BRAINERD TRIBUNE
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BRAINERD TRIBUNE.

VOL. IX.—NO. 50. BRAINERD, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 22, 1881. WHOLE NO. 466.

One by One the Democratic Roses Fall.

The editor of *Truth* confesses that his Chinese letter was a forgery imposed upon him by the Democratic national committee; the Credit Mobilier and DeGolyer charges against president Garfield have long since passed into deserved oblivion; the anonymous letter received by a Democratic member of the congressional elections committee last winter, offering him $5000, to vote for Gen. Washburn in the Donnelly contest case, and charged variously at the time by Donnelly and his pals, upon Gen. Washburn himself and several of his friends, has been traced to that Democratic leader, H. H. Finley, and the contestant is as silent as the tomb; in fact scarcely a vistage remains of the war cry in 1880 of the Democratic party. Free trade—condemned by the rank and file has been abandoned by the leaders, and it is difficult to conceive what that great national party of reform (?) will concoct to base its platform upon in the next contest. It is safe to predict however that Democratic chicanery will hatch up something with which to gull the confiding followers of its will o' the wisps. Democracy is accustomed to reverses and will come up to the wire for the next heat as fresh as a new blown rose, and with a feather in its cap as tall as the last one. If any one picks up Democracy for dead he mistakes its tenacity of life, and is liable to find a lively corpse upon his hands. And it is well for the interests of the country that it is so. All great machinery requires a retarding weight sometimes, and Democracy makes an excellent balance wheel to the Republican machine.

A Distinction Without a Difference

Several contemporaries took up the TRIBUNE, quite sharply at the time, upon its prediction on December 25, right in the zenith of the Ramsey boom, that Senator McMillan would be "nominated and elected by acclamation, without opposition, when the proper time arrived." Many of them making the cross prediction that his name would scarcely be mentioned in the convention. He was not technically nominated or elected *by acclamation*, but he might as well have been. In the caucus he received 78 out of 114 votes on the first formal ballot, and in the legislature out of 130 members present and voting in both houses he received 119, and now some of his opponents wish it had all been "by acclamation, without opposition."

A City Organization.

During the past year a great deal has been said about a city organization in Brainerd and the intention has been expresed by many to move at the present session of the legislature for a city charter.

A large portion of the first half of the session has already passed and no movement has yet been made in the matter. Is it not, therefore, about time something was being done and that promptly! That we need special powers to abate nuisances, prescribe fire ordinances and sanitary measures, regulate running at large of hogs and cattle on our streets, preserve peace and good order, prevent the incumbering of our streets, sidewalks and allys, provide sidewalks, regulate peddlers, and auctioneers, etc., etc., there can be no question.

The only objection we have heard advanced to a city organization has been the expense of its maintenance. This could and should be limited by a special charter as it could not be, by an organization under the general law under which Brainerd was organized in 1872, and with proper restrictions the fines arising from healthy, properly administered police regulations would more than cover all the expense of maintaining it. Therefore it would be politic even upon the part of those opposed to a city organization to unite now with its friends in securing an unobjectionable charter rather than take the chances after the legislature adjourns of an organization under the general law with all its cumberous and expensive machinery being pressed by a public, goaded to indignation by the gross violations of decency and good order sure to occur. Therefore we advise all to move harmoniously and at once in the matter, remembering that the time is very short and that another session of the legislature will not occur for two years. A call for a public meeting would be advisable.

Obituary.

From the Columbus (Wis.) Democrat.

Died in Elba, Dodge Co., on New Years morning, at the home of her brother, J. W. Hartley, Mrs. N. A. Smith, aged 48 years. Her death was remarkable from its suddenness. She was always of commonly good health, and the day before her death, did the family washing, but retired with no more fatigue, seemingly, than usual. The morning of her death she arose before the family and apparently feeling unwell, laid down upon the lounge. Her nephew in an adjoining room heard her gasping and struggling, and hurrying to her, she made a request for water and immediately expired. Her amiability, kindness and devotion made her beloved by all who knew her, and the mourners were sincere. Her whole life has been as eventful, unfortunate and sad as it has been useful and pure, and those who are acquainted with her biography, can but wonder, admire and strive to do as well, while those who criticize are advised to better it if they can.

The funeral occurred at 11 A. M. Jan. 3d, at the home of her brother and was somewhat remarkable from the fact of its being the first Liberalist funeral in the county, perhaps in the state. The choir composed of Chas. Goff, Misses Ettinger, Johnson and Hinman with Ida Gibson organist, commenced the ceremony by singing "Across the River," J. C Brainard of Danville, an intimate friend of the family, then delivered an eloquent and most appropriate address on Death, at the close of which another song was sung. An interesting selection was then read from the Truth Seeker, which contained the sentiments of the family, but which is too lengthy to be copied here. The extract was to the purpose that our lives should be pure, that we should do right and "do unto others as you would that they should do unto you" because it is right, and that we should be grand and good because it is elevating and noble. There was no fear of death because even should there be an Hereafter the mind could concieve of no greater punishment than earth holds, while on the other hand, he who lives uprightly, honestly and does his best, according to his own best knowledge, he will reap the harvest of his deeds. Mr. Brainard then touchingly addressed the mourners as a friend, telling of his own struggles through the darkness of unbelief, of his glad arrival into light, and hoped earnestly for the same happy result for them The choir then sang the beautiful hymn, "Go to thy Rest." A benediction closed the ceremonies at the house. At the grave by the request of the friends of the deceased, her favorite song, "Sweet By and By," was sung, after which Mr. Brainard read the following exquisite lines:

I have striven hard and long
In the world's unequal fight,
Always to resist the wrong,
Always to maintain the right.
Always with a steadfast heart,
Taking, giving blow for blow,
I have ever played my part,
I am weary, let me go.

Lay me low, my work is done,
I am weary, lay me low
Where the wild flowers woo the sun,
Where the balmy breezes blow,
Where the butterflies take wing,
Where the willows drooping low,
Where the young birds chirp and sing,
I am weary, let me go.

Mr. Brainard again addressed the mourners, thanked the friends for their kindness and assistance, closing with a touching farewell to the deceased.

The ceremony all through was very impressive, the address eloquent, the music appropriately chosen and finely executed. Notwithstanding however much the belief of this family differs from that of their friends no ones religious views were shocked, nor do they find their friends the less sincere, or the less Christians, because of the wide disparity of religions opinions.

We are glad to hear it. Our druggist informs us that Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup sells better than any other medicine, and always give satisfaction. Its very cheap, too, costs only 25 cents a bottle.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE, CROW WING COUNTY.
Brainerd, Minn., Jan. 11th, 1881.

Pursuant to adjournment Commissioners met.

Present: E. R. French, J. M. Martin, F. B. Thompson, auditor.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

Bill of John Reynolds, for rent of house, not allowed.

The following bills were allowed:

C. B. Sleeper, for blanks and issuing juror certificates,	$15 31
B. Shupe, funeral expenses of D. Shockley,	6 93
J. N. Nevers, fees as juror on inquest C. Schorette,	2 00
S. V. R. Sherwood, fees as juror on inquest C. Schorette,	2 00
W. W. Hartley, publishing proceedings,	17 40
Wm. Paine, registering deaths, births, and express charges,	22 70
Jno. B. Conant, board and care of Jos. Delano,	12 00
Stratton & Heath, wood furnished jail,	4 50

The following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That the county auditor is hereby instructed to issue certificate of refundment of taxes to Davis & Goulet, on certain lands, for the amount paid by them for taxes, with interest at 7 per cent. per annum from the dates of the several payments. The same to be refunded out of the funds to which they were credited, and the amounts credited to the general county fund of Cass county, to be paid out of the interest fund of said county.

Adjourned to meet at 2 o'clock p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Pursuant to adjournment commissioners met.

Present: E. R. French, J. M. Martin, F. B. Thompson, auditor.

The following bills were allowed:

Peter Mertz, stationery, wood for jail, burial of Shockley and McIntyre,	$54 80
Peter Mertz, summoning jurors and mileage,	45 05
Peter Mertz, arresting J. McLennan, and blankets for jail,	6 35
C. B. Sleeper, furnishing wood and sawing same for offices,	11 00
C. B. Sleeper for clerk of court fees,	11 30

Deed of jail property was accepted and ordered to be put on record. It was

Resolved, That the county auditor is hereby authorized to have building now in use for county jail, insured, and draw order on county treasurer for amount of premium.

Liquor bonds were accepted and approved.

Bond of R. Parker, judge of probate, was accepted and approved.

Resolved, That bill of C. B. Sleeper, for perfecting tax judgment against lands of D. Morrison for Crow Wing, Cass, and Itasca counties, be allowed, on recommendation of county attorney, amount, $22.95.

Grand and petit jurors were chosen for the ensuing year.

Adjourned to meet on Tuesday, February 1st.

F. B. THOMPSON, Auditor. E. R. FRENCH, Chairman.

Brainerd Lodge, A. O. U. W., on Thursday evening last, perfected arrangements, appointed committees, etc., for a ball, to be given on February 17th proximo, in celebration of the anniversary of the institution of the lodge. First class music will be procured, a grand supper prepared, and every means employed to make the affair the grandest of the season.

Committees have been appointed by the subscribers to the erection of a Congregational church, and already plans are being laid and the material purchased for a stately brick edifice, the contract having been already consummated with Mr. Schwartz for the brick. The Congregational Union of New York proposes to aid in the construction, and a church edifice that would grace any city will soon be completed, a little north of the old site in the same block.

It is with sadness of heart, which will be shared by a number of TRIBUNE readers, this week, who were acquainted with the deceased, that we quote from the Columbus, Wis., *Democrat*, the notice appearing in another column of the very sudden demise of Mrs. Nettie A. Smith, a cousin of the writer. Miss Nettie A. Hartley was born in York county, New Brunswick, in 1833, and resided at the home of the writer for some time during his childhood days, placing her among his very earliest and fondest recollections. Her lullaby dispelled many a grevious disappointment, and her caresses healed many a bump and fall in his boyhood experiences. She has gone to her reward for a life of uprightness, which has been varied by many sad experiences, and it should not be our desire to deprive her of its enjoyment.

POST-OFFICE RULES.

THE MAILS at the Brainerd Post-Office

ARRIVE daily except Sunday

From the	south at	7 00 A. M.
" "	east at	7 00 A. M.
" "	west at	1 30 P. M.
" "	south at	1 30 P. M.

" Leach Lake every Tuesday evening.

CLOSE daily except Sunday

For the	south at	12 30 P. M.
" "	west at	12 30 P. M.
" "	east at	8 00 P. M.
" "	south at	8 00 P. M.

" Leach Lake every Wednesday evening.

NO MAILS arrive between the afternoon mail on Saturdays and the morning mail on Mondays.

OFFICE HOURS 7 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sunday 8 to 9 A. M.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a license issued by the Probate Court of the county of Hennepin, State of Minnesota, to the undersigned administrators, with the will annexed, of the estate of Levi Butler, deceased, we will, by virtue of said license, on the 20th day of January, A. D. 1881, at twelve o'clock noon, in front of the postoffice, at Grand Rapids, in the county of Itasca, in said State of Minnesota, offer for sale and sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, all the right, title and interest which the said Levi Butler had at the time of his death in or to the following described real estate lying and being situated in the said county of Itasca, viz. [all timber standing on said land having been sold]: The w½ and s½ of ne¼ and s½ of se¼ of section one (1); the e½ and e½ of nw¼ of section two (2); the se¼ of nw¼ and ne¼ of sw¼ of section three (3); the sw¼ of ne¼ and se¼ of nw¼ of section four (4); the e½ of nw¼ of section ten (10); the n½ of nw¼, n½ of ne¼ and se¼ of ne¼ of section eleven (11); the ne¼ of nw¼, sw¼ of nw¼ and ne¼ of ne¼ of section twelve (12); the nw¼ of ne¼ and ne¼ of nw¼ of section fifteen (15), in township fifty-five (55) of range twenty-two (22). The nw¼ of nw¼ of section three (3); the ne¼, the n½ of se¼ and sw¼ of sw¼ of section four [4]; the ne¼ of se¼ of section five [5]; the e½ of se¼ and ne¼ of ne¼ of section eight [8]; the w½ of sw¼ and se¼ of sw¼ of section nine [9], township fifty-six (56), of range twenty-two [22]. The s½ of sw¼ and s½ of se¼ of section five [5]; the s½ of ne¼, s½ of nw¼ and w¼ of sw¼ of section six (6); the w½ of nw¼, e½ of ne¼, sw¼ of ne¼ and nw¼ of se¼ of section seven (7); the e½ of ne¼, ne¼ of nw¼ and ne¼ of sw¼ of section eight (8); the sw¼ of nw¼ of section nine (9), township fifty-five (55), range twenty-three (23). The sw¼ of se¼ of section eleven (11); the nw¼ of ne¼ of section fourteen (14); the s½ of se¼ of section twenty-two (22); sw¼ of sw¼ of section twenty-three (23); the sw¼ and nw¼ of nw¼ of section twenty-six (26); the e½ of section twenty-seven (27); the se¼ of ne¼ of section thirty-four (34); lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 8 and 9 and sw¼ of ne¼ and nw¼ of se¼ of section thirty-five (35), township fifty-six (56), of range twenty-three (23). The n½ of nw¼ of section two (2), the n½ of ne¼ of section three (3), township fifty-four (54), range twenty-four (24). The e½ of se¼, e½ of ne¼ nw¼ of ne¼, e½ of nw¼, sw¼ of nw¼ and sw¼ of section one (1); the w½ of ne¼, e½ of nw¼, sw¼ of nw¼, nw¼ of sw¼ ne¼ of se¼, sw¼ of se¼ and lots 8 and 12 of section two (2); the se¼, the w½ of ne¼, e½ of nw¼ and nw¼ of nw¼ of section three (3); lots 4 and 5 of section four (4); the se¼ of nw¼ and lots 3, 5, 6, 8, 9 and 10 of section six (6); the ne¼ and e½ of se¼ of section seven (7); the sw¼ of nw¼ and nw¼ of sw¼ of section eight (8); the nw¼ of sw¼, n½ of se¼ and ne¼ of section ten (10); the nw¼ of ne¼, se¼ of se¼ and lots 2 and 3 of section eleven (11); the e½ of ne¼, sw¼ of ne¼, n½ of se¼, sw¼ of se¼ and sw¼ of section twelve (12); the sw¼ of nw¼ nw¼ of sw¼ of section thirteen (13); the e½ of ne¼, e½ of se¼, s½ of nw¼, n½ of sw¼ and nw¼ of se¼ of section fourteen (14); the n½ of se¼, sw¼ of ne¼ and se¼ of nw¼ of section nineteen (19); the ne¼ of ne¼ of section twenty (20); the nw¼ of nw¼ of section twenty-one (21); the se¼ of ne¼ of section twenty-two (22); the sw¼ of nw¼ of section twenty-three (23) the n½ of se¼ and se¼ of ne¼ of section thirty-four (34); the s½ of nw¼ and sw¼ of ne¼ of section thirty-five (35); township fifty-five (55) range twenty-four (24). The s½ of se¼ and ne¼ of se¼ of section fifteen (15); the sw¼ of sw¼ of section fourteen (14); the s½ of sw¼ of section twenty-one (21); the se¼ of se¼ of section twenty-three (23); the sw¼ of sw¼ of section twenty-four (24); the e½ of nw¼, sw¼ of nw¼, n½ of sw¼, sw¼ of ne¼ and lot 5 of section twenty-five (25); the sw¼ the se¼ and lots 1, 2, 5, and 6 of section twenty-six (26); the sw¼ and n½ of nw¼ of section twenty-eight (28); the s½ of nw¼, n½ of sw¼ and ne¼ of ne¼ of section twenty-nine (29); the e½ of sw¼ and s½ of se¼ of section thirty (30); the e½ of nw¼, nw¼ of ne¼ and lot two (2) of section thirty-one (31); the ne¼ of se¼ of section thirty-two (32); the nw¼, the se¼ of se¼, n½ of se¼ and n½ of sw¼ of section thirty-three [33]; the n½ of ne¼, w½ of se¼ and sw¼ of section thirty-four (34); the n½ of nw¼, nw¼ of ne¼, se¼ of nw¼, ne¼ of sw¼ and sw¼ of se¼ of section thirty-five [35], in township fifty-six [56], of range twenty-four [24]. The s½ of ne¼, e½ of sw¼ and se¼ of section one [1]; the se¼ of nw¼ and lots 1 and 2 of section eighteen [18]; the e½ of nw¼ and ne¼ of section twelve [12]; the e½ of ne¼ of section thirty-five [35] in township fifty-five [55] of range twenty-five [25]. The s½ of se¼ of section nine [9]; the n½ of ne¼ of section eighteen [18]; the e½ of nw¼ and se¼ of sw¼ of section thirteen [13]; the se¼ of se¼ of section twenty-three [23]; the sw¼ of se¼ of section twenty-four [24]; the nw¼ of sw¼ of section twenty-five [25]; the n½ of ne¼ and ne¼ of se¼ of section twenty-six [26]; the w½ of ne¼ and nw¼ of se¼ of section twenty-eight [28]; the s½ of ne¼ of section thirty-five [35]; in township fifty-six [56] of range twenty-five [25]. The se¼ of ne¼ and lots 2, 3 and 4 of section two [2]; the n½ of se¼ and lot 4 of section seven [7]; the nw¼ of sw¼ of section eight [8]; lot one and nw¼ of se¼ of section eleven [11]; the s½ of nw¼, n½ of sw¼ and s½ of se¼ of section twelve [12]; the ne¼ of ne¼ of section thirteen [13]; lots 1, 2, 3, 6 and 7 of section eighteen [18], in township fifty-five [55], of range twenty-six [26]. The w½ of ne¼, nw¼ of nw¼, w½ of se¼, se¼ of se¼, and se¼ of section two '2'; the se¼ of ne¼, w½ of se¼, se¼ of sw¼ and se¼ of nw¼ of section three [3]; the se¼ of se¼ of section four [4]; the w½ of nw¼, se¼ of nw¼, s½ of ne¼ and s½ of section ten [10]; the n½ of nw¼, se¼ of nw¼, s½ of sw¼ and e½ of section eleven (11); the sw¼ of nw¼ and w½ of sw¼ of section twelve (12; the sw¼ of sw¼ of section thirteen (13); the n½ of sw¼, n½ of se¼, se¼ of se¼ and n½ of section fourteen '14'; the n½ of nw¼, ne¼ of se¼ and ne¼ of section fifteen '15'; lots 4, 5, and 8 of section eighteen '18'; lots 1, 2, 3 and 5 and s½ of nw¼ of section nineteen '19'; the ne¼ of ne¼ of section twenty-three '23'; lots 6 and 7 of section twenty-five '25'; the ne¼ of ne¼ and lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 10 of section thirty-five '35', in township fifty-six '56' of range twenty-six '26', all west of the 4th principal meridian, according to government survey.

