, Greenfield: "They are the only thing that will answer the purpose thoroughly. * * They give perfect satisfaction." James W. Patterson, Mansfield: "I consider it the best thing that has ever been offered to the public. Send terms for Macoupin county." Hodgman & Sorsberger, Victoria: "We would like the exclusive sale at this point. We can work up a good trade." H. A. Wright, Havana: "I am very much taken with them and think I can sell quite a number." O. P. Bard, Walnut: "I believe they will sell rapidly." Martin & Bro., Chillicothe: "We want to get a certain territory, say this county." Wm. Douglass, Varna: "I would like the right of this county and Putnam. Those that I have put in give perfect satisfaction."

IOWA.—Aaron Park, Wilton: "I like it very much. I can sell quite a number." Homer W. Prindle, Fort Dodge: "It is just the thing and is greatly needed. I want the agency for this county." Rischert Bros., Tipton: "Send us one dozen; we shall want quite a lot." J. H. Shugart, Shenandoah: "Those that I have put in give universal satisfaction. The demand will be large." Charles B. Stotts, Eldora: "I have taken orders for quite a number. I want the agency for Marshall, Hardin and Grundy counties." Hewett & Co., Lime Springs Station: "We think we can sell a good many." A. A. McLean & Sons, Milton: "We wish the agency for Van Buren and Davis counties, Iowa, and Scotland county, Mo." H. C. Dearinger, Galesburg: "Everybody that sees the Threshold thinks it a success. It is just the thing." C. W. McKinley, Emmetsburg: "They are just what every person, owning a house, needs. Send the right for Emmett, Palo Alto and Pocahontas counties." Nelson Olston, Red Oak: "They are just the thing for this windy country. Send me 25 more; also the right for Montgomery Co." John Peters, Preston: "Find inclosed $12. Send 1 doz. Thresholds."

INDIANA.—G. A. Zeck, Jonesboro: "They are a very salable article. It will be no trouble to make it a success." Hutchison & Co., Idaville: "I put one under my door, and it is a complete success." J. H. Jones & Sons, Portland: "Send us half dozen Thresholds as samples. We would like you to hold this county a little while." J. W. Fence, Mietown: "I canvassed my neighborhood and find your Threshold a perfect success. Send 50 more. Yesterday I sold 25. I will take the right of Grant county." U. H. Stephenson, Miertown: "Your Threshold is a good thing. I will take Wabash county. Send on the writings and one dozen Thresholds."

WISCONSIN.—M. A. Stiles, Eau Claire: "There can be hundreds of them sold here." Geo. W. P. Felch, Wrightstown: "I can sell a great many here." Charles Butler, Columbus: "Send one on trial. If it succeeds, it is the first of a large number I will send for." A. C. Morse, Bloomington: "Do you give exclusive territory? I would like the west part of Grant county." E. C. Kaan, Port Washington: "Name your lowest figure for 10 dozen Thresholds; also what you will take for this and Washington Co." J. Wolfenden, Wonnewoc: "What will you take for Juneau and Sauk counties?"

PENNSYLVANIA.—J. B. Harton, Beaver: "Send me the right for this county; also send one hundred Thresholds. What do you ask for Lawrence, Mercer, Washington, Allegheny and Butler counties?" J. W. Sharbaugh, Carroltown: "There can be a great many sold here." Jacob T. Allright, Bethlehem: "What would your charge be for Lehigh and Northampton counties, and at what price could you let me have Thresholds?" J. R. Dull, Philadelphia: "What are your terms for Carbon, Luzerne and Schuylkill counties? Write at once."

MICHIGAN.—J. B. Watson & Bro., White Pigeon: "The Thresholds are just what we wanted." E. W. Benton, Bronson: "There can be a great many sold here." J. E. Leonard, Chesaning: "I think I can sell quite a number. I believe it to be a good thing." H. W. Park, Vassar: "It has struck me as being an excellent thing. I would like to introduce them in this county."