Dated Dec. 15th, A. D. 1880.

E. B. AMES,
H. C. NEWCOMB,
Administrators, with the will annexed, of the estate of Levi Butler, deceased.

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She has also laid in a large and varied stock of Flowers, Feathers, Dress Goods, Samples, Trimmings, Ladies' Furnishing Goods, and Millinery goods of all kinds.
On her Ten Cent Counter will be found a complete stock of Notions and Fancies, such as Necklaces, Brooches, Combs, Jett Goods, Collars, Cuffs, Frills, etc., etc.
EVERY THING IN LADIES' WEAR ON SHORT NOTICE AT REASONABLE PRICES.
Give me a call. MRS. C. GRANDLEMYER.
BRAINERD, June 19, 1880.

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Sash, Doors, Blinds, Eave Gutters, House and Picture Moulding.
Lowest Price for Cash. Give me a Call.
Brainerd, Feb. 16, 1879. I. U. WHITE

R. K. WHITELEY
Surveyor,
BRAINERD, - - - MINN.
Claims and Homesteads Located and Surveyed
Pine Lands Examined in the Counties of Crow Wing, Cass, Aitken and Itasca, and Estimates given.
All Orders left at the TRIBUNE office, or addressed to me at the Post-Office, or personally, will receive prompt attention.

Livery! Livery!
Having LEASED the COMMODIOUS
MERCHANT'S HOTEL STABLES,
Laurel Street, Brainerd, Minn., I have removed all my stock of Horses and Carriages from the Leland House Stables to that place, where I am prepared to furnish First-Class Rigs in First-Class Style on short notice and at Low Rates. Give me a call. Office at the Stables, and Residence just across the street.
Brainerd, May 24th, 1878.
PETER MERTZ, Proprietor.

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Geikie's Life and Words of Christ, 50 cents.
Young's Bible Concordance, 311,000 references (preparing), $2.50.
Acme Library of Biography, 50 cents.
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To secure insertion advertisements should be handed in to this office as early as Thursday noon; communications, Thursday night, and local notices of religious services, etc. Friday noon.

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CONGREGATIONAL—Preaching at 11 a. m. Union Sunday School 12.15 p. m., and Services 7 p. m. every Sunday, and Prayer Meeting at 8 p. m. every Thursday. Strangers and others not worshiping elsewhere are cordially invited to these services. "Whosoever will, let him come."
REV. R. A. BEARD, Pastor.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH—Morning Prayer, Litany and Ante-Communion service at 10½ o'clock, a. m., every Sunday. Sunday School at 12, m. Evening Prayer at 7½ p. m. Holy Communion on the first Sunday of each month and on all great festivals Evening Prayer every Friday evening, and on all Holy Days at 7½ p. m.
REV. F. J. HAWLEY, D.D., Rector.

CATHOLIC CHURCH—Divine Service every Sunday of the month. Low 8 a. m., High Mass at 10½ a. m. Catechism at Sunday School, 2½ p. m. Vespers and Evening Prayers, 7½ p.m. All are invited to attend.
E. P. SCHNIDER, Priest.

I. O. O. F.
WILDEY LODGE, No. 37, meets every Wednesday evening at 7½ P. M., at Odd Fellows' Hall, corner Sixth and Laurel streets, Brainerd, Minn. Brothers in good standing are cordially invited. P. R. WILKINS, N. G.
C. H. NETTERBERG Sec'y.

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Warm Lunches, Meals at all hours, Day Board, Oysters in their season.
Give me a call. E. W. CLINE.
Brainerd, Minn., Dec. 3rd, 1880.

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BRAINERD, - MINNESOTA.

CURRENT TOPICS.

A NATIONAL anti-monopoly league has been organized in New York. Peter Cooper is one of the prine movers.

IN the progress of the last year, as shown by official reports, Minnesota shines among the brightest stars in the galaxy of States.

THE Canada Pacific syndicate absorbs the attention of the Dominion parliament. It is to be debated from day to day until settled.

THE stream of coin continues to flow from Europe into America, $90,000,000 have been added to our stock of circulating medium during the past year.

BY the passage of a bill introduced in Congsess by Senator Angus Cameron, of Wisconsin, the Winnebago Indians of that State have practically become citizens.

CALIFORNIANS are making a vigorous push to shove Gen. McDowell into Gen. Garfield's cabinet. They think he can shoulder the portfolio of the War Department.

ANOTHER widow has come to the fore in Washington, with a metaphorical shotgun loaded for congressman Milton Sayler is the victim. Will congressmen never learn to "bevare of vidders."

THE Peruvians have been laying extensive mines of dynamite at exposed points outside of Lima, with which they expect to blow the Chilian army to kingdomcome. The decisive jamboree is daily expected.

THE new year starts off with a very promising crop of casualties. Fires, explosions, collisions, wrecks and frost have already done heavy work in checking the increase of population. Criminal carelessness is the cause of a large proportion.

THE Northern Pacific chuckles over the manner in which its forty million loan was seized upon in England, and in view of this and the inexhaustible resources of the Great Northwest, imagines it can weather the opposition of its rivals, the Central and Union.

THE long vexed Sioux question seems to be approaching solution. Sitting Bull is about done up and must soon surrender. The question will the be, what to do with him. He objects to giving up his commanding position and settling down to the level of an ordinary redskin.

MOONSHINING in Georgia is apparently a flourishing business. Collector Clark, of Atlanta, reports that there are seventy-five stills actively running in his district. He says that they are located in inaccessible mountain districts, where the deputies of the department can not get at them

THE obstreperous tail of that Canadian fish for which our government paid $5,500,000, has begun to flap again. It is now urged in Congress that to secure the award the English government employed fraudulent and perjured testimony. The whole question is likely to be re-opened, and occasion no end of gab.

THE German government is getting mad all over because the people of the United States disapprove of the relapse toward barbarism displayed in the outrageous persecutions of the Jews in Germany. It might be interesting to hear what they propose to do about it. The crusade has now taken the shape of overt violence, and the Jews are subjected to shameful indignities.

EX-SECRETARY THOMPSON explains that his acceptance of the presidency of the Panama canal company has no political bearing whatever; that the controlling interest will be in America; and that there is no attempt to get a political foothold on this continent on the part of France. The whole scheme assumes the proportions of a purely private business transaction.

THE new Chinese treaties have been received at Washington. They concede to the United States the right to limit, regulate or suspend the immigration of Chinese laborers, when the public welfare demands such measures. This government, in return, undertakes to restrain the opium traffic. A revision of the customs tariff is contemplated. In regard to mixed courts it is conceded that in all treaty ports mixed cases will be tried by the official of the defendrnt's nationality, and the law administered will be that of the officer who tries the case.

THE English ministry have on their hands one of the most difficult problems of the age in the Irish land question. It is now surmised that the real head and front of the agitation is in England, and that the sentiment of the English middle classes is with the land league. In case the government concedes, in whatever manner, the demand to do away with landlordism in Ireland, the same upheaval will follow in England, where the same conditions obtain. The English masses are not at all in sympathy with the aristocratic land owners. Any attempt by the government to revolutionize the conditions that have been established for centuries must necessarily be a delicate business. The ruling spirits of the Liberal government look upon the landlord system as a giant evil to be abolished by any means, fair or foul.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Gen. Grant was tendered the presidency of the world's fair commission, on Jan. 13. He accepted.

A bill introduced in the New York legislature Jan. 19, provides that twenty lashes be laid on the bare back of a wife beater.

Augusta, Maine, dispatch, Jan. 13: Harris M. Plaisted took the oath of office today as governor, and delivered his message.

Gov. Littlefield, in his annual message to the Rhode Island legislature, recommended female suffrage on the school question.

Dalrymple, the bonanza farmer, told a correspondent of The Chicago *Times* that his profits last season were fifty per cent. or a quarter of a million of dollars.

The State Dairymen's association of Wisconsin adopted a resolution asking the legislature to pass stringent laws respecting the sale and manufacture of all kinds of bogus butter.

Bismark dispatch Jan. 15: The engineering party, accompanied by Thomas Jones, left to-day for the Black Hills. The full object of this winter scout does not appear on the surface.

The following United States Senators were declared elected yesrerday: Platt, of New York; Hale, of Maine; Harrison, of Indiana; Dawes, of Massachusetts; Hawley, of Connecticut, and McMillan, of Minnesota.

The remains of George Woods, the colored porter who lost his life in the Beckwith House fire, Oshkosh, Wis., were found Jan. 18, their situation showing he lost his life in endeavoring to save Mrs. Page, who perished in the same fire.

The Republican caucus of the Minnesota legislature met in the evening of Jan. 13, to nominate a U. S. Senator. S. J. R. McMillan was nominated on the first ballot, the vote being as follows: McMillan, 64; Ramsey, 26; Davis, 16; Sanborn, 7; Mons Grinager, 1.

Milwaukee dispatch, Jan. 17: A deputy sheriff of Racine county arrived in this city with a murderer named John Wynkop, who is badly wanted by the authorities at Waverly, Ia., where he killed his hired man some time ago. A reward of $200 was offered for Wynkop's capture.

A memorial signed by every Republican member of the Ohio legislature, recommending Gov. Foster for a cabinet position, has been sent to President-elect Garfield. Gov. Foster declaims any knowledge of the memorial; does not meet with his wishes, and that he must not be held responsible for it.

About 1,000 piano and furniture makers and carvers are on a strike in New York in consequence of the decision of the employers to reduce wages and make a day's work ten instead of eight hours. Furniture firms say they cannot see what difference it makes to the men how long they work, as they are paid by the hour.

WEEKLY CASUALTY RECORD.

The pickers room building of the Merrimac woolen mills, at Lowell, Mass., burned Jan. 13. Loss $30,000.

A $50,000 fire occurred at Virginia City, Nevada, Jan. 15, caused by the explosion of a lamp in the hoisting works.

Durham, N. C., dispatch, Jan. 15, says: Twenty-two stores were burned to-day. This is the third one since December 1.

Robert Linnot and his son Michael, Martin Healy and Wm. Harrison were severely burned by an explosion of gas in the Pittston, Pa., coal shaft, Jan. 14.

There is a coal famine in some Iowa towns the supply being entirely exhausted. It seems impossible to get transportation for more. In Marshalltown the schools have closed for want of fuel.

Peterson, N. J., dispatch, Jan 15: The boiler of John Watson's Pasaic bleachery, exploded to-day killing one operative, Owen Gaslin, and seriously scalding another. Several other employes escaped.

Memphis dispatch, Jan, 13: A fire last night in Trenton, Tenn., destroyed the *Herald* office, Kelly's jewelry store, Esbert's candy store and the Hicks house, which was the only hotel in Trenton. Several persons were injured.

Norfolk, Va., dispatch, Jan. 15, says: The receiving warehouse of the Old Dominion Steamship company burned with contents, 400 bales of cotton, for New York, and about $10,000 worth of general merchandise intended for North Carolina. The steamer Old Dominion, loading at the time was gotten out without injury. Insured.

A fire at Lynn, Mass., Jan. 19, destroyed A. B. Martin's morocco manufactory, throwing three hundred hands out of employment and inflicting a loss of $80,000. Lancaster's factory adjoining, belonging to A. B. Martin, was partly burned; loss $30,000. The old Revere Beach depot and seven dwellings were also burned. Total loss $100,000.

Bridgeport, Ct., dispatch, Jan. 17: By an explosion of naphtha to-day, a building of the Wheeler & Wilson manufacturing works, used for extracting oil from iron shavings and waste, was destroyed. Samuel Moyle, engineer, was probably fatally burned, and H. P. Fowler, John Devoney and Patrick Doolan badly burned. Those burned were attracted to the open space between the buildings by the first explosion, and were caught by the second explosion a minute later.

CRIME AND CRIMINAL RECORD.

Richard Liston, light weight prize fighter of Toronto, has been sent to jail for six months and fined $100, for brutally beating his wife.

A negro who had outraged a white girl, near Marianna, Ark., was taken from jail by an armed mob, some of whom riddled the villain with bullets before the hanging faction could reach a tree.

A cabin in the mountains near Georgetown, Col., occupied by Wm. M., and Knox Pinkard, of New Orleans, and a colored servant, has been swept away by a snow slide, leaving no trace of the occupants.

At a ball given Saturday night at Laswald, N. M., a free fight occurred between some Americans and natives, and Dan Hodges, Frank Smith and two other Americans and one Mexican were killed and several Mexicans wounded. The feeling among the factions is intense, and another conflict is expected.

The large building occupied by E. T. Smith & Co., wholesale grocers; Smith & Green, retail grocers; the Worcester & Nashua railroad; Whitcomb Bros, boat manufacturers; and E. Dean, hoe manufacturers, Worcester, Mass., was badly damaged by fire and water on the night of Jan. 13. Loss $40,000. Insured.

Denver dispatch, Jan. 15: Billy Le Roy, said to be one of the gang who robbed Barlow & Sanderson's stage three times between September 22 and October 15 last, was arrested here last night. On their last raid they got $4,000 from the mail, but the other times only very small amounts.

J. B. Vance, Jr., son of Judge Vance, a prominent attorney of Evansville, Ind., and formerly of Henderson, Ky., suicided at Mt. Vernon, Ind., Jan. 14, by taking laudanum. Young Vance was under the influence of liquor at the time of taking his life. He left a sealed letter to his father, two letters addressed to two young ladies of Henderson, Ind., and a note to the proprietor of the hotel telling what to do with his remains.

FOREIGN.

Drift ice has stopped the navigation of the Rhine.

The bill to suppress prize fighting has passed the Toronto Senate.

McVean's hub and spoke factory, at Dresden, Ont., burned Jan. 15. Loss, $35,000.

Maynard's cotton mill at Preston, England, burned Jan. 15. Loss, £24,000. The mill contained 23,000 spindles.

Mitchell Henry, an Irish homerule member of parliament, has been driven from his fine estates by threats from the land league.

The London *Standard* says: In consequence of the demand from the Irish governmens, more gunboats will be sent to Ireland.

Dublin dispatch, Jan. 17: Land leaguers in Kerry have held no meetings since proceedings began against the officers of the Tralee branch.

A railway accident occurred at Wakefield, Yorkshire, Jan. 17. Seven persons were reported killed and from thirty to forty wounded.

Manchester dispatch, Jan, 17: The police have found a clue which may lead to the discovery of the perpetrators of the explosion at the barracks.

A dispatch from St. Petersburg reports that the second parallel was laid on the 7th instant, 400 paces from Geoktepe. The bombardment continues.

Calcutta dispatch, Jan. 17: A plot to massacre the English residents of Kalapore was wild and certain of failure, but was really seriously contemplated.

A dispatch from London, dated Jan. 17, says it is rumored that the British troops made two attacks from Petoir and were both times repulsed by the Boers.

Paris dispatch, Jan, 17: Supplementary municipal elections were held yesterday, and, as far as known, generally resulted in the success of the moderate Republicans.

Dispatch from Constantinople, Jan. 18, says: News is received that Greece has requested Russia to take Greek subjects in Turkey under her protection, should necessity arise.

Owing to the scarcity of coal, caused by the strike of the miners, several English mills and foundries have been stopped and distress among the working classes is apprehended.'

London dispatch, Jan. 19: In the House of Commons a motion was agreed to to defer all notices of meetings to-day, until after the debate on the address in reply to the queen's speech.

The London *Times* in a leading article says the scheme for paralizing the parliamentary government by obstruction must be most seriously considered and most promptly encountered.

A dispatch from London says the Thames was overflowed, causing much damage in the low-laying parts of Lambeth and Southwork. Over 100 barges are sunk. Woolwich pier is washed away.

Berlin dispatch, Jan. 17: Fifty thousand marks have been subscribed towards founding an anti-Jewish newspaper, a majority of the Berlin journals being decidedly against anti-Semite government.

A London dispatch of Jan. 14 says: A riot occurred yesterday near Wigan, growing out of the strike of coal miners. The police charged the crowd but were repulsed. Several persons were severely injured.

The London *Times* says the agrarian outrages committed in Ireland during Dec., 1880, numbered 866, which was more than during the whole of 1879 and little less than an aggregate of the three preceding years.

Paris dispatch, Jan. 17: Trenquist, returned communist, and three other Rochefort candidates, were defeatad on the second ballot in the supplementary municipal elections. The reactionaries carried only one seat.

It seems to be generally felt that the beginning of the year 1881 finds Russia with brighter prospects than the past year. In spite of nihilism, a certain measure of progress toward real liberal reforms has been made.

St. Petersburg dispatch, Jan. 17: Gen. Skobeloff estimates the Tekke Turcomans 40,000 strong. They have excellent rifles, but only a few old cannons. The Russian artillery men captured with their guns by Turcomans were all massacred.

The emperor of Austria has accepted the resignation of Earon von Strect as minister of justice, and Kremer von Auenrode as minister to commerce. DePrazatt will succeed to the ministry of justice, and Baron Pine to the ministry of commerce.

A London dispatch of Jan. 12, says that from forty to fifty thousand colliers are on a strike in Lancashire, owing principally to the desire of the masters to contract themselves out of the law rendering them liable to pay compensation in the event of accidents.

London dispatch, Jan. 14: A Berlin correspondent hears that Prince Bismarck has communicated with all the ambassadors on the Greek question. It is even hinted he sent a special messenger to Constantinople to advise the porte to assume the defensive, so that in the event of war Greece may be considered responsible.

Dublin dispatch, Jan. 15, says: Five officers of the Tralee branch of the land league, in whose cases the magistrates reserved decision after the discharge of Brassil and Leheay, were to-day committed for trial. Their attorney, on the advice of eminent counsel, did not ask to have them admitted to bail. Eleven other arrests are expected to-night.

A telegram from Manchester, Eng., Jan. 14, says: An attempt has been made, it is believed by fenians, to blow up the armory of the infantry barracks at Talforn, where the rifles of the volunteers were deposited. A meat store near the armory was blown to atoms. No other damage done. Investigation in progress. The explosion is believed to have been effected with dynamite which was smuggled into the barracks by some one having business with the regiment.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Markwell & Norman, tobacco dealers, of Milwaukee, have assigned.

The temperature fell to 20 degrees below zero at Chicago Thursday night.

The steamship City of Richmond arrived from Europe Jan. 17, bringing £100,000 in coin.

The grand jury of Newark, N. J., recommends the reestablishment of the whipping post for wife beaters.

The failure of E. W. Marshall & Co., wholesale dry goods, Charleston, S. C., was announced Jan. 14. Liabilities, $60,000; assets, $10,00.

The Missouri Cotton and Oil company of St. Louis has assigned. Liabilities, $50,000; assets, consisting of machinery, etc., $45,000.

The ship Leonore, Capt. Bailey, sunk off Hartelle Pool, in collision with the steamer John Dixon. Nine persons were drowned, including Capt. Bailey.

There are already forty-eight entries for the O'Leary belt contest, beginning on the 24th inst. Rowell and Vaughn are training in England for the special O'Leary match.

F. A. Hutchins, superintendent of stamp department of the Boston postoffice, being unable to explain deficiency of $660 or $600 in his accounts, has been allowed to resign.

The Merchants' club in New York has appointed a committee to go to Washington and advocate the adoption of a new general bankrupt law. The Lowell measure is favored.

Pittsburg dispatch, Jan. 19: The annual encampment of the Pennsylvania department of the Grand Army of the Republic, began here to-day. About 3,000 members are present.

The bank clearings in Chicago for the week ending Jan. 15 were 34,000,000, or 10,000,000, above last year. Hogs slaughtered since November 2,064,000, or 437,000 more than last year.

The following has been received at headquarters in St. Paul: On the 13, Allison received word through Major Brotherton that he was confident of bringing his negotiations with Sitting Bull to a successful close in five days. Allison was then at Wolf Point.

The national curling tournament began in Milwaukee Jan. 18. The first contest was between Chicago and Milwaukee. The latter won by 98 to 67. The second was between Chicago and Portage. The latter won by 55 to 43. The Gordon medal will be competed to-morrow.

Philadelphia dispatch, Jan. 17: The Lehigh & Schuylkill coal exchange agreed to work full time this week and the first three days of next week, so that suspension will take place the last three days of next week, and work be again resumed on the 31st and be continued until further notice.

City of Mexico dispatch, Jan. 10: Indians in the State of Chihuahua, December 23, killed four men, two women and a child and afterwards murdered four shepherds and wounded several others. On the next day Lieut. Senniga attacked Indians in Sierra del Nido, but was unable to drive them from their stronghold.

As heretofore announced, the national association of veterans of the Mexican war will hold its annual meeting in Louisville, Ky., February 22nd. During the sessions the association will be the object of the veterans of the State and city. The desire is to extend to old comrades a welcome such as will maintain the credit of the commonwealth.

The allotment of subscriptions to the Mexican Central railroad securities is the talk in financial circles in Boston. The amount offered to the public was $5,715,000. The subscription was double the amount. In accordance with negotiations recently entertained into with parties controlling connecting roads between Mexico and the Mississippi, Jay Gould receives 676 blocks of $4,500 each, a total subscription of $2,997,000. Gen. Grant receives ten blocks, and other subscribers the balance.

Langford, Ireland, dispatch of Jan 13, says: Three hundred and fifty police and a squadron of dragoons are at Drumlish and infantry is expected. The whole force will proceed to assist in serving ejectment notices on Lord Granard's property. The people are armed with bludgeons and pitchforks, but encounters will probably be avoided by exertions of the parish priest. Later: The threatened disturbance at Drumlish has been averted. The parish priest addressed the people, whereupon some laid aside their weapons. The magistrates read the riot act and the police forced back the crowd with their bayonets, the cavalry was ordered up, and the processes were served without further difficulty.

MINNESOTA'S POPULATION.

Detailed Returns of the Census of 1880 by Counties—A Grand Total of 780,807 Souls in the Empire State of the Northwest.

We publish below the returns of the population of Minnesota in 1880 by counties, as received from the superintendent of the census, and also the population of the several counties according to the census of 1860 and 1870. Included in the total for 1860 are 2,214 persons residing in the counties that have no present existence, and in the total for 1870 are 3,225 persons similarly situated.

COUNTIES.	186	1870.	1880.
Aitkin	2	178	366
Anoka	2,126	3,940	7,108
Becker	386	308	4,407
Beltrami	....	80	16
Benton	627	1,558	3,012
Big Stone	....	24	3,688
Blue Earth	4,803	17,302	22,889
Brown	2,339	6,396	12,018
Carlton	51	286	1,230
Carver	5,106	11,586	14,140
Cass	150	380	486
Chippewa	....	1,467	5,408
Chisago	1,743	4,358	7,982
Clay	....	92	5,885
Cook	....	....	65
Cottonwood	12	534	5,533
Crow Wing	269	200	2,318
Dakota	9,093	16,312	17,391
Dodge	3,797	8,598	11,344
Douglas	195	4,239	9,130
Faribault	1,335	9,940	13,016
Fillmore	13,542	24,887	28,162
Freeborn	3,367	10,578	16,069
Goodhue	8,977	22,618	29,651
Grant	....	340	3,004
Hennepin	12,849	31,566	67,013
Houston	6,645	14,936	16,332
Isanti	284	2,035	5,063
Itasca	51	96	124
Jackson	181	1,825	4,806
Kanabec	30	93	505
Kandiyohi	76	1,760	10,159
Kittson	....	....	905
Lake	248	135	106
Lac qui Parle	....	145	4,907
Le Sueur	5,318	11,607	16,104
Lincoln	....	....	2,945
Lyon	....	....	6,257
Marshall	....	....	992
Martin	151	3,867	5,249
McLeod	1,286	5,643	12,342
Meeker	928	6,090	11,739
Mille Lacs	78	1,109	1,501
Morrison	618	1,681	5,875
Mower	3,217	10,447	16,799
Murray	29	209	3,604
Nicollet	3,773	8,362	12,333
Nobles	35	117	4,433
Olmsted	9,524	19,793	21,543
Otter Tail	240	1,968	18,675
Pine	92	648	1,365
Pipestone	23	....	2,092
Polk	240	....	11,247
Pope	....	2,691	5,874
Ramsey	12,150	23,085	45,918
Redwood	....	1,829	5,375
Renville	245	3,219	10,791
Rice	7,543	16,083	22,480
Rock	....	138	3,669
St. Louis	406	4,561	4,504
Scott	4,595	11,042	13,576
Sherburne	723	2,050	3,855
Sibley	3,609	6,725	10,637
Stearns	4,505	14,206	21,956
Steele	2,863	8,271	12,460
Stevens	....	174	3,911
Swift	....	....	7,473
Todd	430	2,036	6,133
Traverse	....	13	1,503
Wabashaw	7,228	15,859	18,205
Wadena	....	6	2,080
Waseca	2,601	7,854	12,385
Washington	6,123	11,809	19,563
Watonwan	....	2,426	5,106
Wilkin	60	295	1,906
Winona	9,208	22,319	27,197
Wright	3,729	9,457	18,104
Yellow Medicine	....	....	4,684
White Earth (Indian reserv'n)	....	....	996
Total	172,023	439,706	780,807

A Fair Page.

Here is a strange fact. It may seem to many men, in revising their experience, that they have no fairer page in their life's book than the delicious memory of some passages wherein affection contrived to give a witchcraft to a parcel of accidental and trivial circumstances. No man can forget the visitations of that power which was the dawn in him of music, poetry and art; when the youth became a watcher of windows, and studious of a glove, a veil, a ribbon, or the wheels of a carriage; when the day was not long enough, but the night must be consumed in keen recollections. The time when the moonlight was a poem, the clouds were faces, the stars were letters, the flowers articulate, the air was coined into song; when all business seemed an impertinence, and all the men and women running to and fro in the streets mere pictures.—*Emerson.*

MINNESOTA LEGISLATURE.

(Twenty-Second Session.)

SENATE, JAN. 13.

Bills introduced: To regulate the carrying of certain freight on all railroads in this State. To grant swamp lands in aid of the Little Falls & Dakota railroad. To appropriate $1,967 to Charles Butler, for work on Normal school grounds at Winona. To amend general statutes relating to township organization and election of town officers. Authorizing Scott county to borrow bonds to the amount of 4,500 to reimburse general funds embezzled by Treasurer John J. King. Passed House bill repealing section 1, chapter 211, laws of 1876. Adjourned.

HOUSE, JAN. 13.

Passed bill repealing section 1, chapter 211, laws of 1876. Bills introduced: Relating to rates of interest and usury. Relating to erection of public buildings for St. Paul and Ramsey county. Authorizing Nicollet county to issue bonds. Providing for organization of Big Stone county. Granting lands to aid construction of Little Falls and Dakota railroad. To amend statute for the protection of game. Several local and minor bills. Adjourned to 2 o'clock p. m. Friday.

SENATE, JAN. 14.

Resolution of Senator Crooks, for the appointment of a committee to whom should be referred all matters relating to State railroad bonds, discussed and passed. Bills introduced: To provide for the final disposition of State swamp lands, giving timbered swamp lands to the State Forestry Association, and the proceeds of the remainder to the school fund. Local bi'ls. Senate went into executive session, and confirmed the following nominations made by the Governor: Insurance commissioner, A. R. McGill; Public examiner, Henry M. Knox; Warden of State prison, John A. Reed; Adjutant general, H. P. Van Cleve; Members of the board of regents of the State University, W. R. Marshall, C. V. Tousley, Richard Chute, Greenleaf Clark and A. J. Edgerton. The nomination of David Burt, to be superintendent of public instruction, was referred to the committee on education. Adjourned till 8 p. m. Monday.