OHIO.—Joseph Ruhr, Loveland: "You may soon expect to hear from me again." W. W. Ray, Wakeman: "It is the best thing of the kind, to my mind, now in the trade." Levi A. Norton, Bryan: "Have you an agent in Toledo? Will you give the exclusive right to Lucas county? I think there is a chance to make something out of it."

KANSAS.—Root & Davis, Leavenworth: "It looks to us as if it was just the thing for this country." P. W. Zeigler, Manhattan: "I wish the exclusive right for this county." Joshua Roberts, Lake Sibley: "I have built a house, and tried to keep out rain, etc., but failed. Send 3 Thresholds."

MISSOURI.—J. S. Swedringen, Kansas City: "It is just the thing needed in this part of the country." S. F. Power, Holden: "I want the exclusive right of Johnson county." Frazier & Walber, St. Louis: "What will you sell the right of this State for? Please answer by return mail."

OTHER POINTS.—A. J. Miller, North Lansing, N. Y.: "It is a splendid invention. I like it very much and so does every one that has seen it." Judah Mead, San Francisco, Cal.: "I am favorably impressed with your Threshold. I would like the agency for this city." Kenning Bros., Chaska, Minn.: "You may expect quite a large order, for we need something of that kind here very bad." O. H. Manker, Harvard, Neb.: "They will go like hot cakes, for there is nothing of that sort in this part of the country." W. J. Slatter, Winchester, Tenn.: "I can soon sell several hundred." W. B. Bowman, New Orleans, La.: "I can sell a number. There is money in it." Thos. Terwilliger, Deckertown, N. J.: "What will you take for Orange Co., N. Y., and what will you supply Thresholds for?"

The foregoing testimony speaks for itself. We need not add a word. Applications for County Rights are increasing. If you want one or more counties, speak quick. Our prices are very low, as we own the right for the United States. There is plenty of money can be made out of it. One man in Indiana made over $20 in one day. Others are doing remarkably well. To good parties who cannot pay all the money down, we sell on monthly payments. Now is your time. Don't delay! Name your territory and send for terms. Retail price for single doors is $1.50.

A rare opportunity is offered to parties possessing capital, who desire to purchase the right for one or more States, and engage in manufacturing and selling. A large return can soon be realized on the sum invested. Send for particulars. Address

WILSON, PEIRCE & CO., 182 Clark-st., Chicago.

This advertisement appears but once. Cut it out and save it.

BUY J. & P. COATS' BLACK THREAD for your MACHINE.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

There will be a Literary Concert at Bly's Hall on Wednesday evening, April 8th, at which the public will be entertained by the best talent our City affords. There will be lectures, essays, readings, songs, music, etc. The programme will be published in next week's paper, in full. The object of the entertainment will be a benefit for the Band in return for their kindness extended to our Literary Society in favoring us, during the winter, with such good music, free of charge.

Admission will be fixed at the moderate sum of 25 cts. and it is hoped a large attendance will be the result.

Contributions to the programme will be thankfully recieved, up to Wednesday evening next, by W. W. Hartley

N. B. One of the leading features of the programme will be "Brainerd in Rhyme" by J. W. Steel Esq.

VANITY FAIR Smoking Tobacco, best in the world; make you laugh in your sleep if you use it. at CANTWELL'S.

DAIRY butter at CANTWELL'S.

BUY where you can buy cheapest these hard times.
Choice potatoes 75c. per bushel at CANTWELL'S.

FRESH eggs at CANTWELL'S.

VERMONT Maple Sugar at CANTWELL'S.

A LEADING merchant of Anoka, a church member of fifteen years standing, has dissolved his connection with his church society, owing to the operations of the crusaders, one of whom was his own wife.

THE women crusaders of Anoka continue to visit saloons, praying and singing at the several places visited. So far their proceedings seem to have been productive of more evil than good, much bitter feeling having been engendered, and two or three incipient rows stirred up.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

F. X. GOULET,

COUNTY AUDITOR

AND

CITY RECORDER

TAXES PAID

For Non-Residents.