HOUSE, JAN. 14.

Committee on deaf, dumb and blind reported in favor of a school for imbeciles at Faribault. Committee on towns and counties reported unfavorably on bill referring to election of overseers of towns. Bill introduced: Relative to supplementary proceedings in judgments. To provide for inspection of steam boilers and protection of life. To declare the organization of Stevens county. To amend the act for encouragement of higher education. To detatch Pipestone from Rock county for judicial purposes. To protect the people of Minnesota from malpractice in medicine and surgery. To create a new judicial district, known as the Thirteenth. Went into committee of the whole and considered certain bills. Adjourned to Monday.

SENATE, JAN. 17.

2 A short evening session was held. Judiciary committee reported Senator Buck's bankrupt bill, and asked to have it printed. A communication from the Governor announced his approval of the appropriation of $70,000 for legislative expenses. Adjourned.

HOUSE, JAN. 17.

Met at 8 p. m. Resolution offered for a joint committee to consider the propriety of a new State prison. Bills introduced: To authorize adjudication of the State railroad bonds. Relating to canvassing votes at judicial elections. To amend statutes relating to intoxicating liquors. To amend statute relating to chattel mortgages. Local bills. Petition offered from Selah Chamberlain, asking for payment of the State railroad bonds Voted to receive the petition. Adjourned.

SENATE, JAN. 18.

Communication received from the Secretary of State showing the population of the State by counties. The table appears elsewhere. One thousand copies of census report ordered printed. Bills introduced: To amend the constitution relative to investment of school funds. To extend the time for paying for seed grain furnished by the State to grasshopper sufferers. To amend general statutes relating to punishment of the crime of manslaughter. Proceeded to vote for U. S. Senator. S. J. R. McMillan received 29 votes, a majority of 22. After passing some local bills the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE, JAN. 18.

Bills introduced: To amend statutes relating to education. To amend the act relative to offenses against public health. It prescribes punishment for adulteration in malt, vinous and spirituous liquors. To encourage planting of forest trees. Proceeded to vote for U. S. Senator, S. J. R. McMillan received 90 votes—a majority of 86. The governor transmitted the report of the board of immigration. Resolution adopted calling on the governor for official documents bearing on the issue of State railroad bonds. Adjourned.

SENATE, JAN. 19.

Bills introduced: To increase the annual appropriations for State Normal schools. Increases the annual amount appropriated for the Winona Normal school $3,000, and $3,000 each to the Mankato and St. Cloud Normal schools. To amend the statutes of 1878 relative to the punishment of larceny from the person. A joint resolution, memorializing Congress to construct reservoirs on the Upper Mississippi river. Passed under suspended rules. A message was received from the House announcing the concurrence in the Senate resolution for a joint committee to whom should be referred all motions relating to the State railroad bonds, with an amendment providing for the printing of 500 copies of the report of Messrs. Hubbard, John Nichols and Tourtelott, the committee appointed in 1856 to the bond question. The House also announced its concurrence in the Senate resolution to investigate matters at the St. Peter insane asylum, with an amendment restricting the committee to occurrences since the last investigation. The Senate then in a body repaired to the hall of the House of Representatives to take part in the ratification of the election of the Hon. S. J. R. McMillan as United States Senator. Adjourned.

HOUSE, Jan. 19.

Bills introduced: To amend general statutes relating to removals of officers by the governor. To authorize the formation of the Millers' and Manufacturers' Insurance Co. To amend statutes relating to appeals to the district courts in actions for damages. To authorize the Winona & St. Peter Railroad company to purchase the Minnesota Valley, Winona & Mankato, Rochester & Northern, Chicago & Dakota, Plainview railway, Chatfield & Dakota Southern Railroad companies. Numerous local bills. The joint memorial in favor of the reservoir system was read and debated. At noon the Houses met in joint convention to elect U. S. Senator. Hon. S. J. R. McMillan was declared elected.

A Valuable Plant.

The sunflower is turned to extraordinary account in Lithania. The seeds yield at first pressure excellent salad oil, and the residue forms excellent oil cake for cattle, who are also fond of the leaves and stalks chopped up. The flowers a little short of bloom are, when cooked, nearly as good as artichokes, and are in the garden very attractive to bees. The leaf, well dried, is used as tobacco. The seed receptacles are made into blotting paper, and the inner part of the stalk is made into a fine writing paper. The more woody portions of the plant, which attains great size, are used for fuel. The best is obtained in the Crimea. As an anti-malarial agent the sunflower is most valuable.—*Field and Farm.*

IT is beautifully remarked that a man's mother is the representative of his Maker. Misfortune and mere crime set no barriers between her and her son. While his mother lives a man has one friend on earth who will not desert him when he is needy. Her affection flows from a pure fountain and ceases only at the ocean of eternity.

OLD railroad conductors say the number of people traveling on Friday is less than that of any other day in the week, and they ascribe the cause to the superstition entertained by a great many persons against beginning an undertaking or setting out on a journey on Friday.

XLVI CONGRESS.

[Second Session.]

HOUSE, Jan. 13.—Bills were reported for disposing of sundry contested seats cases, and referred. A bill for the relief of Gen. Ord was introduced and referred. The House went into committee of the whole on the funding bill. Mr. Randall modified his amendment to read as follows: The secretary of the treasury is hereby authorized to issue bonds or certificates in an amount not exceeding $650,000, which shall bear interest at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum, redeemable at pleasure of the government after two years from the date of issue. Mr. Townsend, of Illinois, offered an amendment to Randall's amendment, fixing the amount of bonds at $400,000,000. Mr. Randall accepted the amendment, and his amendment as amended was agreed to, 128 to 2 (Weaver and Gillete). Various amendments were offered and rejected. Discussion continued during the remainder of the session. The committee rose and the House adjourned.

SENATE, Jan. 13.—Senator McMillan reported from the committee on commerce, favorably on the bill to pay Minnesota Indians damages for the construction of reservoirs on Indian reservations at the head waters of the Mississippi, and for other purposes. After an explanation by him, the bill passed. Senator Logan introduced a bill extending the franking privilege which was taken up. Senator Wallace rose to a personal explanation in reference to a change made against him of abuse of the franking privilege. The resolution was referred to the committee on postoffices. The Senate resumed the consideration of the army bill. Amendments were suggested, and a long discussion followed. Without final action upon the bill the Senate adjourned.

SENATE, Jan. 14.—Senator Hoar presented a petitition and spoke in favor of a bill, providing for retired presidents. A bill was reported from the committee on agriculture in regard to pleuro-peneumonia among cattle. The Senate passed the district tramp bill. Senator Voorhees offered a concurrent resolution for participating in the unveiling of the statue of Admiral Farragut. Adopted. Consideration of the military academy appropriation bill was resumed. The bill appropriating $322,135. The bill making appropriation of $2,500 to defray the expense of the International Sanitary Conference passed, after considerable discussion. A bill in reference to the Freedmen's bank in Washington was taken up, but received no action, and the Senate adjourned till Monday.

HOUSE, Jan. 14.—The House went went into committee of the whole on the private calendar. No attempt was made to take up the funding bill. A dozen private bills were reported—much action of no general interest was had—and no quorum being present the House adjourned.

SENATE, Jan. 15.—Not in session.

HOUSE, Jan. 15.—Went into committee of the whole on the funding bill. Mr. Frye gave notice of a substitute which he proposed to offer for the first section, providing for the issue of bonds and treasury notes to the amount of $620,000,000, bearing 3½ per cent. interest and redeemable after one year. Various amendments were offered and debated. After extended discussion, the committee rose and the House adjourned. It is expected the bill will reach a final vote on Tuesday.

SENATE, Jan. 17.—Senator Wallace, from the committee on appropriations, reported with sundry amendments, the Indian appropriation bill. Senator Pendleton reported, with a detailed report, the bill making an appropriation for completing, compiling and publishing the returns of the tenth census. Senator Garland presented the report of Congressional visitors to West Point, accompanying the same with a bill amending existing laws in relation to the military academy at West Point. Referred. The bill passed for the relief of Gen. Ord. Discussion of the Ben Holliday bill resumed. Went into executive session, and afterward adjourned.

HOUSE, Jan. 17.—Bills introduced. To establish a sub-treasury at Louisville. Providing for a joint committee from the United States and Great Britain to investigate alleged frauds practiced upon the fishery commission. To prohibit sending firearms and ammunition by mail. To improve the civil service. To legalize collection of taxes on account of shares of national banks. To regulate commerce by railroads between States. For the relief of all persons having claims against the United States. For the removal of duty from machinery used in flax and jute manufacture. Proposing a constitutional amendment providing that United States Senators shall be elected by the people, instead of legislatures. Discussed bill to quiet titles of settlers on Des Moines River lands in Iowa. Adjourned.

SENATE, Jan. 18.—The vice president, from the secretary of the interior, submitted the census returns of 1880. Naval committee reported favorably the bill to regulate and equalize appointments in the navy. Referred to committee on foreign affairs the bill to incorporate Inter-oceanic canal company. The Ben Holliday bill was taken up, the blank in the bill filled up by inserting $100,000, and the measure passed, by vote of 33 to 19. A conference committee was ordered upon the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill. Adjourned.

HOUSE, Jan. 18.—Committee on elections reported that H. Bisbe and not L. Hall is entitled to contested seat from Florida. Committee on military affairs reported adversely the bill to place U. S. Graot on the retired list. Also reported back the bill to place Wm. M. Averill on same list. The special committee on bounties reported a resolution directing the committee on appropriations to add to the appropriation bill for the payment of bounties an appropriation of $300,000 for the payment of arrears, pay and bounties to volunteer soldiers in the rebellion, to their heirs and to discharged soldiers whose claims may be allowed and certified after Dec. 30, 1880. Adopted. House went into committee of the whole on the funding bill, which was discussed at length. The committee then rose and reported the bill to the House, when E. Wood demanded the previous question, which was seconded, and the main question ordered on the bill and amendments, and pending further action the House adjourned.

SENATE, Jan. 19.—Committee on Indian affairs reported favorably the bill to provide for sale of lands belonging to the Prairie band of Pottawattamie Indians and the bill for sale of lands of Miamis, in Kansas. Bill for compensation of collectors of customs acting as superintendents of lighthouses, referred to committee on appropriations. Senator Conkling submitted a resolution directing the secretary of the interior to inform the Senate respecting the execution of the law for taking the recent census, as to the number of agents employed, and the rate of compensation for each class. Senator Edmunds called up the Senate bill reported from the committee on private land claims at the last session of Congress, to provide for ascertaining and settling the private land claims of States and Territories acquired from Mexico, except California. On motion of Senator Coke, the Senate bill ro provide for the allotment of lands in severalty to Indians on various reservations, was taken up, when the Senate went into executive session and soon adjourned.

HOUSE, Jan. 19.—The funding bill came up as unfinished business. An amendment was agreed to, providing that after the first of May, 1881, the 3 per cent. bonds be received as security for the national debt circulation, or as security for safe keeping of public money. The question then recurred on the final passage of the bill, and it passed. Yeas 135, nays 125. Adjourned.

Starving Out Cancers.

At a meeting of the Medical and Chirurgical Society, of Leeds, England, an account of an interesting case of quiescent schirrus was given by Dr. Teale. The patient was an unmarried lady of 35. A cancer formed in her breast, causing retraction and ultimately loss of the nipple; it ulcerated; some auxiliary glands enlarged, and the patient seemed about to die. But in consequence, as it appeared, of the small quantity of food taken by the patient, the cancer was "starved." It atrophied slowly, and now, nine years after its first appearance, there was nothing but a hard cicatrix left in the breast and axilla. Cases more or less similar were related in the discussion which followed.

A BASE-BALL boy tripped, fell and tore his clothes while chasing a stray chicken in a neighbor's lot. He told his mother he had been sent to grass by a foul. She reached for home base, and the youth went out on a strike, howling for the old man to act as referee.

BITS OF INFORMATION.

THE first steamboat that navigated the Mississippi was the New Orleans, in December, 1811.

PROFILE pictures are said to have originated with Antigonus, who had his picture taken in this manner on account of having only one eye.

FATHER HENNEPIN discovered coal in 1669, in what is now Ottawa, Ill., and this appears to be the first record of the finding of coal in America, but it was not mined until [illegible] a century and a half later. In [illegible] five arkloads of flinty coal were floated down the Lehigh river and sold in Philadelphia for $21 per ton.

THE phrase, "A Roland for an Oliver," is equivalent to the ordinary expression "Tit for tat," or giving a person as good as he sends. Roland and Oliver were the names of two pages attached to the court of Charlemagne. Their qualities were so excellent and so equally matched that Roland was considered as good as Oliver, and vice versa. This is the generally ascribed origin of the phrase.

THE countries of Europe are governed by the following personages: The Austro-Hungarian empire, Francis Joseph, Emperor of Austria, King of Hungary and Bohemia; Belgium, King Leopold; Bulgaria, Prince Alexander (of the House of Hesse); Denmark, Christian IX.; France, President Grevy; the German empire, Emperor William; Greece, George I.; Italy, King Humbert; Netherlands, King William III.; Spain, King Alfonso XII.; Switzerland, President Dr. E. Welti; Russia, Emperor Alexander II.; Norway and Sweden, King Oscar II.

THE expression "Don't crowd the mourners" originated with one of the Mier prisoners in Mexico. The captured Texans overpowered their guard at Rancho Salado and escaped, but were afterward recaptured and compelled to draw lots. A number of beans were placed in a hat, every tenth bean being a black one. The man who drew a black bean was to be executed next morning. One of the unfortunates who had already drawn a black bean was jostled, accidentally, by a fellow-captive who was crowding up to try his luck. The jostled party, whose fate was already sealed, laughingly remarked: "Go slow; don't crowd the mourners, boys."

IN 1610 four cows and a bull were, after a long and dangerous passage, by a sailing vessel, landed in Virginia from Ireland. These were the first domestic cattle seen in America. In 1625 eighteen ewes and two rams were introduced as a novelty into New York by the Dutch West India Company. The first horses landed in any part of North America were carried over to Florida by Cabecca de Vaca in 1527; they all perished. The wild horses found on the plains of Texas and the Western prairies are probably descendants of the fine Spanish horses abandoned by De Soto. In 1625 part of the trade of the Dutch West India Company was the carrying of horses from Flanders to New York, and that year six mares and a horse were safely transported from France to America. The London Company were the first exporters of swine from Britain to America, and in the year 1624 they carried on their vessels no less than eighty-four, which were all, on landing, allowed to roam at large and feed and fatten on the mast, which was very abundant in the woods. They increased so fast that in 1627 the colony was in danger of being overrun with them; but, the Indians acquiring a taste for fresh pork and the novelty of hunting hogs, that calamity was averted.

The Kitchen at Harvard.

The Harvard students have the finest dining hall in the country. For size, equal to the nave of a cathedral, and hung with portraits of the distinguished graduates of the university. Ninety persons are employed in preparing their meals. The soup kettle holds 220 gallons. Only 110 gallons of soup, however, are required for the daily dinner. The oat-meal kettle holds twenty gallons, and that for cracked wheat forty-five gallons; but not quite, although very nearly, this amount is consumed daily. The great range, twenty-five feet long, contains four ovens, and does all the frying, and heating plates, etc. There are seven kettles for boiling meats, and five for vegetables, and none of them of very small size; while the great charcoal grate will easily broil steak for 650 men. But the most astounding parts of the culinary arrangements are the two great ovens, one for baking meats and one for bread and pies. The first will cook at once 2,000 pounds of meat, and the other 250 pies. They are by no means too large, however, since from 800 to 1,000 pounds of meat are consumed daily, and some ninety loaves of graham and seventy-five loaves of white bread.