Any business entrusted to my care will receive prompt attention.

OFFICE, ON FOURTH STREET, next door to Pioneer Meat Market,

FRAINEKD, - - MINN.

AN IMMENSE STOCK

OF

New Goods!

JUST RECEIVED AT

Marshall & Campbell's.

AN IMMENSE STOCK OF

GENT'S Furn'ing Goods,

LATEST STYLE

Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,

Etc., Etc., Etc.

Bottom Living Prices!

Call and See.

RESOLUTION.

RESOLVED by the Common Council of the City of Brainerd, that One Thousand Dollars be appropriated for the purpose of building public cisterns and procuring the necessary equipments for the Hook and Ladder Company. JOSEPH E. TURNER, Vice Pres't Common Council.

Attest.
F. X. GOULET, City Recorder. E. H. BLY, Mayor.

PICTURES! PICTURES!

THOMSON'S GALLERY,

FIFTH STREET.

IS now open and provided with the best light and every appurtenance for taking all kinds of Sun Pictures in the highest style of the art. Photographs and Tintypes of every size. Old Pictures copied or "thrown up." Give Thomsons Gallery a call.

Dr. Hooper's Female Pills.

A positive cure for Irregularity, Suppression, Leucorrhea, Weakness, and all female complaints. Established fifty years. BE SURE AND GET THE GENUINE.

Price $1 00 per box, sent by mail securely sealed, with full directions, on receipt of price. Direct all orders,

HOOPER & CO.,
P. O. Box 4[illegible] 102-1y Philadelphia, Pa.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R.

TIME TABLE.

WEST TRAIN—Leaves Duluth 10:20 A. M.
Ar. at Brainerd 7:30 P. M.
Leaves Brainerd 8:00 A. M.
Ar. at Moorhead 2:25 P. M.

AST TRAIN—Leaves Moorhead 8:05 A. M.
Ar. at Brainerd 5:30 P. M.
Leaves Brainerd 6:30 P. M
Ar. at Duluth 3:50 P. M

LAKE SUPERIOR AND MISSISSIPPI DIV
TRAIN—Leaves Duluth 10:20 A. M.
Arrive St. Paul 5:10 P. M.
Leave St. Paul 8:10 A. M
Arrive Duluth 4:40 P. M

KEARNEYS

FLUID EXTRACT

BUCHU!

The only known remedy for

Bright's Disease,

And a positive remedy for

GOUT, GRAVEL, STRICTURES, DROPSY, DIABETES, DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUS DEBILITY,

Non-retention or Incontinence of Urine, Irritation, Inflamation or Ulceration of the

Bladder and Kidneys,

SPERMATORRHŒA,

Leucorrhœa or Whites, Diseases of the Prostrate Gland, Stone in the Bladder, Calculus Gravel or Brickdust Deposit and Mucus or Milky Discharges.

KEARNEY'S EXTRACT BUCHU

Permanently Cures all Diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS, AND DROPSICAL SWELLINGS,

Existing in Men, Women and Children.

NO MATTER WHAT THE AGE.

Prof. Steele says: "One bottle of Kearney's Fluid Extract Buchu is worth more than all other fluids combined."

Price, One Dollar per Bottle, or Six Bottles for Five Dollars.

DEPOT,
104 DUANE STREET, NEW YORK.

A Physician in attendance to answer correspondence and give advice gratis.

Send stamp for Pamphlet, free.

—TO THE—

Nervous and Debilitated of both Sexes.

NO CHARGE FOR ADVICE AND CONSULTATION.

DR J. B. DYOTT, graduate of Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, author of several valuable works, can be consulted on all diseases of the Sexual or Urinary Organs, (which he has made an especial study) either in male or female, no matter from what cause originating or of how long standing. A practice of 30 years enables him to trent diseases with success. Cures guaranteed. Charges reasonable. Those at a distance can forward letter describing symptoms and enclosing stamp to prepay postage.