A MODERN illustration of vicarious atonement is found in the case of Dr. Legoff, of Paris, who allowed blood to be pumped from his own veins into the body of a wounded soldier—the operation being of the transfusion of blood. The sick man recovered and the doctor's health failed. He tried change of climate in hope of improvement, but without avail, and he finally died from the effects of his generosity.

MARKETS.

Latest Quotations Corrected from Associated Press Reports.

Chicago.

Wheat, No 2	$0 96½
Corn	0 37
Oats	0 31
Barley	1 04
Mess Pork	13 25
Lard	8 30

Milwaukee.

Wheat, No. 1	$1 00
Wheat, No. 2	0 96
Corn	0 36½
Oats	0 30½
Barley, No 2	0 81
Mess Pork	13 05
Lard	8 75

St. Paul.

Wheat	$ 0 91	@	$ 0 89
Corn	0 35	@	0 34
Oats	0 29	@	0 28
Barley	0 80	@	0 65
Rye			0 70
Pork			5 30
Butter	0 17	@	0 28
Eggs			0 35

Minneapolis.

Wheat	$ 0 88	@	$ 0 85
Corn	0 35	@	0 34
Oats	0 30	@	0 28
Butter	0 14	@	0 28

Lumber.

Common boards			$12 00
Timber, joist and dimensions ... $12 00	$14 00	@	16 00
Dimensions, 2x4, 10 and 20 feet			18 00
First fencing	14 00	@	15 00
Second fencing			12 00
Dressed siding	16 00	@	20 00
Dressed flooring	18 00	@	30 00
Shingles	1 00	@	3 00
Lath			2 50

THE FAMILY DOCTOR.

FOR sweating feet try a powder composed of salicylic acid, 13 parts, and silicate of magnesia, 87 parts. It is a German army remedy.

GENTLEMEN who are going to take a drive should not forget that an eight-page newspaper spread over the chest is the best chest protector that can be worn in cold weather. Put it between the under and overcoat.

A DAILY paper tells how a boy almost lost his eyesight by rising to wipe his own face with a handkerchief which he had previously used about the mouth of a horse suffering from the epizootic. One experience of this kind, if widely published, ought to be the last to occur.

ONE of the most dangerous poisons is produced by the first stages of decomposition in sausage and other meats. It is difficult to understand how some people can, as they do, have a taste for "gamey meat," but their number will be diminished as the reports increase of fatal cases of poisoning from the eating of it. —*Dr. Foote's Health Monthly.*

CURE FOR CORNS.—Mr. Gezow, a Russian apothecary, recommends the following as a "sure" remedy for corns, stating that it proves effective within a short time, and without causing any pain—Salicylic acid, 30 parts; extract of cannabis indica, 5 parts; collodion, 240 parts. To be applied by means of a camel's hair pencil.

HOME-MADE COURT PLASTER.—Soak isinglass in a little warm water for seventy-four hours; then evaporate nearly all the water by gentle heat; dissolve the residue in a little dilute alcohol, and strain the whole through a piece of open linen. The strained mass should be a stiff jelly when cold. Now stretch a piece of silk or sarcenet on a wooden frame, and fix it tight with tacks or pack thread. Melt the jelly and apply it to the silk thinly and evenly with a badger hair brush. A second coating must be applied when the first has dried. When both are dry, apply over the whole surface two or three coatings of the balsam of Peru. Plaster thus made is very pliable, and never breaks.

CHILBLAINS.—A chilblain, whether on the hands or feet, is nothing else save a mitigated form of frost bite. The evil effects of the cold are not felt until what medical men and surgeons term reaction has taken place; this is, until the blood which has been dispelled by the chill returns to the skin, and returns to it with sufficient force to cause a certain degree of inflammation. The parts so inflamed—probably some part of the hands or a toe or heel—will be found red and swollen, and most disagreeable itching and tingling will be felt, quite sufficient, in many cases, to banish sleep. After a time the chilblain assumes a bluish hue, and children once attacked are very liable to be so again. Now it is well to remember that it is far more easy to prevent the occurrence of chilblain than to cure it. A child or young person, after having been exposed for some time to the cold, should not be allowed to go too near to the fire, nor even remain in a too warm room. It is rapid reaction that causes the chilblain. If the feet or hands have become numbed with the cold, exercise should be taken to restore them slowly; or they may be rubbed with powdered starch, or, as suggested by an eminent authority, a liniment composed of the yelk of two eggs, four table-spoonfuls of turpentine, and the same quantity of vinegar, may be used to restore the circulation. The smell, however, of this liniment may be objected to, so one composed of two ounces of camphor liniment to one ounce of laudanum, and the same quantity of hartshorn, may be thought preferable. For the cure of a chilblain once formed, hundreds of remedies are from time to time recommended. A mixture of the compound tincture of iodine and liquid ammonia, equal parts, painted over the inflamed parts twice a day, is probably as good as any. Glycerine or lime liniment eases the itching, and some may find relief from bathing the chilblain in a strong solution of alum; an ounce of the powder dissolved in a pint of soft water. Those who suffer much in winter from this disagreeable complaint should take a course of cod liver oil and tincture of yellow bark before the cold weather comes on, or Parrish's chemical food with cod liver oil. Their own chemist will be able to state the proper dose, which should be according to the age, and the length of time it may be taken to do good is about six weeks. Warm stockings and gloves prevent chilblains; tight shoes encourage them.

Steel Making in China.

In the manufacture and use of steel the Chinese appear to have attained a very early and remarkable proficiency. Chinese records do not enlighten us as to the precise period at which the art of reducing metals from their ores became known in that country; but it is evident that it must have been some centuries before the Christian era. Mention is made of steel in the most ancient of the Chinese writings, and Leih-tze, an author who flourished about 400 B. C., described the process by which it was made. In the Yu Kung section of the Shoo King, Book I., it is stated that among the articles forming the tribute of Yu were nautical gem stones, iron, silver, steel, stones for arrow heads, etc. Legge points out that, in the time of the Han dynasty, iron masters were appointed in several districts of the old Lian Choo to superintend the iron works. With the exception of this passage, however, it is considered probable that there is no distinct allusion to iron in Chinese writings older than 1000 B. C. Steel continues to be manufactured in China up to the present day. Mr. James Henderson, a commissioner of Lihun-Chang, the Governor General of Chillili, a Minister of the young King of China, states that the "steel which comes to Tien-tsin from the Upper Yang-tse is highly prized, and bears much higher prices than the Swedish steel imported into China."

A Story About Boots.

Dr. Muller, the head physician of the Prussian General Staff, was allowed to go to Japan, in order to assist in the arrangement of the new Japanese Military Academy. When the hour came for his presentation to the Mikado, he naturally clothed himself in full uniform. The court officials informed him that he could not be permitted to enter that awful presence unless he complied with Jananese usage, and pulled off his boots. Dr. Muller refused to comply. There was much debate over the difficulty, the Court Chamberlain insisting that the physician must unboot himself, and he declaring that he would not enter without his boots. At last Dr. Muller hit upon the ingenious notion of casting all the responsibility of the situation upon the Emperor Wilhelm. "My master, the German Kaiser," said he "commanded me to present myself before the august Emperor of Japan in full Prussian uniform. Now the boots constitute an important part of the Prussian uniform, and I dare not appear as his representative without these important accessories." The Chamberlain went to the Mikado with this explanation, and the result was that Dr. Muller marched into the audience chamber in his boots. His was the first shoeleather which had ever desecrated the floor of the Mikado Palace, in Tokio.

Course of True Love.

She came tripping from the church door, her face flushed with emotion by the just-uttered discourse, and her eyes bright with loving expectation. He shivered on the curbstone, where for an hour he had shivered impatiently, with a burning heart palpitating in his throat, and frozen fingers in his pockets. They linked arms and started for the residence of her parents.

After a few moments' hesitating silence, he said:

"Jane, we have known each other long. You must know how I feel. You must have seen that clear down at the bottom—O, Moses!"

He had slipped down on the ice with so much force that his spine was driven up into his hat, and his hat was tipped over his nose, but she was a tender-hearted girl. She did not laugh, but she carefully helped him to his feet, and said:

"You were saying, John, when you slipped, that the foundation—O, goodness!"

She slipped herself that time, and saw little stars come down to dance before her eyes, but he pulled her up in haste, and went on:

"Yes; just as I said, clear down at the bottom of my heart is a fervent love, on which I build my hope. That love has helped me to stand face—thunder!"

He was down again, but scrambled up before she could stoop to help him, and she said, breathlessly:

"Yes, yes, John. You remember you just said a love that helped you stand and face thunder. And that you founded your hopes on—this pesky ice!"

There she sat. John grasped the loose part of her sacque between the shoulders and raised her to her feet, as one would lift a kitten from a pail of water by the back of the neck. Then he said, with increased earnestness:

"Of course, darling, and I have longed for an opportunity to tell my love, and to hear those whispers—whoop!"

Somehow John's feet had slipped from under him, and he came down like a capital V, with his head and feet pointing skyward. She twined her taper fingers in his curling locks and raised him to the stature of a man, set his hat firmly over his eyes with both hands, and cried, in breathless haste:

"I understand, and let me assure you, John, that if it is in my power to lighten your cares and make brighter your journey through life to—Jerusalem!"

"O, my precious, and thus it shall be my lifelong pleasure to lift you from the rude assaults of earth and surround you with the loving atmosphere of—Texas!"

And there they both sat together. They had nearly reached the gate, and hand in hand, and with the bliss of young love's first confession, they crept along on their knees up the front door-steps, and were soon forgetful of their bumps on the softest cushion of the parlor sofa.

Planting Oak Trees.

The most common trees throughout the Western States are oaks of different varieties. They are found growing on hillsides, along the banks of streams, on the prairies. The soil and climate are favorable to their production. The oak thrives here as the beech does in New England, the chestnut in Maryland, the pine in Northern Michigan, the cottonwood on the banks of the Ohio and its tributaries, and the magnolia in the Gulf States. It does not suffer from root-rot, sun-scald, or the attacks of insects. It is hardy and long-lived. It requires no pruning, no protection, no transplanting, no manuring, no cultivation. It furnishes most of the wood employed as timber, a fair proportion of the posts and rails used for fencing, and all the tan-barks we produce. The trees are stately and highly ornamental. They throw up no sprouts or suckers. They afford admirable shade for all kinds of stock, while their branches make excellent roosting places for fowls of all kinds. They produce large crops of acorns, that are readily eaten by swine and sheep.

Still no one engaged in the culture of trees for timber or fuel plants oak trees. They generally experiment with trees that are "far brought and dearly bought," and make a complete or partial failure. Millions of dollars have been spent for no purpose in buying or setting out the European larch and other trees raised in nurseries, which require protection from the sun and cold, a large amount of cultivation, and considerable training. To raise a good crop of oak trees it is only necessary to plow the land or dig up portions of it, to drop the acorns, and to leave them to germinate and grow. They will come up without any pains being taken to prepare the seed, and will require no care. "The fittest survive" and become objects of worth and beauty. In England a larger number of oaks are planted than of all other kinds of forest trees. An effort is now being made to cover all the barren hills with them. Land planted with oak trees is regarded as very valuable on account of the crop of acorns annually produced, which are devoured by sheep, goats, and hogs.

Killed by the Knout.

John Howard entered St. Petersburg alone and on foot. The police discovered him, and he was invited to visit the Empress Catharine at court. He respectfully informed her Majesty that he had come to Russia to visit the dungeons of the captives and the abodes of the wretched, not the palaces and courts of Kings and Queens.

Armed with power, he went to see the infliction of the knout. A man and woman were brought out. The man received sixty strokes and the woman twenty-five. "I saw the woman," says Howard, "in a very weak condition some days after, but could not find the man any more." Determined to ascertain what had become of him, Howard visited the executioner. "Can you," he said, "inflict the knout so as to occasion death in a very short time?" "Yes! the last man who was punished by my hand with the knout died of the punishment." "In what manner do you thus render it mortal?" "By one or two strokes on the sides, which carry off large pieces of flesh." "Do you receive orders thus to inflict punishment?" "I do!" Thus the boast of Russia, that capital punishments had been abolished throughout the empire, was effectually exposed.

POPULAR SCIENCE.

OLD and faded daguerreotypes will often become as bright as new, if placed in a weak solution of cyanide of potassium.

A NEW use for glass is found in the manufacture of window shutters. These are now made of opal glass, decorated, and have the important advantages of being beautiful and easy to keep clean.

ALTHOUGH he had examined over 100 hearts of children and grown-up people, Dr. Langier discovered blood-vessels in the heart valves in only one case, that of a woman of 60, in whom they were evidently the result of a pathological process.

AN artificial surface, suitable for skating, and behaving very much like natural ice under a skate-iron, has been formed by a mixture of the carbonate and sulphate of soda. The crystalline mass is spread on a floor, and may be used as a skating-rink, and will last indefinitely with slight repairs. It "cuts up" like ice, and when too rough may be smoothed again by a simple steaming apparatus.

FOR articles of rubber which have become hard and brittle, Dr. Pol recommends the following treatment: Immerse the articles in a mixture of water of ammonia one part, and water two parts, for a time varying from a few minutes to an hour, according to the circumstances of the case. When the mixture has acted enough on the rubber it will be found to have recovered all its elasticity, smoothness and softness.

THE success of butter made from beef fat (oleomargarine butter) has led to the use in Chicago of pork fat or lard for the same purpose. It has been reported that large quantities of this fraudulent butter have been shipped to England, seriously injuring the market for genuine American butter. The report is disputed by exporters, though it is admitted that sample lots have been sent by New York and Chicago dealers. Obviously if lard butter is wholesome and of good flavor it can be sold on its merits; if bad it should not be sold at all. In either case its sale as genuine butter would be a fraud, and should be prevented.

AT a meeting of the American Electrical Society in Chicago, Col. C. H. Wilson read a paper on the use of large telegraph wires. He held that the employment of large-gauge wires for the quadruplex circuit was an advantage. A No. 4 wire laid between New York and St. Louis was giving entire satisfaction. The question had been raised whether, in the desire to increase the conductivity of the wires, there was any limit to their size. There was a limit, and the conductivity could be increased by employing different conductors, copper instead of iron wire, for instance. In a discussion which followed, Mr. Somers advocated the use of large wires, and said that their employment had simplified the quadruplex problem.

The Growth of Children.

Dr. Percy Boulton, of the Samaritan Hospital, London, has made interesting studies of the health and growth of children. Instead of taking the average of a large number of children measured once, he has found it more profitable to measure a number of children of normal growth, brought up under average circumstances, many times, thus ascertaining their rate of increase. The annual rate of growth was found to vary between two and three inches for each child per year. The following working table, though not exact, is an approximation to the statement of a law. The weight, it will be observed, normally corresponds with the height, rising by steps of one inch:

Feet.	Inches.	Pounds.	Feet.	Inches.	Pounds.
3	0	36	4	1	62½
3	1	38	4	2	65
3	2	40	4	3	67½
3	3	42	4	4	70
3	4	44	4	5	72½
3	5	46	4	6	75
3	6	48	4	7	77½
3	7	50	4	8	80
3	8	52	4	9	82½
3	9	54	4	10	85
3	10	56	4	11	88½
3	11	58	5	0	90
4	0	60			

Dr. Boulton believes that when a child varies more than a quarter of an inch annually, or when his weight does not correspond with his height within a margin of safety, put at seven pounds, the danger signal should be put out. Then it is safe to conclude the child's diet is not good, or possibly some disease is lurking in his system. It is a curious fact that loss of weight always precedes the development of consumption.