Send for the "Guide to Health." Price 10c.

J. B. DYOTT, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon, 104 Duane St., New York.

Latest Sensation!

LIVE & LEARN,

That if you wish to find
McEwan's Edinburgh Ale,
Blood's XXX Dublin Stout, Ale and Porter, on Draft,
Heidsick and all other Champagnes, by the pint or quart,
Catawba, Rhine, Sherry, and all other wines,
Old Bourbon, and Scotch Whiskey,
Gin, Rum, and Hennesey Brandy.
All of the best brands of Cigars, and
First class Billiard Tables, in the best of order, also,
A pleasant Parlor for reading or a quiet game of cards, to pass a pleasant evening, or
A "Spanking" Livery Team to take a ride with, it is only necessary to call at

Milt. Askew's

BILLIARD PARLORS.

NOTICE.—My customers are PARTICULARLY REQUESTED to purchase Kerosene Oil before the lamps are lit at my store in the evening, as on account of a ruling by the Insurance Company, I am prohibited from selling oil by lamp light.

THOS. P. CANTWELL.

PREMIUM

CHROMO.

GARDEN and FLOWER

SEEDS.

Before ordering elsewhere send for **Catalogue**, which is now ready and will be mailed gratis on application.

Our Chromo, "**The Little Florist**," a beautiful Parlor Picture—pronounced by judges a success, is now sent free to all who favor us with orders to the amount of **five dollars.**

Chase Brothers & Woodward,
SEEDSMEN
Rochester, N. Y.

E. H. Davie

General Dealer in

HARDWARE,

STOVES,

Tinware, Tools,

Agricultural Impl'm's,

Paints, Oils, Etc.

BRAINERD, MINNESOTA.

Get the Best.

Webster's Unabridged Dictionary.

10,000 Words and Meanings not in other Dictionaries.

3000 ENGRAVINGS; 1840 PAGES QUARTO.

Price, $12.00.

Webster now is glorious,—it leaves nothing to be desired.—[Pres. Raymond, Vassar College

Every scholar knows the value of the work.—[W. H. Prescott, the Historian.

Been one of my daily companions. [John L. Motley, the Historian, &c.

Superior in most respects to any other known to me. [George P. Marsh

The best guide of students of our language [John G. Whittier.

Excells all others in defining scientific terms. [President Hitchcock

Remarkable compendium of human knowledge. [W. S. Clark, Pres. Ag. Col.

A necessity for every Intelligent family, student, teacher and professional man.—What Library is complete without the best English Dictionary?

ALSO

Webster's National Pictorial Dictionary

1040 PAGES OCTAVO. 600 ENGRAVINGS. PRICE $5.00.

The work is really a gem of a Dictionary, just the thing for the million.—[American Educational Monthly.

Published by **C. & C. MERRIAM,** Springfield, Mass. Sold by all Book-sellers.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF CROW WING—IN PROBATE COURT, SPECIAL TERM.—In the matter of the estate of John Anderson, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Geo. W. Holland, Administrator of the estate of John Anderson, deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing his account of his administration, it is ordered, that said account be examined by the Judge of this Court, on Monday, the Sixth day of April, A. D. 1874, at the office of the Judge of Probate in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Brainerd TRIBUNE, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Brainerd, in said county.

By the Court.

Dated at Brainerd, the 25th day of February, A. D. 1874.

D. O. PRESTON,
Probate Judge of Crow Wing Co., Minn.

SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE.

STATE OF MINNESOTA—COUNTY OF CROW WING—SS.