The Chicago Police-Alarm System.

The public alarm houses are built of wood, and just large enough to admit a man. They are placed upon the sidewalk, as near to street corners as practicable, and securely fastened either to telegraph poles or corner stores. The keys to such houses are uniform; they are furnished to respectable citizens upon application at the station, and a record kept of the names of key holders. A mechanical alarm to register the location of the complaint is inclosed in a small box attached to the side of the house, which box also incloses a telephone for the use of the officer traveling that particular post, and which places the officer in direct communication with his commander at the station. The citizen who possesses a key can, by pulling down a lever which protrudes through a slit outside of the box, procure the attendance of three policemen and a horse and wagon in from one to four minutes after entering the alarm house. The wagon carries a stretcher, blankets, shackles, handcuffs, etc., and can be used either as an ambulance or conveyance for prisoners. The alarm-houses are furnished with patent locks, which, after opening, retain the key until an officer arrives with a master key, which he inserts in the reverse side of the lock and releases the original; this precaution is taken to prevent false alarms, and to keep the complainant at the alarm-house until the officers arrive to hear the complaint and apply the remedy.

A Singular Asset.

"I am a peaceable man," said the intruder, grasping his club with both hands, "but if you don't come down with $17.50 damages for my lacerated feelings, the bombardment will begin at once."

The owner of the dog paid down the money, as he was afraid the other fellow might exasperate him if he hit him with a club of that size. The owner of the dog had bitten the intruder's son.

"Why, he ain't my son," said the intruder.

"Whose son is he, then?" asked the astonished owner of the dog.

"He is the son of a friend of mine who owed me $17.50, but he is poor, and the only available assets he has are these dogbites on his body, which he turned over to me for collection."

"Well, I'll be blowed."

"Oh, you needn't complain; you are getting off dog cheap. I ought to make you pay in advance for the next time that boy is going to be bit."—*Galveston News.*

A Crime of Forty Years Ago.

The details of the murder of Samuel Adams by John Colt in 1841, on the corner of Chambers street and Broadway, New York, and the excitement caused thereby, which continued during the trial and culminated with Colt's suicide on the day appointed for his execution, are fresh in many minds. Colt, who was a brother of Col. Samuel Colt, of revolver fame, was a man of varied talents and promiscuous undertakings. In 1841 he was engaged in preparing a treatise on book-keeping, and had an office in the building above referred to, over the apartments subsequently occupied by Delmonico. Adams was a collector of rents, and had so persistently annoyed Colt, who was in arrears, that the latter was unable to restrain his temper whenever Adams made his appearance. On the fatal day Colt was boxing up some books when Adams came on his oft-repeated errand. The collector refused to leave until the tenant's arrearages were paid. Words waxed warm, and Colt's blood boiled, until, in the frenzy of the moment, he struck Adams with a hatchet he had been using. The blow was a fatal one, and Adams dropped to the floor a dead man. The consummate coolness with which Colt boxed up the remains of his victim and shipped them to a convenient vessel was only equaled by his remarkable presence of mind when his terrible crime was discovered and brought home to him. Great efforts, legal and otherwise, were made to save Colt from the gallows. Much public sympathy was enlisted in his behalf. The murderer was of fine personal appearance. He had an extended acquaintance in the best society of New York, and he was reported to have been engaged to a very prepossessing young lady of excellent family connections. He lacked no money or legal advice in the defense of his case, but, after repeated efforts to secure a new trial, he was convicted and sentenced to be hanged on the 18th of November, 1842. Even after sentence had been pronounced the friends of the condemned man did not abandon their hope of saving him from the gallows. The most startling scheme was one which two young doctors, who took rooms at the then notorious Shakspeare Hotel, were identified. The police discovered that one of the employes in the Tombs had been, or was to have been, bribed to cut down the body while it was yet warm, that life was to have been restored by the use of a galvanic battery, and another body substituted for that of the resuscitated murderer. Even the discovery of this scheme, which the doctors averred was only to have benefited science, could not dissuade some people from the idea that Colt had escaped from the Tombs. That he escaped the gallows is too well known. He was up early on the day appointed for his death and conversed freely with his brother and the late Dr. Anthon. He spoke calmly of his approaching fate, and bade his visitors an affectionate farewell.

Sheriff Hart had made careful preparations for the execution. The gallows in the jail-yard had been carefully tested, and all was in readiness before the appointed hour. A few moments before 10 a. m., the officers went to Colt's cell, and found their preparations had been in vain. The man whose escape from the gallows had been so strenuously fought for had accomplished it with his own hand. He was found dead on the floor of his cell, the blade of a knife buried deep in his heart. How Colt obtained possession of the knife is a mystery to this day. The news of his suicide spread like wildfire and the excitement was intense and universal. In the Special Sessions room, at that time occupied by the firemen, a stove was upset and a slight fire added greatly to the excitement of the hour. This circumstance gave rise to a story that while the tumult was at its height another body was in some way exchanged for that of Colt, and that the attempted scheme of resuscitation had been really accomplished. The fallacy of the story was completely established by subsequent events. The young lady to whom he was engaged was constantly shadowed by private detectives for some time after the suicide, and these officers convinced themselves and all others that Colt was indeed dead.—*New York Times.*

[Daily Chicago Times.]

Mr. George Barnes, of Bagnall & Barnes, South Water street, said that his wife had been a severe sufferer with neuralgia for years, and had tried many remedies in vain. St. Jacobs Oil is the only thing that brought her relief.

Our Dying Commerce.

Twenty-four years ago our exports and imports in American ships were double what they are to-day. During the last five years Britain has built 1,800,000 tons of iron ships. Since 1856 we have built in that time 100,000 tons. British tonnage in our ports has increased 7,000,000 tons. In 1860 foreigners had 33 per cent. of our commerce; in 1880 they have 82 per cent. We pay $100,000,000 every year to foreign ship-owners for transportation, all of which cash goes out of this country. Every year we have fewer ships, and the foreigner takes an increased percentage of our traffic.

[Kalamazoo (Mich.) Daily Gazette.]

It is an unprecedented success, said Mr. Chas. S. D'Arcambal, the well-known Burdick House druggist, when asked for his views in regard to the St. Jacobs Oil; it is highly extolled, and is giving general satisfaction.

WHEN Mr. McGinnis' attention was called to the molten lava flowing from the crater of Mount Vesuvius, on his first and only visit to the land of hand-organs, he very naturally asked how the "poor crater came to overload its stomach so dridfully."

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At a time when the community is flooded with so many unworthy devices and concoctions, it is refreshing to find one that is beneficial and pure. So conscious are the proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, of the worth of their remedy, that they offer all who desire a trial bottle *free of charge.* This certainly would be disastrous to them did not the remedy possess the remarkable curative qualities claimed. Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption will positively cure Asthma, Bronchitis, Stubborn Coughs, Colds, Phthisic, Quinsy, Hoarseness, Croup, or any affection of the throat and lungs. As you value your existence give this wonderful remedy a trial by calling on any druggist and obtaining a trial bottle *free of cost,* or a regular size bottle for $1.00. For sale at wholesale by Gray & Hoffin, Minneapolis.

WHEN a boy walks with a girl as though he were afraid some one might see him, the girl is his sister. If he walks so close to her as to nearly crowd her against the fence, it is the sister of some one else.

A LECTURER once prefaced his discourse upon the rhinoceros with, "I must beg you to give me your undivided attention. Indeed, it is absolutely impossible that you can form a true idea of the hideous animal of which we are about to speak unless you keep your eyes fixed on me!"

A Physician of Great Prominence

in Thirty-sixth street, New York city, was unable to even *help* Mr. Wm. McKee, of Patterson, N. J., suffering the agonies always attendant upon diseased kidneys. As an honest man and practitioner he prescribed and *cured* him by using one bottle of Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure.

Tickling causes laughter, but when a doctor tickles a person out of $25 or $50 for a cure of a contracted private disease without doing any good, the laugh does not come in the right place. The same person writes to S. Blackford, 146 West Third street, St. Paul, Minn., to send him a bottle of Dr. Halliday's Blood Purifier and a package of Dr. Halliday's Wash and Injection, which only cost him three dollars for the lot, and cures himself in no time, then is where the laugh comes in, to see how foolish he had been on the start.

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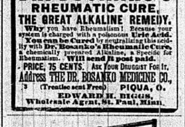

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Our new portable Monarch Lightning Sawing Machine rivals all others. $50 cash will be given to two men who can saw as *fast* and *easy* in the old way, as one boy 16 years old can with this machine. Warranted. Circulars sent Free. Agents wanted. MONARCH LIGHTNING SAW CO., 163 Randolph St., Chicago, Ill.

W. N. U. No. 2.

When writing to advertisers please say you saw their advertisement in this paper.

Plows, Harrows, Portable Engines, Cider Mills, Feed Mills, Fanning Mills, Seeders and Drills, Stationary Engines, Wine Presses, Fodder Cutters, Farm Wagons, Corn Planters, Steam Boilers, Sorghum Mills, Land Rollers, Light Wagons, Potato Diggers, Threshers, Wind Mills, Road Scrapers, Bob Sleds, Cultivators, Hay Presses, Wood Powers, Horse Powers, Bag Holders, Mowers, Reapers, Hay Rakes, FRANKLIN STEELE JR. & CO. [127 & 129 SOUTH FIRST STREET, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.] Scythes, Scales, Lanterns, Harvesters, Feed Grinder Attachments for Wind Mills, Portable Forges, Corn Shellers, Feed Boilers for Stock Raisers and Dairymen, Cow and Sheep Bells, National Steel Tube Cleaners, Farmers' Churn, best in the world, Patent Grain Registers for Threshers, and Ten Thousand other Things that Farmers want. Send for Illustrated Catalogue.

LOCAL.

Bulk oysters cheap at French's.

Bring on your skates and have them sharpened. I have an emery wheel now for that purpose. VEON.

DUPLEX Corsets, $1 00.—Mme. Demorest's Reliable Patterns at Mrs. Parker's, Laurel street.

I. G. Baker will repair or upholster your furniture at reasonable prices. Send a postal and he will call for it.

Congregational services will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at Bly's hall at 11 o'clock A. M. and at 7 o'clock P. M.

House and Lot for Sale on Laurel street, near Broadway, price $200.
JOHN REYNOLDS.
Bismarck, D. T.

Breyer's Comedy Troupe will appear at Bly's Hall on Monday evening next, and remain for three nights only. This popular company visited Brainerd last summer, and its return now will be greeted with full houses each evening.

Parties indebted to this office for subscription or otherwise, would confer a great favor by calling and paying the amount at once, as we have numerous bills to met with the close of the year and need the money very much.

A new arrival at the home of Mr. K. S. Paine, of Paine Bros, & Flynn, this morning makes the young father radiant with smiles and his heart light as a feather. It is a girl and with its mother is doing finely. Oh, if we smoked now.

The Five Charlies' Club has issued invitations for its third annual ball, to be given at Bly's Hall on Wednesday evening next, January 26th, which it proposes to make a truly first class entertainment in all its appointments. A pleasant evening will be the result.

Frank Batchart and a partner have been arranging to build a brewery in Brainerd, but the Little Falls *Transcript*, with a view of getting the supply nearer the demand, has been endeavoring to persuade them to build at the Falls. The *Transcript* will donate the site, for convenience sake.

Business Dilemma. A man suffering with a cough obliged to keep his room:—a note to pay and no money in bank and not a single bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup to be had for 10 miles.

A Reply.

EDITOR TRIBUNE:—During my late absence form town I notice mine host of the Le Bon Ton has been taking advantage of an innocent granger, who occasionally drops into his place when rush of business and the blockade of turkeys, geese, chickens, oysters, etc., permit. I assure you Mr. Editor that that woodcock story, orignated in the dreams of our friend "The Boss Muddler" who turned it upon a poor granger who was not here to defend himself. The granger's revenge was sweet, however, upon his return, when those red colored things on the northwest corner of Ed's chin had a severe attack of "Pool."

THE GRANGER FROM GRAND FORKS.

Wanted.

A girl to do general house work. Apply at the Meat Market, two doors north of post office. K. S. PAINE.

Wood Wanted.

Sealed bids will be received by me until Monday evening, January 24th, at 7 o'clock, for 15 cords of dry and 25 cords of green oak, tamarac or pine wood, to be delivered ai the school house. For particulars enquire at my office.

Brainerd, Jan. 15th, 1881.
W. W. HARTLEY,
President of Board of Education.

10 CENTS A MONTH,

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

THE CHICAGO LEDGER will be sent to any address, postage paid, at the prices named above. Send in your names. Address THE LEDGER, Chicago, Ill.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

BRAINERD, Jan. 4, 1881.

The co-partnership heretofore existing between J. R. Pegg and Robt. Griffith, is this day dissolved, by mutual consent.

[Signed.] J. R. PEGG.
ROBT. GRIFFITH.

NOTICE.—All parties indebted to the late firm of J. R. Pegg & Co., are hereby forbidden to pay any money due said firm to Robt. Griffith, or to have any dealings with said Griffin, for or on account of said firm.

J. R. PEGG.

Dated January 4, 1881.

House and Lot for Sale.

I will sell my house and lot on 10th street. One half of amount cash and balance in one year if party wishes. If cannot effect sale, will rent for one year commencing April 1st 1881.

For further particulars see or address
dec25tf B. COLSON.

For Sale.

House and lot and a half on 9th street. A good well and barn on the premises. Enquire of B. ASKINS.

For Sale, Cheap.

I will sell for cash, or trade for a good team of horses, 160 acres or more of good hard wood timber land, lying within 2 1-2 miles of N. P. R. R. track or four miles south of Audubon. For particulars enquire of

P. M. LAGERQUIST, City.

EXECUTION SALE.

Under and by virtue of a writ of execution duly issued out of and under the seal of the District Court of the State of Minnesota, of the Seventh Judicial District in the county of Stearns, being dated the 15th day of November, A. D. 1880, and delivered to me December 17, 1880, upon a Judgment duly rendered and docketed in said Court on the 1st day of September A. D. 1880 in an action therein pending wherein Charles F. Davis was Plaintiff and Charles R. Beal was Defendant in favor of said Plaintiff and against said Defendant for the sum of twenty-seven hundred and fifteen and 30-100 ($2,715 30) dollars, a transcript of which said judgment and of the original docket thereof was filed and said judgment duly docketed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court for the County of Crow Wing and State of Minnesota on the 11th day of November A. D. 1880, which said execution has to me, as sheriff of said Crow Wing County, been duly directed and delivered. I have duly levied upon and seized all the right, title, interest, claim and demand which the said Charles R. Beal, the judgment debtor named in said execution, had on the 6th day of May A. D. 1880, or at any time thereafter, in and to the follwing described real estate, lying and being situate in the County of Crow Wing and State of Minnesota, to-wit:

The south-west quarter and lot 2 in section 21; the north-east quarter of the north-west quarter of section twenty-three [23]; the north-west quarter and the north half of the south-west quarter and lots 2 and 3 in section twenty-seven [27]; the north-east quarter, the north-west quarter of the south-east quarter, the north half of the north-west quarter and lots two [2], three [3], five [5] and six [6] in section twenty-eight [28]; the north-east quarter of the north-east quarter of section twenty nine [29]; lots three [3] and five [5] in section thirty-two [32]; lots three [3] and four [4] and five [5] in section thirty-three [33]; the west half of the north west quarter of section thirty-four [34], and the south-west quarter of section thirty-five [35] all of said real estate being in township forty-three [43] north of range twenty-eight [28] west, being the same real estate attached by me as sheriff of said county on the 6th day of May A. D. 1880 under and by virtue of a writ of attachment issued in this action and I will sell the said real estate or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said execution and costs at public vendue to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the county jail, in the village of Brainerd, in said Crow Wing county, on Saturday the [5th] fifth day of February, A. D. 1881 at three o'clock p.m. of that day.

Dated Dec. 17, 1880. P. MERTZ,
Sheriff said Crow Wing Co., Minn.
D. B SEARLE,
Att'y for judgment creditor.
Dec18-7t

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a license issued by the Probate Court of the county of Hennepin, State of Minnesota, to the undersigned as administrators, with the will annexed, of the estate of Levi Butler, deceased, we will, by virtue of said license, on the 20th day of January, A. D. 1881, at ten o'clock A. M. infront of W. Potter & Co.'s store at Grand Rapids in the county of Cass in said State of Minnesota, offer for sale and sell at public auction to the highest bidder, all the right, title and interest which the said Levi Butler had at the time of his death in or to the following described real estate, lying and being situated in the said county of Cass, viz. (all timber standing on said lands having been sold): The sw¼ of sw¼ of section nineteen '19'; the se¼ of se¼ of section twenty '20'; the s½ of sw¼ of section twenty-one '21'; the w½ of nw¼ and se¼ of nw¼ of section thirty '30' in township fifty-three '53' of range twenty-four '24'. The s½ of sw¼ of section eighteen '18'; the e½ of sw¼, s½ of se¼ of section twenty-four '24'; the nw¼ of ne¼ of section twenty-five '25' township fifty-three '53' of range twenty-five '25'. The ne¼ of sw¼ and sw¼ of se¼ of section one '1'; the sw¼ of sw¼ of section two '2'; the e½ of s¼, e½ of ne¼, sw¼ of se¼ and s½ of sw¼ of section three '3'; the n½ of ne¼ and n½ of nw¼ of section five '5'; the w½ of ne¼ of section nine '9'; the n½ of nw¼, sw¼ of nw¼ and w½ of ne¼ of section ten '10'; w½ of nw¼, se¼ of nw¼, s½ of ne¼ and ne¼ of se¼ of section eleven '11'; w½ of nw¼, w½ of ne¼, se¼ of ne¼ and ne¼ of se¼ of section twelve '12'; the nw¼ of ne¼ and ne¼ of nw¼ of section fifteen '15'; the w½ of se¼, lots 2, 3 and 4 and sw¼ of section seventeen '17'; the s½ of section eighteen '18'; the w½ of ne¼ and se¼ of nw¼ of section nineteen '19'; the ne¼ of nw¼, nw¼ of ne¼ and sw¼ of section twenty '20'; the s½ of sw¼ of section twenty-three '23'; the s½ of sw¼ and nw¼ of sw¼ of section twenty-eight '28'; the w½ of ne¼ and nw¼ of section twenty-nine '29'; the n½ of ne¼, se¼ of ne¼, e½ of nw¼, e½ of sw¼, the sw¼ of se¼ of section thirty '30'; the s½ of sw¼ of section thirty-one '31'; the s½ of ne¼, e½ of se¼ of section thirty-five '35', in township fifty-four '54' of range twenty-five '25'. Lot 7 of section twenty-six '26', the e½ of sw¼ and sw¼ of sw¼ of section twenty-nine '29'; lots 1, 3 and four of section thirty '30'; the nw¼ and sw¼ of section thirty-one '31'; the sw¼ of section thirty-two '32'; lot 7 of section thirty-five '35' in township fifty-five '55' of range twenty-five '25'; the nw¼ of sw¼, nw¼ of se¼ and lots 1 and 2 of section one '1'; the s½ of se¼ and ne¼ of se¼ of section two '2'; the ne¼ of sw¼ and lot two '2' of section six '6'; the sw¼ of se¼, s½ of sw¼ and ne¼ of sw¼ of section eight '8'; the ne¼ of sw¼ and se¼ of section ten '10'; the n½ of ne¼, sw¼ of ne¼, se¼ of nw¼ and w½ of sw¼ of section eleven '11'; the s½ of ne¼ and n½ of se¼ of section twelve '12'; the n½ of ne¼, sw¼ of ne¼ and nw¼ of se¼ of section thirteen '13'; the n½ of nw¼ and sw¼ of nw¼ of section fourteen '14'; the ne¼ of section fifteen '15', in township fifty three '53' of range twenty-six '26'. The e½ of sw¼, sw¼ of se¼ and lot two '2' of section three '3'; the n½ of sw¼ and lot 4 of section four '4'; lots 1, 2 and 3 of section five '5'; the e½ of sw¼, nw¼ of se¼, se¼ of nw¼, and lots 1, 2, 3, 5, 6 and 7 of section six '6'; the sw¼ of sw¼, ne¼ of sw¼, the se¼, and n½ of section seven '7'; the w½ of nw¼, w½ of sw¼ and se¼ of section eight '8'; the e½ of sw¼ and se¼ of section nine '9'; the e½ of nw¼, nw¼ of nw¼, ne¼ of sw¼ and w½ of se¼ of section ten '10'; the nw¼ of se¼ of section eleven '11'; the ne¼ of nw¼ and nw¼ of ne¼ of section fourteen '14'; the sw¼ of ne¼; sw¼ of nw¼ and sw¼ of section fifteen '15'; lots 2, 3 and 4 of section seventeen '17'; lot 9 of section eighteen '18'; the e½ of nw¼, n½ of ne¼, se¼ of ne¼ and ne¼ of se¼ of section twenty-one '21', the s½ of sw¼, nw¼ of sw¼ and sw¼ of se¼ of section twenty-two '22'; lots 6, 7 and 8 of section twenty-three '23'; lot 4 section fourteen '14'; the e½ of sw¼, nw¼ of sw¼ of section twenty-five '25'; the w½ of ne¼ and e½ of nw¼ of section twenty-six '26'; the n½ of nw¼, se¼ of nw¼ and ne¼ of section twenty-eight '28'; the nw¼ of ne¼ se¼ of se¼, n½ of nw¼, sw¼ of nw¼ and sw¼ of section thirty-two '32'; township fifty-four '54' of range twenty-six '26'. The nw¼ of sw¼ of section thirteen '13'; the w½ of se¼ and ne¼ of se¼ of section fourteen '14'; the e½ of ne¼ of section fifteen '15'; the ne¼ of sw¼ and lots 7 and 8 of section seventeen '17'; the ne¼ of se¼ and lots 12 and 13 of section eighteen '18'; the s½ of ne¼, se¼ of nw¼, e½ of sw¼ and sw¼ of se¼ of section nineteen '19'; the n½ of sw¼, sw¼ of sw¼ and sw¼ of nw¼ of section twenty '20'; the se¼ of se¼, nw¼ of se¼ and lots 1 and 2 of section twenty-four '24'; lot 1 of section twenty-five '25'; the n½ of sw¼, sw¼ of sw¼ and sw¼ of nw¼ of section twenty-seven '27'; the s½ of se¼, ne¼ of se¼, s½ of ne¼ and lot 3 of section twenty-eight '28'; the n½ of ne¼ and lot five of section thirty '30'; the s½ of nw¼ and s½ of section thirty-one '31'; the w½ of sw¼, s½ of ne¼, nw¼ of ne¼ and se¼ of section thirty-two '32'; the w½ of sw¼, ne¼ of sw¼, sw¼ of nw¼ and ne¼ of se¼ of section thirty-three '33'; the nw¼ of nw¼ of section thirty-four '34' township fifty-five '55' of range twenty-six '26'. The se¼ of ne¼, n½ of se¼ and ne¼ of sw¼ of section one '1'; lot 4 of section nine '9'; the ne¼ of nw¼, ne¼ of sw¼, sw¼ of sw¼ and lots 2 and 3 of section thirteen '13'; the n½ of sw¼ and sw¼ of sw¼ of section fourteen '14'; the e½ of ne¼, sw¼ of nw¼, ne¼ of se¼ and sw¼ of se¼ of section twenty-two '22'; the w½ of nw¼, se¼ of nw¼, s½ of ne¼ and se¼ of section twenty-three '23'; the s½ of nw¼, nw¼ of nw¼, w½ of se¼ and sw¼ of section twenty-four '24'; the n½ of nw¼ of section twenty-five '25'; the n½ of ne¼, sw¼ of ne¼, nw¼ of se¼, sw¼ of nw¼ and nw¼ of sw¼ of section twenty-six '26'; the nw¼ of ne¼, se¼ of ne¼, ne¼ of se¼ and lot 1 of section twenty-seven '27'; the n½ of ne¼ of section thirty-four '34', in township fifty-four '54' of range twenty seven '27', all west of the 4th principal meridian.

The e½ of sw¼ of section two '2'; the se¼ of ne¼ and ne¼ of se¼ of section ten '10'; the w½ of nw¼ and nw¼ of sw¼ of section eleven '11' township one hundred and forty-two '142' of range twenty-five '25'. Lot 5 of section two '2'; the w½ of nw¼, se¼ of nw¼, n½ of sw¼, sw¼ of sw¼, sw¼ of ne¼ and lot one of section three '3'; the e½ of section four '4' in township one hundred and forty '140' of range twenty-six '26'. The s½ of ne¼ and se¼ of section thirty-three '33'. The sw¼ of nw¼ and lots 3 and 4 of section thirty-four '34'; the n½ of nw¼, nw¼ of ne¼ and sw¼ of nw¼ of section eighteen '18', township one hundred and forty-one '141', range twenty-six '26'. The se¼ of se¼ of section twenty three '23' the s½ of sw¼ of section twenty-four '24'; the nw¼ of section twenty five '25'; the ne¼ of ne¼ of section twenty-six '26'; the w½ of se¼, ne¼ of sw¼ and se¼ of nw¼ of section twenty-nine '29'; the nw¼ of ne¼ of section thirty-two '32', in township one hundred and forty-three '143' of range twenty-six '26'. The s½ of ne¼, ne¼ of ne¼ and se¼ of nw¼ of section thirteen '13' township one hundred and forty-one '141', of range twenty-seven '27', all west of the 5th principal meridian, according to the government survey.

Dated Dec. 15th, A. D. 1880.
R. B. AMES,
H. C. NEWCOMB,
Administrators, with the will annexed, of the estate of Levi Butler, deceased.

SEWING MACHINES, ORGANS, and TYPE WRITERS,

CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST!

AT THE POST OFFICE.

In Sewing Machines

We have all the Standard Makes, Latest Improved, at Prices within the reach of all.

SEE OUR PRICES FOR CASH:

NEW HOME, Drop Leaf and 3 Drawers,			$28.00
" " " "	5	"	30.00
SINGER, " "	2	"	25.00
WILSON, " "	3	"	30.00
" " "	5	"	33.00
WEED, " "	2	"	28.00
AMERICAN, " "	2	"	30.00
DOMESTIC " "	4	"	35.00

Oil, Needles of all kinds, Attachments and Fixtures always in Stock.

ORGANS.

The celebrated ESTEY, at Bottom Figures, for Cash, or on Long Time on Secured Notes in Monthly Installments.

NO FALSE STOPS TO BRING FANCY PRICES.

The Estey Organ is made for genuine service, and our prices are down to the real value of the instrument, ranging from $100.00 upwards, with good discounts for cash.

TYPE WRITERS.

The Improved TYPE WRITER, or CALIGRAPH—just the thing for the Merchant, Banker, Lawyer, Conveyancer, County Clerks, Recorders, Stenographers, Law Copists, Editors, Reporters, Telegraphers, Clergymen, Authors, Teachers, Schools and Colleges, Architects, Engineers, Railroad Officials, Insurance Agents, Masonic and other Social Organizations, or any one having writing to do. Saves Clerk Hire, Stationery and Time. Gives relief from pen paralysis, curvature of the spine and lung troubles produced by using a pen and stooping over a desk. Saves the eyes and is far superior to pen writing.

ALWAYS LEGIBLE, ACCURATE, COMPACT AND STYLISH.

Our usually Low Prices place them within the reach of all.

Writers usually sold by other dealers at $125.00 to $200.00, sold by us at $60.00 to 100.00 cash.

NO FANCY PRICES.

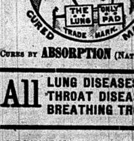
You get of us what you pay for, and pay nothing for style—for we don't keep it in stock.

Orders by mail or express solicited and promptly filled.

Machines, Organs or Writers shipped to all parts of the United States and Canadas, and from either Brainerd or Chicago, as desired.

W. W. HARTLEY,
GENERAL NORTHWESTERN AGENT,

BRAINERD, MINN., Nov. 20th, 1880.



CURES BY ABSORPTION (NATURE'S WAY.)

All LUNG DISEASES, THROAT DISEASES, BREATHING TROUBLES.

It DRIVES INTO the system curative agents and healing medicines.

It DRAWS FROM the diseased parts the poisons that cause death.

Thousands Testify to their Virtues.

YOU CAN BE RELIEVED AND CURED

Don't despair until you have tried this Sensible, Easily Applied and RADICALLY EFFECTUAL Remedy.

Sold by Druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of Price, $2.00, by

Send for Testimonials and our book, "Three Millions a Year." Sent free.

The "Only" Lung Pad Co.
WILLIAMS BLOCK,
DETROIT, Mich

IMPROVED EXCELSIOR KIDNEY PAD

CURES YOUR BACK ACHE

And all diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder and Urinary Organs by wearing the

Improved Excelsior Kidney Pad.

It is a MARVEL of HEALING and RELIEF

Simple, Sensible, Direct, Painless, Powerful.

It CURES where all else fails. A REVELATION and REVOLUTION in Medicine. Absorption or direct application, as opposed to unsatisfactory internal medicines. Send for our Treatise on Kidney Troubles, sent free. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail, on receipt of price, $2.00.

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This is the Original and Genuine Kidney Pad. Ask for it and take no other.

The "Only" Lung Pad Co.
WILLIAMS BLOCK,
DETROIT, Mich

CURES DYSPEPSIA DR. CLARK CURES LIVER DISEASES

JOHNSON'S INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP

Laboratory, 77 W. 3d St., New York City,
LATE OF JERSEY CITY.

[TRADE MARK.]

The Best Remedy Known to Man!

Dr. Clark Johnson having associated himself with Mr. Edwin Eastman, an escaped captive, long a slave to Wakametkia, the medicine man of the Comanches, is now prepared to lend his aid in the introduction of the wonderful remedy of that tribe.

The experience of Mr. Eastman being similar to that of Mrs. Chas. Jones and son, of Washington Co., Iowa, an account of whose sufferings were thrillingly narrated in the *New York Herald* of Dec. 15th, 1878, the facts of which are so widely known, and so nearly parallel, that but little mention of Mr. Eastman's experiences will be given here. They are, however, published in a neat volume of 300 pages, entitled, "Seven and Nine Years Among the Comanches and Apaches," of which mention will be made hereafter. Suffice it to say, that for several years, Mr. Eastman, while a captive, was compelled to gather the roots, gums, barks, herbs and berries of which Wakametkia's medicine was made, and is still prepared to provide the SAME materials for the successful introduction of the medicine to the world; and assures the public that the remedy is the same now as when Wakametkia compelled him to make it.