Notice is hereby given, that under and by virtue of an execution duly issued out of and under the seal of the District Court, in and for the County of Crow Wing, on the twelfth (12th) day of January, A. D. 1874, upon a judgment docketed in said Court, wherein John Becker is judgment debtor, and J. A. Owens is judgment creditor, to me directed. I have levied upon the following real estate as the property of the said John Becker, judgment debtor, to-wit: all his right, title and interest in lot four (4) in block one hundred and twenty-five (125), in the town (now city) of Brainerd, State and County aforesaid; and further, that I will sell all his right, title and interest in aforesaid real estate, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, on Saturday the 18th day of April, A. D 1874, at the hour of ten in the forenoon of said day, at the front door of the County Jail, in the City of Brainerd, County and State aforesaid, to satisfy the sum of thirty-seven and thirty-two one hundredth dollars ($37,32-100), now due upon said execution, together with any proper costs, fees and disbursements.

Dated this 3d day of March, 1874.

A. F. McKAY,
Sheriff of Crow Wing County, Minn.

W. W. HARTLEY,

REAL ESTATE.

Insurance and General Collection Agent.

Notary Public, and Clerk OF THE DISTRICT COURT,

Crow Wing Co., - - Minnesota.

OFFICE: Front Street, Raymond & Allen's Block, Up Stairs.

ENTRANCE: Opposite "TRIBUNE" OFFICE.

Brainerd House,

Front Street, Brainerd, Minn.,

DENNIS McNANNAY, Prop

The Brainerd House is new and has been **thoroughly refitted throughout,** and no pains will be spared

TO MAKE GUESTS COMFORTABLE.

Conveniently Situated to Business.

Tables furnished with The Best the Market Afford.

Meals at all hours, and board by the week at reasonable rates. n1-1y

FRENCH & HARE,

Wholesale Dealers in J. E. STANSBURY'S PIONEER BRAND OF BALTIMORE

OYSTERS,

Acknowledged by all to be the Best Oysters in the market. Drewry's Cream and Stock Ales and Porter; also, Retail dealers in Imported and Domestic Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Proprietors of **The "New Le Bon Ton"** SAMPLE ROOM, ON LAUREL ST., Brainerd, Minn. Parties on the line, either east or west, wishing Ales or Oysters, can buy as cheap—and of a better quality—than can be had in St. Paul or Minneapolis. P. O. Box No 43, Brainerd, Minn.

PIONEER MEAT MARKET.

Cor. Fourth and Laurel Streets.

We have just completed arrangements whereby we can furnish the citizens of Brainerd with all kinds of Best

MEATS, GAME, POULTRY, BUTTER, SAUSAGE, LARD, ETC.,

At prices that defy competition. We solicit a share of patronage, and warrant satisfaction. LAFOND & GOULET.

2-44-3m

Woodbridge & Forbes,

WHOLESALE STATIONERS,

BOOKSELLERS,

Publishers of **Legal** and Real Estate **Blanks,** and Dealers in

SHEET MUSIC,

Wrapping Paper and Twines,

at Manufacturer's Prices.

DULUTH, - - - MINNESOTA.

NEW ARRIVAL!

A Grand Display!

EBER H. BLY,

AT HIS

GREAT DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, AND SUPPLY STORE,

Has just opened out his immense

Winter Stock,

Consisting in part of the following goods:

Fancy Goods, Ladies' Dress Goods, Ladies' Trimmed Hats, Sheetings, Hosiery, Gloves, Trimmings, Boots and Shoes, for Ladies or Gents, Blankets, all kinds and grades, Coverlets, Overcoats, Dress Coats, Pants, Vests, and Shirts, all kinds, Hats Caps, Cloths, German Socks, Moccasins, Gent's Furnishing Goods, Etc.

In The Grocery Department,

Every thing is fresh, and Quality No. 1, Spices, Flavr'ngs, Teas, Sugars, Coffees, Can'd goods, Pickles, English Chow-chow, Preserves, Raisins, Wooden and Willow-ware, Hams, Pork Game, Fish, Dried Fruits, Apples, Camping Outfits, Stoves, Flour, Feed and, in fact, everything needed by everybody, at HARD PAN PRICES!

Rush around and see the sights, and fit yourselves for winter, at the CHEAPEST Store in the New Northwest!

NEW FAMILY GROCERY STORE!

SIXTH STREET.

BETWEEN BLY'S STORE AND MERCHANTS HOTEL.

J. C. WALTERS

DEALER IN

Liquors and Provisions.

New Cash Store!

OPPOSITE TRIBUNE OFFICE.

The undersigned wishes to inform his old friends and patrons that he has fitted up the store lately occupied by Mr. J. L. Starchee, where he has a full stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES, WINES, Liquors & Cigars,

Which he will sell for cash,

AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

HIGHEST PRICE IN CASH PAID FOR

FURS.

Thankful for past favors, I would solicit a share of your patronage.

n37-6m J. M. MARTIN.

BRAINERD

Drug Store!

Corner Fifth and Front sts.

Full line of

Pure Drugs,

Kerosene Oil,

Perfumery, Fancy Goods, &c.

Pure Spices,

Fresh ground and received in bulk, for sale in quantities to suit—warranted pure.

Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours, Day and Night.

Public Library,

Consisting of Standard Works, embracing HISTORIES, POEMS, TRAVELS, NOV'LS, Etc., at SMITH & SHERWOOD'S

News Depot,

Furnished to all desiring valuable and interesting reading, at a moderate weekly rent for their use.

Picture Frames

Made to order, any size, from all styles of mouldings. Ready-made frames of all kinds always on hand.

Latest Papers,

Magazines, and other Periodicals may be had at the earliest moment possible after publication.

Candy, Nuts,

Cigars and Tobacco, Notions, Pictures, Etc. Call and see the attractions. Next door to the Post Office.

Feb'y 1st 1874. SMITH & SHERWOOD

SEEDS AND PLANTS.

C. C. True Cape Cod Cranberry, best sort for Upland, Lowland, or Garden, by mail, prepaid, $1.00 per 100, $5.00 per 1,000. A priced Catalogue, of this and all Fruits, Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, Shrubs, Bulbs, Roses, Plants, &c., and **Fresh Flower and Garden Seeds,** the choicest in the country, with all novelties, will be sent gratis to any plain address. 25 sorts of either Flower, Garden, Tree, Fruit, Evergreen, or Herb Seeds, for $1 00, sent by mail, prepaid. **Wholesale Catalogue to the Trade.**

B. M. WATSON,

Old Colony Nurseries and Seed Warehouse, Plymouth, Mass. Established 1842.

EQUITABLE Life Assurance Society

OF THE UNITED STATES,

120 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

ASSETTS $19,695,053,20.

ANNUAL CASH INCOME, $8,420,644,86.

The "Equitable" is acknowledged to be one of the leading Life companies of the world. Policies issued, on all the desirable plans, and at lowest rate, by

LAUREN A. PADDOCK,
Brainerd, Minn.

Leland House,

BRAINERD, MINN.

W. H. LELAND, - - - Prop'r.

FIRST CLASS IN EVERY RESPECT. Every thing New. Comfortable Rooms and Good Beds. No pains spared to make guests "at home." Terms reasonable.

GOOD STABLING AND WATER.

WM. MURPHY

FIFTH STREET,

Brainerd, - - Minnesota,

Is now offering great bargains in

Fall and Winter Dress Goods,

BLACK AND COLORED

SILKS, CLOAKS, AND **SHAWLS,**

At a great reduction in prices.

Flannels, Prints and Domestic Goods,

Closing out **AT CONT.** Notions and Trimmings **Below Cost.**

Sept. 20, 1873 2-32

Pine Restaurant,

FRONT STREET,

BRAINERD, - - - MINN.

W. M. FALCONER, Proprietor.

First Class Accommodations in the Restaurant Line.

Tables furnished with all the Good things incident to the season, and courteous attention paid to guests.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS,

And regular Board and Lodging furnished when desired,

AT REASONABLE RATES.

JO LAMONT,

(Laurel Street, east of Sixth.)