Wakametkia, the Medicine Man

Nothing has been added to the medicine and nothing has been taken away. It is without doubt the BEST PURIFIER of the BLOOD and RENEWER of the SYSTEM ever known to man.

This Syrup possesses varied properties.

It acts upon the Liver.
It acts upon the Kidneys.
It regulates the Bowels.
It purifies the Blood.
It quiets the Nervous System.
It promotes Digestion.
It Nourishes, Strengthens and Invigorates.
It carries off the old blood and makes New.
It opens the pores of the skin, and induces Healthy Perspiration.

It neutralizes the hereditary taint, or poison in the blood, which generates Scrofula, Erysipelas, and all manner of skin diseases and internal humors.

There are no spirits employed in its manufacture, and it can be taken by the most delicate babe, or by the aged and feeble, *care only being required in attention to directions.*

Edwin Eastman in Indian Costume.

SEVEN AND NINE YEARS AMONG THE COMANCHES AND APACHES. A neat volume of 300 pages, being a simple statement of the horrible facts connected with the sad massacre of a helpless family, and the captivity, tortures and ultimate escape of its two surviving members. For sale by our agents generally. Price $1.00.

The incidents of the massacre, briefly narrated, are distributed by agents, FREE of charge.

Mr. Eastman, being almost constantly at the West, engaged in gathering and curing the materials of which the medicine is composed, the sole business management devolves upon Dr. Johnson, and the remedy has been called, and is known as

Dr. Clark Johnson's
INDIAN BLOOD PURIFIER.

Price of Large Bottles - - - - - - - $1.00
Price of Small Bottles - - - - - - - 50

Read the voluntary testimonials of persons who have been cured by the use of Dr. Clark Johnson's Indian Blood Syrup, in your own vicinity.

Testimonials of Cures.

Pain in the Side.

MAYWOOD, Benton Co., Minn.

Dear Sir:—I have used your excellent Indian Blood Syrup for Pain in the Side, and it is the only medicine that ever gave me relief. MISS SHULL.

An Agent's Testimony.

LAKE ELMO, Washington Co. Minn.

Dear Sir:—My wife was troubled with Cramps and, after using medicine for six months from three different physicians, without beneficial results, I had her try your Indian Blood Syrup, a short trial of which cured her. I think it the best medicine made.

J. W. LOHMAN.

Rheumatism Cured.

AMBOY, Cottonwood Co., Minn.

Dear Sir:—I wish to state to you the benefit I have received from your Indian Blood Syrup. I was troubled with Rheumatism in my left Shoulder for three years, and could not put on my coat without assistance, and part of the time was unable to sleep for pain. At last, by advice of your Agent, I tried your medicine, and had only used it a short time, when it made a sound and well man of me. I recommend its use to suffering humanity.

DAVIS MARCOTT.

Liver Complaint.

RUSH RIVER, Sibley Co.

This is to certify that y[our] Syrup has cured me [of t]wo years' suffering

L. E. PU[...]

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba R'y.

Main Line—Through Train.

—FOR—

Lake Minnetonka, Delano, Litchfield, Willmar, Benson, Morris, Breckenridge, Glyndon, Crookston, Fisher's Landing and Winnipeg.

WEST AND NORTH.

Leave		Arrive at	
St. Paul,	†7.40 am	Breckenridge,	7.45 pm
Minneapolis,	8.20 am	Crookston	1.20 am
Breckenridge,	8.10 pm	Fish'rs Land.	9.00 am
Glyndon,	10.15 pm	St. Vincent,	8.10 am

EAST AND SOUTH.

St. Vincent,	§5.30 pm	Glyndon	3.55 am
Fish'rs Land.	4.00 pm	Breckenridge	6.15 am
Crookston,	12.30 am	Minneapolis,	6.35 pm
Breckenridge	6.45 am	St. Paul,	7.10 pm

§ Except Saturday. † Except Sunday.

Main Line trains run through to St. Vincent without change—Palace Sleeping Car attached.

Branch Line Trains.

—FOR—

Anoka, Elk River, St. Cloud, Sauk Center, Alexandria, St. Oloff and Sauk Rapids.

NORTH.

Leave		Arrive at	
St. Paul,	†7.05 am	St. Cloud,	11.55 am
St. Paul,	§5.40 pm	St. Cloud,	10.15 pm
Minneapolis,	†7.45 am	Alexandria	6.05 pm
Minneapolis,	§6.25 pm	Alexandria	1.50 am
Alexandria,	§6.30 am	St. Oloff	10.00 am

SOUTH.

St. Oloff	†3.00 pm	Minneapolis,	9.45 am
Alexandria,	†2.30 am	Minneapolis,	6.20 pm
Alexandria,	†8.00 am	St. Paul,	10.05 am
St. Cloud,	†5.50 am	St. Paul,	6.35 pm
St. Cloud,	†2.50 pm		

All trains daily, except as below.
§ Except Saturday. † Except Sunday.

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS TRAINS
7 DAILY TRAINS EACH WAY.
(Except Sundays.)

Leave St. Paul.	Arrive at Minneapolis	Leave Minneapolis	Arrive at St. Paul
†7.05 am	7.40 am	† 8.00 am	8.32 am
†7.40 am	8.20 am	10.45 am	11.15 am
9.10 am	9.45 am	1.45 pm	2.15 pm
12 00 m	12.30 pm	4.40 pm	5.10 pm
3.10 pm	3.40 pm	† 6.35 pm	7.10 pm
§5.40 pm	6.20 pm		
†6.20 pm	6.55 pm		

† Except Sunday. § Except Saturday.
JAS. J. HILL, General Manager. W. S. ALEXANDER, Gen'l Pass. Ag't.

Chicago, St. Paul & Minneapolis LINE.

Time of departure of Passenger Trains from ST. PAUL, in effect December, 1876.

Leave for Chicago and the East,	11.25 A. M.
" " "	7.40 P. M.
Arrive from Chicago and the East,	5.50 A. M.
" " "	2.24 P. M.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

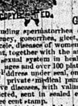
By virtue of an execution, issued out of the District Court for the Eleventh Judicial District in and for the County of Crow Wing, and State of Minnesota, upon a judgment issued and docketed in said Court on the ninth day of December A. D. 1880, in a certain action wherein Erasmus Cross is plaintiff, and M. B. Anderson is defendant, in favor of said plaintiff, and against said defendant, for the sum of one hundred and thirty-five dollars [$135], I have on the 23d day of December A. D. 1880, levied upon all the right, title and interest of the said M. B. Anderson to the following described lots of land and appurtenances, situate, lying and being in Crow Wing county, Minnesota, and described as follows: being lots one '1' and two '2' in block No. one hundred and ninety-one '191' in the first addition to the town of Brainerd according to the recorded plat thereof on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Crow Wing county Minnesota.

And will sell the same, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said execution and costs, at the front door of the jail in the town of Brainerd in the county and State aforesaid, on Monday the seventh day of February A. D. 1881 at 10 oclock A. M. of that day.

Dated Dec, 23d, A. D. 1880.
P. MERTZ
Sheriff Crow Wing county, Minnesota.
dec25-7ins

THE GALENIC INSTITUTE.

Established 1861 and chartered by the Legislature for the treatment of all diseases of the urinary and generative organs.



"The Secret Monitor,"
—AND—
GUIDE TO HEALTH,
A Private Medical Treatise on the Diseases of the
URINARY
—AND—
Generative Organs.

Including spermatorrhea or seminal weakness, impotency, gonorrhea, gleet, stricture, varicocele, hydrocele, diseases of women and their improved treatment, together with the anatomy and physiology of the sexual system in health and disease, containing 300 pages and over 100 plates and engravings, sent to any address under seal, on receipt of price, 50 cents.

A private medical pamphlet, of 32 pages on the above diseases, with valuable information for those afflicted, sent in sealed envelope on receipt of one three cent stamp.

The physicians of the institute especially treat all the above diseases, and may be consulted personally or by letter. Address all letters thus:

GALENIC INSTITUTE,
Office 45 East Third Street, St. Paul, Minn

A Lecture to Young Men ON THE LOSS OF MANHOOD

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhœa, Induced by Self-Abuse, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT S CULVERWELL, M.D., author of the "Green Book" &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.

This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps. Address the Publishers,

THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.,
41 Ann St., New York, N. Y.;
P. O. Box 4586.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of an execution, issued out of the District Court for the Eleventh Judicial District in and for the County of Crow Wing and State of Minnesota, upon a Judgment issued and docketed in said Court on the 29th day of October, A. D. 1879, in a certain action wherein the State of Minnesota is plaintiff, and David S. Erb defendant, in favor of said plaintiff, and against said defendent, for the sum of one hundred and twenty-four dollars and sixty-nine cents ($124.69). I have on the 4th day of December A. D. 1880, levid upon all the right, title and interest of the said defendant, David S. Erb, to the following described real property, to-wit: Commencing at the north west corner of block No. sixty-nine (69) in the town of Brainerd, in Crow Wing county and State of Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof, on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds of said county of Crow Wing, and bounded by a line running from said north-west corner of said block sixty-nine (69), east fifty (50) feet, thence south seventy-five (75) feet, thence west fifty (50) feet, thence north seventy-five (75) feet to the place of beginning, making a piece of land fifty (50) feet east and west, and seventy-five (75) feet north and south on the west end of lots thirteen (13), fourteen (14) and fifteen (15), in said block sixty-nine (69).

And will sell the same, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said execution and costs, at the front door of the county jail in the town of Brainerd in the county and State aforesaid, on Tuesday the first day February A. D. 1881 at 10 o'clock A. M. of that day.

Dated December 4th A. D. 1880.
P. MERTZ,
Sheriff of Crow Wing County Minnesota

Northern Pacific R. R.

TIME CARD
OF LOCAL AND
THRO' EXPRESS TRAINS
FROM
Duluth and St. Paul to Bismarck

Making close connections at ST. PAUL with morning and evening trains to and from CHICAGO and all points East and South.

1880. Winter Arrangement, 1881.

BRAINERD AND ST. PAUL DIVISION.

SOUTH.		NORTH.
le. †1.15 p.m.	†BRAINERD,	ar.‡12.50 p.m
le. ‡1.30 a.m.	"	ar. ‡1.15 a.m
le. 2.24 p.m.	Little Falls,	le. 11.45 p.m
le. ‡2.58 a.m.	"	le.§11.57 p.m
le. 3.35 p.m.	Sauk Rapids,	le.‡10.40 a.m
le. ‡4.35 a.m.	"	le.§10.40 p.m
ar. †6.40 p.m.	St. Paul,	le. ‡7.00 a.m
ar. ‡7.50 a.m.	"	le. §7.00 p.m

BRAINERD AND DULUTH DIVISION.

EAST.		WEST.
le. ‡1.30 a.m.	†BRAINERD,	ar.§12.30 a.m
le. ‡2.47 a.m.	Aitken,	le.§10.50 p.m
le. ‡6.10 a.m.	N. P. Junction,	le. §6.35 p.m
ar.‡7.40 a.m.	Duluth,	le. §5.00 p.m

BRAINERD AND FARGO DIVISION.

WEST.		EAST.
le. ‡1.10 p.m.	†BRAINERD,	ar.‡12.55 p.m
le. ‡1.30 a.m.	"	ar. ‡1.05 a.m
le. ‡2.05 p.m.	Motley,	le. 12.02 a.m
le. ‡2.30 a.m.	"	le. ‡12.06 p.m
le. ‡3.15 p.m.	WADENA,	le. 11.02 a.m
le. ‡3.45 a.m.	"	le.‡10.56 p.m
le. ‡5.15 p.m.	Detroit,	le. 9.07 a.m
le. ‡5.50 a.m.	"	le. 8.50 p.m
le. ‡6.55 p.m.	Glyndon,	le. 7.30 a.m
le. ‡7.30 a.m.	"	le. 6.55 p.m
le. ‡7.16 p.m.	Moorhead,	le. 7.04 a.m
le. ‡8.00 a.m.	"	le. 6.30 p.m
ar. ‡7.20 p.m.	†Fargo,	le. 7.00 a.m
ar. ‡8.05 a.m.	"	le. 6.25 p.m

DAKOTA DIVISION.

WEST.		EAST.
le. ‡8.30 a.m.	†Fargo,	ar. ‡6.00 p.m
le. 9.35 a.m.	Casselton,	ar. 4.50 p.m
le. 11.40 a.m.	Valley City	ar 2.35 p.m
le. ‡2.05 p.m.	Jamestown,	le.§12.25 p.m
ar. ‡7.15 p.m.	Bismarck,	le. ‡7.10 a.m.

† Meals. § Daily except Saturday. ‡ Daily except Monday. ‖ Daily except Sunday.

Trains connect at St. Paul and Minneapolis with trains East and South; at St. Cloud with trains for Melrose and the Sauk Valley; at Brainerd with trains to and from Duluth and to and from the West and South.

Connection with St. Paul & Duluth R. R. trains at N. P. Junction; St. Paul M. & M. Railroad trains at Glyndon for St. Vincent, Winnipeg, and the British Possessions; at Bismarck with Stages for Standing Rock, Fort Rice, Berthold, Fort Keough, and other points in Montana.

Nov. 21st, 1880.
H. E. SARGENT, Gen'l Manager, St. Paul.
G. G. SANBORN, Gen'l Frt. and Ticket Ag't., 43 Jackson st., St. Paul.
H. A. TOWNE, Superintendent, Brainerd.

6,000,000 Acres

Of Minnesota and Dakota Lands for sale by the Land Department. Reduced rates of fare and freight to actual settlers.

Full information given upon application to JAMES B POWER, Gen'l Agent, at 45 Jackson street, St. Paul, or Brainerd, Minn.

LAND OFFICE AT ST. CLOUD, MINN.
November 11, 1880.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and secure final entry thereof at the expiration of thirty days from the date of this notice, viz.: at the U. S. Land Office, St. Cloud, Minn., on the 22d of December, 1880, James McLeod, Itasca Co. Minn., for the n½ of se¼ and sw¼ of se¼ and ne¼ of sw¼ of section 34, township 53, range 24, and names the following as his witnesses, viz.: John S. Gillespie, Hanley A. Carpenter, Samuel Wilson, and Luther Brown, all of Aitkin, Minn. D. H. FREEMAN, Register.

STATE OF MINNESOTA — DISTRICT Court—11th Judicial District—County of Crow Wing.

Louisa J. Jones, Plaintiff,
against
Edwin F. Jones, Defendant.

SUMMONS.

The State of Minnesota, to the above named Defendant:

You, Edwin F. Jones, are hereby summoned and required to answer the Complaint in this action, which has been filed with the Clerk of said Court, and to serve a copy of your Answer to the said Complaint on the subscriber, at his office in Brainerd, Minn., within thirty days after the service of this Summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said Complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the Complaint.

Dated Dec. 4th, A. D. 1880.
C. B. SLEEPER,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Brainerd, Minn.
Dec.4-7ins

ACORN STOVES.

GET THE BEST!

RATHBONE, SARD & CO. ACORN STOVES & RANGES.

LEAD ALL OTHERS!

Every Style & Price.

Guaranteed Unequaled FOR OPERATION, ECONOMY, DURABILITY and WORKMANSHIP.

Improvements and Conveniences found in no others.

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