Dealer in Family

Groceries

WINES,

LIQUORS AND CIGARS,

Tobacco,

Pipes, Smoker's Articles, Apples, Nuts, Confectionary, Flour, Eggs, Spices, Confectionary, Etc.

Give me a call, test my goods, and hear my prices.

W. H. LELAND,

FEED AND **GROCERIES,**

FIFTH STREET, NEXT DOOR TO No. 1 SALOON.

FLOUR, GROUND FEED, BRAN, CORN, OATS, POTATOES, ONIONS, BEEF, BUTTER, EGGS, SUGAR, LARD TEAS, TOBACCOS, CANFRUITS, OYSTERS, CURRANTS, RAISINS, SPICES, LAMP CHIMNEYS, KEROSENE OIL, and, in fact,

EVERYTHING

IN THE GROCERY LINE.

December 23, 172. n46-6m

New Goods!

NEW DISPLAY!

Wm. Schwartz,

FRONT STREET, "TRIBUNE" BUILDING, (Next to Bly's) BRAINERD

HAS JUST RECEIVED ONE OF THE finest stocks of fresh

Family Groceries,

And General Family Supplies, ever brought to Brainerd; including a lot of genuine

Switzer Cheese

FRUITS AND COFECTIONERY, AND

TOYS

"Till you can't rest!" Also,

Germantown Yarn and Zephyr Worsted.

All sizes of SOCKS and STOCKINGS knit from this celebrated yarn, always on hand and KNIT TO ORDER on short notice.

GOODS THE BEST, AND PRICES THE LOWEST!

Is his motto. Go and see the Grand Sights!

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

Episcopal Church.—Rev. FRANK E. MILLSPAUGH, Rector. Services every Sunday at 11:00 A. M. and 7 1-2 o'clock P. M. Sunday School at 10 o'clock A. M.

Baptist Chapel.—Rev. John Squire, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 11 A. M., and 7 1-2 P. M. Sabbath School at 12 M.

Methodist Church—Rev. H. J. CHIST, Pastor—Services every Sabbath at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 7 1-2 P. M. Sabbath School at 3 P. M. Prayer Meeting on every Thursday evening, at 7 1-2 o'clock.

Congregational Church, Rev. E. S. Williams, Pastor. Services every Sabbath at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 7 1-2 P. M. Sabbath School at 2 1-2 P. M.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE.

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN made in the conditions of that certain Mortgage, dated March 27th, A. D. 1872, wherein Oscar E. Garrison, and Mary J. Garrison, his wife, are Mortgagors, and Charles F. Davis, Charles R. Beal and Lewis Clark, as co-partners as "Davis, Beal & Co.," are Mortgagees, made, executed and delivered by said mortgagors to said mortgagees and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Morrison county, Minnesota, on the 19th day of April, A. D. 1872, at 8 o'clock P. M., in Book "B" of Mortgage Deeds, on pages 397, 398, 399 and 400, and was also recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Crow Wing county, Minnesota, on the 23d day of April, A. D. 1872, at 10 o'clock A. M., in Book "A" of Mortgage Deeds, on pages 231, 232 and 233, and in which said mortgage is conveyed and mortgaged the following described tracts and parcels of land lying and being in the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter (¼) of the northeast quarter (¼) of Section twenty-nine (29); the northeast quarter (¼) of the northwest quarter (¼) of Section twenty-three (23); lot number two (2) of Section twenty-one (21); lots number three (3) and five (5) of Section thirty-two (32); the southwest quarter (¼) of Section thirty-five (35); the northwest fractional quarter (¼) of section thirty-four (34); the northwest fractional quarter (¼) of Section thirty-three (33); the southwest fractional quarter (¼) of Section twenty-one (21); the northeast quarter (¼) and the north half (½) of the northwest quarter (¼), and the southeast fractional quarter (¼), and lots five (5) and six (6) of Section twenty-eight (28); the northwest quarter (¼) and east half (½) of the southeast quarter (¼) and northwest quarter (¼) of the southeast quarter (¼), and the southwest fractional quarter (¼) and lot number one (1) of Section twenty-seven (27); all in Township number forty-three (43), north of Range number twenty-eight (28); also the following tracts of land situate and being in Morrison county, in said State, to-wit: Lots number four (4) and five (5), in Section twelve (12) in Township forty-two (42) north of Range twenty-nine (29); which said mortgage was given to secure the payment of the sum of four thousand dollars and interest according to the conditions of a certain promissory note of even date with said mortgage made by said Oscar E. Garrison, payable to said "Davis, Beal & Co.," or order, on January 1st, 1873, with interest at 12 per cent. per annum until paid, and by express terms authorizes and empowers the said mortgagees, their heirs, executors, administrators and assigns to foreclose said mortgage and sell said mortgaged premises at public auction and convey the same to the purchaser, in fee simple, agreeably to the statute in such cases made and provided, and out of the monies arising from such sale to retain the principal and interest then due on said note and mortgage, with all costs and charges, and also the sum of one hundred dollars as attorney's fees, in case default should be made in the payment of said sum of money, or interest, or any part thereof, when payable as aforesaid.

And whereas, there is claimed to be due, and is due, at the date hereof upon said note and mortgage the sum of four thousand nine hundred and sixty dollars ($4,960.00), and no proceedings have been had at law or otherwise for the recovery of said sum or any part of the same:

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed, by a sale of those tracts of said mortgaged premises situate in said Crow Wing county, at public auction to the highest cash bidder, by the Sheriff of said county, at the front door of the County Jail, in the city of Brainerd, in said County of Crow Wing, on Tuesday, the 12th day of May, A. D. 1874, at two o'clock in the afternoon, and by a sale of those tracts of said mortgaged premises situate in said Morrison county, in the same manner, by the Sheriff of said county, at the front door of the Little Falls Post Office, in the town of Little Falls, in said Morrison county, upon Wednesday, the 13th day of May, A. D. 1874, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the sum claimed to be due as aforesaid, and interest and costs, and expenses of foreclosure and sale, including said $100.00 attorney's fees.

Dated March 27, A. D. 1874.

CHARLES F. DAVIS, CHARLES R. BEAL, LEWIS CLARK, } Mortgagees.

A. F. McKAY,
Sheriff of Crow Wing County, Minn.
THOS. J. HAYES,
Sheriff of Morrison County, Minn.
n7-7w L. W. COLLINS, Attorney.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that an Annual Election will be held in the First, Second and Third Wards of the City of Brainerd, on Tuesday April 7, 1874, at which election the following officers are to be elected, viz.: one Mayor, one City Treasurer, one City Recorder, and one Alderman for the long term in each of said wards. One City Justice in Second Ward, and one City Justice in Third Ward; also, that the following named gentlemen have been appointed judges of election in each of said Wards, viz.: David Stewart, in First Ward; A. A. White, in Second Ward; and H. G. Coykendall, in Third Ward.

Further notice is also given that the following named places have been designated to hold the polls, viz.: the office of David Stewart, in First Ward; the office of J. B. Conant, in Second Ward; and the office formerly occupied by Lyman Bridges, in Third Ward.

Dated at Brainerd, March 18, 1874.

F. X. GOULET,
City Recorder.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, DISTRICT COURT, 11TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT, COUNTY OF CROW WING.

George W. Mathews, Plaintiff, against Sarah E. Mathews, Defendant, } Summons.

The State of Minnesota, to the above named Defendant:

You, Sarah E. Mathews, are hereby summoned and required to answer the Complaint in this action, which is on file in the office of the Clerk of said Court, at the City of Brainerd, in said county and State, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said Complaint on the subscriber, at his office in the City of Brainerd, county and State aforesaid, within thirty days after the service of this Summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said Complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated March 24, A. D. 1874.

G. W. HOLLAND,
Plaintiff's Attorney, Brainerd, Minn.